

THE DURHAM CHRONICLE

W IRWIN, Editor and Proprietor

DURHAM, JUNE 22, 1916.

GET UP EARLIER

The daylight saving scheme has gone into effect in many places Ottawa decided a couple of weeks ago to adopt it on the 20th of June, but the council afterward rescinded the motion. They took the view that the daylight saving would be a success only when in operation over the whole Dominion. Where is the benefit in putting the clocks an hour ahead and beginning work at the same hour as now by the clock. The railroad companies and some other institutions can not, or will not, make the change, and having two or more times to go by will result in confusion.

Why not leave the clocks as they are, start an hour earlier by the clock, quit an hour earlier by the clock, go to bed by the clock and get up by the clock. It just amounts to the same thing and will cause less confusion. The daylight and darkness will take care of themselves, independent of how the clock is set. We don't see that a particle of benefit will result from tampering with the clocks. Let communities where they wish to get up an hour earlier, and let the clock alone. An untruthful timepiece will never make it easier to get up in the mornings.



Are YOU in this?

One of the most effective of the recruiting posters used in Great Britain to shame the "slacker" into action for the benefit of the Empire. It was designed by Lieut.-Gen. Sir R. Baden-Powell.

A Call For Service From Brig.-Gen. Logie

TO THE CITIZENS OF GREY COUNTY.

Speaking with authoritative knowledge of the immediate need for men, I make this appeal to the County of Grey. Grey's quota required to complete its Battalions now authorized is 200 men. This County has never in its history failed to rise to its full responsibility. Surely the women, the Churches, the Boards of Trade, the Canadian Clubs, and other Patriotic and Fraternal Societies, and the business interests will, by one last united effort, give the men so urgently needed.

Handwritten signature: A. Asopie, Brig. Gen. O.C. M.S. No. 2.

would not be surprised if Asquith would some day take command in the field, he's so versatile.—Ottawa Free Press.

The local merchants are obliged to pay more for delivery service. This in time will come out of the customers in general, whether they order groceries once a week or six times a day. There's plenty explanation for the cost of high living.—Simcoe Canadian.

As The Record sees it, Canada has settled down to actual appreciation of what the struggle is costing and will cost. We are in it now to preserve our national existence. If we cannot get the men any other way, conscription will come into effect.—Windsor Record.

An advertisement is to a merchant very much like what sowing seed is to a farmer. It may take a little time for the results to become apparent, but they are sure to come. The wise farmer is not niggardly with his seed, nor the wise merchant with his advertising.—Guelph Herald.

If the Germans really won a victory in the North Sea why did they not press their advantage? That is the question put by Mr. Balfour. It is a question which the German people will put for themselves. If the power of the British fleet was destroyed, why is the British blockade not relaxed?—Woodstock Sentinel-Review.

A perusal of the names of the officers and men of the 118th Battalion published in Saturday's Telegraph shows that there are hundreds of families in North Waterloo of German descent who have contributed their sons to fight Prussian militarism. The list should be sent to Kaiser Wilhelm.—Berlin, Ont., Telegraph.

It is rather amazing to observe that in some places the representatives of labor have opposed the daylight-saving, on the plea that it is a dodge of the capitalistic class to extend the working day. The best answer to this argument is that the new method has now

been adopted by almost all European countries, and is calculated to benefit the labor more than any other class, because it gives them more of daylight for their leisure hours.—Brantford Expositor.

McWILLIAMS.

The weather still continues wet, the heaviest rains of the season falling last Thursday and Friday. Mrs. Courdt, Sr., is quite ill. Hope she will soon regain her usual strength.

Another daughter arrived lately at the home of Mr. and Mrs. John Eckhardt. Quite a number from around here attended the circus in Mt. Forest and report great crowds, despite the unfavorable weather.

Mr. Leonard Hartford has been under the doctor's care for the past couple of weeks. Last Monday night Mrs. Thos. Scott received a telegram containing the sad intelligence that her son, Thos. Scott, living in Thunder Bay District, was dead, and that the body was at Fort William awaiting burial. Messrs. Frank Scott and Crawford Harris on left next day for the scene of trouble. Since they left, it has come out in the daily papers that Mr. Scott was shot, having been found near his shack with three bullet wounds in his body. Much sympathy is felt for the family, especially his aged mother, who is well on to her 90th year.

A washout on the C.P.R. near Arnott on Friday delayed the arrival of trains in Owen Sound for several hours. It is reported as the worst flood of the season. The main line track on the G.T.R. south of Palmerston was also washed out, and the night train, due in Durham about nine o'clock, arrived about midnight.

If a few drops of vinegar are added to the water in which eggs are poached, the whites will not spread.

HARNESS RACING GAME TAKES BIG CAPITAL

Big Sums Invested in Horses and Tracks—Some Costly Trotters—The Big Circuits

The average purses distributed in 1915 in the harness races were beyond \$5,000. The Grand Circuit, which is the "King Pin" circuit of them all, has 13 weeks of racing. At each meeting the average purse was \$40,000, which means that this one organization distributed \$520,000 in prize money in 1915. There are scores of other circuits, where the purses average from \$15,000 and \$20,000 per meeting down to \$1,000. The Grand Circuit takes the biggest cities of the east and middle west. Next in importance comes the Great Western Circuit. This circuit distributes about \$250,000 annually. Prominent among the other circuits are the following: Metropolitan; Lake Erie; Bay State; Kansas and Oklahoma; Ohio; Michigan Short Ship; Coal, Oil and Gas; Big Fair; Maritime Provinces and Northwestern Pennsylvania.

Ten Thousand Horses

In 1915 between 10,000 and 11,000 trotters and pacers either raced for money or for records. Figuring that each of these is worth a mere \$600 shows that over \$6,000,000 worth of horseflesh was exhibited before the public last season. The average of \$600 probably is low. Captain David Shaw, of Cleveland, values one horse—Peter Mac—at \$125,000. William, the pacing whirlwind, was sold during 1915 for \$35,000. E. D. Gould, of Kearney, Nebraska, refused \$35,000 for his great trotter, Bingen Silk. And there are hundreds of other horses that raced then that are valued far into the thousands. The \$6,000,000 figure above embraces only the horses that were campaigned in 1915. It does not take into consideration the thousands of stallions, brood mares and yearlings. The fact that Peter the Great, 21-year-old stallion, was sold for \$50,000 will give some idea of the value of stud horses. It seems safe to say that the total value of all the harness horses in North America today is \$10,000,000.

One Thousand Cities

Each one of the cities where harness horses are raced—and there are 1,900 of them—has a racecourse, stands and other track equipment. The money invested in these ranges down from close to \$275,000 tied up in the North Randall, O., track, to the \$5,000 and \$10,000 tracks in the smallest cities. The statistics do not cover the annual expense involved in the upkeep of stables. Practically every horse owner has a driver, stable boys, veterinarians, etc. And then there is the cost of shipping the horses from one track to another. Yes, the light harness racing game is an immense one. It's business in one sense—and a sport in another.

EARNINGS OF PUGILISTS

Many Non-champions Made More Than Old-time Title-holders

If you merely seek money in the pugilistic world, it isn't necessary for you to become a champion. Ring history shows that aspirants, with good business heads, have snared as many, if not more, greenbacks than the title-holders. Packey McFarland never was a division king, yet the Chicagoan earned in the neighborhood of \$200,000 in the ring. Mike Gibbons' "shake-downs" in three years went beyond \$100,000. Leach Cross, who grabbed off over \$200,000 during his long ring career, never got out of the runner-up class.

Frank Moran, as merely heir-apparent to the heavyweight throne, earned \$50,000 during seven or eight months. Dillon never has been a fully recognized champion, yet his ring earnings have been tremendous. Battling Levinsky, who fought almost continuously in 1915, earned close to \$50,000. Knockout Brown, the lightweight, never was much better than a good second rate. But during the five years he was campaigned under the management of Dan Morgan his earnings were \$144,000—an average of nearly \$30,000 a year. There are scores of other battlers who never have been and never will be champions, yet they are earning each year sums that exceed those garnered by champions in other days.

RIGHT VS. LEFT HAND

Left Hand Batters Get the Higher Percentages

A perusal of the mace-wielding records brings out a peculiarity. It uncovers the fact that the majority of the greatest sluggers the game has produced have been right handed hitters, yet the bulk of high percentage hitters are left handed. The left handed batting stars for the most part, are speedy afoot, the right handers are clumsy to an extreme, most of the right handers have been big men; the left handers run to the diminutive on the average.

Old Cap Anson was a right hander. So was Ed Delehanty who could drive a ball as far as any man in the game. Lajoie and Wagner, the veterans, are starboard clouters. "Cactus" Cravath, who lammed the fences ever and anon, is a right hander. Fred Merkle, the long-distance banger, is a right hander; "Piano Legs" Hickman, famous slugger of a few years ago, was a right handed swinger. On the other hand, Cobb is a southpaw clouter. So are Collins, Baker, Kauff, Speaker, Daubert, Luderus and Doyle. With the exception of Baker and Luderus, all are fast men. Excepting those two, none can be classed as a terrific slugger; at least none is in the Cravath, Lajoie, Wagner, Delehanty division. They hit the ball hard and far—but it is their speed that enables them to take unto themselves each year a husky average.

When more than one person is responsible, no one is responsible. Every crisis is an opportunity to the man of courage and resource.

MARKET QUOTATIONS

JUNE 20th

Toronto Cattle Market

Heavy choice steers	\$10.00 to \$10.50
do. good	9.40 to 10.00
Handy choice steers	9.75 to 10.10
Butchers' good	9.40 to 9.75
do. medium	8.90 to 9.40
do. common	8.00 to 8.90
Butchers' cows, choice	7.55 to 8.40
do. good	7.25 to 7.75
do. medium	6.50 to 7.25
Butchers' bulks, choice	8.00 to 8.50
do. medium to choice	7.00 to 8.00
do. bologna	6.15 to 6.75
Feeders, 900 to 1,000 lbs.	8.00 to 9.00
do. bulls	6.00 to 6.50
Stockers, 800 to 900 lbs.	7.75 to 8.00
do. good, 700 to 800	7.50 to 8.00
do. med. 650 to 700	6.75 to 7.50
do. common, light	5.50 to 6.50
Cutters	5.00 to 5.75
Milkers, choice, each	80.00 to 105.00
do. common to med.	50.00 to 80.00
Springers	60.00 to 115.00
Calves, veal, good	10.00 to 12.50
do. medium	7.50 to 9.50
do. common	6.50 to 7.00
do. grass	4.75 to 6.25
Bob calves, each	3.00 to 7.50
Lambs, cwt.	9.50 to 12.00
Spring lambs	15.00 to 16.50
Sheep, ewes, light	8.00 to 10.00
do. heavy and bucks	7.00 to 8.00
do. culls	5.00 to 6.00
Hogs, weighed off cars	11.15 to 11.25
do. fed and watered	10.85 to 11.00
do. f.o.b. country	10.40 to 10.55

Toronto Grain Markets

Manitoba wheat—Track, bay ports, No. 1 northern, \$1.17 1/2; No. 2 northern, \$1.16 1/2; No. 3 northern, \$1.12 1/2.

Manitoba oats—Track, bay ports, No. 2 C.W., 52 1/2c; No. 3 C.W., 50 1/2c; No. 1 extra feed, 50 1/2c; No. 2 feed, 48 1/2c.

American corn—No. 2 yellow, 82c track, Toronto, 75 1/2c track, bay ports; Ontario wheat—No. 1 commercial per car lot, according to freight, outside, 97c to 99c; No. 2 commercial, 94c to 96c; No. 3 commercial, 90c to 92c; feed wheat, 83c to 85c.

Ontario oats—No. 3 white, 48c to 49c.

Peas—No. 2, per carlot, \$1.70; according to sample, \$1.25 to \$1.50.

Barley—Malting, outside, 65c to 66c; No. 2 feed, 60c to 62c.

Buckwheat—70c to 71c.

Rye—No. 1 commercial, 94c to 95c.

Manitoba flour—First patents, in jute bags, \$6.50, seconds, \$5; strong bakers, \$5.80, in jute bags.

Ontario flour—Winter, track, Toronto, prompt shipment, according to sample, 48.05 to \$4.15, in jute bags; bulk, seaboard, \$4 to \$4.10.

Millfeed—Carloads, per ton, delivered, Montreal freights; bran, \$20 to \$21; shorts, \$24 to \$25; middlings, \$25 to \$26; good feed flour, bag, \$1.60 to \$1.65.

Wholesale Produce

Toronto wholesale prices to the trade:

Eggs—Special candled (cart's)	29 to 30
Candled, ex-cartons	27 to 28
Butter—Creamery prints, fresh	29 to 31
Creamery, solids	28 to 29
Choice dairy prints	25 to 27
Ordinary dairy prints	24 to 26
Bakers'	22 to 24
Cheese—New, large, 18c; twins, 18 1/2c; triplets, 18 1/2c; old, June and September, large, 22c; twins, 22 1/2c; triplets, 22 1/2c.	
Poultry—Live Dressed	
Spring broilers 40c	45c 50c 55c
Old fowl, lb.	17c 19c 20c 27c
Chickens	17c 19c 25c 27c
Milk-fed	18c 20c 25c 26c

East Buffalo Cattle

Cattle—Receipts, 3,500; dry fed, active and steady; grassers, slow and lower; shipping, 02 to \$11.40; butchers, \$8 to \$10.25; heifers, \$7.50 to \$10; cows, \$4.50 to \$8; bulls, \$5.50 to \$8.25; stockers and feeders, \$7 to \$8; crotch heifers, \$6 to \$7; fresh cows and springers, active, firm; \$50 to \$110.

Veals—Receipts, 1,400; active and steady; \$4.50 to \$12.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 16,000; active; heavy and mixed, \$10; yorkers, \$9.50 to \$10; pigs, \$9.50; roughs, \$8.70 to \$8.75; stags, \$6.50 to \$7.25.

Sheep and lambs—Receipts, 2,000; active; lambs, \$7 to \$12.25; yearlings, \$5.50 to \$10.40; wethers, \$8 to \$8.25; ewes, \$4 to \$7.50; sheep, mixed, \$7.50 to \$7.75.

Butter and Cheese Markets

London—Cheese sold at 16 1/2c; ten factories offered 1,550 boxes; bid, 15 1/2c to 16 1/2c.

Campbellford—710 boxes were offered, the bulk of which sold at 17 1/2c.

St. Hyacinthe, Que.—950 boxes sold at 15 1/2c; twenty-five packages of butter sold at 28 1/2c.

Cowansville, Que.—Fourteen factories offered 1,520 packages of butter; thirteen factories sold at 28 1/2c; one factory unsold.

Belleville—3,055 boxes of white were offered; 1,835 sold at 16 3/4c, 1,085 sold at 16 1/2c; balance unsold.

Meats—Wholesale

Toronto wholesale houses are quoting to the trade as follows:

Beef, forequarters	\$11.50 to \$12.50
do. hindquarters	17.00 to 18.00
Carcasses, choice	14.00 to 15.00
do. common	12.50 to 13.50
Veals, common	8.50 to 10.50
do. medium	11.50 to 13.50
do. prime	16.00 to 17.00
Heavy hogs	12.00 to 13.00
Shops hogs	14.00 to 14.50
Abattoir hogs	14.50 to 15.00
Mutton, heavy	10.00 to 12.00
do. light	14.00 to 16.00
Lambs, yearling	20.00 to 21.00

Chicago Cattle Market

Cattle—Receipts, 22,000; market weak; beefs, \$7.70 to \$11.40; stockers and feeders, \$5.90 to \$8.70; cows and heifers, \$3.90 to \$9.90; calves, \$5.50 to \$11.50.

Hogs—Receipts, 51,000; market weak; light, \$9.10 to \$9.70; mixed, \$9.30 to \$9.75; heavy, \$9.15 to \$9.80; rough, \$9.15 to \$9.30; pigs, \$7.40 to \$8.90; bulk of sales, \$9.50 to \$9.70.

Sheep—Receipts, 13,000; Market weak; lambs, native, \$7.50 to \$10.25; spring lambs, \$8.25 to \$11.65.

THE CHIEF CHARM OF LOVELY WOMAN

Soft, Clear, Smooth Skin Comes With The Use Of "FRUIT-A-TIVES".



NORAH WATSON 86 Drayton Ave., Toronto. Nov. 10th, 1915.

A beautiful complexion is a handsome woman's chief glory and the envy of her less fortunate rivals. Yet a soft, clear skin—glowing with health—is only the natural result of pure blood.

"I was troubled for a considerable time with a very unpleasant, disfiguring Rash, which covered my face and for which I used applications and remedies without relief. After using 'Fruit-a-tives' for one week, the rash is completely gone. I am deeply thankful for the relief and in the future, I will not be without 'Fruit-a-tives'."

NORAH WATSON. 50c. a box, 6 for \$2.50, trial size, 25c. At dealers or sent postpaid on receipt of price by Fruit-a-tives Limited, Ottawa.

A rice pudding that is cooked slowly and long will be richer and of better flavor than if cooked quickly.

Restore the flavor of scorched milk by standing it in a pan of cold water to which a pinch of salt has been added.

**B. Balment** Electrical Contractor

25 Bude Street, Fairbank, Toronto, Ont.

Persons requiring their houses wired for electric lights, may write to the above address, or leave order at The Chronicle Office.

**BIG 4** He Sells Cheap

**New Spring Goods**

LACE CURTAINS.

31' wide, 2 1/2 yds. long, 50c. pr  
40' wide, 2 1/2 yds. long, 75c. pr  
47' wide, 3 yds. long, \$1.00 and \$1.50. pair.

All Lace Curtains have finished tops.

New Curtain Drapery, 36" wide, double border; cream or white, 15c. per yard.

Twilled Sheeting, 2 yds. wide, 25c. yard.

Heavy Bleached Sheeting, 2 yds. wide, 49c. yard.

Bleached Table Linen, 70" wide, 50c. yard.

New Goods coming in Every Week.

**W. H. BEAN Big 4**

DURHAM MARKET

DURHAM, JUNE 22, 1916

Fall Wheat	\$ 95 to \$ 95
Spring Wheat	95 to 95
Milling Oats	44 to 45
Feed Oats	42 to 43
Peas	1 50 to 1 65
Barley	60 to 65
Hay	12 00 to 13 00
Butter	22 to 22
Eggs	23 to 23
Potatoes, per bag	1 50 to 1 75
Dried Apples	5 to 5
Flour, per cwt.	3 15 to 3 40
Oatmeal, per sack	2 90 to 2 90
Chop, per cwt.	1 50 to 1 75
Live Hogs, per cwt.	10 75
Hides, per lb.	15 to 16
Sheepskins	35 to 80
Wool	.....
Tallow	5 to
Lard	20 to 20

Centre of heat—fire-pot which  
The Sunshine which it is noted.  
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MARRIAGE.  
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