

The Ideal Gent's Furnishing Store

We carry the most up-to-date stock of Gent's Furnishings on the market.

Before you get your New Suit call and see what we have. We are agents for N. R. Brand Clothing, and these are up-to-date in style, fit and quality.

Don't forget to look at our display of Shirts, Collars and Ties.

We also carry a No. 1 line of Raincoats.

Here is the place to buy Overalls to fit the smallest boy or biggest man; the Peabody Brand Overalls.

Call and look over our stock.

EGGS TAKEN SAME AS CASH

Geo. S. Burnett

Next to the Standard Bank

REMEMBER THAT OUR TINSHOP IS AT YOUR DISPOSAL.

Anything in the line of Furnaces, Ranges, Stoves, Tin and Graniteware can be had.

Plumbing and Tinsmithing in all its lines neatly and promptly executed.

N. H. STERNALL

ARE YOU GOING WEST?

IF SO — Come to the Saskatchewan Valley

Canada's Greatest Wheat Belt

Choice Prairie Lands at from \$10.00 to \$20.00 per acre.

Choice Improved Lands at from \$15.00 to \$35.00 per acre.

You can invest your money in land here that will advance from \$3.00 to \$10.00 per acre during the next year.

I have choice investments along the New Prince Albert to Battleford line.

The estimate of the average yield in this vicinity this year is:

Wheat 30 Bus., Oats 75 Bus. per acre

For further information write or come and see

R. J. SCOTT

Fielding, Saskatchewan.

TWO GOOD SCHOOLS

are being run under the same management

Central Business College, Stratford, Ont., and Mount Forest Business College, Mt. Forest, Ont.

Our courses are far above that of the ordinary Business College. Our teachers are all experienced instructors. Take a course with us and you get the best. We do more for our graduates than any other Business Colleges in Western Ontario do for their graduates. Business men state that our graduates are the best. Write either college at once for our free catalogue. When waiting address the college.

THE DURHAM FOUNDRY

Iron and Brass Castings and general Repairing. Feed boilers. Steam fitters supplies. Engines and Threshers. Sash and Doors, Planing and General Wood Work.

G. SMITH & SONS, DURHAM, ONT.



THREE COOKS AND THREE REASONS

These three cooks differ widely in ability and experience, but all are agreed that the prime essential in good cooking is the stove on which to cook, and all concede that every stove necessary is met in a

GURNEY-OXFORD RANGE

For no matter how much or how little cooking is done; no matter what the experience given or required, there are certain prime requisites for every kitchen range. Whether the cook be a professional chef or the young bride with only "him" to please, the stove must furnish these three essentials—steadiness and control of heat, even baking facilities, and a grate that gives plenty of air to the fire with a saving of fuel and convenience in handling.

For these three problems—on which all cooks are agreed—the GURNEY-OXFORD RANGE has three answers, three good reasons why.

THE OXFORD ECONOMIZER is a small lever for the steady maintenance of heat, licensed for use only on Gurney-Oxfords. It effects a remarkable saving in fuel as well as labor. Nothing can go up the chimney but smoke and odor.

The Divided Flue Strip distributes the heat evenly, front as well as back of oven, thus securing against failure in baking. There is no better test of practical stove work than this oven control.

Are you always dusting? The Gurney-Oxford Reversible Grate saves dirt and labor; one-half turn and the ashes are out, while the interlocking teeth grind the hardest clinker.

There are plenty of other "reasons" for the advantage of the Gurney-Oxford, as a call on us will convince you. Come in and see our varied line, and we will demonstrate all these features to your entire satisfaction.



A. S. HUNTER & SON

Diarrhoea is always more or less prevalent during September. Be prepared for it. Chamberlain's Colic, Cholera and Diarrhoea Remedy is prompt and effectual. It can always be depended upon and is pleasant to take. For sale by Gun's Drug store.

As usually treated, a sprained ankle will disable a man for three or four weeks, but by applying Chamberlain's Liniment freely as soon as the injury is received, and observing the directions with each bottle, a cure can be effected in from two to four days. For sale by Gun's Drug store.

Hardware and Furniture

We want our customers to know we give them the best possible "prices" in all the lines we handle.

Now that the hot weather is here 'twill pay you to examine our goods.

Our BOSS GASOLINE STOVES, Coal Oil Stoves, guaranteed to give satisfaction. Charcoal Irons.

We handle the very best Gasoline—Queen Motor, 25c per gallon; Motor Gasoline, 20c per gallon.

Charcoal 12½c per sack.

All Cleveland Wire — Black Wire, \$2.75 per 100 lbs.; Coil Spring Wire, \$2.50 per 100 lbs.; Plain Galvanized No. 9, \$2.50 per 100 lbs.; Barbed Wire, \$2.75 per 100 lbs. We are agents for the Page Woven Wire Fence.

Furniture Line

A full line to suit the summer trade. 21 Iron Beds to choose from at cost, all different styles. 9 Go-carts at reduced prices.

CASH FOR EGGS.

F. Lenahan and Company

THE MARKET OF NINETY MILLIONS

For the advocates of reciprocity to speak of the American market as the market of ninety millions is flappoodle raised to the 9th degree. The cost of transportation will naturally limit the American market, so far as Canada is concerned, to the cities and towns scattered along the boundary line. The people of the interior, and the south, that is the great mass of the population, will never hear of, let alone see, Canadian agricultural and dairy products. The Canadian home market, which has enlarged enormously during the past decade, and which is growing rapidly from day to day, already absorbs from eighty to ninety per cent. of all our farm products. The surplus now goes to England, the best, steadiest and most hospitable market in the world. Even were the American market a friendly and certain one,—which it is not—it is, speaking generally, a necessity neither to the Canadian farmer, nor to the Canadian manufacturer. As President Taft himself points out, Canada is so far north that her agricultural products are practically limited to wheat, barley, rye, oats, potatoes, live cattle, horses and dairy products. The United States sends to Canada a much larger quantity of potatoes than Canada sends to the United States. About fifteen times as much of meat and dairy products are exported to Canada by the United States than are imported by the United States from Canada. Fruits in large quantities, and of all kinds are imported by us from the United States. The only agricultural products which will cut any figure in the export trade of Canada to the United States, are wheat, barley, rye and oats. The world price of these four important cereals can be fixed neither in Canada nor the United States, but in Liverpool alone, where the surplus from this continent is disposed of. Reciprocity will NOT give our farmers any better prices for these cereals, and the sooner the fact is recognized, the better for the farmers.

The millers of Minneapolis, and other American milling centres are naturally keen to get Canadian wheat, for under present conditions, they cannot get enough wheat to keep their mills going to their full capacity. Moreover, the by-products of bran and shorts from the flour mills would be greatly increased in consequence, much to the benefit of American dairy farmers, and those engaged in raising cattle and Stock. Yes, it will be a great thing for the Americans to get Canadian wheat to grind into flour, and to export to England. If Canadian wheat is ultimately to reach England in the form of flour, by way of the Minneapolis mills, and American lines of transportation, where does the benefit to Canada come in? The echo, loud enough to be heard all over the land, answers "where?" As Mr. Knox, the United States Secretary of State, said in Chicago recently, "the free admission of grain from Canada places the control of grain in the hands of American grain growers."

PROTECTION NEEDED

A Reduction in Duty Practically Wiped Out the Fine Leather Industry

That a protective tariff is necessary to the industrial welfare of Canada and the lack of sufficient protection has been the cause of numerous business disasters within recent years may be proved by many examples. One of the most conspicuous of these, however, is the collapse of several flourishing branches of the Canadian leather industry since the Albany treaty of March, 1910, when Hon. Mr. Fielding, representing Canada, agreed with the United States on a reduction of 2 1/2 per cent. in the duty on upper and fine leathers, the duty formerly standing at 17 1/2 per cent. This reduction was all the more remarkable in that there was absolutely no vestige of agitation for it in Canada. Not only did the Canadian users of these leathers not ask for the reduction, but they have since expressed strongly against it on the ground that it would wipe out the Canadian manufacturers of these fine and upper leathers, thus forcing them to buy from the American trust, which, of course, means ultimately much higher prices. The manufacturers of these leathers were not consulted in any way whatever before the reduction, and in the absence of any discussion of this item it struck them as a bolt from the blue. It is evident that the pressure resulting in the lower duty was exerted by the American tanners. As a result of that sacrifice of Capital and Labor in Canada, importations of fine leather have increased over 100 per cent. in the last year as the direct result of the lower tariff which has allowed the over supply of American leather goods to be dumped into the Canadian market. At least six flourishing Canadian industries, in the aggregate employing upwards of 500 skilled mechanics, were forced to close the departments of their factories given up to the manufacture of upper and fine leathers because they could not possibly compete with the wealthier and more powerful establishments in the United States.

In the fiscal year 1910 the imports of calf kid or goat, lamb and sheepskins, dressed, waxed or glazed, into Canada from the United States amounted to 195,054 pounds, valued at \$184,493, while in the fiscal year 1911, with the lower duty the imports amounted to 404,821 pounds, valued at \$241,832, or an increase of over 100 per cent.

Surely an example such as this should sober the reckless agitator for free trade. Surely it points a moral: Reasonable and stable tariff protection for Canadian industries.

WHY HIT THE WEST?

Western Factories Have Been Developing, Why Snuff Them Out?

The enormous development in manufacturing west of the Lakes in the past three years was emphasized by a leading business man of Winnipeg when speaking in Ottawa last January. He said: "Not only Winnipeg, but practically every other town and city in the West is rapidly developing manufacturing industries. Brandon has a number of important manufacturing industries; Medicine Hat has established an American clay product factory which is being successfully conducted. Rolling mills are building at Medicine Hat by the American people who built the rolling mills at Winnipeg, now in successful operation. Calgary has large cement works, flour mills, and so on. And all these towns and cities are straining every nerve to build up manufacturing industries to assist in taking care of the population which is unemployed during the winter. Manufacturers will naturally go where the market is, for close proximity to the market overcomes many other obstacles. It is true, we are somewhat remote from the sources of our material; but that is largely compensated for by having a market at our doors and being in close touch with our customers. It is our opinion and, I believe, the opinion of the West, certainly of the manufacturing industries, that any lowering or interference with the Tariff would be a serious blow to us and what we have been endeavoring to accomplish. Speaking particularly for the Western manufacturers, I hope that nothing of that kind will be done. The country now is not suffering. Any honest, able-bodied man in the West can get employment at the highest wages, I believe, in the civilized world. The revenues of the country are buoyant and its credit is high; the machine is in good operation."

TOWARDS CONTINENTALISM

What a Chicago Paper Says of Reciprocity

That Reciprocity with the United States would imperil Imperial unity and would compel Canada to adapt itself to American continental ends, rather than to British Imperial ends, is according to The Chicago Tribune, one of the most important newspapers in the United States, a reasonable supposition. To quote its own words: "The British tariff commission contends that American and Canadian Reciprocity would imperil Imperial unity. It is alleged that it would do so by diverting Canadian trade from British to American channels. It would compel the Dominion to adapt itself to American continental ends rather than British Imperial ends. These are reasonable apprehensions, which furnish a good argument for the confirmation of the Reciprocity agreement. No senator should be so interested in Imperial unity as to vote against the Reciprocity Bill so as not to imperil it. No senator should be willing to vote against a measure calculated to expand American at the expense of British trade, by making Canada a still better market for American products."

H. N. BURNETT

This is the place to buy your FRESH BAKED GOODS, A FULL SUPPLY ALWAYS ON HAND.

Also FRESH GROCERIES

Cooked Meats and Candies

DON'T FORGET OUR ICE CREAM PARLOR and Restaurant.

LUNCHEONS Served at All Hours

W. D. Connor

Manufacturer of And Dealer in

PUMPS OF ALL KINDS

Galvanized and Iron Piping, Brass Brass Lined and Iron Cylinders. SHOP OPEN EVERY AFTERNOON

Pumps From \$2 Upward

ALL REPAIRING promptly and properly attended to.

W. D. CONNOR

ALMA ILLUSTRATED Ladies' CATALOGUE FREE ON REQUEST St. Thomas Ont.

DURHAM PLANING MILLS

The undersigned begs to announce to residents of Durham and surrounding country, that he has his Planing Mill and Factory completed and is prepared to take orders for

SASH, DOORS — and all kinds of — House Fittings

Also a limited amount of iron work and machine repairs. A call solicited. Ask for quotations on your next job.

Custom Sawing Promptly Attended To

ZENUS CLARK DURHAM - ONTARIO

The Central Business College of Toronto invites you to write for a copy of its curriculum if you are in any way interested in a training which will lead you into a good business appointment at a good salary. The Fall Term opens on August 28th. Address W. H. SHAW, President, Yonge & Gerrard Streets, Toronto, and mention this paper.

Grand Trunk Railway TIME-TABLE

Trains leave Durham at 7.15 a.m., and 2.45 p.m.

Trains arrive at Durham at 10.40 a.m., 1.50 p.m., and 8.50 p.m.

EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY

H. G. Elliott, A. E. Duff, G. P. Agent, D. P. Agent, Montreal, Toronto.

J. TOWNER Depot Agent JAMES R. GUN, Town Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Trains will arrive and depart as follows, until further notice:—

P.M. A.M. P.M. P.M. 3.15 6.25 Lv. Walkerton Ar. 12.40 10.05

4.14 7.24 " Glen " 11.41 9.06

3.37 7.47 " Hanover " 12.17 8.42

3.45 6.55 " Allan Park " 12.05 9.33

4.00 7.10 " Durham " 11.54 9.19

4.11 7.21 " McWilliams " 11.44 9.09

4.14 7.24 " Glen " 11.41 9.06

4.24 7.34 " Priceville " 11.31 8.56

4.40 7.50 " Saugene J. " 11.18 8.43

5.15 7.50 " Toronto " 11.15 7.55

R. MACFARLANE, - Town Agent.

New Grocery Store Fresh Groceries Always in Stock

Butter and Eggs Taken in Exchange

Mrs. A. SULLIVAN Upper Town - Durham