

SEEDS

at The Central Drug Store

We would draw your attention to the fact that the price of Clover and Timothy Seed is advancing rapidly. We have bought early from the best and most reliable seedsmen in the province, a large consignment of Timothy, Red Clover, Mammoth, Alsike and Alfalfa Clover. We cannot give you the same prices in future shipments that we can now. Call at once and select your seeds. The largest stock to choose from in town. Give us a call.

The Central Drug Store :: Durham

New Grocery Store

Fresh Groceries Always in Stock

Butter and Eggs Taken in Exchange

Mrs. A. SULLIVAN
Upper Town - Durham

DURHAM PLANING MILLS

The undersigned begs to announce to residents of Durham and surrounding country, that he has his Planing Mill and Factory completed and is prepared to take orders for

SASH, DOORS
— and all kinds of —
House Fittings

Also a limited amount of iron work and machine repairs. A call solicited. Ask for quotations on your next job.

Custom Sawing Promptly Attended To

ZENUS CLARK
DURHAM - ONTARIO

Every Woman
is interested and should know about the wonderful **MARVEL Whirling Spray**. The new Vaginal Syringe. Best Most convenient. It cleanses instantly. Ask your druggist for it.

Grand Trunk Railway TIME-TABLE

Trains leave Durham at 7.50 a.m., and 2.50 p.m.
Trains arrive at Durham at 10.00 a.m., 1.50 p.m., and 8.55 p.m.

EVERY DAY EXCEPT SUNDAY

H. G. Elliott, G. P. Agent, Montreal.	A. E. Duff, D. P. Agent, Toronto.
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J. TOWNER Depot Agent
JAMES R. GUN, Town Agent

CANADIAN PACIFIC RAILWAY TIME TABLE

Trains will arrive and depart as follows, until further notice:—

Read down	Read up
4.35 P.M. Lv. Walkerton	7.10 A.M. Ar. Toronto
6.38 3.43 " Maple Hill	9.45 12.55 " "
7.07 4.00 " Hanover	9.57 12.47 " "
7.15 4.00 " Allan Park	9.58 12.38 " "
7.30 4.15 " Durham	9.14 12.34 " "
7.41 4.26 " McWilliam	9.04 12.14 " "
7.54 4.39 " Priceville	8.51 12.41 " "
8.02 4.50 " Saugeen Jct.	8.40 11.50 " "
11.40 8.25 " Toronto	5.00 8.15 " "

R. MACFARLANE, Town Agent

CHOICE FARM LANDS

In C. P. R. Irrigation Block, Southern Alberta, Canada

We own 8 quarter sections of choice mixed irrigable and non-irrigable land, particularly well located in sunny Southern Alberta, easy terms
WE ALSO OWN THE FAMOUS LIVINGSTONE RANCH LOCATED IN SOUTHERN ALBERTA, CANADA
In the centre of the Great Winter Wheat Belt; 2560 acres of rich, black loam on a clay sub-soil, capable of producing maximum crops. Place is all fenced and cross fenced, has about 250 acres broken, two houses, three barns, corrals, sheds, etc. Fine spring on each section. Ideal for straight grain or mixed farming. Very easy terms.

HUNTER LAND COMPANY

202 Andrus Building MINNEAPOLIS, MINN.

RECIPROCITY MEETING

Continued from page 4

He admitted that Mr. Sifton, and some other Liberals, were opposed to the treaty, but that during the whole period from 1866 to 1896, every Government had tried to negotiate a similar treaty with the United States. If it would have been a good thing during those years, why not be a good thing now. He scorned the idea of the favored nations affecting the trade in Canada. In Argentina the cheap European labor at 35c. a day he claimed to be dearer than our labor at \$1.25 to \$1.50. As to the importation of eggs, the whole quantity imported during a year would only mean one and one-eighth egg for each individual of our population, and was not worthy of consideration. He endeavored to justify Mr. Paterson for retaining a duty on the biscuit industry as a manufactured product, and even undertook to argue that coal was a manufactured article, and Mr. Fielding was justified in the 45c. duty still to remain on that article of commerce.

Mr. Miller is quite a clever debater, but his effort on Saturday last to uphold the Reciprocity Agreement was not a marked success. He did well, considering the fact that he had a poor subject to defend, and we honestly believe that Mr. Miller himself is not in sympathy with the Reciprocity negotiations. If he is, his arguments on Saturday were certainly not up to the standard of his debating powers, and his arguments were sadly discounted after Mr. Mieghean reviewed the different topics of his address. The whole meeting was conducted in a nice friendly way, and nothing was said or done by either party that should cause offence to a person seeking for information.

Mr. Mieghean was the star speaker of the day, and presented his views in a manner that could not fail to attract attention and command respect. On rising he pointed out the tactful manner in which Mr. Miller changed his line of argument from the preceding meeting the night before at Hanover, and proceeded to take up his arguments, one by one, and point out the fallacy of each.

As to the advocacy of Reciprocity made by farm journals and agricultural papers, he did not profess to know what they all said but took it for granted that what Mr. Miller said was absolutely true. Many of the farm journals, some of which he knew something, like many of the farmers, formed judgments before they understood the question thoroughly, and having taken a certain stand in regard to the Agreement, it would be hard for them to back down and pursue another course.

He criticized the treaty because it absolutely strips the people. Then, taking up Mr. Miller's argument that two markets are better than one, and three markets better than two, he thought the advocates of such a policy should follow it out to its logical conclusion, and put everything on the free list. They should, if consistent, do the same with everything. Mr. Paterson should have realized that and taken off the whole of the duty on the biscuits he makes, and thus secured an additional market of 90 millions of people to whom he could sell his products. Mr. Fielding, in like manner, should do the same with the coal, and so on with every other commodity. He did not believe personally it would be wise to do so, but the argument of Mr. Miller pointed in that direction, and, to be consistent, they should follow the matter through to its logical conclusion.

could throw her markets open to the world, but Great Britain was a highly protected country until she reached such a stage of development as to be able to meet and defy competition. When Canada reaches a similar stage of development, she, too, will be able to give a larger measure of free trade, but the time is not yet.

The Government for years condemned the National Policy while in Opposition, but they were forced in 1896 to accept it.

In the reciprocity question, they were playing a double game. The farmers of the West asked for free trade in agricultural implements but the Government dared not to touch the manufacturers, and by giving free trade in natural resources, the Western farmers were led to believe they were getting the first instalment, and free trade in manufactured goods would come next. But in the East, they tell a different story. Here, the manufacturer is not going to be harmed.

Mr. Miller made considerable of a flourish on the high price quoted for making barley in Buffalo, and to a question from Mr. Mieghean he claimed that the mailing barley quoted in the Toronto and Buffalo markets at such widely varying prices were of the same quality. The laugh was soon turned on Mr. Miller when Mr. Mieghean expressed his belief that Mr. Miller was not averse to making a fortune, and figured out to him how he could buy the barley in Toronto, ship it across the lake and make \$90,000 in a single day. The fact is, Mr. Mieghean claims the barley is not the same, and in Canada produce very little, or none of the high priced barley called for in the Buffalo markets. He then went on to show, giving dates, that when the duty was taken off barley, the prices dropped. Another feature of Mr. Mieghean's speech was the apt way in which he could turn up statistics of the United States and Canada to prove his contentions, and to destroy the arguments of his worthy and formidable antagonist. For we are willing to admit that Mr. Miller is a man against whom it requires a strong man to fight successfully. In this case, however, he met more than his match.

In horses, too, Mr. Mieghean confirmed the opinion of Mr. Musgrove, and showed from statistics that the average price in Canada was \$133, and in the States, \$108.03.

He also pointed out that by the Agreement, the Americans held a tariff barrier against the twelve or fifteen favored nations to whom Canada would be forced to throw her gates open.

It was a good clean meeting, every speaker acting the gentleman, but every speaker being anxious to show his own case up to the best advantage.

Dr. Morse's Indian Root Pills
positively cure
Constipation
and all kindred & resulting troubles.
25¢ a box.

SOUTH GREY TEMPERANCE CONVENTION

On Tuesday afternoon last, a fairly well attended Convention of temperance workers of South Grey assembled here for the transaction of general business, and the election of officers.

Many subjects of importance were discussed, and the convention went on record in favor of organizing every municipality in the constituency, but no definite decision was arrived at regarding a local option campaign in Hanover, Neustadt and Normanby.

The officers elected for the ensuing year were: President, C. Ramage, Durham; 1st Vice, C. Derby, Hanover; 2nd Vice, John Gardiner, Dundalk; 3rd Vice, Rev. W. H. Hartley, Durham; 4th Vice, Mrs. White; Secretary, C. L. Grant, Durham; Treas., Hugh McCrae, Durham.

The chair was occupied during the session by Rev. Mr. McCausland, and discussion of many subjects pertaining to the license law, was freely indulged in. Rev. Ben. H. Spence, Secretary of the Dominion Alliance, was ready to answer all questions, and was chief expounder of the law, and made clear many points over which the members of the local association had found many difficulties. He pointed out that the Chief of Police, the Constable, or License Inspector, had full authority to search any hotel or house of entertainment, without a warrant, where it was suspected that liquor was kept for sale, and not only that, but it was their duty to do so. Mr. Spence assured the convention that local option was all right and if failures should occur, it was not the fault of the law, but the fault of the officers whose duty it is to see that the law is properly enforced. In this connection, we might say that a severe resolution was passed against our License Inspector. Mr. Spence spoke very emphatically of the determination of the Government to see the law enforced, and gave a high measure of credit to Mr. Hanna for the attention he gives toward the enforcement of the Act in local option districts. Mr. Hanna, will not allow an inefficient Inspector to continue in office if he knows it. It is wrong, however, to make complaint to the head office at Toronto until the Inspector is first advised of the grievance, and an opportunity given to him to see the alleged evil investigated. Complaints to the Inspector and to the head office should be in writing and copies kept on file so as to allow no reasonable ground for dispute.

Rev. Geo. Miller, of Knox church, Toronto, was also present, and gave valued assistance at the convention.

TOWN COUNCIL

Met in regular meeting on Monday night. Members all present. Mayor Black in the chair.

The report of the finance committee recommended payment of a number of small accounts, amounting to \$50.78.

Kinnee—Lenahan—That the report of the finance committee be adopted, and cheques issued.—Car.

Calder—Cochrane—That assessor be paid \$60 on salary, the assessment roll having been returned.—C.

Calder—Cochrane—That the report of the Inspector of the Underwriters' Fire Insurance Association be referred to the Fire & Light Committee, who will report at next meeting.—Carried.

Furneaux—Kinnee—That the amount of \$2.50 be refunded to Mr. Farquharson on account of rent paid for hall, which was not used.—Carried.

Cochrane—Kinnee—That the account of Mr. Carson for attendance on Mr. Rowe and family while quarantined, be paid.—Carried.

Calder—Brown—That a grant of \$100 be made to the Fire Brigade, this amount to cover their monthly bills, and should these exceed the above amount, a further grant to be made for 1911.—Car.

Kinnee—Furneaux—That the Bd. of Works look after the sidewalk on the south side of Mr. McIntyre's building, and see that it is made to carry the water away from the building.—Carried.

McCracken—Lenahan—That Thos. Daniel be appointed trustee officer for the balance of 1911, to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of G. J. Wright.—Carried.

The assessment roll for 1911 shows:
The total assessment for the year to be \$568,030.00.
The total exemptions, excepting for school rates, \$95,090.00.
The population, 1526, exactly the same as in 1910.

PERSONAL
Miss Eva Campbell, of Paris, is visiting her mother in town.
Miss Alice Ramage visited in Mt. Forest over Sunday.
Mr. W. Hunt, of Dornoch, left for Calgary on Friday morning.
Mr. Wm. Lavelle is in Toronto to-day, Wednesday on business.
Mr. T. A. Harris is spending a few days with his family here.
Bandmaster Wright and family moved to Chesley on Monday.
Miss Gladys Sanford, of Toronto, is in town, spending a few weeks with her aunt, Mrs. J. Crutchley.
Mrs. Alex. Nevin returned on Monday from Guelph, where she visited her daughter, Mrs. Miller.
Mr. Thos. Daniel has been appointed caretaker of the school to fill the vacancy caused by Mr. G. J. Wright, resigned.
Mr. W. F. Rolph, of the Standard Bank, who was transferred from here to Oshawa, was promoted recently to the Bay Street branch in Toronto.
Miss Bessie Levine, after visiting her parents, Mr. and Mrs. J. Levine, here, for the past few weeks, returned to Chicago, where she has secured a good situation.
Mr. Sidney Thomas, who has been in the employ of Mr. W. Black, hardware, since Christmas, left for the West Monday to look after his land interests.
Mrs. Boyd, of Stratford, Mrs. T. Noble, of Toronto, Mrs. Noble, of Durham, Miss M. Effie Hutton, of Blyth's Corners, and Mrs. Sutherland, of Durham, visited last week at Mr. and Mrs. Thos. E. Hutton's.
For advertising that BRINGS RESULTS, The Chronicle leads,

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co. doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.
(SEAL) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.
Sold by all Druggists 75c.
Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation