

WITH FIXED BAYONETS.

Militia and Strikers in Collision at Valleyfield and Several Injured.

A despatch from Montreal, says:—Two companies of the 5th Royal Scots were called out for active service at Valleyfield to-day, and left by special train about two o'clock. The call to arms came in the usual way. The Mayor of Valleyfield wrote to Lieut.-Col. Roy, D.O.C., at Montreal, stating that the strike in the Montreal Cotton Company's mills had assumed such proportions and the actions of the strikers were such as to warrant military intervention. He stated that the strikers interfered with those working, and refused to allow coal to be taken to the boilers, and that the police of the town could not cope with the rioters. He therefore asked for two companies of militia, with full power to quell the disturbance by arrest or otherwise.

The request was duly signed by the Mayor of Valleyfield and two justices of the peace, in accordance with the requirements of the Militia Act. Lt.-Col. Roy, on the receipt of the letter put himself in communication with Lieut.-Col. Ibbotson, commanding the Royal Scots, whose turn for duty it was. One hundred men were called out.

WITH FIXED BAYONETS.
The situation at Valleyfield is very serious to-night. The town seems to be in the hands of the mob, and the situation became so threatening that a message was sent to Montreal asking for the despatch of more soldiers. The arrival of the first detachment of militia from Montreal this afternoon appears to have infuriated the strikers, and a big mob of them gathered outside the mills and started in to smash the windows. The Royal Scots, under command of Colonel Ibbotson, charged the strikers with the bayonet. The mob retaliated, and in the melee several of the soldiers and a number of the rioters were injured. It is feared that several of the soldiers have been fatally injured.

It is feared that the rioters will set

the mills on fire, and grave trouble is anticipated.

MORE SOLDIERS DESPATCHED.
In response to the demand for soldiers, which was received here about 11 o'clock an urgent requisition was sent out, and arrangements have been made to despatch several hundred men by special about midnight to the scene of the trouble.

The Montreal Cotton Company is building a new mill there, and the labourers employed in the preparation work for its construction asked for an increase of wages from a dollar to a dollar and a quarter per day. The company refused to accede to the demand because the men accompanied it with threats of violence. They have succeeded in preventing any further work going on outside, and they are now attempting to prevent the running of the mills where there are some 3,000 employes who are not on strike.

Last night the supply of coal for the working of the mill was nearly exhausted, and during the night an endeavour was made to get in more coal. The strikers, however, succeeded in preventing this. There are some 250 men around the mill this morning preventing anything going in or out. The result is, that being unable to get the coal in, the portion of the works known as the bleachery has been entirely closed, and the employes are consequently thrown out.

DON'T WANT WORK.
The Town Council of Valleyfield made an offer to employ the strikers on the drainage works which are now in progress there, but the men declined to accept employment from the Council. A meeting was held last night, at which the strikers still insisted upon being employed by the company at a dollar and a quarter a day, and they repeated their previous declaration that they would prevent the mill running until their demands were complied with. It was then decided to call out the militia.

COSTLY RECONNAISSANCE.
FOUR KILLED AND TEN WOUNDED IN DISLODGING GUERRILLAS.
French's Casualties 26—Met Continuous Opposition on March to Bethel—Roberts Issues Circular to Burglers.
A despatch from Cape Town, says:—Guerrilla attacks by the Boers are still giving great trouble. General French encountered continuous opposition in his march from Carolina to Bethel, his casualties numbering 36.
After the arrival of Lord Methuen at Zeerust there was a reconnaissance northward, which resulted on Saturday in the discovery of large numbers of Boers, who were only dislodged after artillery and rifle fire lasting four hours. The British had four killed and ten wounded.
The Boers take shelter in farm-houses which are crowded with women and children.
Lord Roberts is distributing a fresh circular, to the effect that Boers voluntarily surrendering who have never taken the oath of neutrality, will not be exiled, but will be permitted to return to their farms at the conclusion of hostilities.

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KRUGER NOT WELCOME

Belgian Government Does Not Want Him to Remain in Brussels.

A despatch from Brussels, says:—The Belgian Government has informed the Transvaal agency that a long sojourn for Kruger in Brussels would be unwelcome and calculated to occasion anti-British demonstrations, which the Government cannot allow. Therefore, the agency publishes notice in the newspapers announcing Kruger's refusal to accept the hospitality offered him by Ander Lecht, a rich Dutchman, in his villa in a Brussels suburb. Kruger will only pass through Belgium, without stopping.

It is also quite certain Queen Wilhelmina will accord simply a private audience, devoid of all official character, to the ex-President.

HARASSING FRENCH.

Methuen and Barton Also Attacked by the Boers.

A despatch from London says:—Lord Roberts telegraphs from Pretoria under date of Oct. 22, as follows: "French reached Bethel October 20. He was opposed during the greater part of his march from Carolina. "It is also quite certain Queen Wilhelmina will accord simply a private audience, devoid of all official character, to the ex-President.

Methuen's convoy was attacked near Zeerust on October 20, and Barton was attacked at Friederickstad. Paget has captured 14 Boers and a number of cattle and sheep.

MARKETS OF THE WORLD

Prices of Cattle, Cheese, Grain, &c in the Leading Markets.

THE STREET MARKET.

Toronto, Oct. 30.—On the street to-day 200 bush, white wheat sold at 68 1-2 to 69c, 600 bush red winter at 68 1-2 to 69c, 600 bush goose at 67c, 3,000 bush barley at 43 to 46c, and bush oats at 28 to 29 1-2c. Fifteen loads of hay sold at \$14 to \$14.75, and two loads of straw at \$12 to \$12.50. Dressed hogs were unchanged.

Wheat, white, straight, 68 1-2 to 69c
Wheat, red, 68 1-2 to 69c
Wheat, spring, 00 00 to 07c
Wheat, green, 00 00 to 07c
Oats, 28 00 to 29 1-2c
Barley, 43 00 to 46 00
Peas, 00 00 to 05 00
Rye, 00 00 to 05 00
Buckwheat, 00 00 to 04 1-2c
Hay, per ton, 14 00 to 15 00
Straw, per ton, 12 00 to 13 00
Butter, per lb., rolls, 02 00 to 02 10c
Eggs, new laid, 00 00 to 00 20c
Chickens, per pair, 03 00 to 05 00
Turkeys, per lb., 08 00 to 10 00
Ducks, per lb., 06 00 to 07 00
Geese, per pair, 05 00 to 07 00
Potatoes, per bag, 03 00 to 04 00
Apples, per bbl., 04 00 to 10 00
Beef, hindquarters, 7 00 to 8 50
Beef, forequarters, 4 00 to 5 50
Beef, carcass, 5 50 to 7 50
Mutton, 5 00 to 6 00
Lamb, spring, per lb., 08 00 to 09 00
Veal, carcass, 6 50 to 7 50
Dressed hogs, 7 50 to 7 50

DAIRY MARKETS.

Scarcity of choice dairy has caused demand to run more on creameries. There is a good enquiry for creamery boxes at 20 to 21c. Choice dairy, in prints, pails, or crocks, is wanted. It will sell quickly. Commission houses sell to the trade as follows: Dairy, fubs and pails, choice, 18 to 19c; medium, 16 to 16 1-2c; and poor, 13 to 15c; dairy, prints, choice, 19 to 20c; creamery, boxes, 20 to 21c; and pounds, 22 to 23c.

Cheese—Pull cream, July and August make, sells at 11 1-2 to 12c.

CHEESE MARKETS.

Kingston, Ont., Oct. 30.—At the meeting of the Frontenac Cheese Board, to-day there were 820 boxes of white and 1,631 boxes of coloured cheese boarded. The following factories sold at 10 1-2c—Gilt Edge, Perth Road, Sunbury, St. Lawrence and Silver Springs.

Brockville, Ont., Oct. 30.—To-day 2,820 white and 1,890 coloured cheese were offered on the Brockville Board. The highest bid was 10 5-8c, which sellers declined to accept.

Mt. Pleasant, Ont., Oct. 30.—There were 3,950 boxes of cheese boarded to-day; 10 5-8c bid; no sales. Board adjourned for one week.

Tweed, Ont., Oct. 30.—To-day 2,100 boxes of white cheese were boarded; all October; 100 sold to Brimbleton at 10 3-4c; balance unsold.

PRODUCE.

Eggs—Unchanged. Quotations are as follows:—New laid, 19c; fresh, 17 to 18c; held, 15 1-2c; hmed, 15 1-2c; and culls, 9 to 10c.

Poultry—Receipts light, owing to the mild weather. Prices unchanged. Quotations are as follows:—Chickens, per pair, 35 to 50c; ducks, per pair, 40 to 60c; turkeys, per lb., 9 to 11c; geese, per lb., 6 to 7c.

Potatoes—Easier, on pressure to sell by outside holders. Car lots, on track, are sold to-day at 27c. Sales, out of store, are made at 35c.

Field produce, etc.—Turnips, out of store, 30c per bag; onions, 60c per bag; carrots, 40c per bag; apples, per bbl, 50c to \$1; sweet potatoes, per bbl, \$2.50.

Dried fruits—Dried apples sell at 3 to 3 1-2c; and evaporated at 4 1-4 to 5c.

Beans—Ordinary white beans bring \$1.20 to \$1.25; choice hand-picked beans are quoted at \$1.40 to \$1.45.

Honey—Dealers quote from 9 to 9 1-2c per lb for 5, 10 or 60-lb tins, according to the size of the order. Comb honey sells at \$2.25 to \$2.75, per dozen sections. Comb honey is in good demand, and is about 25c dearer.

BOER OFFICERS CAPTURED.

Refugees Discontented Through Delay in Being Allowed to Return to the Transvaal.

A despatch from London says:—Lord Roberts telegraphs the War Office that he expects to leave for England on Nov. 15. He also says that General French is expected to reach Heidelberg to-morrow, and that Colonel Aytton has captured Field Cornets Doonsen and DeBeer.

REFUGEES DISCONTENTED.

A despatch from Cape Town says:—The Refugee Committee to-day cable a statement to Colonial Secretary Chamberlain regarding the continued delay in granting permission to refugees to return to the Transvaal. Upon the receipt of a reply a mass meeting will be held by the refugees, who are daily becoming more discontented because of the continued refusal of the authorities to permit them to return to their homes.

TO PERSUADE DE WET.

A despatch from Pretoria, Sunday, says:—Van Post, an influential burgher belonging to Pretoria, has obtained permission to proceed to the

Orange River Colony for the purpose of seeing De Wet and of representing to him the absurdity of continuing the struggle.

A GUILTY MISSIONARY.

A despatch from Durban says:—The German missionary, Prozesky, has been found guilty at Newcastle of the charges of treason brought against him. The judge, remarking that the accused, having taken the oath of allegiance, was as much liable to all the penalties for treason as a native-born subject of her Majesty, sentenced him to twelve months' imprisonment and a fine of £50, and failing the payment of the fine a further period of nine months' imprisonment.

WIVES OF MARAUDERS.

A despatch from Pretoria says:—Arrangements have been made to despatch 270 Boer women from Pretoria and the district to the Boer lines. These women are practically fed by the British while their husbands are marauding and sniping.

WIPED OUT A COMMANDO.

Entire Party of Boer Snipers Killed by a Single Shot.

A despatch from Hoopstad, Orange River Colony, says Gen. Settle's column is doing a great deal towards pacifying the disturbed district in that neighbourhood. The column halted at night recently, and the rear-guard was attacked by the Boers, who poured in a heavy rifle fire. The Boers crept up over the sand, and were not heard until they poured in several volleys. The British had twenty wounded. Subsequently, when returning to Hoopstad, the column was sniped at by nine Boers who were

concealed behind the bush on the river bank. A well-aimed shrapnel shell was sent into the bush. Eight of the Boers were killed, and the ninth, who was wounded, surrendered.

General Hunter's column has burned the village of Bothaville, 30 miles from Commando's drift, to the ground. The reason for this was that the Boers in that vicinity had been sniping at the British continuously.

The Boer Commandant de Villiers has died at Bloemfontein of wounds received in a recent battle.

His declarations are so totally opposed to those made by President Kruger and the Dutch Consul at Lorenzo Marques that it is believed here that he has either been misquoted or has been misinformed as to the ex-President's intentions.

VOLUNTEERS' RETURN.
HIGH PRICES PAID FOR SEATS TO VIEW PROCESSION.

Wine list for the banquet includes 900 Quarts of Champagne.

A despatch from London says:—The sale of seats for vantage points where the procession of the City of London Imperial Volunteers can be witnessed is progressing. High prices are being paid. It costs from five shillings to half a guinea for a seat along Edgeware road, five to ten guineas for a seat in Piccadilly, a guinea on the Strand, and from two to three guineas along Fleet street.

The wine list for the banquet to returning troops includes 900 quarts of champagne, 400 bottles of sherry, and 300 bottles of claret. This is a peculiar commentary on the request recently issued by Lord Wolsley to the people not to give drinks to the returning soldiers.

ROUNDING UP SPIES.

Remarkable Scenes Witnessed in Johannesburg.

A despatch from Johannesburg, says:—A remarkable scene was witnessed here during the morning market. The early market was largely attended by Boer farmers from the neighbourhood. About seven o'clock, when business was in full swing, the market square became suddenly alive with soldiers, who, having formed a complete cordon, closed in upon the farmers. Each man was ordered to exhibit the permit which is indispensable to all burghers, etc., under the provisions of martial law, which still prevails here. It was discovered that over fifty men were without permits, and they were thereupon arrested and taken under guard to the fort. Some who were able to give satisfactory accounts of themselves were subsequently released, but the majority are still detained in custody.

The movement, which was directed by the military governor, was cleverly carried out. Its object was to capture Boer spies suspected of using burghers' permits to enable them to enter the town and obtain information for the enemy in the field.

GIROUARD EXONERATED.

Has Placed no Orders in the United States.

A despatch from London, says:—Lord Roberts has sent the following despatch to the War Office:—"Pretoria, Sunday, Oct. 2.—Referring to your telegram of Oct. 9th, no orders have been placed by Col. Girouard in America. I believe Werner, Beit and Company, acting for various mining firms, have, owing to the inability of English houses to complete orders on Lima, placed a portion of their orders in America."

Yesterday the Queen prorogued Parliament until December. The Hendersons will build the new Shamrock, which is to compete for the America's cup next summer.

English ironmasters protest against giving contracts to Americans for South African railways and bridges. The departure from Cape Town of the American Consul, Mr. Stowe, was celebrated by the Masonic fraternity there.

Every branch of the British army will be represented in the Duke of York's body guard when he goes to Australia.

It is proposed to construct a ship canal from Southampton to London. This would enable transatlantic ships to land passengers and freight in London many hours earlier than by any other route.

It is officially announced that Great Britain and Germany have agreed to maintain the territorial integrity of China and to keep the Chinese ports and rivers open for trade, as far as that extent.

Trafalgar Day was observed in London in the usual manner, namely, the decorating of the Nelson column. A new feature was the introduction of French and Spanish flags in honor of the sailors who fought on the hostile ships.

The Pope is indisposed on account of a cold.

Gen. Linarez is Spain's new Minister of War.

The famine outlook in India is generally improving.

There is a big street railway strike at Kingston, Jamaica.

A new sea serpent has turned up on the coast of Japan.

SPARKS FROM THE WIRES

Newsy Items About Ourselves and Our Neighbors—Something of Interest From Every Quarter of the Globe.

CANADA.

A Canadian Club has been organized at Galt.

A winter carnival is proposed at Ottawa.

The carpet-weavers' strike at Guelph has ended. Compromised.

Fraser's bakery at Winchester, Ont., was damaged by fire.

J. Killen was killed by a train at Ottawa. He was thrown 70 feet.

A male infant, with skull fractured, was found in a pond at Belleville.

J. M. Simington, a Moose Jaw merchant, was shot and killed while out hunting.

There is yet no trace of John Gillman and his son Howard, fishermen of Bronte.

Jacob Smith, the murdered Manitoba farmer, was a native of Camden, near Kingston.

James Rushton dropped dead when at work on a locomotive in the round-house at St. Thomas.

Rev. Geo. Estence of Immanuel Congregational church, Hamilton, has given notice of his resignation.

Twenty-three settlers for the Canadian Northwest, with three cases of stock, have left Detroit, Mich.

Wm. Campbell, C.P.R. section boss, committed suicide by shooting himself at Wolford Crossing, near Brockville.

W. A. Marshall, aged 16 years, was killed at Ottawa by the caving in of the side of an excavation where he was working.

Wm. Back, sectionman on the Kingston & Pembroke Railway, was struck by a train and killed near Harrowsmith.

Several hundred Chinese are being "railroaded" into the United States by British Columbia Canadians at \$5 to \$29 per head, according to American officers.

UNITED STATES.
Yellow fever is increasing at Havana.

Charles Dudley Warner died suddenly at Hartford.

Former U. S. Postmaster-General Wilson is dead at Lexington, Va.

John B. Wright, editor of the Haverhill Gazette, is dead at Haverhill, Mass.

Charles C. Everett, dean of Harvard Divinity School, is dead at Cambridge, Mass.

Chicago policemen and firemen are soon to receive medals for meritorious work.

Major Peterson, chief commissary of Cuba, has died of yellow fever at Havana.

Governor Sayers, of Texas, has received \$700,000 so far for Galveston sufferers.

The condition of Senator Sherman, ill at Washington, is unchanged. He is very low.

Friday's lynching was at Elkton, Ky. Mob took the negro from the jail as usual.

Two persons were killed and eight injured by jumping to escape flames in a Detroit factory.

Railway telegraphers have concluded their convention at St. Louis, Mo., San Francisco next year.

Jewellery worth \$30,000 is missing from Charles Pfitzen's home in Bernardsville, N. J. So is the butler.

Since the passing of the U. S. financial bill, 496 National banks, with \$23,505,000 capital, have been organized.

A father, mother and four children were blown to atoms by an explosion of dynamite at Sell, near Hot Springs, Ark.

Twenty thousand dollars in gold dust was stolen from the Alaska Commercial Company's warehouse at Nome September 14.

Miss Marion Wilson Rae was found dead from illuminating gas accidentally turned on in her room at No. 112 Madison avenue, New York.

Capt. George W. Streeter and seven other squatters on filled-in lake front lots at Chicago have been declared not guilty of "conspiracy to commit murder."

Bishop Fallows wrote to the Rev. Anson Phelps Stokes suggesting that he devote part of his inheritance fund for worn out ministers' Gospels.

Burglars tied the watchman and began to ransack the post-office at Cambria, Pa. The watchman loosed the cords and opened fire, killing the burglar and wounding the other.

French and German automobile clubs will race from Paris to Berlin next year.

When Major Petrusan, died of yellow fever at Havana, his wife shot herself dead.

The disabled British steamer Titulus has been found and St. Thomas, W.I.

Angel Manetti, an Italian, is arrested, charged with attempt to the President of Brazil.