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Constipa-

not gripe, tai ing a z the deatives. It an inland nvited Dr. to, to visit ng minishe native ief. They the chief, is rifle at ry. Divntent the nself behe rifle. h's heart.

SAL. vou must ou know

you, pro-

maiden, carpetsi

is going ve, thus ne is un-

he south Won at the First, But the Tena city of the North Told in the Long Run, and After Great Butchery It Won.

THE SAME AS ENGLAND.

In many respects the struggle in South Africa to-day recalls and reeals the American Civil War. The sught indifferently prepared, and the Roer Republic, like Mr. Jefferson al advantages. There was, it is Maseking in 1861-5. But in their gen- North did not lose hope or faith, but eral outlines the two wars resemble, each other closely says an English

like the Boers, were a people accusto the open air would do better in batishing. The woodman or the hunter will always be more skilful in taking in the field. cover than the city bred soldiers. But with time the citybred soldiers can learn all the woodman knows.

Then, too, the Confederates, like the Boers, fought in a country with which They know every inch of the ground

parably the best generals in the earher years of the war. The North had no man in 1861 or 1862 to march with Joseph Johnston, or Lee, or Stonewall Jackson.

At the outset each side expected an dent. early and an easy victory. The South imagined that a few successes would lead to European intervention, and intervention was very near at hand at many points in the war. England and France were both inclined to recognize the South, but fortunately the popular will in this country was to give out in the South. stronger and more far-sighted, than the statesmen. Still the hope of foreign intervention led the South to use every imaginable effort and filled the North with disquietude.

UNDER-ESTIMATED.

The North started by fatally underrating the resistance with which it would meet. It was ruled by men who than that which confronted the North ormous. From the creameries \$1,294,had no knowledge of war and little in 1861 or 1862. But from the past comprehension of policy. President usually far-sighted man, failed sign- ter, 50,000 men too many than 5,600 from the private sale of eggs and butnally to understand the greatness of too few. With inadequate forces ter, but this certainly is large. the emergency or the bitter resolu- frontal attacks become an absolute tion of the South.

It was generally imagined that one the highest order. great victory would bring the Southfact the South gained most of the vic- from our own glorious history. We, 777, 685,187, 688,814. whole Southern manhood had to be tion we can and shall win. Only, those Farm land. \$556,246,569 typical British soldier claims to be decimated in the field at a cost of hundreds of thousands of Norther- stronger and wiser minds may direct Live Stock. 103,744,223 just as well to know how he comes to

ners killed and wounded. listen to General Sherman, who from | see, prepare, and dare to act. the outset accurately foretold what would happen, and set him down as a madman when he called not for thousands but for hundreds of thousands of men. It was weaker than England Army, and consequently one had to be provided instead of merely expanded. But then the Southern preparations on

TERRIBLE DEFEAT.

battle of the war was a terrible defeat for the 'North. At Bull Run the green Northern troops, indeed, fought splendidly, and there were moments mendous strides within the last few when it seemed that they had won the years, and there are many artists in battle. But as the day wore on anhands, and there was at once a cry remark, "that she dyes her hair," is that the South could never be beaten. still considered by many as a term of

That was in the summer of 1861. The reproach. defeat in no sense weakened the grim | The Princess of Wales has a variety determination of the North Steps of wigs, which she changes with her army. One hundred and fifty-seven or reception another gown, with its scribe in some way the happiness of thousand men had been called for be- accompanying wig, is in readiness, and misery the ensuing year of the pargon manded and raised.

The difficulty was not so much to find soldiers as to discover generals. Many officers had been appointed to may come when chemical hair dyes or high commands through interest and jobbery; many were much too old for every woman's wardrobe. a bold, aggressive war; others, again, who seemed to promise highly and were appointed on their merits, failed lamentably when put to the test. Success in the field is the one thing which proves the general's capacity, and from the nature of circumstances command men who have only peace the bush," and there he is obliged to er to have leved at all? service on their record.

Beaten badly once, the North had completed.

to spend many months in reorganizing the FARMER IS THE KING. clusion and though some victories were gained in the west by younger generals-such as Grant, who was now AGRICULTURE IS THE MOST IM-MPERIENCE OF THE NORTH WAS coming into notice-the general result was most disastrous. , Bloody and indecisive battles or positive and terrible defeats were the depressing features of the war, and gloom in the

North was general. The so-called Peninsular campaign, after very hard fighting, resulted in defeat-mainly, however, because the Secretary of the War Department, Power of the vast resources has been civilian, ignorant of all military necessities, interfered fatally with the conduct of the campaign. At Fredericksburg the Northern army was Davis, and the Southern Confederacy, sent in to make a frontal attack upave been allowed to snatch great ini- on a strongly entrenched Southern position with the result that there was simply a massacre of Northern nothing quite like the siege of troops. "It was a butchery, not a Ladysmith, or of Kimberley, or of battle," said an eye-witness. Yet the grimly set its teeth and determined

to conquer in the end.

So desperate did the position seem that in 1862 President Lincoln tele-The Confederates, or Southerners, graphed with pathetic thankfulness, "God bless you," to a general who had fought a drawn battle, and who had tomed to an open air life-a race of just held his own, at the cost of apfarmers and planters-while the Fed- palling bloodshed. In 1863 came fresh erals, or Northerners, were like the defeats and fresh disasters. It was not till July of that year, twenty- decreasing, and the marsh lands, shipbreaker. English, a people of manufacturers. It seven months after the beginning of which Mr. Ross intends to reclaim, was anticipated, and it did prove to be the struggle, that the tide began to cover 3,200,065 acres. During the year the fact, that the people accustomed turn. That the tide ever turned was, indeed, due only to three things-the tenacity of the North, its ability to tle until their opponents acquired their cut off all military supplies, and its hardness, mobility, and art of skirm- overwhelming numbers and resources.

Even in the closing period of the war there were many terrible and anxious moments. Grant's frontal assults on the Confederate army in the Wilderness and before Richmond issued in such loss of life as to lead many in they were thoroughly acquainted. the North to cry once more for peace. The most prominent and, as was supposed, the most patriotic editor in and the tactics best suited to the ter- the North shrieked of "our bleeding and despairing country." To add to They had the best generals-incom- the danger, a Presidential election was impending, and the butcher's bill was used as a strong argument by party men against the Administration. Conscription had been relentlessly enforced, leading to bloody riots in New York, and bringing yet fresh unpopularity upon the head of the Presi-

BRAVERY TOLD.

and insight of the Anglo-Saxon race told in this psychological moment. The war President, Lincoln, was re-elected. Troops by the thousands were poured 118 acres. Of apples alone there are into the field to fill the depleted ranks, 9,670,000 trees. and at the same time war stores began

Slowly, step by step, Grant worked his stubborn way, fighting every inch, round the enemy's flank before Richmond. At last the long-locked-for moment came when the enemy's position was turned, and in that hour the Confederacy fell to pieces, after four long years of battle and slaughter, and after every vicissitude which the imag-

ination could picture. The task before us is a lesser one we can and should learn this lesson, tories \$10,252,240 was taken in. that we must not underestimate our necessity against a mobile foe, unless the generalship on our side is of

our arms. Wars are won or lost, by The North opened the war by rash Governments, not by soldiers and genand hasty movements. It refused to erals-Governments which know, fore-

TITIAN BRONZE. M

Titian bronze, the new shade of hair, in this respect, that it had virtually no is still too much of a novelty to be common, but who has seen it and not Live stock. longed for tresses of that wonderful the other hand had not been as fully hue? It is too expensive an operation developed as those of the Transvaai to ever become the popular shade, and no amateur at hair dyeing can accomplish the desired result, so the fortun-Owing to the faulty operations of ate few who possess locks of Titian 1898. two Northern columns the first great bronze need have little fear of many 1896,

duplicates. The art of hair dyeing has made trethat line whose work defies critic-

fore the battle; now 400,000 were de- that her locks are red to-day and making the trial. brown to-morrow in no wise discon- making the trial. certs the Princess. All such matters are regulated by custom, and the day exchangeable chignons will be part of

BRIDEGROOM SENT AWAY.

A Polynesian bridegroom is conspicuous by his absence during the wedding festivities. As soon as negoall Powers must grope very much in tiations are opened with the family of stay until the wedding ceremonies are

PORTANT INDUSTRY.

n Income of Many Millions in Ontario-Interesting Statistics Concerning the Rural Interests of the Province.

ceeds anything published elsewhere, most unlikely places. and tells pretty well the story of the Ontario farmer.

vast importance of the agricultural interests in Ontario . The mineral wealth of the Province may be great and the business wealth enormous, but the agricultural wealth overtops any other industry.

THE ASSESSED AREA GROWS.

this direction. The woodland, which Collingwood's favorite old flag ship 13,300 acres were reclaimed.

FARMERS' REVENUE.

But the foundation of the country is It did not win by better generalship its field crops. Taxing the prices paid or by superior fighting and courage on the markets and applying them to the grain grower, some idea may be

Bushels .	
Grown.	Value
Fall wheat25,158,713	\$17,460
Barley12,663,668	4,812
Spring wheat 6,873.785	4,756
Oats86,858,293	22,409
Rye 2,673,234	1,162
Peas13,521,253	7,058
Buckwheat ,373,645	906
Corn for husking .23,442,593	4,711
Potatoes14,358,625	6,332
Beans 759,657	531
Mangels	1,756
Carrots 4,313,861	539
Turnips	6,472
Corn for silo, tons. 2,128,073	4,256
Hay, tons 2,128,073	27,362

But this is only a part of the vince. In this list fruit is not considered. There is in orchards and gardens 335,420 acres and in vineyards 10,-

THE LIVE STOCK.

The live stock is another important feature, and the census give 611,241 horses, 2,215,942 cows, 1,677,014 sheep; 1,640,787 hogs, 9,084,278 fowl. It is estimated that the sales of live stock eral sense of the term, of Broke's fambrought in \$65,307,301. Then the value of bees is placed at

\$998,049. WEALTH IN DAIRYING. The value of dairy products is en-

220 was received, and from cheese fac-No account can be made of the large Lincoln though a very able and enemy's strength. Better, far bet- amount of money which farmers make

PASSING OF THE HORSE.

Before leaving this branch of the report, it might be well to notice the passing of the horse. In 1898 he num-Consolation, too, we can gather from bered 611,241; in 1897, 613,670; and in erners to their knees. As a matter of the past-from this war or 1861-5, and the years before, 624,749, 647,696, 677,-

like our American cousins, won in the The income of the farms in Ontario Bis Physical Development is Attended To tories, and was only crushed by sheer end. Let us not minimize our reserves accordingly must reach about \$200,000,brute force, and by the terrible policy in South Africa, but let us remember | 000. The value of the farm is given as

> This is compared with \$905,093,613 in the usual size of a farm, is as fol-Farm land.

PAYING OFF MORTGAGES.

CONSULT THE BIBLE.

It is said in Scotland that those who desire to learn what fate or fortune the new year has in store for them building is devoted to the practice of wildest disorder. The very capital of Americans, as a class, have not tak- may do so by consulting the Bible on fencing. Indeed, the variety of acthe North all but fell into the enemy's en kindly to that sort of thing, and the New Year's morning before break- complishments in addition to plain solfast. The sacred book must be laid diering that Tommy Atkins has to acupon a table, and those who wish to swagger on coming out. consult it must open it at random and Probably the hardest of a British place a finger upon one or other of soldier's duties is the wearing of his the chapters at which it is opened. uniform. The British Army dress is FINEST TEA

> THE REAL TEST FOR SWEARING. Wrangler - You say that Job's patience never was really tested?

Quibbler-I do. Why, he never put the lighted end of his cigar in his mouth just as he wanted to make his argument most impressive.

ONE THING CERTAIN.

Bachelor-Do you believe that it is being honor among thieves. the dark when they appoint to high the bride, the young man is "sent into better to have loved and lost than nev-Benedict-I don't know about that an account of a plumber being held but it's better to have loved and won. up by foot-pads.

VENERABLE OCEAN WARRIORS

ome of the 6ld Men-of War Lying in British Docksards.

Few of us, says the Army and Navy Illustrated, of London, are probably aware of the number of old men-of-war still existing on harbor and other service in our dockyards and ports that The report of the Bureau of Indus- have helped, in their day, to make try containing complete statistics of naval history. As a fact, there are the agriculture of the Province, has more than a score of such, and some just appeared. The information ex- of them are to be found to-day in the

The Hibernia, for instance, is, perhaps-indeed, she must be certainly-The story that this book tells is the the oldest British man-of-war in existence after the Victory. For present purposes the old Implacable, attached to the Lion trading ship at Devonport, does not count.

The Hibernia, in point of fact, was launched a few months before Trafalgar, and hoisted her first pennant The rural area assessed is 23,392,584 and admiral's flag a few months after acres, and the Province is growing in that battle. She was a sister ship to amounts to 7,198,905 acres, is naturally the Caledonia, long since gone to the

> The Hibernia's first cruise was in 1806, as flag ship of the Channel fleet, with the Union at the main of the famous Earl St. Vincent. She flew St. Vincent's flag during the old chief's last service afloat, and after it was hauled down on board the Hibernia St. Vincent's flag was never again Contains hoisted in any man-of-war. In the closing years of the Napoleonic war the Hibernia served in the Mediterranean, and in the various small affairs that our ships blockading Toulon un-9.440 der Lord Exmouth had she took a part.

After lying up for years in the Hamoaze she went to the Mediterranean in 2,154 the forties as flagship to Sir William Parker, "the last of Nelson's captains," and there, with the exception of two brief returns to England to re-6,146 fit, she has remained ever since.

The Eagle is another, and she did \$110,528,947 some very smart fighting service indeed, off the coast of Spain and in Yet once more the bravery, tenacity, revenue from the farms of the Pro- the Adriatic down to the close of the great war. Her list of principal battle honors is as follows :- Duke of York's victory over Dutch, 1665; victory over French off La Hogue, 1692; capture of Gibraltar, 1704; Rooke's victory over French, 1704; Hawke's victory over French off Finisterre, 1747; actions in East Indies, 1782.

The old Belvidera frigate is the last of the old shipmates, in the most litous Shannon, with whom she served through the American war of 1812. It was the Belvidera which fired the first British shot in the war, and her adventures were many and notable, a brilliant and spirited page of our naval story, were there space to do more than briefly allude to it as we

The Hibernia is the flagship of the ship for the Royal Naval Reserve at Liverpool, and the Belvidera acts as receiving ship at Portsmouth.

In The Army tigmnasiums.

Tommy Atkins-that is to say, the have this physical superiority.

gymnasiums. The best of these gymna- Pump-Makers' Supplies, School The average per 100 acres, which is siums is at Aldershot, where the sci- Desks, Fanning Mill Castings, ence of physical development is mar- Light Castings and Builders' Sup-. . . \$,387 vellously understood and practised. plies, Sole Plates and Points for ter a few months big, full-chested and masters of their weapons.

After a hundred and ten days The chattel mortgages are decreas- training Tommy must be ready to join ing, as will be shown in the following any regiment in the British service. Gummed, Filed and Set. The soldiers' nerves and heads are 13,561,716 they are taught to scale walls, climb high scaffoldings and mount ropes and ladders at fast time.

There are fields of labor for out-ofdoor work and for parades, and there is an enormous outdoor framework for climbing and swinging. One entire

the great bearskin shakos of the Scots Guards and the gorgeous but heavy cuirass of the Horse Guards, but English sentiment as a whole would be scarcely more opposed to the tearing down of Westminster than to the eliminating of these features of the military magnificence of the nation.

AN EXPLODED THEORY.

Biggs-It's all nonsense about there

Boggs-Yes?

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dat the same price as inferior tes. It is put up in sealed caddies of 16 lb., 1 lb. and in three flarours at 400., 500, and 603 If your grocer does not keep it, tell him to write STEEL, HAYTER & CO., 11 and 13 Front St

The Chronicle is the most wile Biggs-I'm sure of it. I just read by read newspaper published in the County of Grey.