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THE CHRONICLE.

DURHAM, Nov'r. 16th, 1899.

Reports from the Transvaal contain such an element of uncertainty that it is difficult to separate the false from the true condition A report from Kimberley, however, tells of the bombardment of the place on Thursday last. From General Buller's message on Sunday to the War Office at London, it is learned that Kimberley, though bombarded on the 7th met with few losses.

* * *

It is supposed also that another battle took place at Ladysmith on Thursday last as heavy firing was heard at Estcourt, Natal about daybreak.

* * *

On Monday a fierce engagement is reported from a point about fifty miles south of Kimberley. The news is not such as brings any change in the situation but indicates the determination of the Boers to make the best of the opportunity before the British are able to concentrate their forces.

* * *

The British will have about 95,000 men in the field by Christmas. A second contingent is now on the way. About New Years it will be in order for the Boers to "trek" again.

* * *

The speech of Lord Salisbury on the Transvaal situation has inspired the British world with confidence through his review of the amicable relationship between Britain and the rest of the world.

* * *

A special despatch by native runners dated Nov. 9, says "The Boers suffered a severe defeat at Ladysmith. Their guns were silenced after four hours fighting. Boer losses were heavy."

* * *

Reinforcements of 12802 troops are reported to have arrived at Cape Town of which 6000 are on their way to Durban to relieve General White.

* * *

It will be hard to conceive of a more convincing instance of Boer treachery than was shown last week when the white flag of surrender was displayed, till the British army came within close range only to be treacherously fired upon and cut down in large numbers. To retaliate however, the British mowed their way through the enemy and when the white flag appeared again no attention was paid to it.

* * *

The Allan Line steamer Sardinian with the Canadian contingent on board reached St. Vincent, Cape Verde Islands, on Sunday last. The remainder of the journey will take about twelve days.

* * *

From the interior of Africa it is difficult to get news to the coast for transmission to the War Office in London, and even when received there it seems to be withheld from the public until the officials feel disposed to make it known. Special correspondence to The Globe of fighting around Mafeking as far back as the last of October only appeared in Tuesday's issue. Under the circumstances it is hard to tell just how things now are. The British, however, are holding their own, and when re-enforcements arrive British successes may soon be looked for.

Though we may learn of the arrival of the British troops from day to day we are kept in dense ignorance as to their movements after landing. A special cable despatch from London to the Mail and Empire says,—"Regiment after regiment lands and vanishes up the country. The men do not know their destination and the officers have the vaguest idea of where they are going. The other night a naval brigade was slipped ashore. Almost instantly after landing the brigade disappeared, as if it had never existed." Little is known of the plans of the British, but in the face of such ignorance the "great expectations" of the British loving people will soon be realized.

* * *

An Associated Press Despatch from Manila, Nov. 13, says Col. Hayes has captured Aguinaldo's Secretary, and that Aguinaldo and his army are surrounded. It also adds that the recent encounters were too one-sided to be called fights, also that the insurgents are suffering more from disease than the Americans, owing to poor food, lack of medicine and filthy hospitals.

* * *

There's money in the marl beds, but it needs something heavier than gas to get it out.

* * *

Mr. Neil McKechnie, who knows, more than any other living man about marl deposits in the vicinity of Durham says The Chronicle underestimated the output in placing it at 500 bbls. a day for the next hundred years. He claims that it would be no exaggeration to double those figures.

On the Canadian Contingent and the War.

When the Boer ultimatum became a fact and it was known fighting would begin in South Africa the British Colonies quite naturally became interested. The Montreal Star then sent all over Canada to the Mayors of certain cities and towns asking them do your people approve of Canada sending men to South Africa, and received the reply "We do," a statement which eventually proved to be the wish of the people. Then the Government stated it disapproved of "the wish of the people." The Government newspapers told us that in despatching a Contingent to the scene of hostilities Canada would make a new departure, and take a new position in the councils of the nation. The Dominion has had no voice in making the war, and we were told that our statesmen would not be consulted as to the terms of settlement, when the bellicose and obstinate Boers are brought to their senses. Then they told us that in some of the other colonies the p blic voice had not been so unanimous, which did not indicate a less intense feeling of patriotism for the mother country, than did the Dominion, but that it would be better to attribute our greater unanimity of opinion to greater impulsiveness rather than to stauncher loyalty. Then Hon. J I, Tarte said that before Canadians should go to war for Great Britain, they should have a voice in Imperi al affairs. He said he fully agreed with the Prime Minister that no action should be taken until the Canadian Parliament had been consulted. The Government's action quite naturally shocked every Canadian, and many newspapers have read behind this insisting on technicalities, a disloyalty of the growing French Canadian, which can hardly be surprising. The French newspapers are of the same tone, and they have advanced many arguments as to why Canadians should have nothing to do with the wars of the British Empire. One of these newspapers while commenting upon the statement of his Excellency, the Governor-General, that if the Cabinet of Sir Wilfrid Laurier did not accede to the popular demand from the English-speaking provinces, he (the Governor) would dismiss them and call on some one else who would permit British subjects in a British Colony to go to the defence of the British Empire, said "We are no longer Canadians, we are Britishers"

The same newspapers called upon its readers to agitate for the severance of the tie which binds the province of Quebec to the rest of the Dominion. Speaking of the attitude of the French and the Government on this matter, a local newspaper said, "The true inwardness of it is, as we have said before, and as we have quoted La Verite to-day, that the real leaders of the French people are praying for the disintegration of the British Empire and the erection of a French Republic upon the American Continent." Over and against this disinclination of the Laurier Government to follow the will of the people can be obrerved the attitude of the Conservative party. At the rally in Ottawa, October 30, Mr. Bergeron, although a Frenchman, amid great laughter and applause referred to Sir Wilfrid's half-hearted way of sending a contingent to the Transvaal, and caused roars of laughter by saying that, after much persuasion, Sir Wilfrid had decided to send the contingent C. O. D. At the same meeting Hon. Clarke Wallace said that Sir Wilfrid was first in the jubilee procession, but last in the performance of his duty. Sir Wilfrid had said that it was illegal to send Canadian troops out of Canada, but the troops sailed at 4 o'clock to-day. Sir Charles Tupper disclaimed any attempt at gaining party advantage in the course he had taken in the Transvaal matter. He reviewed the circumstances of the contingent being sent, and reiterated the statement made at Knowlton, that if the Government did not do its duty and pay the whole expense of the contingent he would take means to get an expression of opinion on that question. He referred to the insurance of the contingent, and was glad to learn that the Government had been shamed into putting another million of dollars on the lives of the brave fellows who had gone to uphold the unity of the Empire.

The assurance has come from Sir Charles, and the Conservative press that a Government should rise above party questions in such times and recognize that the interests of the whole country were greater than those of either party, but on this occasion we have seen that the Liberal Government has failed to do so. Not only has it failed to do this but it has even failed to consider its own interests and been led into an action by its master "Hon. Tarte" that is not only an insult to all loyal Canadians, but it is also one that will eventually cut its own throat. The Government, and its organs, can sneer at the action of the people, and tell them they will gain nothing, but they forget what the people didn't. England is in trouble, and the people actuated by the most noble motive sent her help. An evening newspaper in Toronto says "The starting of the Canadian contingent marks an epoch in the history of the world. No such thing is recorded in history as that colonists should journey for more than a month and cover almost half of the circuit of the world in order to fight for the rights of fellow citizens thousands of miles away. It is a grand climax of imperial unity, and Canada with the other portions of the Empire has come forward to join in the demonstration of it to the world."

How is the action viewed in England? The London Eng, "Globe" says "Nobody is surprised at a new demonstration of Canadian loyalty. The Canadians will doubtless bear themselves bravely in the military operations which may be assigned to them, but their services in the field, valuable as they may be, must needs be of less importance than the splendid proof which is afforded of the spirit that animates the citizens of Great Britain. Great Britain may well be thankful for such a proof as is now afforded of the readiness of her children across the Atlantic to help her in an hour of need." At 4 o'clock on October 25, the Toronto men enrolled for service in the Transvaal left the city on a special train for Quebec. Early in the morning an order reading "Recruiting stopped" was posted on the door of the enlisting office and many men who had passed the medical examination were told they would not be needed, but they nevertheless hung around till the last moment hoping something would turn up to enable them to go. Sharp at 1.30, the mayor and aldermen drove up, which caused things to assume some shape, and the contingent to be lined up in front of the local volunteers, resident Veterans of Balaclava, old soldiers of the Queen and Army and Navy Veterans. On behalf of the city the mayor delivered a farewell address, and presented binocular glasses, Smith and Wesson revolvers, and match boxes, and to Col. Otter a draft for the total amount of money also presented to the men from the city. The ladies of the Red Cross Society added to this $1,600.00 for comforts for the men, and the Standard Mining Exchange $25 to provide recreation while on the road there. The mayor presented Col. Otter with a silk Dominion ensign for use as the Commandant's flag. The different orders, lodges and insurance companies have said those going can enjoy benefits while serving in South Africa, as though they had not been so engaged and were paying assessments regularly. The Citizens Committee will arrange to effect insurance upon the lives of the men from

(Concluded on Page 9.)

Market Report.

DURHAM, Nov. 15th, 1899.

Fall Wheat	60	to	65
Spring Wheat	60	to	65
Oats	24	to	24
Peas	55	to	55
Barley	33	to	35
Hay	5 00	to	6 00
Butter	16	to	17
Eggs per doz	15	to	15
Apples....per bag	50	to	75
Potatoes....per bag	40	to	50
Flour per cwt	180	to	2 00
Oatmeal per sack	2 00	to	2 25
Chop per cwt	0 90	to	1 00
Dressed Hogs per cwt	5 00	to	5 25
Hides....per lb	7	to	7
Sheepskins	40	to	60
Turkeys per lb	7	to	8
Geese per lb	5	to	5
Ducks per pair	40	to	50
Wool	14	to	15

ASK YOUR DOCTOR!

Ask your physician this question, "What is the one great remedy for consumption?" He will answer, "Cod-liver oil." Nine out of ten will answer the same way.

Yet when persons have consumption they loathe all fatty foods, yet fat is necessary for their recovery and they cannot take plain cod-liver oil. The plain oil disturbs the stomach and takes away the appetite. The disagreeable fishy odor and taste make it almost unendurable. What is to be done?

This question was answered when we first made

SCOTT'S EMULSION

of Cod-Liver Oil with Hypophosphites. Although that was nearly twenty-five years ago, yet it stands alone today the one great remedy for all affections of the throat and lungs.

The bad taste and odor have been taken away, the oil itself has been partly digested, and the most sensitive stomach objects to it rarely. Not one in ten can take and digest the plain oil. Nine out of ten can take SCOTT'S EMULSION and digest it. That's why it cures so many cases of early consumption. Even in advanced cases it brings comfort and greatly prolongs life.

50c. and $1.00, all druggists.
SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, Toronto.

PARKER'S DRUG STORE.

Farmers!

Now is the time to attend to your SHEEP! Use Morton's Celebrated, Non-poisonous, Liquid Sheep Dip and Cattle Wash.

As a Sheep Dip it stands alone—THE BEST. Its effect in promoting the growth of the wool and improving the quality and appearance is simply wonderful. It thoroughly and completely cures scab without risk or failure. Ticks, Lice and all insects are destroyed instantly without the slightest danger to man or animal.

Large Bottles 40c.

FOR SALE ONLY BY

H. PARKER,

Druggist &c., DURHAM.

Transvaal Troubles

are causing a rush of British Subjects to South Africa, while the Superiority of

—PEEL'S BOOTS—

is causing excitement at his store.

Read these prices and see his Goods

Men's Long Boots, good honest guality		Women's Buff Bals	75c., 90c., $1 00
" " " Kip	$2 00	Girls' School "	75c., 90c., 1 00
" " " better	2 50	Boys' " " 65c.,	70c., 90c., 1 00
" " " best ready-made	2 75	Men's Plough Bals and Bluchers	75c., 1 00, 1 25
" " " Peel's hand-made (Cowhide)	2 00	Men's heavy Bals, Peel's hand-made	1 75 and 2 00
" " " do Canadian Kip	3 50	Men's best French Kip Bals and Bluchers	2 50 and 3 00
" " " do better	3 75		
" " " do best Veal Kip	4 00		
" " " do best French Kip	4 25		
	4 50		

We have the best Quality and Variety of Rubber Goods in all lines.

See Our Leggings. Ordered Work and Repairing a Sepecialty.

PEEL,

One Door East of Post Office. THE SHOE MAN.

Grant's Ad.!

As the weather grows colder you naturally think of something warm for your hands. Well, we've thought of your needs and can give you Bargains in

Gauntlets. See the Prices!

Women's Grey Lamb, 1st quality, ..	$5.00
" Astrachan, "	4.00
" Electric Seal, " ..	4.00
" Imitation Lamb, ...	1.00
Child's Imitation Grey Lamb, ...	60
Men's Black Im. Lamb back, faced, ..	1.00

DONT DELAY.

C. L. GRANT.

The New Store.

MacArthur's Removal into his New Store is still the Centre of interest and topic of conversation. The Newest, the Brightest, the Longest and one of the Best Located Stores in Town are the common comments. Our shelves being filled with Bright, Clean, New Goods we extend a special invitation to all to come to see us and investigate our Goods and Prices.

"Fair Dealing and Living Profits," our motto. Every day a Bargain Day. An article of goods worth a $ you will purchase for a dollar.

Our Special Lines to the front this week are **Ready-made Clothing, Overcoats and Underwear.** Boots and Shoes are always a specialty. Try our 25c. Tea which is fresh and direct from the Tea Gardens of Japan, and cannot be excelled in this Town. Our Black Teas, pure and mixed, are winning a reputation of excellency.

Call and see the New Store on Garafraxa Street, at the crossing, opposite Mill st., Lower Town.

C. McARTHUR.

Standard Bank of Canada

Head Office, Toronto.
G. P. REID, Manager.

Capital Authorized	$2,000,000
Paid Up	1,000,000
Reserve Fund	600,000

Agencies in all principal points in Ontario, Quebec, Manitoba, United States and England.

Durham Agency.

A general Banking business transacted. Drafts issued and collections made on all points. Deposits received and interest allowed at current rates.

SAVINGS BANK.

Interest allowed on Savings Bank deposits of $1 and upwards. Prompt attention and every facility afforded customers living at a distance.
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DR. T. G. HOLT, L. D. S.

Office:—First door east of the Durham Pharmacy, Calder's Block. Residence.—First door west of the Post Office, Durham.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. Office over Gordon's new jewellery store, Lower Town.

Any amount of money to loan at 5 per cent. on farm property.

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BARRISTER, Solicitor, etc. McIntyres Block, Lower Town. Collection and Agency promptly attended to. Searches made at the Registry Office.

Miscellaneous.

JAMES BROWN, Issuer of Marriage Licenses, Durham Ont.

HUGH MacKAY, Durham, Land Valuator and Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Grey. Sales promptly attended to and notes cashed.

JAMES CARSON, Durham, Licensed Auctioneer for the County of Grey Land Valuator, Bailiff of the 2nd Division Court Sales and all other matters promptly attended to—highest references furnished if required.

JOHN QUEEN, ORCHARDVILLE, has resumed his old business, and is prepared to loan any amount of money on real estate Old mortgages paid off on the most liberal terms. Fire and Life Insurances effected in the best Stock Companies at lowest rates. Correspondence to Orchardville, P. O., or a call solicited

The "Chronicle" is the only 12-Page Local Newspaper in Western Ontario.

Didn't Dare Eat Meat.

What dyspeptics need is not artificial digestants but something that will put their stomach right so it will manufacture its own digestive ferments.

For twenty years now Burdock Blood Bitters has been permanently curing severe cases of dyspepsia and indigestion that other remedies were powerless to reach.

Mr. James G. Keirstead, Collina, Kings Co., N.B., says:

"I suffered with dyspepsia for years and tried everything I heard of, but got no relief until I took Burdock Blood Bitters.

"I only used three bottles and now I am well, and can eat meat, which I dared not touch before without being in great distress. I always recommend B. B. B. as being the best remedy for all stomach disorders and as a family medicine."

Burdock Blood Bitters

ABOUT PAINTED FLOWERS.

Sir Edward Burne-Jones, the artist, loved children very dearly. When his small children were naughty, their mamma punished them by standing them for a few minutes in a corner, with their faces to the wall. This seemed to be quite severe punishment to their beauty loving papa. So he had painted in the corners where his children were punished sprays of flowers, saying, "If he has to go to the corner I am determined he shall enjoy himself there." It is also said that the artist, when visiting, found a child of his host receiving the same punishment, and that he quietly sketched, with a pencil, flying birds in the corner where the small boy stood.

THE LAST MAN.

Blobbs — There goes the last man in the world you'd think would scrape an acquaintance.

Slobbs — Bank cashier?

Blobbs — No; my barber. Look at my neck.