UNT IN NEWFOUNDLAND.

ernment Reduces the License ense Herds of the Antmals. foundland Legislature has

an act which will be hailed faction by all sportsmen. nunting grounds of the ise thrown open to men of neans and limited holiday etofore the fee exacted by ties for permission to shoot been \$100 for seven head and two does. For this been substituted a graded follows: For \$40 a license good for one month, perholder to kill two 'stags' for \$50 the number is inthree stags and one doe, period is extended to six

le for \$80 a two months' Ltainable, with the right tags and two does. These be obtained from any magstice or game warden on a registration fee of \$1 ing to an oath or affirmaviolate any of the provisgame laws of the island. in brief: Not to kill deer n; not to have in one's posto sell or buy any portion nt of season; not to kill an provided by the license; e, trap or pit caribou, nor n with dogs, nor with any

employment of non-resibearers or laborers is xcept under a special licich \$25 is charged, but as competent local guides ttendants can be had at wages this should not hardship upon any visitn. In any hunting party d by the employees counts by the principals, and evon receiving his permit elf to endeavor to remove or flesh of any deer he not use for food into some lement within ten days. or this is that a few years of British naval officers warships on the station

or weapon other than fire-

R 100 CARIBOU

on the northwest coast removing the heads and the finest stags left all ot unburied, with the rehe deer have completely at region. The new rerents the possibility of a f such unsportsmanlike alking season opens on continues until Oct. 1, s an interval of twenty ing is resumed on Oct. 20 ed until Feb. 1, from ntil the middle of July a s observed. The caribou md in the vast tracts of t and the uplands known untrodden except by the nter. The deer are in ds, and those in the cole most closely observed ay that with proper safe t wanton killing there if by they should not conide the finest sport for of Europe and America other accessible hunting een depleted. It must d that the 200,000 people Newfoundland live round nd that three miles from mark there is not a set rest of the 42,000 square stand is given up to the which include bears lynx, caribou and hares ne for sportsmen to visil the month of September is that by rail to North Breton, where the steam aken across the ninety r separating this island ment. Landing at Port n five or six hours, the a train, and a run of places him in the midsl ountry. At Bay of Is two-thirds of the way and all the other ac

successful hunting trip is the best month to nd, because then the vary his caribou huntsport, such as angling salmon. No fee is excolony for any form of eer bunting; the trout vers are free to all; and ls can be shot by any ing the requisite fowlhe guides engaged for ag are equally available g and bird shooting. A re, with the leisure and claim his fill of enjoythin a month.

P TO FIT A SHOE.

find less difficulty with bes," said the experience if they would stand up instead of sitting down. out of ten, particularly comfortable chair whils g a shoe, and it is with ifficulty you can get for a few minutes, even is fitted. Then, when king about, they wonder are not so comfortable first trial. A woman's ably smaller when she than when she walks ise brings a larger od into the feet, and eciably. The mrs-les rtain space. In buying should be borne in

CTATIONS THAT VERIFY THE AN-TIQUITY OF EMBROIDERY.

mention Paid to Lace Work in Ornamental Effects-Anglo-Saxons Evcelled in the Art - Some Costly Pontifical

The art of lace-making has from the griest times been so mixed up with mai of needlework it would be impos- Venys gold." while to enter on the subject without

mention of embroidery, of currarlet, with cherubims of cunning or sewn on, applique. work." Again, the robe of the ephod worked with "pomegranates of ilue, and purple and scarlet," around he hem thereof. We have mention in or sewn on, applque. salah of women's "sauls," of "nets," of thecker work" in Solomon's temple. nit pomegranates, and numerous ther citations verifying the antiquity flace work or embroidery in orna-

Ancient Greek writers refer to a ast deal of attention being paid to his sort of work, but nations far renoved from civilization were by no bllowers - or may be by captive wo- rival at the hotels men torn from their Southern homes

Early Anglo-Saxon women excelled Thread lace was, however, manufacad violet sacks worked by the nuns. clesiatical purposes. who seem to have devoted lives of sosilled seclusion to the adornment of for by foreign prelates, and made the

From the middle of the last century. for each. appreciate the genuine article.

eral name of cutwork.

fine arts and manufactures; when the tionately high. most trifling object of luxury, instead

from the town in Brittany where it was made. Then with a needle, the network was sewn to the quintain by tern that were to remain thick. The

which were united to them in squares. passed. To reproduce them triangles united to them in squares, estimates M. Aubry, cost above a milltriangles, rosaces, and other geome- ion of francs tric forms, worked over with batton-Steek lace, and the second the old conventual France. Fashion at once adopted this new material, and pillow lace was, for labor and patience, to get anything fineness, and that of extraordinary a time, discarded. of continuous araneum," or spider work, coarse in texture. of continental writers, the "darned netting," or modern "filet brode a reprises" of the French embroiderers. The earlier laces — that is, laces such word "passes - were defined by the come home in this morning? for of passamenterie—a general term for gimps, braids and laces, whether of hack, if you please.

gold, silver work, cotton, silk, thread THIS MONKEY CAN SPEAK, or worsted. Gradually the workmanment was enriched with various designs, a finer flax employed; passa- THE MOST HIGHLY EDUCATED SIMment, thus improved, in course of time became lace.

MAKES IN DEMAND.

It was not until the reign of Richard III., that the word lace appears in the accounts of the royal wardrobes, when at his coronation, Queen Anne wore a white cloth of gold mantle, garnished with a "mantel lace of white silk and

the ground and the flower, pattern or "gimp." Some laces, however, like From the first homely attempt we points and guipures, are not, worked through the Old Testament, con- upon a ground, the flowers are connected by irregular threads overcast carried is wonderful. He rejoices in button-hole stitch, and sometimes worked over with pearl loops, picot. sedle work, and blue and purple and Such and the points of Venice and Spain of the orang-outang species.

> is either made together with the ground, as in Valenciennes or Mechlin, or separately, and then either worked

Hand-made lace is divided into point Mr. Buck explained that he placed the and pillow. The first is made by the needle on a parchment pattern, and termed needle point. Point also means a particular kind of stitch, as point de the use of a spoon, but he at first Paris, point de neige, point d'esprit point a la Reine, point a careaux chainette, and the like.

The Italians claim the invention of point, or needle-point, lace. The laces it down on the table to be grabbed in best known to the commercial world in his fingers. earlier periods, and still in steady demand, are those of Venice, Milan and man ignorant of this handicraft as Genoa: but Venice point, as it was in by placing a hungry monkey at the he discovery of gold needles and oth- its glory, is now no more. The sole table beside him. When Sambo would g working implements in the Scandin- relic of this far-famed trade is the working implements in the Scanding coarse torchon lace of the old lozenge mian tumli can testify — mysteries of pattern offered by the peasant women he East brought over by Odin and his of Palestina to strangers on their ar- Sambo saw the point, and foiled the

Point d'Espagne, in the usual sense of the word, signifies that gold or silwild and reckless Vikings. Of these ver lace, sometimes embroidered in rorks little now exists, even in the colors, is what one usually finds much of in old Spanish collections.

tured in Spain earlier than 1492, a n this womanly accomplishment, and lace era in that country, since it was norgeous are the accounts of gold- then that there was a law passed protaired and scarlet embroidered tunics hibiting the importation of gold lace from Lucca or Florence, except for ec-

A UNIQUE SYSTEM.

their persons, rather than to the ob- the belle." Lacemaking forms an abun- mind. bets of devotion. Be that as it may, dant source of national wealth to the "opus Anglicanum" was sought Belgium. The old Flemish laces are beautiful; some of varied grounds. plexity was how to get Sambo to wear A curious fact in the lace history of a cap, for he seemed to have a rooted subject of papal correspondence. Nor Belgium is that at one time lace was antipathy to any kind (of headgear. id the Anglo-Saxon kings ever fail, in smuggled into France from Belgium The trainer was almost on the point heir pilgrimages to Rome, to bestow by means of dogs trained for the pur- of giving up, when one warm day he in the sovereign pontiff garments pose. A dog was caressed and petted noticed that flies were annoyning the at home, fed on the fat of the land, monkey very much. When they were firthly embroidered in gold and precious then, after a season, sent across the particularly persistent around his frontier, where he was tied up, half head, Sambo would pull up his coat to CONCOMITANT OF THE CLOISTER, starved and ill treated. The skin of protect his poll. Inspiration came to of a bigger dog was then fitted to his Mr. Buck. Daubing a little molasses Needlework has always been the body, the intervening space filled with on Sambo's head, he left him to be house changes all that was happiness daily employment of the convent. As lace. The dog was then allowed to tormented by the flies for a time, and into misery. She becomes from that tally as the fourteenth century it was escape and make his way home, where then placed a cap over his head to termed "nun's work," and even now in he was kindly welcomed with his con- show him the use of the covering. secluded parts of Europe ancient lace traband charge. These journeys were Sambo realized the utility of a cap at in-law, upon whom she has to wait repeated till the French custom house once and has worn it without protest hand and foot, whose lightest word is is styled by that name. Nor does the getting scent, by degrees put an end ever since. work appear to have been solely con- to the traffic. Between 1820 and 1836. By these methods, and without the fined to women. We find monks com- no less than 40,278 dogs were destroy- use of the whip that is considered so mended for their skill in embroidery. ed, a reward of 3 francs being given indispensable by most trainers of to prepare them. A kind mother-in-

however, or rather, apparently from Brussels or Brabant lace is exquis- ried on. the French Revolution, the more artis- ite, the thread used in it being of exthe style of needlework and embroidery traordinary fineness. It is made of the ance, putting on his shoes and stockfell into decadence. The needle now flax grown in Brabant at Hal and ings as carefully as an orderly boy, at her mother. became replaced by more trumpery Rebecq-Rognou. The finest quality meal times carrying his chair to the lancy works, which the better taste of is spun in dark, underground rooms, table and sitting up like a regularly the last few years had happily explod- for contact with the dry air causes the recognized member of the family, eattion of machinery into these sacred fingers is the surest guide. The thread of table manners. realms has cheapened labor so that spinner closely examines every inch only the real connisseur or artist will drawn from her distaff, and when any At night Sambo will sedately remove inequality occurs stops her wheel to his clothing and climb into the little embroidery, though comprising a wide ranged as to admit but a single ray ancestors.

general name of cutwork, formed the regin of Louis XIV., point d'Alencon ed for the family. point de France, and made it compul- the attempt that Mr. Buck is making wear any jewelry. Cutwork was made in several ways. point de France, and made it comput- the develop Sambo's vocal organs. After A piece of matting upon the hard sory for all at court to wear it. Thus a careful examination Mr. Buck con- floor comprises the couch of a widow. various complicated patterns. Be- methods of Venice. The lavish use of Louis XIV. piece of firm network was gummed a lace during the reign of Louis XIV. from the cloth, called quintain, pa so beyond description, vast sums expended upon a single toilet

ther sex. tdging round those parts of the pat- the lace trade. For twelve years the ast operation was to cut away the than thirty different fabrics entirely than thirty different fabrics entirely manufacture almost ceased, and more superfluous cloth, hence the name of disappeared. Napoleon especially pat-Again, the pattern was made with- and Chantilly. Never was the beauty ronized the fabrics of Alencon, Brussels any linen; threads radiating at and costliness of the laces made for then, threads radiating at and costliness of the laces yet surter, served the served the common center, served the marriage of Marie Louise yet surter, served the marriage of Marie Louise yet surter, served the served th ter, served as a framework to others passed. To reproduce them now would,

bole stitch, point noue, forming in the political events of 1813 to 1817, but beavy, compact embroidery. In this when bobbin net was first made in class may be placed the old conventual France. Fashion at once adopted this

to Venice. Distinct from all these laces are all well known and much thing of teaching Sambo to put them laces are all well known and much thing of teaching Sambo to put them geometric combinations was the laces used at the present day. Irish laces together inntelligently. While his used at the present day. Irish laces together inntelligently. While his together inntelligently. of the sixteenth century, done on a have ever been beautiful, but those of trainer does not hope to make an ac-

HIS CONDITION.

Mrs. Peck-What condition did you Mr. Peck-Madam, I came home in a

IAN IN EXISTENCE.

Taught Entirely Without the Use of Whip-Eats Food Prepared in the Ordinary Way With the Family of Which He is a Member.

As an appropriate climax to a series of experiments in educating a monkey Mr. J. L. Buck, now in Boston, will In general, lace consists of two parts, try to make the monkey talk. The animal is one of the greatest curiosities in the simian line ever seen. The point to which his education has been the name of Sambo, and is a Bornean

Sambo eats at table with as much The flower, or ornamental, pattern, complacency as a Christian, and behaves better at his meals than some Christians. In describing his method of teaching Sambo how to use a spoon food in a very deep cup. Sambo's natural intelligence at once showed him made the mistake of bringing his provender from the depth of the cup by means of the spoon and then laying

[Mr. Buck cured Sambo of this habit lay the food down the hungry one would snatch it away. After a while thief by carrying the food directly from the cup to his mouth by means of the spoon. The accomplishment once acquired' there was no more

TAMENT THE VALUE OF CLOTHING

Sambo was taught the value of clothplace and afterward taken in and warmly clothed. In this way the advantage of wearing clothes soon be-

What caused Mr. Buck most per-

He can dress himself without assist-

SLEEPS IN A BED.

and the blind, deaf and dumb. to grasp the advantage of speech, his wasted, as he is confident that as Sambo grows older he will learn the lan-Sambo is very nearly as far advanced as most babies, as he uses the words "Mamma" and "Come back." Mrs. Buck has petted Sambo to such an extent that if she leaves the room he will cry continually "Mamma," and on

LEARNING TO SPEAK.

labor and patience, to get anything to Venice. Distinct which is assigned Scotch, Irish, English and Russian like a vocabulary of words, to say nothe "open arangum" or identical with Russia remain, as heretofore, rather complished orator of Sambo, he feels

sounds of the orang-outang.

Mr. Buck has made arrangements with an East Indian trading house to bring over a wild simian at least once year, so that Sambo may not forget his mother tongue. Should the efforts to educate the monkey to speak prove successful, the time may come when Sambo will act as interpreter between man and the missing link.

Sambo is what is known as a cagebred animal. His parents were captured when young and tamed in a cage by the Rajah of Somabaye. So Sambo has never known a wild existence, which may account for his genial and tractable disposition.

A TOPSY-TURVY LAND.

Where Nature Does Things Contrary to Northern Customs.

The tortoise is not an animal one would naturally fix upon as likely to be afraid of rain, but it is singularly so. Twenty-four hours or more before rain falls the Gallapagos tortoise makes for some convenient shelter. On a bright, clear morning when not a cloud is to be seen, the denizens of a tortoise farm on the African coast may sometimes be seen heading for the nearest overhanging rocks. When that happens the proprietor knows that rain will come down during the day, and as a rule it comes down in torrents. The sign never fails. This presensation, or whatever you may call it, which exists in many brids and beasts, may be explained partly from the increasing weight of the atmosphere when rain is forming, partly by habits of living, and partly from the need of moisture which is shared by all.

nature has turned things topsy-turvy- the act of sprinkling the water on his that is according to our notion-we must go to Australia. Many things are reversed in that country.' It is summer there while it is winter in America. Trees shed their bark instead of their leaves, fruit has the stone or kernel outside; swans are black there ing by being left for a time in a cold is a species of fly that kills and eats the spider, and a fish, called the climbing perch, that walks deliberately out of the water, and, with the aid of its fins, climbs the adjacent trees after "For lace let Flanders bear away came apparent to his monkey the insects that infests them, When to this we add that most of the birds have no song and the flowers no odors, it is easily seem that it is on the other side of the world in more senses than

EAST INDIAN WIVES.

Until the day of her marriage the East Indian girl has been the spoiled pet of her mother, but the hour that sees her put into a planquin, shut up quite as full of pathos as that. tight and carried to her husband's I have it on the authority of an enlaw and who teaches her what dishes her husband likes best and how she is an mals, Sambo's education was car- law is a thing seldom, if ever, met with, and rarely does she give the lit- mother's anxiety to prevent the adtle bride leave to go home and visit dition of a second name. The clergy-

Of her husband the girl sees little or ert," said the parent, "then, fearing nothing. She cannot complain to him lest the parson's defective hearing of the cruelty of his mother, for he should result in error, she hastened to hand embroidery and hand-made lace most to escape the sight. The feel of with his napkin tucked under his chin, would never by any chance take her all the difference as almost at an end. The introduction the thread as it passes through the and behaving, in short, with the best part. He sends in to her the portion one curious case came under my noof food he wishes cooked for himself, tice in the Midlands many years ago. her and the children, and when it is When asked for the child's name the ready she places it upon a large plat- or what sounded like it. The aston-It is from the openwork embroid- repair the mischief. Every artificial white enameled bedstead provided for ter and it is sent into his room. He ished cleric asked for a repetition of try, which in the sixteenth century help is given to the eye. A back- him, cover himself with the bedclothes eats all he fancies of it and then it the name. Again came, more distincttame into such universal use, that we ground of dark paper is placed to throw and dream blissfully of his happy em- is sent back to her, and she and the ly than before, "Senna-tea." There must derive the origin of lace. This out the thread, and the room so ar- ancipation from the ignorance of his children sit upon the floor and eat was a pause and general bewilderment. whatever is left.

Variety of decoration, went by the gen- of light upon the work. The life of Sambo breakfasts, lunches and dines The girls are married as young as 3 solution, and, bending toward the pera Flemish thread spinner is unhealthy on the food that Mr. Buck and his fam- years of age, and should a little boy plexed clergyman, she whispered. "She Then came the Renaissance, a period and her work requires the greatest ily eat. He relishes vegetables cooked to whom such a baby is married die means "Sinnetta, sir;" and all went when so close a union existed between skill, so her wages are usually proportion any manner and all kinds of bread, she is called a widow, and can never well. pie, cake, cheese, and, strangest of all, marry again. Married life is hard, The explanation was simple-and ro-France has always contributed gen- he has learned to eat meat, and grown but far harder and more sad is the lot mantic. Sinnetta was the name of a France has always contributed gen
the mechanic received for fuxury, instead

France has always contributed genvery fond of it. Naturalists assert
of a widow, for she is considered diserously to and consumed vast quantithat the crange ontains as very fond of it. Naturalists assert
of a widow, for she is considered diserously to and consumed vast quantithat the crange ontains a very fond of it. Naturalists assert
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of a widow, for she is considered diserously to and consumed vast quantithat the crange ontains a very fond of it. Naturalists assert
of a widow, for she is considered diserously to and consumed vast quantithat the crange of the constant is a very fond of it. the mechanic, received from artists ties of lace. Its courts are mainly that the orang-outang is a vegetarian, one day in two weeks she must eat yard. The handsome gypsy girl had their most graceful investigate the received from artists ties of lace. Its courts are mainly that the orang-outang is a vegetarian, one day in two weeks she must eat yard. The handsome gypsy girl had been wooed and won by an aristocrat, their most graceful inspiration. Em- distinguished for its lavish use. Henry, but Sambo has never had a day's ill- only the very coarsest sort of food, and been wooed and won by an aristocrat, broidery profited by the two weeks she must fast but had pined away and died. Her broidery profited by the general impulse, and hooks of desired for its lavish use. Henry, but Samos has hever had a day's interpretation. Emdistinguished for its lavish use. Henry, but Samos has hever had a day's interpretation. Emdistinguished for its lavish use. Henry, but Samos has hever had a day's interpretation. Emdistinguished for its lavish use. Henry, but Samos has heart broken but had pined away and died. Her
pulse, and hooks of desired for the States in the meeting of the States had been buried. pulse, and books of designs were comof Blois, wore on his own dress 4000 diet. All food given to him is pre-arfor twenty-four hours. Her food and heart-broken husband had her buried
for that species which the general imof Blois, wore on his own dress 4000 diet. All food given to him is pre-arof Blois, wore on his own dress 4000 diet. All food given to him is pre-arof Blois, wore on his own dress 4000 diet. loted for that species, which, under the general name of cuttorial men, and she must never dress her plain white marble tomb bearing the the day.

Steat employment for the women of received a new life. He named it the external state of cutwork, formed the regin of Louis XIV., point d'Alencon ed for the family.

The most interesting experiment is hair, never sleep upon a bed and never moved by the romance, certainly at-

The first consisted in arranging a netwas made the fortune of Alencon, a careful examination Mr. Buck confloor comprises the couch of a widow.
was made the fortune of Alencon, a careful examination Mr. Buck confloor comprises the couch of a widow. work of threads upon a small frame. was made the fortune of Alencon, a cluded that these were perfect and and sometimes even the strip of matter how cold trossing and interlacing them into indeed copied almost directly from the rations complicated the monkey the night may be, she is allowed no method employed to teach the monkey the night may be, she is allowed no to speak he is not desirous of giving covering except the thin garment in detail. He says, however, it consists that she has worn during the day. She of parts of each of the methods used may never look on at any marriage to teach birds, feeble-minded children | ceremonies, for it would be an evil omen for her to do so; she may have Although Sambo is hardly of an age | been a half-caste woman, but upon becoming a widow even the lowest sertrainer considers that even a year of vants may order her to do work that unavailing effort will not be time is distasteful to them, and no woman in the house may even speak one word of comfort or pity to her. Any woguage. At his present age, 2 years, man who so far forgets herself as to show the slightest kindness to a widow is supposed to infallibly become a widow herself before long. Such barbarous behavoir is hard to understand and yet these widows take their miserable lot as a matter of course, not beavy, compact embasis, in others a experienced a more severe crisis in 1813, "Come back."

PRONE TO SUICIDE.

Statistics show that the medical profession is more prone to suicide than any other. During the last three years the number of suicides ocvery sure that within a reasonable curring among physicians has been. time he will be able to show to the respectively 5, 49 and 47 per annum, mentific world a simian who speaks in an average nearly one to 2,000; or, English tongue Such sounds as as the death rate among the physicians ... moo is learning to use are absolute- is about 25 to 1,000, nearly one fiftieth ly foreign to the matural guttural of all the deaths in the profession have been by suicide.

CHRISTENING. HUMORS OF

The principal person at a christening is generally too young to take any active part in the ceremony beyond crying loudly-without which, in some localities, the christening is not considered "lucky," the baby's likelihood of good fortune being measured by the vigor of his crying, says a writer in London Tit-Bits. But at the very first service of the kind at which the writer officiated the recipient of the baptismal name distinguished himself and brought confusion on the bashful and inexperienced young parson of those long-ago days; for it was not until long after that memorable first baptism that I lost all fear of dropping the infant and a notion that a baby is kept together by its clothes and may at any moment fall to pieces if not very carefully handled. It was a double event; that is to say, two children of the same family were presented for baptism together.

In another case well known to me eight children if one family had been saved up, and seven were marched to church as an escort to the eighth, and all were baptized together-the father afterward intimating that the vicar ought to "knock summat off" the fees on the usual principle of "a reduction for quantities, like." In any case there were only two, and I found one of them one too many for my peace of mind, for he-a boy of some 3 years of age-startled and amused the con-If we, want to find a country where gregation and confounded me, when in brow, by lutily singing out, "Here, drop it, will yer!" Perhaps the protest was natural, but it was highly disconcerting.

Generally, however, the recipient of the name is quiescent-except in the matter of irresponsible yelling-but the parents occasionally furnish much amusement; and especially is the demand made to them, "Name this child," sometimes provocative of very queer responses indeed.

I am not now referring to the extraordinary combinations of high-sounding names with which some ambitious parents burden their offspring, though now and then they are sufficiently mirth-provoking, particularly when prefixed to an ultra-plebeian surname. 'Florence Bertha Madelaine Victoria Snaggles"—the incongruous title rings in my memory after many years-is a -case in point. The surname, by the way, was not "Snaggles," but it was

tirely veracious clerical friend that on one occasion he was staggered, on saying "Name this child," by the remoment the little slave of her mother- sponse, "Lucifer"-as he thought. "What?" he asked, "Luthy, sir," repeated the lisping and now blushing mother; and this time my friend grasped the situation and dealt with the infant Lucy accordingly.

One child was actually christened and registered "Robert Honly," instead of plain "Robert," on account of his man had not quite caught what she said, and asked for a repetition. "Rob-

At length the pew-opener hit on the

tracted by the unusual name, the good woman wished her child to be so called. The following is almost too strange

to be believed; it actually happened, nevertheless: The baby was proudly borne, amid admiring relatives and neighbors, to

the font and duly presented for bap-

"Name this child." " Bee!zebub."

"What?"

" Beelzebub." "But, my good woman, you can't call

the child that." "It's a Scriptur' name, sir, ain't

"Yes, but do you know what it

means? It is impossible to call the child 'Beelzebub.' Give him a good sensible name—call him John, say." As no protest was immediately made, John" the child was duly named: and the parson congratulated the baby on having gained a plain, honest name,

and himself on having saved the poor mite from being saddled with a title which would have become intolerable. But his satisfaction was short-lived. and he was speedily shaken out of his congratulatory mood by the hurried return of the mother. Hastening down the aisle, she brought her baby back to the font before the parson had

time to leave it, and exclaimed in consternation, as if the disconcerting anomaly had only just struck her. John's a wench, sir." Sure enough, the baby was a girl, and another name had to be found and conferred.