

Bellville Auxiliary Bible Society.
 BELLEVILLE, Feb. 10, 1819.
 The plans of the town of Bellville, and the day met for the purpose of establishing an Auxiliary Society of the Upper Canada Bible Society. James M'Nabb, Esq. was called to the chair, and the following resolutions submitted.

1st. That Mr. John Reynolds be requested to become President of the Society. William Zwick and Andrew Mayne, Vice Presidents.

2d. That the Committee of Direction consist of the following gentlemen, James M'Nabb, Allan Taylor, William Wallbridge, Thomas Coleman, Roswell Levans and Solomon Hazleton.

3d. That Thomas Parker become Treasurer, Robert Smith and Thomas Coleman, Secretaries, and Allan Taylor, Depository.

4th. That this Society be denominated the Bellville Auxiliary Bible Society, and that a correspondence be immediately opened with the Upper Canada Bible Society praying their countenance and assistance.

5th. That the thanks of this Meeting be presented to the Rev. W. Case, for his able assistance and appropriate Discourse on the occasion.

6th. That the thanks of this Meeting be given to James M'Nabb, for presiding in the Chair.

Whereupon a subscription list was opened, and sixteen pounds nineteen shillings and two pence immediately subscribed. The annual want of snow at this season of the year, and the short notice given, prevented many from attending.

CONSTITUTION

Bellville Auxiliary Bible Society.
 Formed at Bellville, Feb. 10, 1819.
 We, the undersigned, do hereby agree to form ourselves into a Society, to be denominated the Bellville Auxiliary Bible Society; the object of which shall be, to co-operate with the Upper Canada Bible Society, in promoting a more general circulation of the Holy Scriptures, and for the government of which we do hereby adopt, and agree to, the following Articles.

Article 1. The Officers of the Society shall consist of a President, two Vice Presidents, two Secretaries, a Treasurer, Depository, and a Committee of six elective members, besides those, who may be members ex-officio.

Article 2. Each general annual meeting shall be on the second Wednesday in February, at which time all the officers shall be chosen.

Article 3. The Committee shall meet three times in the year, viz: on the second Wednesday in May, October and January.

Article 4. The President, Vice Presidents, Secretaries, Treasurer, Depository, Magistrates and Ministers of the Gospel, who are members of this Society, shall be members of the Committee ex-officio.

Article 5. The Committee shall dispose of Bibles and Testaments at prime cost, or distribute them gratis: the gratuitous distribution, however, in no case to exceed one fourth part of the amount at prime cost.

Article 6. The Society may purchase to the amount of their several subscriptions, at twenty five per cent discount, incidental to the purchase of all cases been previously mentioned.

Article 7. It shall be the duty of the Committee to use their exertions to procure subscribers; to receive donations and contributions, and pay the same to the treasurer; to furnish the Secretary and treasurer with their several subscriptions; to make particular inquiry where Bibles and Testaments are most needed, and to dispose of them according to the 15th Article; to inspect the accounts of the treasurer annually, or oftener, as they may think proper; to order remittances from time to time, to be made to the Upper Canada Bible Society for Bibles and Testaments; and in all things, to consult the true interests of the Society, and steadily to keep the view its great and leading object, viz: the promotion of a more general circulation of the Holy Scriptures, and at each annual meeting to lay before the Society a Report of the whole of their proceedings during the preceding year.

Article 8. The Secretary shall record the proceedings of each general meeting, and meetings of the Committee; shall draw all drafts on the treasurer, when ordered by the Committee; direct the Depository to make remittances to the Upper Canada Bible Society for Bibles and Testaments; keep a correct list of subscribers, with the amount of their subscriptions, annexed to their names respectively, and, by a timely notice, shall, at any time, have power to call special meetings of the Committee, with the concurrence of three or more of its members.

Article 9. It shall be the duty of the treasurer, to receive all money belonging to the Society, arising from any source; to keep a correct account of the same, together with a list of subscribers, with the amount of their several subscriptions annexed to their names respectively; to answer drafts drawn by the Secretary by order of the Committee, and when requested by three, or more members of the Committee, to lay his accounts open for inspection.

Article 10. It shall be the duty of the Depository, when directed by the Secretary to forward to the Upper Canada Bible Society, Bibles and Testaments as specified; to receive books on their account; to keep a correct account of the amount of remittances, and of books received; to pay all incidental charges for freightage, which shall be reimbursed by the Committee; to dispose of books agreeable to the 10th and 11th articles; to pay the amount of sales from time to time to the treasurer, and take his receipt for the same, and, at any time, to subject his accounts to inspection, when called on by three or more members of the Committee.

Article 11. Members of the committee may at any time, receive books of the Depository, and dispose of them agreeably to the fifth article, and shall pay the amount of what they may receive for the same to the treasurer, and take his receipt.

Article 12. All books issued to members of the committee, shall be charged to the committee, jointly, and for the proper disposal of those to whom they were issued, shall be responsible.

Article 13. When a vacancy occurs in any office, the committee shall have power to

supply such vacancy by election, till the next general meeting.

Article 13. The minutes of all general meetings, and meetings of the committee shall be signed by the President and Secretary.

Article 14. Any person who shall subscribe to these articles, and pay annually seven shillings and six pence, currency of U. C. shall be a member of the Society.

Article 15. A subscriber, who shall pay three pounds at any one time, or after having paid four pounds by annual subscriptions, shall be a member for life.

Article 16. No alteration of this constitution shall hereafter take place, without the concurrence of at least two thirds of the members present at a general meeting; Nevertheless, further rules may be adopted, provided they be, in no wise, contrary to the true intent and meaning of the constitution.

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| Allan Taylor, | 1 3 4 |
| John Reynolds, | 1 3 4 |
| R. Levans, | 1 3 4 |
| William Zwick, | 1 3 4 |
| Thomas Parker, | 1 3 4 |
| Samuel Reed, | 10 0 |
| John Hubbard, | 10 0 |
| Wm. Wallbridge, | 13 4 |
| John Caniff, | 10 0 |
| A. O. Petrie, | 13 4 |
| Lewis Fraick, | 7 6 |
| Horace Dean, | 7 6 |
| Frederick Bell, | 7 6 |
| Hannah Fiels, | 7 6 |
| James M'Taggart, | 7 6 |
| Shubel Poster, | 7 6 |
| Silas Ball, | 7 6 |
| Thomas Ball, | 7 6 |
| Abel Gilbert, | 10 0 |
| Jonas Caniff, | 7 6 |
| Andrew Mayne, | 7 6 |
| William Case, | 7 6 |
| John Thomson, | 11 8 |
| Simon M'Nabb, | 15 0 |
| Edward Wilson, | 7 6 |

A subscription has since been opened in the township of Sidney and Rawdon and nearly twenty pounds subscribed.

MURDER CASES.

At the court of oyer and terminer in Chester county, last week, there were two trials for murder.

The first of Joseph Keys, for the murder of his brother John Keys, in November last.

The brothers lived with their mother in Westcaln, and the trial disclosed symptoms of depravity on the part of all three, to which human nature rarely sinks. The murder appears to have been committed with an axe in a quarrel. The deceased received one cut in the side, and a severe blow on the breast with the pole of the axe which last wound occasioned his death. He was about, however, for several days after receiving the wounds, before he died, and it is presumed that if proper care had been taken death would not have ensued. The conduct of the prisoner and mother, when the neighbors came in, and upon a subsequent examination of the body, was truly shocking, and their language blasphemous in the extreme. Mr Markley is said to have made an eloquent speech in his defence. He was found guilty of murder in the second degree, and sentenced to ten years imprisonment at hard labor. He has been in the penitentiary before.

The other trial was that of Jehu Simmons, for the murder of George Shivers, his uncle. This is what the lawyers would have termed murder in the first degree. It grew out of a quarrel occasioned by playing a game resembling cards, and drinking whiskey. The parties resided in Kemmett. The prisoner with four of his brothers were at the house of the deceased. A bottle of whiskey had been procured from a place called Scabbletown well known to soldiers as camp Dupont. In the game Jehu lost and would not pay the deceased: high words ensued, and Jehu left the house—the wife of the deceased went out, endeavored to pacify him, and to persuade him to come in—he was at length prevailed upon to return, shook hands with the deceased and again sat down to play. The quarrel was soon renewed upon the same point; when prisoner with one of his brothers left the house. After going as it appears about half a mile, they turned back, and came again to the house of deceased; prisoner halloed at the door, that he had left his pocket handkerchief—deceased and the brothers went out—words ensued—prisoner threw a club at deceased and run—deceased followed him a few steps and returned. Two of the brothers had clinched in the mean time, and in the struggle fell; deceased was about hauling one of his brothers off from his antagonist, when the prisoner, who was standing at some distance, picked up a stone, advanced and struck him on the fore part of the head—the blow was so severe as to fracture the skull and knock him down, apparently lifeless. He soon recovered, and it was not immediately discovered that his skull was fractured, nor was he supposed to be in danger. No operation was performed, and he died in a few days. After burial the body was taken up, a coroner's inquest held, and upon examination by a scientific gentleman, a part of the stone, a sharp corner, was found remaining in the wound, having pierced the skull and penetrated the brain.

The trial occupied the best part of the day, and the jury not being able to agree before eleven o'clock at night, court adjourned until nine the next morning, when a verdict was returned, "guilty of murder in the second degree." This prisoner was also sentenced to ten years imprisonment at hard labor—the court observing, that they should have gone further, but for the evidence of his previous good character.

Perhaps two such cases never came before one term of any court, as those of Keys and Simmons. One for the murder of his brother—the other for that of his uncle. The scenes of each different and

distant—all the parties at each relations, and all intoxicated at the time of each. American Republican.

From the Canandaigua Repository.

Carthage Bridge.—The magnificent Bridge, which has been erecting across the Genesee river, at Carthage, during the last season, is completed and open for the public. It is situated about 30 rods below the lower falls of the river, and commands an interesting view. Although the tremendous gulph over which it was to be thrown, seemed to render doubtful the success of the undertaking; yet it has been effected without difficulty, with few accidents, in the short period of nine months, and in a manner which does credit to the enterprize of the proprietors, and to the skill of the architect, Col. Ezra Brainard. For grandeur of design and location, it is believed the Carthage Bridge will vie with any other in the world.

The dimensions of the bridge are as follows, length of the floor, 700; width 30 feet; resting on a single arch, the summit of which is 190 feet from the water, and having solid rock for its buttments. The chord of the arch is 352 feet in length.

From the Connecticut Mirror.

CAUTION.—The celebrated NEWMAN, who by his own confession, was guilty of an atrocious murder in England—who has since been guilty of almost every crime, was liberated from Newgate on Monday last—his term of confinement having expired. Newman has been confined in many prisons both in the United States and in Canada, from all which he has contrived to make his escape, previous to his confinement in Newgate. This is the same person whose astonishing feats in the prison of St. John's, two or three years since, excited so much wonder and attention, and almost persuaded some, to believe him possessed of supernatural powers.

MONTREAL, Feb. 27.

On Sunday last, about the middle of the day, a knocking was heard in the common Gaol, where a part of the Criminals are confined, when two Gentlemen who were with the Keeper, volunteered their service to go and search into the cause of the knocking; when upon entering, they went to the privy of the Gaol from whence the noise proceeded; where they discovered a breach in the wall about three feet long, two feet and a half wide, and through the whole substance of the wall within a few inches; when they came to the main iron gate of the ward, they noticed four or five of the criminals to come into the wards from out of the passage leading to the said privy, and from the line on their cloaths, and other circumstances of guilt, the Keeper immediately locked them into a room and placed a lock on the passage door leading to the privy where the breach in the wall was made, when one of the criminals which was locked in the room, (an American,) by means of a piece of wood which happened to be in the room, and with help from the criminals without in the ward, forced out one of the iron bars in the door of the room, and continued a mutinous, riotous conduct, until about ten o'clock at night, when the Keeper put the said American in irons, and locked him up in a room with three others; on Monday morning, at the usual time of opening the doors, it was discovered that the lock of the room door had been cut off, the lock of the passage door also cut, and one of the staples forced out of the stone door case.

In the afternoon, it was thought advisable to put six of the criminals, in the said ward into irons; when the said American, upon the Keeper proceeding to search the room in the ward, made resistance, and caught hold of one of the persons who were assisting the Keeper, and attempting to throw him down, but being overpowered, was forced into a room where he got hold of a piece of fire wood, which, upon being taken from him, he caught hold of the person assisting the Keeper with his teeth, and with a sharp wooden peg, attempted to stab him in the belly, but upon more assistance arriving, he was stapled fast to the floor, when the criminals in the ward, rushed into the room to rescue the other criminal, but being overpowered, they were all placed in three rooms and secured.

On Tuesday night, about eight o'clock, being the time for locking up the criminals, it was discovered that the iron framing of the inside security of one of the windows of the hall, where other criminals were confined, had been cut off and one of the outside bars cut through, whereupon they were, except four or five, locked up in different rooms, notwithstanding they continued to be very mutinous and disorderly. It is very much to be regretted that the construction of the walls and the iron security of the Goal, appear to be calculated to encourage attempts to break the said Goal, but as the Grand Jury have condemned it, we have reason to hope that a secure Goal will be built, in such a way as to secure criminals until called upon to answer the charges alleged against them.

From Sedan we learn the following anecdote:—As the Emperor of Russia was travelling some time since from Paris to that town, in a very plain travelling carriage, he perceived a little peasant-boy get up behind it: after some time his Majesty said to him—"my boy, why do you get up behind my carriage?" to which the little fellow replied—"because, sir, I want to get to Sedan as quick as possible."—"And what do you want to do at Sedan my boy?"—"To see the Emperor Alexander sir."—"Indeed! and pray what makes you so desirous of seeing the Emperor?"—"Because, sir, I hear that he is a very good man, and loves the French."—"Well, my little fellow, you see him before you." The poor boy, quite confused, got off the back of the carriage, and burst into tears; the Emperor, however, reassuring him, made him retake his place, saying they should travel together. By the time that they had reached Sedan, the Emperor became so taken with his little companion, that he asked him if he would go to Russia with him, to which the latter replied "most willingly;" then (said the benevolent Alexander,) "as Providence has placed you in my hands, your future fortunes shall be in my care." Accordingly the fortunate

young rustic left Sedan as one of the Imperial Suite.

There is a tree, of the silver kind, now growing at Hutton John, the property of A. Hudleston, Esq. which is eighty feet in height the first 60 feet from the ground containing 250 cubic feet; the trunk, exclusive of branches, containing upwards of 300 feet of timber.—The first branch, which is 27 feet from the base, contains 19 cubic feet. The tree is perfectly perpendicular, and has stood upwards of a century.

LIVERPOOL, Dec. 25.

A SAD DOG.—For some time past, a very fine French dog has been observed, at the west end of the town to go from door to door begging. His practice is, if he perceives any person in the shop, to lift up his paws, and remain in that position until something is given. If he does not see any one, he will enter, and carry off something.—Last week, at dusk, he was seen to go into Peter Finney's shop in Peter Street, and run off with a parcel of sarsnettes, which lay on the counter. It is evident he had been trained to the practice.

The gold crest, incrustured with precious stones, which a peasant drew up with an eel from the Motala, in Sweden, the real value of which is 148 ducats, has been purchased on account of the Swedish crown, for the sum of 166 ducats.

Madamoiselle Falstaff.—A girl of twenty years of age, is now exhibiting at Brussels, whose weight is four hundred and fifty pounds; she is six feet in height, and the same in circumference.

IF CHARLES CARROLL, who a short time since was a resident in Albany, will apply either in person or letter to the Printer of the Albany Gazette and Daily Advertiser, he will hear of something very much to his advantage.

Printers of papers throughout the United States, and in the Canadas will confer a favour on a deserving young man, by giving the above one or two insertions in their respective papers.

JOHN DOWLING,

RETURNS his most sincere thanks to his friends and the public, for the very liberal support given him since his commencement in business, and begs leave to inform them that he has laid in a general and well selected stock of

Groceries, Wines and Spirits, at his old stand, which he is determined to sell at the most reduced prices, viz.
 Best Jamaica Spirits, Holland Gin, Cogniac and Cherry Brandy, Shrub, Whiskey, Peppermint.

WINE.
 Benecario and Spanish Port, Teneriffe, Malaga.

Best Pickling Vinegar & Lime Juice.

GROCERIES.

Gunpowder, Tvankey, Hyson Skin Teas, Coffee, Loaf and Muscovado Sugar, Mace, Cloves, Cinnamon, Saffron, Ising Glass, Turkey Figs, Box and Common Raisins, Pearl and French Barley, Fig and Powder Blue, Best Poland Starck, Black Pepper, Flower Sulphur, Ground and Whole Ginger, Indian Arrow Root, Sweet and Bitter Almonds, Alum, Glue, Green Copperas, Best English Cheese, Windsor and best common Soap, Pipe Clay, Glauber Salts, Pearl Ash, English Mustard, Peppermint Drops, Sugar Plumbs, Sugar Almonds, Cod Fish, Red and Salt Herrings, Salt Butter, Wrought Nails different sizes, Shingle do, Tapes, Needles, Twist, Cotton Balls, Colored do, Black Thread, White and Brown do, Writing Paper, Letter do, An Assortment of Crockery Ware, do, Queen's do, Best Dutch Long Pipes, Plug tobacco—Candle Wick, Mould and Dipp'd Candles, Superior dressed Calf Skins, Best Liquid Blacking, A few articles of

DRY GOODS.

N. B. In addition to his present stock, he expects many other articles in his line in a few days.
 Kingston, March 9, 1819.

Government Contract.

FRESH BEEF,

WILL be required for the use of His Majesty's Troops stationed at Kingston, Point Henry and Point Frederick, for six months, to commence on the 25th March next, the quantity about

4000 POUNDS PER WEEK.

Sealed Tenders will be received at this Office until 12 o'clock on Saturday, the 13th March, in which must be inserted the names of two Sureties for the due performance of such contract as may be entered into.

Commissariat Office,
 Kingston, Feb. 26, 1819. 1w1

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the subscriber, are requested not to pay the same, or any part thereof, to **DUGLE CAMERON,** my late clerk, whom I have discharged, and any person to whom said Dugle Cameron has applied for payment, within the last month, will do the subscriber a favor by informing him thereof.

JOHN DOWLING,
 Kingston, Feb. 17, 1819. 1tf

FOR SALE.

IN the township of Percy, District of Newcastle, a valuable FARM, being lots No. 20 & 21, in the first and 20th in the second concession, containing 600 acres, of the best elm, birch and maple Lands; with an improvement of 40 acres, under good fence, in the centre of the three lots. For particulars apply at this Office.
 Kingston, March 9, 1819.

THE CHRISTAIN RECORDER.

To Appear in Numbers, one Number every Month, at twelve and six pence, Halifax C'y, a year.

THIS publication will be issued by Mr. George Dawson, Book-Seller, York, under the inspection of the Rev. Dr. Strachan.

It shall be devoted to theological and miscellaneous subjects, and particularly to interesting religious intelligence, and biographical and obituary notices.

Besides occasional original matter, it shall contain selections from the various British periodical works, moral and religious, for that purpose; and the Readers of the CHRISTAIN RECORDER will thus be furnished in the speediest mode, with valuable and interesting selections from the latest British periodical publications.

While it shall be the object of the Journal to record important religious events in general; particular regard will be paid to those which relate to the Protestant Church. The Christian Recorder will present its readers with a passing map of the religious world; and shall be, occasionally, enriched with the sentiments of those masters of theology who were the glory of the days that are past, and whose writings exhibit the soundest views of Christian doctrine and order, and the highest fervors of pious feeling.

Whatever can advance the interests of religious truth; the purity, the unity, and the prosperity of the kingdom of the Redeemer; and the faith, holiness, and consolation of the Christian, shall, as far as practicable, find a place in this Journal.

The plan, if executed with tolerable ability, must certainly render this publication useful and interesting to all classes of Christians, and the price of it is so low as to bring it within the reach of all who can be proued or interested by its contents.

It shall be printed with a handsome type, and on good paper of a large size. The first number shall appear early in March, and a number will be published regularly every Month. The work being issued solely from an earnest desire to promote the interests of religion, with the view to its general circulation, it will be furnished at the low rate of twelve shillings and six pence, Halifax Currency, a year.

Agents shall have a commission of 20 per cent, on the amount of subscriptions for which they become responsible.

Subscriptions received by Mr. G. Dawson, Book-seller, York, to whom communications, post paid, may be addressed, and to whom persons at a distance may transmit their names, with directions by what conveyance the journal shall be sent to them.
 York, January 12, 1819.

Subscriptions received at the Post Office, Kingston.

THOMAS DALTON & Co.
RESPECTFULLY beg leave to acquaint the public that they have commenced brewing at their new establishment, where they have now ready for delivery, some excellent

MILD BEER,

in barrels of Thirty six Gallons each, which they offer at the moderate price of Thirty Six Shillings the barrel, which price they do not intend to advance unless the necessity arising out of an increased price of Malt and Hops. Thus the Public can be regularly accommodated with a wholesome and agreeable beverage, at as a moderate rate as could reasonably be desired; the Proprietors of this useful establishment therefore flatter themselves that it will receive a fair portion of public Patronage.

Orders left at the Office of S. BARRETT, will be attended to.
 Kingston, March 9, 1818.

NOTICE.

JAMES MEAGHER,

RETURNS his most sincere thanks to the people of Kingston and its environs, for the liberal encouragement he has met with since his commencing business. He begs leave to inform his friends and the public, that he is about **REMOVING** to his new house near the Market Place, opposite to Mr. Bayman's, and will, as usual, carry on the

Tin, Copper, & Sheet Iron Manufactory.

Horse Shoeing & Blacksmith Work, will be executed in the best manner, at the shortest notice, and on the lowest terms.

N. B. To rent, lease or sell, for the term of ten years, and immediate possession given, that well known stand, the **WELLINGTON INN,** in Barrack Street. This situation is one of the best in town, having many conveniences that render it particularly well adapted for a house of Public Entertainment and Store. Apply to the Proprietor, **JAMES MEAGHER.**
 Kingston, March 9, 1819.

FOR SALE.

A SMALL SLOOP, of about ten tons burthen. For particulars, enquire at the Herald Office.
 March 9, 1819. 1tf

CASH PAID FOR RAGS,

at the Herald Office.

TERMS OF THE HERALD.

Four Dollars per Annum, (exclusive of Postage) payable six months in advance. Any person becoming responsible for the payment of twelve Papers, shall receive one gratis, and in like proportion for a greater number.

PRICE OF ADVERTISING.

Six lines and under 2s. 6d. first insertion, and 7d 1-2 each subsequent insertion.
 10 lines and under, 3s 4d. first insertion, and 10d each subsequent insertion. Above ten lines 4d per line for the first insertion, and 1d. per line for every subsequent insertion.

Advertisements without written direction are inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly.
 Orders for discontinuing advertisements to be in writing.

Advertisements for insertion to be delivered on the morning preceding the day of Publication.

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