THE CANADIAN CHAMPION

MILTON, AUGUST 30, 1888.

A PARTY of Miltonians who attended the recent Laurier picnic at Oakville report that shortly after they had left the town in the evening on their return home they saw seated under some trees beside the road Brother Spence, editor of the Canada Citizen, the prohibition organ, and Secretary of the Dominion Alliance, W. D. Brothers, Halton's prohibition license inspector, three or four other leading lights of the so-called temperance party in this county, and several ladies seated under a tree enjoying a lunch to which they were helping themselves from a basket. Their vehicle and horses stood near by. It was a very pretty scene and it was the more interesting owing to the fact that one of the most consistent prohibitionists in Halton is the proprietor and keeper of a commodious brick hotel at Oakville, is said to have it well furnished, to set a good table, and to have plenty of stable accommodation in connection with it, but as he looks on the liquor traffic as an unmitigated evil he has not applied for a license, neither will he do so, nor lease his premises to anyone else lest intoxicants should be sold there. Under these circumstances he ought to be entitled to and to receive a liberal support from his fellow "temperance" men; but if the latter are no more generous in their patronage than Brother Spence and Brother Brothers, who are prohibitionists by trade and make their living by their trade, and their fellow lunchers, the Oakville hotel man is not likely to find his business exactly a bonanza. Brother Spence is a fine specimen of a generous, whole-souled "temperance" man, and on account of his prominence in his party, it is well that the latter should know just what kind of a "temperance" man he is. While he preaches, and it is to be hoped, practices, temperance, he evidently does not subordinate to it the other virtues, notably economy.

Mr. Waldie on His Victory.

Mr. John Waldie, M. P. for Halton, was one of the speakers at the great Liberal demonstration in Guelph last night. He was cheered again and again as he stepped to the front of the platform. He declared that the seed of reciprocity sown in Halton had taken firm root and was surely bearing fruit for future contests. He said that while no considerable gaps had been made in the solid Tory vote, yet many had gone to the polls reluctantly, and there was hope that in a general election the ballot would speak for reciprocity. He argued, too, that reciprocity would bring as great advantage to the manufacturers as to the farmers, and that it would not compel a resort to direct taxation, and discussed briefly the issues of the campaign through which he had just passed and encouraged the leader and the country to hope that reciprocity would go on and prevail with the people.

At the close of the proceedings, cheers were given, with much vigor, for the Queen, the Liberal leader and the county of Halton.—Hamilton Times, Aug. 24th.

Time to Quit.

(Hamilton Times.)

It is about time to quit this coercion humbug. Canada and the United States ought to be good neighbors, each rejoicing in the prosperity of the other. Our brothers, sisters and cousins are living in the United States, and we have many natives of the United States domiciled in Canada. The old notion of the mercantile school of economists—that we should not trade with another nation lest that nation should make a profit—that profit on one side involves loss on the other—is discarded by all enlightened people. Trade is for mutual advantage, and there will be none of it between individuals or between nations, except such as is mutually advantageous. Then why act the part of the dog in the manger? Why cut off one's nose to spite one's face? Our tariffs and our canal tolls, our rigorous enforcement of treaty stipulations made years before there were any railways, and our anxiety to vex one another are unworthy of the last quarter of the nineteenth century. We are bound by our retaliatory bravado harms Canada as well as the United States, and as we are the smaller and the poorer the damage to us is relatively greater. Quit it! Do not wait to be forced, but retreat from an untenable position while it can be done without humiliation.

Judge Miller of Halton.

(Berlin Telegraph.)

We confess, along with hundreds of others in this county, to have been surprised at reading the charges which were preferred a few days ago, by the Registrar of the Surrogate Court, Mr. Eager, against Judge Miller, of the County of Halton. Mr. Miller practised for many years in this county, and was also Clerk of the Peace, previous to his elevation to the Bench, and during all this time not a whisper was ever uttered against his honesty or just dealing in those positions. It is, therefore, not to be wondered at that his many friends were somewhat startled when they read that he was charged with acting with harshness, oppression and actual injustice, and also with exacting fees in excess of what the law demands. We are loth to believe that these charges are true. They are serious, and should not be made against any Judge, unless they can be sustained beyond a doubt. It does strike us, however, that they are the outcome of personal ill-feeling which Mr. Eager cherishes towards Judge Miller. Whether Mr. Eager has sufficient cause for taking the serious step he has in this affair, we are not prepared to say, as only one side of the case is before the public. As to Judge Miller acting unjustly, this may be a matter of opinion, as parties interested in the decisions of the Bench are not the most reliable or impartial judges of what really is justice. As regards the charge of exacting fees not authorized by law, we feel assured that if Judge Miller were guilty of that charge, he felt that he had a right to them, as he is anything but an avaricious man.

That Judges have prostituted their position to serve party ends, as well as gratify personal spleen, and at times acted the petty tyrant, cannot be denied; but these cases are very few, at least in Ontario. Judge Miller is not a gentleman of this stamp, and while we do not claim perfection for him, we believe that in the discharge of his duties on the Bench he is actuated by the highest principles of right, and did we not think so, we would be the first to denounce his conduct. It is attire saying that judges should be, like Cæsar's wife, above suspicion, but it must be admitted that they would require to be even more pure to be above the suspicion of all with whom they come in contact in their official position.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

RETALIATION.

The New York Press on the President's Proposals.

The Herald, in commenting on the President's Message, says: We want no quarrels with Canada or any other Power. We are peaceable folks and mind our own business. We hate and abominate what are called in diplomacy "strained relations," are not spoiling for a fight, wish well to all our neighbors, are not envious of their prosperity, because we have as much of the article as we came take care of within our own borders. We are the best natured people in the world, and do the square thing by others and demand the same from them. Canada has teased and fretted us a good deal. She has shown bad blood toward our fishermen, captured their vessels without reason and put them to all manner of inconvenience. She is apparently jealous of us and gets into hysterics every once in a while for fear we want to adopt her, kidnap her, and run away with her, or steal her from the scattered family of Her Majesty the Queen. She is a sort of nervous invalid in her relations to this country, fuming and scolding most of the time. You can't pound it into her head that we don't want to annex her, that we always hope that she is having a pleasant time, is making money and will say "good morning" to us with something like cheerfulness whenever we meet. Now, Mr. Cleveland simply tells the country in his message that we are all at sea, at sixes and sevens, and at loggerheads with Canada, and as retaliation is the only possible policy of the immediate future he asks further authority from Congress. He proposes to protect the fishing interests on our coasts, if the Republicans allow him to do so, by annulling the railroad privileges of the Canadians through our territory unless they cease their wretched, petty persecutions. No transit for us—no transit for them. "That" is the rule to be adopted. If they refuse to allow our catch of fish to come from their ports in bond, then they must not hope to run their goods to or from our ports free of duty. That will force the crisis at once. The injury Canada can do to the United States is, of course, small in comparison with the injury she will receive, but if the Republicans, by rejecting the treaty, force the Government to harsh measures, there is no use in having boys' play. The President, in asking for authority to enforce retaliation, simply maintains the self-respect of the nation. That he will be wise, cautious, conservative, no one doubts. That he will do his utmost to maintain amicable relations is shown by the whole course of his administration.

The Sun says: The fisheries treaty was a surrender to Canada, and the Senate justly rejected it. Mr. Cleveland found out his mistake and he now proposes to make amends for it. The message which he sent to Congress yesterday is good patriotism and good politics. The Canadian Government has given full provocation for retaliation. The message was a blow that will be effective and vital. It proposes that the insolent subsidized Canadian railroads shall no longer be fattened at the expense of the United States. That is the way to hit Canada and hit hard, and that is a way, rude but effectual, of amending the Inter-State Commerce Act, so that Canada shall not be entirely beyond its restriction. Politically, the message attests that the President is a clever, and wide-awake tactician. He has made a signal defeat of the opportunity of seizing a commanding position.

The Tribune says: A great light has dawned upon the President. Led by Mr. Bayard and that astute Englishman, the Right Hon. Joseph Chamberlain, he once saw through a glass darkly, but now, instructed by the speeches of the Republican Senators, he sees face to face and thinks it high time he was making his improved optical qualities known to a dissatisfied public. His message to Congress on the situation left by the Senate's rejection of his treaty is nothing else than a tardy tribute to the policy which he has been opposing and seeking to defeat by compromise of our unquestioned rights, and indifference to our undoubted wrongs. Mr. Cleveland has, after three years of doubt, made up his mind that "a Government does but half its duty when it protects its citizens at home" which his Government, we are bound parenthetically to observe, has not done at all, "and permits them to be imposed upon and humiliated abroad." At last the President has come to the conclusion and he considers this a good time, when his course in suffering such impositions and humiliations is about to be passed upon at the ballot box, to publish his new and revised opinion. He has not been a moment too soon, that's certain; and he will ascertain, we think, that he is just the least bit too late.

The Times says: The President's message is a striking illustration of his happy faculty of doing the right thing at the right time and in the right way. It reviews the points of the message in detail and says the whole message exhibits a purpose to assert and maintain the rights of our citizens to the fullest extent and to rebuke and punish the unfriendly and illiberal course of Canada. Its tone is firm and aggressive, but at the same time characterized by dignity and a high sense of justice. The patriotic and broad-minded course is in brilliant contrast with the narrow and petty partisanship of the majority of the Senate. All the capital that is to be made out of this controversy is likely to belong to him and he will win it in his customary way by a firm and high-minded adherence to his sense of public duty.

The World says: President Cleveland created a genuine sensation by sending to Congress a message advocating the adoption of retaliatory measures against Canada. The refusal of the Senate to adopt the fisheries treaty leaves our fishermen subject to the indignities which have for several years been heaped upon them by our Dominion neighbors, and the President has therefore felt called upon to ask from Congress such legislation as will place us in a position of dignity and enable us in a measure to inflict upon our discourteous neighbors the burdens which they so willingly lay upon a section of our industrious population. By this message the President has completely circumvented the Republican partisans of the Senate. He has taken from the Republican politicians the power to arouse New England and the country generally with the cry that the Administration is lacking in pluck and dignity and that it is not equal to maintaining the rights of the citizens.

A Variety of Opinions from Prominent Men.

Toronto World.

ONLY A CAMPAIGN DOCUMENT.

HALIFAX, Aug. 23.—Hon. C. H. Tupper, Minister of Fisheries, arrived here from Ottawa yesterday. Being interviewed, he said: "I regard President Cleveland's message as a campaign document. As evidence of this, note that while the United States fishing vessels are prohibited from transshipping their catch through Canada and from purchasing bait, no mention is made of the licenses which we so freely granted for such purposes during the Fenian raids, and of which many aliens American bank fishing vessels availed themselves. As proof of the purely party political nature of the document, one has only to remember that President Cleveland and the Democratic party previous to the passage of the Retaliatory Bill were convinced that Canada was carrying out the fishery protection service in an exasperating and harassing manner towards the United States fishing vessels, and the President Cleveland's abstained from taking any action at the time, and now that Canada, according to the President and his party, has not only agreed to a fair and honorable settlement of the fishery question but during this season not a single complaint has been made by the American to the British Government of the treatment of their vessels by Canada, yet now he comes down with retaliation.

"We have every reason to believe that, notwithstanding temporary injury from this hostile legislation, our national interests would be strengthened, our already large shipping interests still further protected and our independence so greatly demonstrated that in the future we would be as self-contained a people as our neighbors to the south feel that they are now."

THE POLICY OF THE LIBERAL PARTY.

ST. THOMAS, Aug. 23.—Hon. Wilfrid Laurier spoke to a great crowd in the skating rink here last night. Touching the Cleveland retaliation scheme, he said:

"If the Canadian Government had followed a mere friendly policy this unfortunate state of affairs would never have been brought about. Arrests were made in 1885 of American fishermen, and seizures were made of American vessels on the most trivial excuses, and it was no wonder therefore that American public opinion had become bitter against this country. If the taking away of the carrying trade would prove such a loss, was this not then a most potent argument in favor of Unrestricted Reciprocity? Our policy has been such as to embitter those on the other side who are of the same flesh and blood. The Canadian Government had done all in their power to annoy the Americans and had themselves to thank for the bitterness existing against them in the United States. We could say to the Americans that though we would politically rule ourselves, we would join in a policy that would be of advantage to both of us. This was the policy of the Liberal party."

A POLITICAL CAMPAIGN DODGE.

GRIMSBY PARK, Aug. 23.—Rev. Dr. Talmage is inclined to the view shared in now almost universally by public men in the United States and Canada that President Cleveland's "Retaliation" message to the Senate is nothing more or less than a political campaign dodge. The Senate is republican, Cleveland is a Democrat. The Senate rejected the fishery treaty simply because the President was in favor of its passing. Foiled at this point, Mr. Cleveland immediately jumped to the opposite extreme, and by brimming down his message threw the whole responsibility of retaliation upon the Senate. Such is the view the great preacher takes the question, and most people will consider it a very reasonable one. When the election is over, he says, the quarrel about the fishery question will subside, both countries will be ready for arbitration and everything will be amicably settled. As to a war between the two nations, or even a vigorous retaliation system existing for any length of time, he ridicules the idea. It is not the question of fish that is agitating American politicans but of government situations and political influence.

CONDEMNED BY NEW YORK REPUBLICANS.

SARATOGA, N. Y., Aug. 23.—The Republican State Convention this afternoon unanimously tendered the party nomination for Governor to ex-Senator Warner Miller, and for Lieut.-Governor Col. S. V. R. Cruger. The platform contains this clause:

"The Republican Senators in Congress in rejecting the treaty relative to the fisheries, negotiated with Great Britain, acted in accordance with the dictates of a just patriotism and worthily asserted American rights and the national honor, while the message of President Cleveland, transmitted on Aug. 23, is a confession that his administration has been grossly negligent of its duties in the protection of American fishermen and has invited new annoyance and aggressions on the part of the Canadians by the failure to make manful protest and to employ the peaceful means of self-defence committed to him. The Republican party favors a foreign policy which shall do no wrong to the weakest neighbor and shall brook no indignity from any power on earth, and by insisting on fair play on sea and land shall through justice ensure peace with all nations."

CLEVELAND WILL LOSE THE CANUCK VOTE.

The Chicago Tribune editorially asserts that "Cleveland's" retaliation message will gain for him no Irish votes and will lose thousands of British Canadian votes to his party."

AFTER THE IRISH VOTE.

An old resident of Toronto, now of Washington, holding a position that gives him an inside view of things, writes as follows to a Toronto connection:

Are you getting your "flint-locks" ready for war? We have been twisting the lion's tail in the Senate at a terrible rate for the last few months and poor Canada has been battered with all the parts of speech that our Republican statesmen could find handy to hurl at her. I have been listening to such talk by the hour day after day and week after week. At last the treaty was rejected, and the Republicans were jubilant that they had captured the Irish vote, (that's what the rumpus is all about) when in jumps Cleveland into the ring and "goes them several better," and those who were cursing him a few days ago for toadying to John Bull are now drinking his health and wishing long life and more power to him, &c. He has neatly turned the tide in his favor and has played as pretty a piece of jingoism as even Jim Blaine ever dreamed of.

I fancy the war of words will go on until after the presidential election, when we shall suddenly discover that America and England love each other so much and are so closely allied that some sort of compromise must be agreed upon and that there must no feeling of hostility between them.

MORE YANKEE THAN THE YANKEE.

From The Empire of Tuesday.

The conviction of the Republican Senators that Canada is bound to give to the fishing vessels of the United States all the privileges of merchant vessels is enthusiastically supported by The Toronto Mail, which consumes more than a column of its editorial space in a labored and badly founded attempt to prove that Canada is in the wrong and that the foreign invaders of our territorial rights are justified. In taking this ground this journal which pretends to be Canadian in, we regret to see, more Yankee than the Yankees themselves. It unpatriotically makes claims for the United States that their authorities had abandoned as untenable.

CANADA CAN HOLD HER OWN.

From The Montreal Herald.

So far as the material results of the legislation the President proposes are concerned we do not fear them. Such legislation will change the course and channels of Canada's business, with less loss to her than may have first been imagined. We shall do more of our own business and the American will do less of it for us. Halifax and St. John, N. B., will take the place of Portland, New York and Boston during the winter; and if the Canadian bonding system is continued we shall not only retain the American business our railways have been doing, but we shall increase it. We gather from Sir John Macdonald's remarks on the President's message that he does not propose to disclaim the Canadian bonding privileges. This would be a wise decision.

WE CAN STAND IT.

From The Evening Telegram.

Too much stress cannot be put upon the Canadian indifference to American threats of retaliation.

We can stand it. True, it will be a time of trial for the country. But every people must pass through trials, to greatness. Canada can not escape the troubles that attend the infancy of all nations. May the future present no burdens more grievous than the difficulty of retaliation will create.

Statesmen from the United States seem strangely ignorant of our resources. Their belief that free intercourse with the United States is the breath of commercial life to Canada is humorous.

The enforcement of retaliation must do us good. It will leave us still the freedom to buy from or sell to our neighbors. And she necessity that makes us rely upon our winter ports forces us, as Sir John says, to use the outlets which we always should have used.

Arrest of E. S. Cox.

HIS MIRS. VENTURES ONTO CANADIAN TERRITORY AND IS PROMPTLY NABBED.

NIAGARA, Ont., Aug. 20.—E. S. Cox, ex-Toronto broker, who has been for some months an involuntary exile to the United States on account of his dealings with Cashier Allan, of the defunct Central bank, was arrested here about 7 o'clock this evening. It being Sunday afternoon, he thought he could safely cross the Niagara river from Lewiston, N. Y., pay a visit to friends at the Queen's Royal, and get back again; but in this he was mistaken. The authorities got wind of his visit, and as he was about to board the steamer Kathleen for his return trip, Detective Reid tapped him on the shoulder and requested him to accompany him as a prisoner. Cox refused, and Reid took hold of him. Cox then assumed to be highly indignant at being unwarrantably interfered with, and some parties belonging to the yacht Rivet, showing a disposition to prevent the arrest, Reid called for assistance, and it being tendered in sufficient force, Cox was secured. The Toronto police have been communicated with, and Cox is being held on their order.

TORONTO, Aug. 20.—The warrant on which E. S. Cox was arrested to-night at Niagara was issued in January last, at the time of his disappearance. It charges him with having on Nov. 9, 1887, procured $10,000 in credit for the Central bank and unlawfully and with intent to defraud wilfully appropriated the same to his own use. He will be brought here for trial. Sergt. Reburn has been carefully watching Cox's movements, and spent some days in Buffalo recently. He ascertained that Cox was in the habit of visiting the Queen's Royal hotel, Niagara-on-the-Lake, on Sundays, being under the impression that only civil proceedings had been taken against him, and consequently that a capias could not be served on him on Sunday.—Spectator.

Buried Through a Barn.

THE TERRIBLE EFFECTS OF A BOILER EXPLOSION AT A THRESHING.

CORRY, Pa., Aug. 25.—A terrible boiler explosion occurred yesterday afternoon on the Frank Stranham farm, nine miles southwest of Corry, by which two men lost their lives and two others were seriously injured. It was a threshing machine owned by Samuel Boutwell and has been running but little since last fall. On Friday the water got low in the boiler, and the crown sheet repaired recently and thought to be safe was burned. When the explosion took place the engineer, Wm. Clough, was standing on the top of the boiler trying to start the engine off the centre. The steam gauge indicated 60 pounds. Clough was blown some distance and instantly killed. Arthur McCreat, one of the workmen, was thrown 90 feet and injured so that he died last evening. Perry Corry and Jefferson Boutwell were also seriously injured. The boiler was thrown through a barn a distance of 60 feet and the threshing machine was completely wrecked. Competent men say there was at least 100 pounds of steam pressure on the boiler at the time of explosion.

Fired by Lightning.

INGERSOLL, Aug. 27.—A series of severe thunder storms passed over Ingersoll and the country to the south yesterday afternoon. It is reported that six barns were struck by lightning, but as yet particulars of only three have been received. The first barn was that of M. McCree, on the Gore line between Dereham and Dorchester. The barn contained the season's crop. The next was Stephen Halpin's barn, on the town line between West Oxford and Dereham. This barn was also full of grain, and was totally destroyed. The third was a new barn owned by Wm. Shelton, on the 1st con. of Dereham. It was valued at $600, and was insured in the Western—$400 on the barn and $300 on the contents. This barn was also full and was totally destroyed. A good deal of hail accompanied the down-pour, and it is reported it was much more severe, and did considerable damage to fruit, to the south of this point.

No Sympathy for Henderson.

(Dufferin Post (Conservative).)

Waldie (Reform) was elected in Halton for the Commons by a majority of 28. We have no sympathy for Henderson, the Conservative candidate, as he was the nominee of the fanatical temperance element which the electors of Ontario have been crushing on every opportunity which has presented during the past five months. This result in Halton shows that the people are still possessed of common sense, and that the reign of impudence of the fanatical temperance party is over for many a year to come.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

It Must be True What Everybody Says! LINDSAY is Doing Things in Fine Style!

Rousing and Genuine Bargains added every week. All Competition Thrown in the Shade.

CITY PRICES BEING KNOCKED ALL TO SMITHEREENS!

No humbug but Real Bargains—Read under what has been thrown on the counters this week! Then see for yourselves

40-inch wide Black Spanish Lace for 50c. ..... 48c.
Newly Imported Silk Plushes ..... 50c.
Silk Finished Black Velvet ..... 12½c.
Grey Shaker Flannels

Beautiful wide French Cashmeres, 65c.
Melton Cloth for Fall Dresses only 12½c. Yorker.
Scarlet, Blue or Pink Wool Flannels, special price, 12½c.
Striped Coutonetts, worth 25c., only 15c.

More! More! Wide Sash Ribbons at 35c.
Another, still another lot of these Shaking Good Tickings 12½c.
All the Cream Seersuckers to be cleared at 5c. a yd.
A big business doing all day long in the Grocery.

Bed Comforters and Knitted Shawls to hand already, for the chilly nights and mornings.

LINDSAY'S PUSHING STORE MILTON.

A. Murray & Co's

GREAT COST PRICE SALE

WILL LAST THIS MONTH ONLY.

Ladies' Linen Handkerchiefs at cost price, for this week only; the last sale of Handkerchiefs at cost this season
250 dozen White Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs, at 45c. per dozen. This lot we will sell by the dozen only, the price being so very low.
50 dozen of white Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs, pure linen, 4 for 25c.
50 dozen Colored Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs, pure linen, 3 for 25c.
50 dozen Pure Linen Hem-stitched Handkerchiefs, very fine qualith, at $1 per dozen
25 dozen Hand-drawn Thread Handkerchiefs, 3 for 30 cts.

10 dozen Hand-Embroidered Handkerchiefs, 2 for 30 cents. Secure your Handkerchiefs this week. They are wonderfully cheap.
SILKS, SILKS—Both Black and Colored at first cost. They are going off fast at the prices at which we are selling them. Fancy Pure Silks at 25c. per pair.
A few of those Handsome Beaded Dresses still left at $15.
HOSIERY, SILK GLOVES, GENTS' TIES, etc., all marked away down for August.
We have still a few handsome Pattern Mantles which we will sell at half price.

A. MURRAY & CO., 18, 20 and 22 King St., East, Hamilton.

GREAT SALE!

The Dissolution of Partnership Sale Still Continues.

We have large quantities of goods we want to convert into money. We are making special and extraordinary efforts to accomplish that end. We shall quote you a few special lines, for example,

Splendid Colored Silks for 25c., worth 50c.
Black Silks for 50c., worth $1.00.
Black and old Satin Merveleaux 50 and 75c., worth $1 & $1.75.

Dress Goods for 10, 15 & 20c., worth double the money.
Splendid Muslins for 5c., worth 10c.
A fine line for 15c., original prices 30c.
Beautiful Ribbons for 5c. per yard.
Millinery, Mantle and Flowers at extraordinary low prices.
Parasols—a magnificent line from 25c. up.

Factory Cotton for 3c. per yard.
Checked Shirting for 6c., worth 10c.
Seersuckers 3c. per yard up.
Beautiful fast colored Prints and Ginghams for 6c., worth 12 and 15c.
Cottonades and Tweeds at extraordinary low prices.
Beautiful Tweeds at 25c. per yard.

We are slaughtering Ready-made Clothing regardless of Cost. Gents' Furnishings—a magnificent stock. Hats for 25c., worth $1. Carpets in Hemp, Union, All-wool, Tapestry, Brussels, Floor Oilcloths, Matts; Curtain and Window Blinds in large variety and very low prices; in fact we have the largest and cheapest stock ever offered to the public.

Our Millinery, Dress-making and Ordered Clothing Department are in excellent condition, very busy and turning out goods to suit all parties in price and quality.

To the farmers, we say bring us your Wool and we shall give you the highest price, in cash or trade, for any quantity of clean, merchantable Wool. Inspection and patronage respectfully solicited.

Georgetown, June 1st, 1888.

WM. McLEOD & CO.

JOHN FINAGIN,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

No. 140 King Street E., (Copp's Block) HAMILTON,

AUGUST BARGAINS DURING AUGUST.

Mr. Henderson's Position.

(Brantford Expositor.)

A candidate who subscribes to a pledge to this so-called third party, as Mr. Henderson has done, must be a traitor to the Convention of Conservatives which selected him to represent their views. It places him in the mean position of forswearing his party for the sake of a few voters who run a platform which has no place in the general politics of the country.

Scott Act Dives Hard to Wipe Out.

(Orangeville Sun.)

The officers employed in the enforcement of the license law are now contending with the evils which emanated from the defunct Scott Act. Although themselves ardent admirers of the prohibitory law during its existence, the difficulty experienced in wiping out the illicit dives that continue to flourish throughout the county compels the commissioners to admit that it was a blunder. No local option legislation will ever satisfactorily cope with the liquor question.

FOR SALE OR TO RENT

A brick house on Foster Street.

Apply to DR. FREEMAN.

Farm for Sale.

The south half of lot 32, con 2, N. D. S., Trafalgar, Co. Halton, containing 100 acres, more or less. Frame dwelling, and frame barns and sheds, orchard and a supply of good water. Is within 3 miles of Milton and 4 miles from Zimmerman station on the H. & N. W. Railway. Terms easy. Apply to

W. F. KIDER, Milton.

For Sale.

A first-class steam thresher, the engine a horizontal one, manufactured by Haggart Bros., of Brampton; the separator an Advance manufactured by Macpherson & Co., of Flesa. This machine is in first-class order, having only run one season, and can be seen at work every day in the neighborhood of Kilbride. A clear route, as this is the only machine in here. Apply to

JOSEPH HARRIS, (Owner) Kilbride.

Gas or Vitalized Air administered for painless extraction of teeth at the Dental Surgery of

J. H. CARRIQUE, L. D. S.

Honor Graduate of "The Royal College of Dental Surgeons of Ontario." Office—Main St. MILTON. Open daily from 9 to 4.

ARTIFICIAL TEETH $8 PER SET.

Wanted.

A small bay horse in exchange for large working horse (4 years old, sound). Apply to GEORGE LAVERY, Milton.

—GET YOUR—

Stoves Tinware

AND GENERAL HOUSE FURNISHINGS at

T. CONWAY'S Opposite Dewar's Block, Main Street, Milton.

None but the best make of Stoves offered for sale, all and see them and judge for yourself.

Just to hand—Coal Oil Stoves.—Just the thing for the summer months. It will pay you to buy one and save your wood for the cold weather.

Eavestroughing and all kinds of Repairing done neatly and at a reasonable price.

RATES OF ADVERTISING.

Column 1	1 year	$75 00
do	6 months	45 00
do	3 months	30 00
do	1 month	40 00
do	1 year	25 00
do	6 months	15 00
do	3 months	25 00
do	1 month	15 00
do	1 year	15 00
do	6 months	10 00
do	3 months	15 00
do	1 month	10 00

Business Cards of ten lines or less $5.00 per annum.

The number of lines to be reckoned by the space they shall occupy, measured by a scale of solid Nonpareil.

Advertisements without special instructions inserted till forbid, and charged accordingly.

Orders for discontinuing advertisements must be given in writing, otherwise the publishers will not be responsible.

Local Notices, the object of which is to promote the pecuniary benefit of any individual, company, institution, or fund, will be considered as local notices of any kind admitted among the local columns of the paper at 50 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Births, deaths, and marriages, 25 cents each for first insertion.

Transient advertisements ten cents per line, each week for the first insertion, and five cents per line for each subsequent insertion.

Lost, strayed, stolen, and wants, such as those of servants, situations, etc., cleared at 50 cents for first insertion, and 25 cents for each subsequent insertion.

Cash must accompany order in every case to insure insertion.

Orders for job work strictly cash.

To Subscribers.—No paper will be stopped until all arrearages are paid, except at the option of the proprietor. A post-office notice to discontinue is not sufficient.

LOCAL NEWS.

THE county council will meet on Tuesday, 11th September, at 10.30 a.m.

MR. JAMES JONES, of Brussels, and formerly of Milton, is visiting his friends in Milton.

(NEW Felt Hats, in black and light colors; all the best makes, at THEBLE'S, cor. King and James Sts., Hamilton.

TERRA COTTA WORKS.—The first shipment from the above works is now being made, consisting of four car loads of pressed bricks.

FOR SALE, CHEAP.—A good English Bicycle, 54 inch ball bearings throughout. Address: BICYCLE, 44 Hess St. North, Hamilton. 10-4t

MR. A. R. FAWCETT succeeds Mr. T. J. Bell as editor and publisher of the Streetsville Review.

MR. J. M. SHAW has severed his connection with the Oakville Star, and Mr. Campbell Shaw is now its publisher.

PRIVATE BOARDING.—A few boarders can be accommodated on Mary-st. east. Good airy rooms. For terms apply to MRS. GEO. STODDARD.

GUELPH CENTRAL FAIR.—Special attention is called to the advertisement of Guelph Central Exhibition in another column.

The Normal School at Toronto was opened again on Wednesday morning. There were only 15 young men present as against 90 to 100 young ladies.

GENTS' white and cambric Shirts and Shirt Shirts made to order. Splendid material and good workmanship—THEBLE'S, cor. King and James Sts., Hamilton.

STRAYED from the premises of the subscriber, on 28 inst., a black driving horse 8 yrs. old. Any person giving any information leading to the recovery of the same will be suitable rewarded.—E. SITZER, Milton, Ont.

AS MISS SPENCE, of Nelson, was on her way to Hamilton market on Wednesday morning, her horse took fright at some object on the road, when she was thrown out, injuring her pretty severely and breaking twenty dozen eggs. Dr. McGregor was called and she was able to return home in the afternoon.

THE best house for gents' furnishings is the one price house—is THEBLE'S. He always gives the best value and keeps the choicest stock. Call and see—Cor. King and James Sts., Hamilton.

A LAWN PARTY, in aid of the personage fund of St. Luke's church, will be held at the residence of Mr. Henry Carrique, Palermo, on Wednesday evening, Sept. 5th. A good programme will be provided. Milton brass and reed band will be in attendance.

MR. H. MCDOWELL, of Messrs. McDowell & Co., druggists, of Vancouver, B. C., and formerly of Milton, has kindly sent us a copy of the Vancouver Daily, of Aug. 7th of the 12-page special edition of the Portland Oregonian, describing the future metropolis of British Columbia, and accompanied by a large supplement of fine illustrations.

GENTS' cotton underwear at 60c., 70c. and $1 the suit, in brown and fancy colored, at THEBLE'S, cor. King & James Sts., Hamilton.

THE name of Frank Dugald Reid of Georgetown, appears in the last militia general orders in the list of successful candidates at the recent examination of applicants for admission as cadets at the Royal Military College, Kingston.

MESSRS. JOHNSON, SON & CO'S foundry on Mill street took fire on Saturday. It happened that the water works reservoir had been emptied shortly before to stop a leak at its outlet, but fortunately, a few pailfuls of water were sufficient to put out the flames.

LAWN PARTY.—There will a lawn party in aid of the Omagh and Palermo parsonage fund at the residence of Capt. Fox, Trafalgar, near Omagh, on the evening of 12th September. A first-programme has been prepared, and all will be made welcome. Admission 25 cents.

GAME LAWS.—The only season during which the following game may be hunted, taken or killed is as follows: Partridges—15th Oct. to 15th Dec. Deer—15th Sept. to 1st Jan. Woodcock—15th Aug. to 1st Jan. Snipe, quail and golden plover—1st Sept. to 1st Jan. Ducks of all kinds—1st Sept. to 1st Jan. Geese 1st Sept. to 1st May. Hare—1st September to 15th March. The above dates are inclusive.

THE application for a writ of habeas corpus in the case of E. S. Cox, ex-broker, was renewed Wednesday before Judge MacMahon, who reserved judgment. Mrs. Gray, of Oakville, who some time before the collapse of the Central bank sent $700 to Cox for safe investment which she claims he used for his own purposes, swore out a warrant in the afternoon against Cox, charging him with fraud, which is now in the hands of the detectives. W. S. Bingham, of the Hub hotel, will also lay criminal information against Cox, but what its nature is he will not say at present. He says his connection with Cox has cost him $10,000.

THE arbitrators appointed to decide upon the Hamilton and Milton road met on Monday. Mr. W. Waddell appeared for the road company, and F. Fitzgerald, barrister, for the complainants. Mr. Waddell asked that power be given the company to collect tolls during the arbitrators' investigation. Judgment was withheld until after the hearing of witnesses whom Mr. Waddell proposed to bring forward. Three of these witnesses were examined, their evidence being to the effect that the road was in a good state of repair. At the close of their examination, the arbitrators decided that no toll shall be collected during the investigation. The arbitrators alone can revoke the decision, and as they will give no further consideration to that point until the investigation closes, the farmers will thus be freed from paying toll for several weeks.

FIRST BARLEY purchased 200 cents per bushel ran, of Nelson, the first barley

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