THE CANADIAN CHAMPION

MILTON, AUGUST 2, 1888

HALTON ELECTION.

Nomination, August 15th.
Polling, August 22nd.
S. Hannant, Returning Officer.
D. A. Robson, D. R. Officer.
John Waldie, Reformer.
D. Henderson, Conservative.

The Oakville Demonstration.

At a meeting of the Picnic Committee of the Young Men's Liberal Club held last night it was decided to engage the Massey Band for the Oakville demonstration and it was arranged definitely that baseball teams should be organised to play the Oakville ball club and a team of Hamilton Young Liberals. The sports will be confined to the forenoon. The Oakville Young Liberals have engaged the Milton Band for the day and have secured the town square and Agricultural Park for the purpose of the demonstration and are providing accommodation for two thousand people. The Hamilton Young Liberals are not less earnest in their efforts to secure the complete success of the demonstration. Mr. John Waldie, Liberal candidate for Halton, has consented to be one of the speakers. The indications are that on August 13 Oakville will have one of the greatest political gatherings ever held in any part of Ontario. The Young Liberals of Toronto are very grateful to their brethren of Oakville and Hamilton, and especially to Mr. Lyman Lee, president of the Hamilton club, and Mr. Marlett, president of the Oakville club, for their cordial co-operation and earnest effort to promote the success of the demonstration.—Globe.

The Farmers' Institute.

The Executive Committee of the Permanent Central Farmers' Institute of Ontario met Friday at the Walker House, Toronto, V. E. Fuller, Esq., in the chair. The following were present: Secretary Thomas Shaw, Hamilton; G. Copeland, Hespeler; D. Campbell, Nelson; W. J. Roy, Tyrone; A. H. Pettit, Grimsby; J. Cochrane, Kilsyth; J. C. Jones, Burford; and J. E. Mowbray, Oshawa.

The question of providing funds for the work of the Institute was discussed and it was decided to ask the Minister of Agriculture to grant the Institute the sum of $1,000 for the current year, and in case of a failure to obtain such grant that the expenses be met by assessment on the individual institutes.

The by-laws were so altered as to admit delegates from associations of a similar character.

The question of abolishing the township shows will come up at the next annual meeting.

Dewdney for Cardwell.

The World heard a little bird whisper that the new Minister of the Interior, Ex-Governor Dewdney, is to seek a seat in Cardwell. Something very mysterious has been going on in that county for some time. Brother Birmingham has been doing a lot of missionary work; Horse Doctor Evans, the candidate for the Conservative convention, has been kept in great suspense; while the track of the Butter Reformer is still fresh on the back lines of Caledon and Adjala. Developments may be looked for immediately.

Should Dewdney get in for Cardwell he would be a Northwest man sitting for an Ontario constituency, a combination that Sir John would consider of some value.—World.

How He Worked the Farmers.

NORWICH, Conn., July 30th.—A week ago a young man, stylishly dressed, called at the job printing office of Mrs. Utley, and contracted for several hundred envelopes, "Union Telegraph Co." to be printed across the top. The envelopes were furnished. Going to Taftville, he hired a livery team and began to deliver forged telegraph messages to farmers, charging 50 cents delivery on each message. A farmer came in from Montville this afternoon and reported the confidence man working his section with gratifying success. Capt. Bowen has driven to Montville to capture the sharper. It is estimated that the fellow has secured $500 or more already.

A Lost Railway Ticket.

An interesting case has recently been decided in England by the Master of the Rolls in the Court of Appeals. One Butler had lost half of his return on the Manchester and Lincolnshire Railway, and refusing to pay over again he was forcibly ejected from the carriage. The justice court held that he was rightly ejected, but the Master of the Rolls declares that "there is no law which enables a man to put his hand forcibly upon another for a breach of contract, unless he is stupid enough to agree to that being done. A railway ticket is merely evidence of payment, like a receipt; and no man is obliged to pay his fare over again merely because he has lost his ticket."

A Cattle Thief Caught.

GUELPH, July 30.—A clever capture of a cattle thief was effected by two Guelph cattle dealers near Arthur last week. A man giving the name of Kenny offered three head of cattle for sale at $60, but after some talk agreed to take $56 for them and accepted $7 to bind the bargain. This was so cheap, and Kenny appeared so anxious to get all the money at once, that the dealers grew suspicious and began to make enquiries. They shortly afterwards discovered that the cattle had been stolen. By this time the thief was gone and had a good start of the buyers. However they went for him and after a hard chase captured him in a bush several miles away and brought him to the village, where he was handed over to constable and locked up. He was tried before a local magistrate and sent to Guelph jail for trial, where he is now confined.

An Illicit Still in Grey County Seized.

OWEN SOUND, July 27.—Collector-of-Inland-Revenue Graham of this place yesterday seized an illicit distillery in full operation in Collingwood Township, at the foot of the Blue Mountains. W. J. McMillan, the chief distiller, was tried to-day and convicted, being fined $100 and one month's imprisonment. Thomas Walton, the proprietor, made his escape. A considerable quantity of unrectified spirits, malt and crushed grain and about 200 gallons of wash were also seized.

An Important Legal Decision.

TRENTON, N. J., July 31.—The New Jersey supreme court to-day rendered a decision in favor of the constitutionality of a local option high licence law.

Children Cry for

Conservative Convention.

On Saturday last the Conservative party held their convention in the Chisholm Hall here for the purpose of selecting a candidate to contest the county against John Waldie, Esq., ex-M. P., at the approaching election of the House of Commons. Mr. Henry Watson, chairman of the Conservative Association, took the chair at 2 p. m. and called on D. Henderson, Esq., ex-M. P., their late representative, for a speech.

Mr. Henderson was received with cheers, and, after referring to the result of the late election trial and thanking the party for their support and confidence in the past, said if again chosen as their candidate he would give his support to the Macdonald Administration.

Lieut.-Col. Kerns, M. P. P., after stating that he was satisfied with Mr. Henderson's record in the past, moved that he be chosen as the candidate to contest the county in the coming election.

Mr. Tizard, of Oakville, seconded the nomination, which was declared carried by the chairman.

Messrs. W. H. Storey, Geo. Andrews, J. W. Elliott, G. L. Tizard, Henry Carrique, and others, made short speeches in favor of Mr. Henderson accepting the nomination.

A discussion, hot, short and sharp, took place between a number of the delegates in reference to the platform submitted to the convention from the Halton Temperance Alliance. One Anti-Scott delegate asked a Scott Act delegate for his views on the temperance platform submitted. He (the Scott Act man) said that there was no doubt but that a number of temperance Conservative electors would not vote for Mr. Henderson unless he adopted the platform submitted, but as for himself he was with the party.

It was decided on a motion that the candidate be allowed to use his own judgment as to the temperance platform.

Mr. Henderson then accepted the nomination, telling the convention that he was a consistent believer in prohibition, but had no faith in the working of the Scott Act.

The meeting adjourned after cheers for the Queen, Sir John and Mr. Henderson.

Almost Beyond Belief.

THE GIGANTIC HORSE STEALING OPERATIONS OF TWO TEXAS BOYS IN CHICAGO.

CHICAGO, July 29.—The police have captured a sixteen-year-old robber, whose achievements in the horse stealing line are unparalleled in this part of the country. His name he gives as Edward Brown, and he claims to have come here from Kendal County, Texas. About the 6th of June Brown came in with a carload of Texas ponies, and when his friends had sold their stock and returned home, he formed the acquaintance of Charles Crane, aged 19, and also hailing from Texas. Brown soon proposed that they go into the horse stealing business on a large scale, being convinced that it would be profitable. A business partnership was formed between the two Texans, and a barn rented on the west side of this city that would hold about twenty horses. Nightly forages were begun, and were successful. The boys hired five men as grooms, bought hay by the ton and oats by the carload. In less than twenty-four hours after they started in business they had stolen five horses and sold three of them for a liberal price. The boldness of their plan was remarkable. They would hitch two stolen horses to a stolen carriage and drive along Michigan avenue until they saw a team which suited them. To see a good horse meant ownership for them, for they would follow it home, and in all probability secure it that night. Every few days the two Texans would go out into the suburbs to look for good horses. They stole them from Hyde Park, Grand Crossing, South Chicago, Englewood and other suburbs west and south. Their stables became full of valuable horses, and citizens began to frequent the stables for the purpose of buying stock. The business prospered exceedingly, and the whilom cowboys blossomed out in radiant raiment. All this time complaints were coming into the police thick and fast, but they could not find the thieves. July 12th, however, was a fatal day for the adventurers. They stole a horse and buggy from a north side citizen and drove to a blacksmith's shop near by to have some slight repairs made. While waiting one of them stole the blacksmith's watch, and was soon accused of the theft. Both drew revolvers, and compelled the blacksmith to apologize for the charge. As soon as the boys had left, the smith complained at the Lakeview police station, giving a good description of the bandits. A detective was detailed in the case. He was about to give up the search in the early part of last week, when suddenly he saw the boys driving west on Washington boulevard. He secured a horse, followed them to their barn, and shadowed the place for three or four days, as he could not believe that they alone could have been guilty of such a gigantic scheme of horse stealing as was before his eyes. Crane became suspicious of the espionage and fled, but Brown was arrested. On his person was found $400 in cash. Twenty-five horse and eighteen vehicles have already been turned up, and more are coming in every day. The horses are uniformly fine animals and the vehicles range from a dog cart to a four-in-hand. Brown confessed everything to Capt. Villiers. The stolen property is being returned to the proper owners as it can be secured and identified.

Senator Hoar's Resolution.

WASHINGTON, July 31.—Mr. Hoar's resolution was adopted providing for the appointment of a committee of seven Senators to report upon the relations of commerce and business existing between the United States and the British North American possessions, including the effects upon the commerce and carrying trade of the United States of the Canadian system of railways and canals, and the prospect of the displacement of any existing industries of the United States by industries established there. Also whether the obligations of existing treaties and of international law are and have been disregarded by such dependencies toward the people of the United States, and to the number, amount and character of existing claims against Great Britain, by reason of the violation of such obligations toward the people of the United States in such dependencies. Mr. Hoar said in reference to the transportation question embraced in the resolution that he understood that the Committee on Inter State Commerce proposed to take up that subject. It was not his purpose to examine that branch of the inquiry. Mr. Cullom, chairman of the Committee on Inter-State Commerce, said that the committee expected to enter into a thorough investigation of the relations between the United States and the British Canadian possessions connected with the subject of transportation both by rail and water, and it was only owing to an understanding with the Senator from Massachusetts that he had not made any objection to the adoption of the resolution.

Pitcher's Castoria.

NEW C. P. R. BRANCH.

A LOOP LINE FROM CHURCHVILLE TO CHELTENHAM SUGGESTED.

Mr. W. C. Van Horne, general manager of the Canadian Pacific railway, paid Toronto a flying visit on Friday, accompanied by his private secretary, George Bury. He consulted with his assistants in Toronto during the afternoon, and in evening received a deputation from the County of Peel, who were asking for railway facilities. The deputation consisted of John R. Barber and D. Reid, Georgetown; W. Buchanan and R. Noble, Norval; Joseph Williams, Mr. Sykes and T. Beaumont, Glen Williams; Mr. Plewes, of Salmonville, and M. Keefer, C. E., of Ottawa. After all heads had been bared in the presence of the great magnate of Canadian railways, the members of the deputation explained the object of their visit. They say that when Mr. George Laidlaw laid out the route of the Credit Valley railway, instead of following the bed of the Credit river from Churchville to Cheltenham he cut straight across. This they alleged had been done owing to the manner in which bonuses had been given by the respective townships through which the Credit Valley now ran. The deputation desired the construction of a loop line following the Credit river from Churchville to Cheltenham. This river, they contended, was able to furnish about sixteen miles of good water power, and if the road ran along the bed of the river in a very short time a thriving transport business would be done.

Mr. Noble, the well-known miller of Norval, was proud when he said that his mills would be able to hand over to the Canadian Pacific railway 65,000 barrels of flour a year. At present all this flour Mr. Noble teams two miles up grade to the Grand Trunk railway station.

Mr. Barber, the Georgetown paper manufacturer, said his mill was three-quarters of a mile from the Grand Trunk at present, and the proposed line would run by his front door. He handled five tons of paper going out every year, not counting the materials brought to his mill. Other enthusiastic members of the deputation spoke in the same strain. The proposed loop line would be sixteen miles long. If there is a hustler in the railway world in America it is Vice-President Van Horne, who, while on American soil, is sometimes dubbed "General Van Horne." In Canada, however, the vice-president of the great Canadian highway denies that he is a general, and says he is only a common railroad manager. However, this does not prove that he is not a general in railway circles. After the deputation had got through with their explanation the General lit his cigar and entered into a mental calculation as to how much it would cost to build this road. Several members thought it could be built for $8,000 per mile.

"Why," said Mr. Van Horne, "the only place where they can build a second-class railway for $8,000 per mile is in Manitoba. Gentlemen, to build any kind of a railway even in Manitoba it costs $10,000 per mile. I see just one way out of this difficulty, and that is this: Why can't you people do the same as the people of Guelph have done—build the road and let the Canadian Pacific Company operate it. We will give the townships and villages constructing the road 40 per cent. of the net profits."

Several members of the deputation saw what the vice-president was driving at—that the loop line proposed would not pay, and they shrugged their shoulders. They then asked Mr. Van Horne to send an engineer over the route to ascertain what it would cost to construct the line, and then send a traffic agent along to see what the tonage would be.

"The C.P.R. have plenty of engineers to go over the route," said Mr. Van Horne, "but I don't know where I would find a man to tell the traffic to be derived from the route you propose. I can't depend on any one for a matter of that kind but myself, and you know I can't go. It takes all our time to try and straighten out the line of the Credit Valley railway, laid down and built by Mr. Laidlaw, because it is so crooked."

"You've only six minutes to get to the station," whispered Private Secretary Bury, and the vice-president started down the street. The officials walked Indian file at least three feet apart, Van Horne taking the lead.—Empire.

An Exciting Adventure.

Stephen Penford, a Saltfleet farmer, residing near Stony Creek, had a remarkably exciting adventure on Friday night, and is engaged in congratulating himself on being alive at present. He was returning from an agricultural meeting at Stony Creek late at night, and while ascending the steep mountain road a short distance from A. D. Lee's residence his horse took fright at some sheep moving on the roadside, and bolted over the edge of the road. The tangle of horse, man and rig rolled down the mountain over 200 feet and brought up against a tree, where they stuck. The tree was about half way down the mountain, which is very steep at this point, the night was very dark and Penfold was afraid to move lest the wreck should roll down the rest of the distance. He lay there with the horse all night, and in the morning help came. Tired, sore and stiff, Mr. Penfold was released from his uncomfortable position, and with the aid of some living tackle the horse was got safely down to the bottom. It was none the worse for its tumble except that the skin was knocked off its back with rolling down. The rig was badly wrecked.—Spectator.

Queer Deaths for Horses.

NORWICH, July 24.—Singular accidents have befallen eastern Connecticut horses recently. A few days ago F. X. Rivers' fine pair, at Woodstock, ran away with the moving machine in a field, and the keen saw-toothed blade, worked at terrific speed by the furious pace, slashed off both the hind legs of one of the animals. The wounded horse was shot. The other horse was not scratched. Not long ago Henry Burke, of Brockville, while out driving, trotted his fast stepper, valued at $600, over a stable fork that had dropped in the road from a cart which had just passed; the horse's hoof tilted the handle, and the animal was spitted upon the tines. So fiercely was the weapon driven that it penetrated the inguinal region, backward through the pelvic cavity to the vertebræ, thence forward into the diaphragm, passing through the left lung, and nearly perforating the skin at the left shoulder, a distance of four feet. The horse lived several hours and was then shot. At New London Tyler B. Beal's livery horse not long ago nearly ended its life by scratching its ear with its left hind foot. The calk of the shoe was caught in the horse's teeth, and wedged in so tightly that it could not be removed. In its struggle the horse fell, and the force of the fall ripped the shoe off the hoof. The shoe was dangling from the horse's mouth when its owner, alarmed by the tumult in the stable, arrived.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

Prohibition.

SIR,—Many eminent men during the last forty years have conscientiously proposed various antidotes of a temperance character, shewing their minds in theory to be paved with the best intentions, which, however, have eventuated into dismal failures, sad to say. Probably one of the most silly questions that ever agitated the world is this thing called "prohibition," because it is utterly impossible to enact and insist upon carrying out any law interfering with what people eat, drink (or smoke), and any government who would try it would soon find a riot in the land, because temperance people outnumber intemperate ones 1000 to 1. Of course it is quite possible to excite voters into believing government can do this and that, and likely enough a bill might pass on paper for mere political display, but only to be soon reversed just as the Scott Act was. Higher prices for liquor and more stringent punishment against drunkards is all the government can accomplish—cannot do more.

ALPHA AND OMEGA.

TRAFALGAR, July 31st, 1888.

To the Editor of the Champion:

SIR,—Knowing that though we are opposed in party politics, your views on that leading question of the day, "prohibition," are in many respects in harmony with my own. I venture to ask you to afford me room in your paper for a few words to my fellow anti-prohibition Conservatives as to our course at the coming election. At the Conservative convention last Saturday Mr. Henderson expressed his intention to sign the pledge required by the Dominion Alliance and to vote for any prohibition measure which may be introduced into Parliament, and by so doing signifies his readiness to act as the delegate of the above named tyrannical association. Whatever measure these fadists arrange to have introduced, however arbitrary and oppressive, Mr. Henderson agrees to support, having sold his freedom to consider any such measure on its merits in order to secure the support of the Conservative prohibitionists at the coming election.

I have hitherto without exception given my vote on the Conservative side, and it is with much regret that I shall be unable, owing to this slap in the face by Mr. Henderson, to do so in this instance, but there are occasions when liberty must be placed before party, and I hope many other true Conservatives will agree with me that the present affords a good opportunity to show the prohibition fanatics that their opinions are not the only ones to which respect is due from a candidate soliciting the votes of the Conservative party. The key note of the speeches of Mr. Henderson and of most of the other speakers last Saturday was that we want to send to Parliament a supporter of Sir John Macdonald. Shall we do so by sending Mr. Henderson, when we know Sir John is not a prohibitionist? No one can object to Mr. Henderson and his friends of similar opinions abstaining from eating or drinking anything they object to or which disagrees with them, but let us decline to assist in sending any man to Parliament as our representative who has pledged himself to do all he can to curtail our liberty in this respect. The Conservative party is so strong in the Dominion Parliament that should Mr. Waldie be elected through our abstention from voting he can do no harm, and I should like to see the number of votes polled for Mr. Henderson at the last election so reduced this time as to show that neither he nor any other Conservative candidate can afford to throw his gauntlet in the face of the Conservative anti-prohibitionists with impunity. The prohibitionists say they will vote for no candidate who declines to sign their pledge. Let us fight them on their own grounds and decline to vote for any man who thus pledges himself to do his best to deprive us of our liberty. In conclusion I beg to state that I am in no way interested in the manufacture or sale of any intoxicant (beyond being a farmer hoping that for many years to come to have barley to sell) and that I seldom drink any such.

A LIFE-LONG CONSERVATIVE.

Presentation at Bowes' Church, Trafalgar.

Last Sunday Miss Sherwood was the recipient of a beautifully bound combined bible and hymn book, given by the scholars of the Sunday School at Bowes' Church, previous to her removal to Toronto. The gift was presented by Mr. Darby, superintendent of the school, while the following address was read, to which Miss Sherwood made a feeling and appropriate reply. The choir then sang "God be with you to we meet again."

ADDRESS.

Dear Friend and Teacher:

It is with feelings of regret that we meet with you for the last time as co-workers, and as teacher and scholars. Ties formed in early life are not easily severed, and we will miss your willing help and sympathy in the Sunday School work, and your kind instruction as a teacher. We know you will not forget us as you go to a new sphere of life. We hope you will accept this bible and hymn book as a token of our respect and esteem, and pray that they may not only remind you of early associations and friends, but may be companions and guides through life, and may God, whom we have served here, lead each of us and keep and protect us till we all meet again in heaven.

Signed in behalf of teachers and children of Bowes' Sunday School.

MAGGIE E. FARLOW, Sec'y.

Lowville.

(Correspondence)

Miss E. Morton is at present visiting here at her brother's, the Rev. J. Morton, incumbent of St. George's Church. She is accompanied by her niece, Miss Louie Morton, daughter of Mr. Morton, of Waterloo.

The parish generally, and St. George's Church in particular, are in a healthy state, what with faithful ministrations, unusually good sermons, a thriving Sunday School, and a staunch membership, the church is well filled every Sunday.

The Price of Milk in Ottawa.

OTTAWA, July 31.—An arrangement is being made amongst the milkmen who supply this city to put up the price of milk at once to eight cents and a further increase of 10 cents when the winter sets in. They claim that the advance is necessitated from the fact that pastures are burnt up and milch cows have to be fed the same as in the winter.

Rev. Thos. Colling was appointed to Simcoe church, and he persisted in going in the face of a protest from the congregation, who wanted Rev. Mr. Crews. The consequence was, the Simcoe people discharged their organist and sexton and secured to remain away from the Methodist church so long as Mr. Colling officiated.

GREATER INDUCEMENTS THAN EVER

--AT--

A. MURRAY & CO'S

GREAT - COST - PRICE - SALE!

Lots of Splendid Goods away under cost.
50 doz. Ladies' Muslin Ties at 15c. each, worth 30c.
35 doz. Ladies' Muslin Ties at 25c. each, worth 50 & 75c.
A big lot of Collars and Cuffs at 20c. per set, worth 50c.
All our Ladies' Neckwear reduced to half price.
Don't fail to see the baskets of Ladies' Silk Gloves at 15 and 25c. per pair.
75 doz. of Gents' Ties. Two splendid Ties for 25.

50 doz. Gents' Fancy Socks at 25 per pair.
Don't forget that Lisle Thread Hosiery, 3 pairs for $1.
Now is your time to get your Silks. We sell them at prices cost a little longer.
Come and see those Lovely Striped Silks at 25c. per yd.
Splendid quality of Black Satin Merveilleux at 70, 85, $1 and $1.25.
Examine those $7 French Boxed Dress Goods, a few only left; goods worth $15.

Our stock in every department is well assorted, and you may depend on getting great bargains all through the house during this Great Summer Sale.

A. MURRAY & CO., 18, 20 and 22 King St., East, Hamilton.

GREAT SALE!

The Dissolution of Partnership Sale Still Continues.

We have large quantities of goods we want to convert into money. We are making special and extraordinary efforts to accomplish that end. We shall quote you a few special lines, for example,

Splendid Colored Silks for 25c., worth 50c.
Black Silks for 50c., worth $1.00.
Black and Col'd Satin Merveleaux 50 and 75c., worth $1 & $1.75.

Dress Goods for 10, 15 & 20c, worth double the money.
Splendid Muslins for 5c., worth 10c.
A fine line for 15c., original prices 30c.
Beautiful Ribbons for 5c. per yard.
Millinery, Mantle and Flowers at extraordinary low prices.
Parasols—a magnificent line from 25c. up.

Factory Cotton for 3c. per yard.
Flecked Shirting for 6c., worth 10c.
Seersuckers 3c. per yard up.
Beautiful fast colored Prints and Ginghams for 6c., worth 12½ and 15c.
Cottonades and Tweeds at extraordinary low prices.
Beautiful Tweeds at 25c. per yard.

We are slaughtering Ready-made Clothing regardless of Cost. Gents' Furnishings—a magnificent stock. Hats for 25c., worth $1. Carpets Hemp, Union, All-wool, Tapestry, Brussels, Floor Oilcloths, Matts; Curtain and Window Blinds in large variety and very low prices; in fact we have the largest and cheapest stock ever offered to the public.

Our Millinery, Dress-making and Ordered Clothing Department are in excellent condition, very busy and turning out goods to suit all parties in price and quality.

To the farmers, we say bring us your Wool and we shall give you the highest price, in cash or trade, for any quantity of clean, merchantable Wool. Inspection and patronage respectfully solicited.

Georgetown, June 1st, 1888.

WM. McLEOD & CO.

Canada and the Royal Agricultural Show.

From The Canadian Gazette, July 19.

Notwithstanding the prolonged agricultural depression in this country the Royal Agricultural Society shows signs of remarkable vitality. At this year's meeting at Nottingham the entries were greatly in excess of former years, whilst the prize list for live stock, cheese and butter amounted to upwards of £9000. It is, moreover, of interest to note that, while the Royal Agricultural Society's meeting is of growing importance to British agriculturists, it is also being looked upon, in an increasing degree, as the annual ground of purchasers of pedigree live stock, agricultural implements and appliances from all parts of Europe, America and Australasia. This year the sales for exportation have far exceeded those of previous years, and in the case of live stock the prizes have been materially enhanced. During the last few days of the show the purchases completed for Canada included the first prize Cotswold shearling ram and the champion sheep in the yard. It was secured by Mr. James Main for Mr. Jos. Snell of Ontario. Mr. Main also purchased the pair of first prize Cotswold aged ewes, the first prize pen of lambs, and second prize yearling ewes, as well as the first prize aged boar and sow and first prize boar of the Essex black breeds. Mr. George H. Hastings, of the Deer Park, near Toronto, bought the celebrated Hackney stallion "Young Derby." Numerous other purchases were made of horses, cattle and Shropshire sheep, a number of which will be shipped by the Beaver Line steamer Lake Superior, sailing to-morrow, the 20th inst. The steamer will also carry upwards of 280 pedigree stallions for Quebec; and the other steamers sailing to the St. Lawrence are carrying a full complement of pedigree live stock. We are further glad to note that the interest taken in the Canadian Government exhibit at the show was never before keener than on the present occasion. On Thursday of last week upwards of 100,000 people were upon the grounds, and a very large proportion of these were of the tenant farmer class possessed of means, exactly the class, in fact, required in the Dominion. So great, indeed, was the demand for pamphlets, that by five o'clock on the Thursday not a single pamphlet was left, and in consequence of the crush the exhibits had to be closed for the day.

The annual meeting of the Canadian Press Association was held in the Rossin House, Toronto. There was a good attendance. President Crabb, of St. Mary's, in his address, recommended the adoption of some scheme for the protection from canvassing agents, of men who pay no taxes into the municipal treasury; the resuscitation of the apprenticeship system; the adoption of some scheme for the theoretical study of the printer's art, and the appointment of a committee to watch the proceedings in the matter of the effort to increase the duty on American plate matter. The following officers were elected:—President, Rev. Dr. Dewart (Toronto); 1st vice-president, David Creighton (Toronto); 2d vice-president, R. V. Somerville (Dundas); sec'y-treas., W. R. Climie (Bowmanville); assistant treasurer, J. B. Trayes (Port Hope); executive committee, H. P. Moore (Acton), J. J. Crabbe (St. Mary's), Andrew Pattullo (Woodstock), Lyman Jackson (Woodstock), J. B. McLean (Toronto), and J. C. Jamieson (Belleville). At 8:30 p.m. about 40 members left by the train on the annual excursion to Portland, Me.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Red River Valley Railway is completed to Morris.

Hon. Mr. Mowat intends to leave for home on the 15th of August.

The proposed railway from Winnipeg to Portage la Prairie has been located.

Mr. Scott, of Barrie, purchases 1,000 dozen eggs in Stayner every Monday morning.

The marriage of the Duke and Duchess of Marlborough has been declared valid in England.

G. H. Jarvis and Mrs. Campbell have skipped their bail and disappeared from Cleveland.

Governor Hill has commuted the death sentence of Chiara Cigarale, the New York murderess.

Yellow fever has broken out afresh on the brig Tenorift, lying of the Delaware Breakwater.

A Halifax rumor has it that Minister of Justice Thompson will go on the Supreme Court Bench and Sir Adams Archibald will succeed him as Minister.

The red bandanna, which is now the banner of tariff reform in the United States, was strangely enough, the banner of British tariff reform over 60 years ago,

It is rumored that Captain Nelson, who is the moneyed man of the Niagara Central Railway, has fully determined to turn the line over to the Canadian Pacific if any reasonable offer is made.

An enthusiastic meeting was held at the Rossin house Toronto on Friday evening last for the purpose of arranging a suitable reception to Hon. Edward Blake on his return home. It was decided that the reception should be in the form of a banquet.

Mr. J. W. Manning's return of Scott Act work during the quarter ending April 30 of this year shows that the Ontario Government inspectors laid 1,286 informations and secured 718 convictions. The fines imposed in these cases amounted to the sum $42,240.

OTTAWA, July 30.—Since Lieut.-Governor Royal's interview with the Minister of Inland Revenue the Government has decided to issue permits for the sale of beer in the Northwest, the beer to contain not more than 4 per cent. of alcohol or 7 per cent. proof.

The two vacancies in the Dominion Cabinet have been filled. Hon. Edgar Dewdney, ex-Lieut.-Governor of the Northwest, has been appointed Minister of the Interior and Superintendent General of Indian Affairs, while John Haggart assumes the portfolio of Postmaster General.

In one apartment of Windsor Castle, called the gold room, there is stored away gold plate to the value of $12,000,000. One piece alone, a salver of gold, is worth $50,000, and there is a gold and delabrim in the room valued at fully as much. It is so heavy as to require the combined strength of two men to lift it.

The biggest cheque known to America banking was that for $14,296 795, drawn by J. D. Taylor, treasurer of the Pennsylvania railroad, in payment for stock of the Philadelphia, Wilmington & Baltimore, held in Boston, and, further, that payment was delayed three weeks to let currency so accumulate as not to derange balances.

Miss Lucy Roston, daughter of a Liverpool merchant and heiress to £20,000 eloped on Thursday with a stable groom named Arpin, who is married and the father of five children. The father and brother of the girl overtook the couple on board the steamer Bothnia, at Queenstown, en route for America, and prevailed upon the girl to return home. The groom was allowed to go.

Mr. John Madill, of St. Mary's, failed about nine months ago, his estate paying ninety cents on the dollar. Mr. Madill paid the other ten cents when he was able, and in recognition of his honesty his creditors have presented him with a service of plate. Uprightness in business is becoming so rare apparently that when a case presents itself it is considered an appropriate occasion for a testimonial.

Pitcher, the thief who stole most of the funds of the Union Bank in Providence, of which he was teller, and fled to Canada, and who has apparently been little abashed at the public knowledge of his rascality, has evidently been piqued by hearing that he had been accused of smoking and drinking. The foul imputation is strenuously denied on his behalf. Mr. Pitcher doubtless regards the crime of bank robbery as a light one in comparison with that of drinking. Yet, we are often informed very positively that it is drinking which leads to crime.

The Central Bank liquidators expect to have completed arrangements for the payment of another 35 per cent. on or about the 15th of October. It appears certain that the depositors will receive at least 75 per cent. of their claims, and possibly more in the end. The financial statement to date shows a balance at the credit of the liquidators in the Bank of Commerce of $342,961 69, besides additional available cash of $322,064 14. The liquidators expect to complete their labors by June next.

The accident which happened to Mrs. William Worthington at Hamilton a few days ago was a very painful one, and serious results were for some time feared. It seems the lady's dress caught fire from a lightened match that had been used and carelessly thrown down. In a few moments the material was all ablaze, and the unfortunate lady was dreadfully burned about the upper part of the body. Her mother, Mrs. George Macbeth, was with her at the time, and in her efforts to put out the flames had her own hands badly burned.

Louis and Wm. McDowell put off 14 pounds of dynamite on Friday in the vicinity of the spot where young Lane received his supposed fatal injuries, but without effect. They concluded that the young men who were on the yacht did not locate the spot within half a mile. The dynamite cartridge, with water-proof fuses, were dropped all around the spot where the body is supposed to be, but without any result. Wm. McDonald make the very sensible suggestion that yacht owners should be compelled to place some life buoys on the boats they rent.—Spectator.

The most that can be made out of the report of the German doctors in the case of the Emperor Frederick is: (1) That the disease of his throat was cancerous, and that they so regarded it in the beginning. (2) That they called in Dr. Mackenzie for consultation, who declared the disease not cancerous. (3) That they permitted Dr. Mackenzie to overrule them both as to the nature of the disease and the method of treatment. (4) That they are angry with Dr. Mackenzie, and not with themselves because they permitted him to overrule them. (5) That the Emperor Frederick was victimized by malpractice and the disagreement of the doctors.

A prisoner brought before the Manchester Assizes had the cool effrontery to plead for mercy because he had only recently come out of penal servitude. His offence was that of throwing vitrol upon his wife's head, destroying her left eye and disfiguring her for life, because she had discovered that he had committed bigamy and intended to leave him, his first wife being alive. The judge sent him to penal servitude for life, reminding him that his previous sentence of ten years had been for precisely the same crime, the brute having destroyed the eyesight and disfigured for life the person of his first wife with vitrol. A life term is a positive luxury to such a wretch who richly deserves a vigorous application of the cat.

A Waterbury, Conn., despatch says: Captain A. P. Lyon, of Woodbury, has paralysis. He is a Government pensioner, having served in an Illinois regiment. He has been married thirty years, but five some years ago destroyed a hotel he kept and with it his marriage license. In his feeble health he has been arranging for his wife's support after his death, and being desirous that she should get a pension has made an investigation, which revealed the fact that his marriage had not been recorded, and that the clergyman who married them and the witnesses of the ceremony were all dead. He sought legal advice, and this week all trouble for the wife was removed by the couple being remarried and the fact properly recorded.

The arrest of Mr. O'Kelley, M.P., and his removal to Dublin under the Crimes Act for violating the Crimes Act has so staggered the Irish Nationalists, who had been led to believe that Mr. Balfour, recently been ordered to relax his vigorous policy in Ireland. The arrest is taken as evidence of the Irish Executive's intention to follow up the coercive measures with a view to thoroughly suppressing the League and putting an end to the tyranny it exercises.

A rich farmer of Roncherville, has just made a valuable discovery in his farm yard in the shape of a greater number of silver pieces amounting to $400. The treasure for the most part bears the date of 1873 and was, it appears, hidden away in an oilcloth belonging to Mr. Louis Hyslopice Lafontaine. The weight of the money found is about twenty-five pounds, and although the greater part are dollar pieces. It is supposed that the owner of the money, fearing that his place might be pillaged by the troops in those troublesome times, had hidden the treasure in the barn, which was shortly after destroyed by lightning and the place of safe keeping subsequently lost sight of. Be this as it may, the finder is quite elated over his fortunate discovery.

INGERSOLL, Ont., July 30.—Fred. White, night station master and operator, and Wallace Grace, were arrested here this morning, and have been lodged in Woodstock jail on a charge of pilfering merchandise from the freight house. Goods have been missed for some time past, and Ross, the detective, was sent up from Hamilton to look after the matter. He has been about the town for a week past in the guise of a tramp, and last night secreted himself in the freight shed, and his watchfulness was rewarded by discovering the two men above named in the shed breaking open a box and helping themselves. He at once arrested them, and this morning they were taken to Woodstock. They will appear before the police magistrate on Saturday.

HAMILTON, July 31.—While Mrs. Margaret Crooks, a widow who maintains herself and five small children by selling milk, was standing in front of her house on Sanford avenue about 10 o'clock talking with some neighbors, she was struck a terrible blow between the eyes with a large piece of hard clay and stone. So heavy was the stroke that she fell to the ground, to the great surprise of the other women, who had been suspecting nothing of the sort. Her face and head were covered with blood, and as she regained consciousness and raised herself blood streamed from a wound between the eyes. Since then she has been terribly bruised and disfigured. Her nose was broken by the blow but fortunately her eyes were not injured. It is thought that the missile was thrown by someone who had a spite against one of the women, with whom she was talking, on account of her giving evidence in a liquor case.

At the last session of the Ontario Parliament, the subjoined was added to the Municipal Act:—The council of every town, township and incorporated village, shall hold a meeting on the fifteenth day of December in each year or if such day happen to be on a Sunday, then on the Monday following, and shall immediately thereafter establish a detailed statement of receipts and expenditures for the portion of the year ending on the day of such meeting, together with a statement of assets and liabilities and uncollected taxes. The said statement shall be signed by the mayor or reeve and by the treasurer, and shall be published in one or more newspapers of the municipality (if any) and in such other newspapers circulated in the municipality, as the council may direct. Instead of publishing the said statement in any newspaper, the council may cause the same to be posted up not later than the 24th of December, in the office of the clerk and of the treasurer, as well as at the post offices in the municipality, and not less than twelve conspicuous places thereon. The clerk shall not procure less than one hundred copies of the said statement, and shall deliver or transmit to the electors who first request him to do so, one of these copies not later than the twenty-fourth day in December in each year, and shall also see that the copies of the said statement are produced at the nomination.

Beginning on

Emancipation D

1st August,

And continuing through the Month,

LINDSAY'S

SUMMER

SALE

will be vigorously pushe

Below is a partial list o Lindsay is doing for ca

HE WILL SELL

White Handk'fs for	1c. each.	A Man's Printed Cott	
Black Bow Ties, soiled	8c. "	Cottons, Printed M	
4 bone Hub Collars	10c.	Muslins, all at	
Mosquito Netting	7c. a yd.	Dark Dress Goods in g	
Magnum Tell it Soap	25c.	A big stack of Gingha	
2 Bottles English Pickels	50c. a doz.	sold	
5 bxs Splendid Matches	25c.	4½ yds. Heavy Cublea	
9 bars Bingman's Electric Soap	50c.	Sheeting	
6 Pounds Good Laundry "	25c.	3 yds. Glass Towelling	
Men's Woolen Sox, per pair	17c.	3 " Brown Linen	
Bathing Trunks, "	15c.	5 " Kitchen Towell	
Good Working Shirts "	50c.	Glycerine Soap, per	
Boy's I.R. Braces	25c.	Lead Pencils	
9-inch wide Sash Ribbon	25c.	144 Buttons	
Hand Satchels, leather	12c.	Misses $1 Navy Blue