THE SCOTT ACT IN PETERBORO' CO.

We notice by the Examiner that an influential meeting of temperance men and supporters of the Scott Act was held a few days ago in the town of Peterboro' to enquire into the manner in which the Act was being enforced in that county. Mr. Manning, chief officer of the license branch of the Ontario Government, being present, occupied the chair. In opening the meeting he is reported to have said that it was scarcely possible to appoint a government official without complaints being made. Complaints have been received occasionally from various places as to the failure of the license inspectors to do their duty, and consultations, similar to the one about to begun, had been held, and he had found that the would trouble had often arisen from the people entertaining erroneous ideas of the duties of inspectors, and in the inspectors not understanding their own duties. He invited them to make any complaints they wished to, and ask any questions.

It was generally admitted by the different speakers that intoxicating liquor was still very freely sold and the law set at defiance. There seemed to be a desire on the part of some of the speakers to fasten the blame of the failure of the law on the Inspectors, but these gentlemen being in attendance repelled the charge and stated as an evidence of their fidelity in the discharge of their duty that the large sum of $4,000 had been imposed in fines since the 1st of May last. It appeared quite evident that some of the supporters of the Act felt that it had proved a failure, but were unwilling to make such a acknowledgment, and tried to shift the responsibility of the failure on the shoulders of the Ontario Government and the inspectors they had appointed. The Rev. Mr. Wallace was about to move a resolution to that effect, which if carried, would imply that the Government and their inspectors were not in earnest regarding the enforcement of the Act.

At this stage of the proceedings Mr. Manning very properly enterposed in behalf of the Government and said:—

"I think you are rather hard on the Ontario Government. That Government was the only one to take up the Act in defiance of the opposition of a very large number of their own supporters. They have gone as far as public opinion of the Province has supported them. They have taken up the position which, as a government, they were not called upon to take, only to conform with the sentiments of their supporters, and it seems hard to come down on their inspectors and charge them with not having done all they might have done. Supposing they had left you to the tender mercies of the inland revenue officers? Now, we are not here constituted a public meeting, not as supporters of the government, but simply for the purpose of hearing complaints that may be made by friends of the Scott Act, and hearing the answer to be made to these complaints. When this meeting is over and I have had time to digest what has been said, I shall tell the Inspector what I think. But I shall have to decline the motion. (Rev. Mr. Wallace's).

Rev. Mr. Wallace gladly withdrew his motion upon this statement, and added that Mr. Manning should understand that that was the feeling in this county."

Before the meeting closed the following resolution was carried:—

"Moved by Rev. Mr. Wallace, seconded by J. G. Wright, that this meeting desires to express its sympathy with the Inspector in their endeavors to enforce the Canada Temperance Act, but that whereas although the Canada Temperance Act is in force in the County of Peterborough we regret to notice that intoxicating liquor is still very freely sold, and a considerable amount of drunkenness still exists; and whereas considerable intervals have elapsed during which the Inspectors have laid no informations, that considerable intervals have at different times elapsed between the furnishing of information to the Inspectors and the laying of information by the Inspectors, that in our opinion cases which ought to have been made third offences have been made second offences; this meeting, representing the Scott Act Association and temperance people of the county, respectfully but strongly urge upon the Ontario Government the advisability of securing on the part of their officers more prompt and efficient discharge of their duties; that to this end the Secretary of the Scott Act Association communicate with the Government representing to them the desirability of increasing the salaries of Inspectors in order to enable them to devote their whole time to the enforcement of the Act."

This resolution virtually admits the failure of the Scott Act, and it was neither manly nor just to attempt, as the meeting did, to throw the responsibility of the failure upon the Government and their inspectors. One of the gentlemen, Mr. Cochrane, stated in self-defence that he "was advised that it would be very difficult to enforce third complaints. There would be great trouble in fighting the leases, and if you put a man into gaol, the next week the bar would be let to some one else, and in a short time another would have it, and so on. And while I am up I will just bring up another matter. At the time the Association first commenced prosecuting here they come to me and said, "now we don't care about you prosecuting very much. We will do the prosecuting." That didn't work very well, and they came back and said, "now you prosecute." I did prosecute quite a number of cases for first and second offences and if these gentlemen had attended the police court they would have heard some swearing that would have made their hair stand. If you put these same men into the box again to prove a third offence, do you think they will be any more truthful?"

No doubt they would have been horrified at the false swearing which the enforcement of the Scott Act tends to encourage. Temperance men are losing both time and money in their vain endeavors to prevent drunkenness by the Scott Act.—Berlin Telegraph.

"They have a larger sale in my district, says a well known druggist, "than any other pills on the market, and give the best satisfaction for sick headache, biliousness, indigestion, etc., and when combined with Johnson's Tonic Bitters, Johnson's Tonic Liver Pills will perform what no other medicine has done before for suffering humanity." Pills 25 cents per bottle. Bitters 50 cents and $1 per bottle. Sold by H. Watson, druggist, Milton.

The Montreal Trade Bulletin has the following: "It is but right that consumers should be apprised of the fact that certain coffee manufacturers in this city have been roasting peas and other foreign substances, mixing them with an adulterated article, which is sold for genuine coffee. When it is considered that peas are selling at 14 cents per pound, one can readily understand what profits can be realized by mixing only a moderate portion of peas with coffee. We are not aware that roasted peas are at all hurtful when taken into the human system in the form of a decoction, but that has been practised upon the public by palming off an adultered for a pure article."

Church Progress.

Hamilton Times, Aug. 15.

One hundred years ago last Friday, Dr. Charles Inglis was appointed first Bishop of the Episcopal Church of Nova Scotia, and at the same time the first regularly appointed Bishop of the English Church in British North America. Up to that time the Bishop of London had charge of the clergymen who undertook the arduous task of ministering to the spiritual wants of the sparsely settled colonies. They were, for the most part, selected and paid by the Society for the Propagation of the Gospel in Foreign Parts, which had been organized in the year 1701. At the time of the Revolution in the United States, Dr. Inglis was a firm Royalist, and though he has a host of admirers in the Episcopal communion, his espousal of the cause lost by the stupidity of the British Tory rulers of that day necessitated his departure, which was signalized by an early appointment as pioneer Colonial Bishop. The growth of the English Church in the British possessions abroad in the intervening hundred years has been phenomenal. In the course of the century, as pointed out by the Montreal Gazette, the single colonial diocese over which Bishop Inglis was called upon to preside has been multiplied by seventy-five.

Of these dioceses nearly seventy are in British possessions, the remainder being in Japan, China, Palestine, Central Africa, the Niger country and Honolulu. There are eighteen in the Dominion of Canada alone, which are organized in three ecclesiastical provinces—Canada, with nine dioceses, having the Bishop of Fredericton as Metropolitan (by seniority), Columbia, with three, and Rupert's Land with six. Until 1850 there were only the dioceses of Quebec and Toronto for the whole of Canada, except the Maritime provinces. Huron, Ontario, Niagara and Algoma have all grown out of Toronto, which was itself only an archdeaconry of Quebec until Bishop Strachan's appointment in 1836. In 1865 Bishop Machray was sent out as Bishop of Rupert's Land, which was at that time hardly populous enough to make a good country parish. But the scattered members of the Church of England needed spiritual care, and it was best provided by Episcopal supervision. There are now six dioceses forming an ecclesiastical province. The same system prevails in British Columbia, as well as in India, Australia and South America.

NOT A BOOK AGENT.

Mr. H. Watson, Druggist, is not a book agent, but has the agency in Milton for Johnson's Tonic Bitters, which he can heartily recommend for any complaint to which a tonic medicine is applicable. This valuable medicine has been used with most astonishingly good results in cases of general debility, weakness, irregularities peculiar to females, extreme paleness, impoverishment of the blood, stomach and liver troubles, loss of appetite, and for that general worn out feeling that nearly every one is troubled with at some part of the year. Don't forget the name Johnson's Tonic Bitters 50c. and $1 per bottle at Watson's drug store.

How the Scott Act is not Enforced.

The Orangeville Advertiser gives the following peculiar account of attempted Scott Act enforcements:—Twenty-six summonses were issued for witnesses to appear at the Court House, Orangeville, August 3, to give evidence in the case of Thompson, of Shelburne, charged with infraction of the Scott Act. Neither the defendant nor witnesses put in an appearance, so Police Magistrate Gray adjourned the case indefinitely. Two parties, Allen, of Horning's Mills, and Gillespie, were summoned on the same charge for the following day. Four witnesses appeared, but neither of the defendants was present. Mr. Myers appeared for Gillespie. The court was opened, and Geo. Deans, Alex. Matthews and Angus Bell were sworn. The evidence adduced was trivial and worthless. The first two were positive they did not drink any liquor or see any sold. The other witness was not sure of anything asked him. The case was adjourned till the 11th at Shelburne. On Saturday, 6th, Dunc. Hyndman's case was brought up again and still further adjourned. So the matter goes—determined perseverance on one side and dogged opposition on the other.

NEVER TRIED IT.

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Death of a Wealthy Miser.

An old miser has just died in Paris, leaving a fortune of 1,000 000 francs, or £40,000 sterling, behind him. The Pere Denizot, as he was called, lived in an old house, No. 10 Rue de Brosse, in the Quarter des Archives. He was the laughing-stock of all the neighbors and the street boys as he hobbled along in his mendicant's rags. He lived all alone, and used to make his own soup, driving hard bargains with butchers for bits of offal which almost dogs would refuse. He succumbed alone and unattended on Tuesday to an attack of apoplexy. The district inspector of police came to verify the death, having been summoned by the neighbors, and he had just drawn up his report and was going away when he knocked over a rickety old table, out of the drawer of which several rouleaux of gold fell on the floor. Surprised beyond measure the officer poked about the wretched abode and found in various hiding-places sums of gold and silver amounting in the aggregate to £4,000 sterling. With these were numerous securities and bonds, which enable the authorities to make a tolerably accurate estimate of the value of Pere Denizot's succession, the heirs, assians and executors of which must be the State, as the old miser is supposed to leave no heir.—Pall Mall Gazette.

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When "Jenny June" Croly took hold of Godey's Lady's Book, it was a happy day for that famous publication. Under its new and spirited management, Godey's which came in its one hundred and fifteenth volume, has renewed its youth, putting on vivacity, vigor and sparkling attractiveness, which places it among the leading magazines of the country, and entitles it to increased favor.

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ROYAL BAKING POWDER

Absolutely Pure.

A Difficulty About Fines.

The Barrie Gazette states that on Saturday morning last after the police magistrate had imposed a fine upon a violator of the Scott Act, Mr. Bird, town treasurer, informed the magistrate that he would be instructed to demand the fine in this and every other case for the violation of the Act paid over to him as treasurer of the town. The magistrate in reply stated that his instructions were to pay all fines over to the county treasurer and refused to accede to the request. The treasurer replied that in accordance with the police magistrate's own admission he was acting here in the capacity of police magistrate for the town of Barrie and not in any sense as a police magistrate for the county, and that the town held him personally responsible for the payment of the fines. To this the police magistrate made no reply, other than that he was carrying out his instructions.

He Tallied One that Time.

Stopping at a certain hotel, a commercial traveller having retired to rest, became unpleasantly conscious that his bed clothing was anything but properly aired. He jumped up in a rage stuffed the offending sheet up the chimney, and rolled himself in the blankets. Some twelve months afterward his travels brought him to the same hotel. When shown up to his room the chambermaid scrutinized him rather closely and then said:

"Dear me, sir, you are the same gentleman! Do you know a most curious thing happened when you were here last!"

"What was that?" he asked.

"Why," she said, "the sheets disappeared, and we could not think what became of them."

"Oh, indeed!" he replied. "Then get me my bill directly; you've not had a fire in this room since, or you would have found your sheets—where all damp linen ought to be—up the chimney!"

The distressing paleness so often observed in young girls and women, is due in a great measure to a lack of the red corpuscles in the blood. To remedy this requires a medicine which produces these necessary little blood constituents, and the best yet discovered is Johnson's Tonic Bitters. Price 50 cts. and $1 per bottle, at Watson's drug store, Milton.

It is insisted by Dr. Dukes, in his "Health a School Considered in its Mental, Moral and Physical Aspects," that medical thought should guide parents and schoolmasters in all questions relating to the management and education of children throughout their whole school career.

On July 23rd a body of about 40 young men, followed by 19 carts, bearing women and old men, and luggage, passed through Tralee to the railway station, on their way to America. They marched in military fashion, and shouted "God save Ireland! We won't have Coercion."

The tenants on the Ponsonbyl estate in Ireland have engaged a civil engineer to supervise the construction of works of defence in preparation for expected evictions. Barricades are being erected and trenches and drains made, and in case of emergency the farms will be flooded from a bog.

The pecuniary liabilities of the Toledo, Peoria & Western Railway on account of those killed and wounded in the accident on its road are estimated at $600,000. Half of this amount would no doubt supply stone culverts and earth embankment in place of every wooden trestle on the road. Safety is the best economy.

A special committee appointed by the War Office to examine and report upon the small arms in use in the army has decided that the calibre of the military rifles should be reduced, and the decision will have the effect of discarding 100,000 Martini-Henry rifles, some of which have not yet been issued from the arsenals.

TORONTO, Aug. 18.—Mathew McMahon, of Preston, Nebraska, arrived at the Union station this morning, on route for Peterboro'. While waiting for his train he made the acquaintance of a gentlemanly young man, who said his name was Stewart, banker, of Port Hope. They became very friendly and Steward asked McMahon for the loan of $50 till the express office opened when he would be able to get some money that was lying there for him. McMahon foolishly did so, and now the detectives are hunting for Steward.

A decided innovation in choirs has been introduced in St. Luke's church, Birmingham, England. For some time past the choir—ladies' and men's voluntary—has been situated in the gallery at the west end of the church. Rev. W. B. Wilkinson, the vicar, feeling the inconvenience of this arrangement, desired to remove it to the chancel. This necessitated the introduction of surplices, and as a ladies' surpliced choir is a new thing in the midlands, or in fact out of London, some natural hesitation existed as to the result of the experiment. The ladies' surplices are said to be exceedingly tasteful, consisting of Scotch lawn with plaited backs. Purple velvet cays complete the attire.

THE CROPS IN THIS AND NEIGHBORING COUNTIES—A correspondent of the Hamilton Times has the following estimate of the crops in the districts named:—Having travelled over a large portion of Wentworth, Brant, Waterloo, Wellington, Huron and Perth, I find by actual contact the report to be as follows: Wheat below the average, under twenty bushels per acre, and where one field reaches thirty or over, ten fail to reach twenty. The grain is small, but weighs pretty well. The Democrats seems to give as good satisfaction as any otoer kind, being small in the straw and not so liable to rust. In some parts of South Dumfries, the Michigan Amber, formerly a favorite on the rolling land, has gone back on its record, being badly wintered and rusted. Oats are very small in quantity and are likely not to reach more than 30 bushels per acre, notwithstanding the report of from 50 to 60." The thresher's bushel is less liable to mistakes than the average estimates, or guessing system. Barley is a poor yield as a rule, and the grain is small, a sufficient guarantee in itself of a short crop. Peas are about half a crop, on an average running from 5 to 15 bushels per acre. Hay, generally speaking, is an excellent crop, a good quality, and the average tonnage per acre is an excess of last year, although some of the old meadows gave a poor yield. Potatoes, as a general thing, are a shorter crop than any previous, year for some time, being both few in number and small in size, and consumers can count on paying a good price. The fall apples are fairly plentiful but the winter fruit are certainly below the average. Pasture is very poor, and in many places the farmers are feeding the stock.

McLEOD, ANDERSON & CO.

Have quite a large stock they are anxious to get rid of it; and if prices are an object, which should be, we have cut down a number of lines in summer goods, which we are offering at extraordinary low prices.

SUMMER

Mantles —AND— **Jackets,**

IN SILK AND CLOTH.

Great Drives, from 50c. up.

Summer Millinery.

We are cutting to the bone—Hats from 5c. up, Feathers, Ribbons, Onaments, and all kinds of Millinery,

EXTRAORDINARY LOW.

PARASOLS

being cleared out regardless of cost.

A LINE OF

DRESS GOODS —AT—

10c., worth 25c.
15c., worth 30c.

An immense stock of magnificent Dress Goods very cheap.

Muslins & Laces

FOR DRESSES,

from 6c. per yard up.

Check Dress Silks, 25c.

Checked all pure Silk Dress Silks, 35c., worth 60c.

A line of Black & Colored Satin Merveileaux, 60c. and 75c., worth $1 and 1.25.

Black Gros Grain, 75c., worth $1.25.

PRINTS,

from 5 and 7½c., worth 10 and 12½c.

We are going to cut goods to the bone to reduce our stock.

Inspection Respectfully Invited.

REMEMBER OUR

Millinery, Dressmaking —AND— **Tailoring**

DEPARTMENTS.

GREAT DRIVES IN

GINGHAMS,

Seersuckers & Crinkles.

Georgetown, June 22, '87.

FARMERS!

For Reapers and Mowers, use

LARDINE MACHINE OIL

It is guaranteed not to gum and will out-wear all other Machine Oils. For Binders it has no equal.

Sold in Milton only at

Johnson & Zealand's New Hardware Store.

Sole Manufacturers—McColl Bros. & Co., Toronto. 446m.-

BOOTS & SHOES

THOS. WILSON

(Successor to Chas. Niehaus)

is receiving daily a splendid stock of Men, Women & Children's Boots and Shoes, for Spring and Summer wear.

These goods are made by the best manufacturers in the Dominion, and will be sold at lowest possible prices. Boots and Shoes made to order. A perfect fit and first-class stock and workmanship guaranteed. Sen l your repairs.

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON

Thos. Wilson

Treasurer's Sale of Lands

IN ARREARS FOR TAXES

In the TOWN of MILTON,

COUNTY OF HALTON.

TOWN OF MILTON, } To Wit. } By virtue of a Warrant issued by the Mayor of the Town of Milton, bearing date the thirtieth day of March, A. D. 1887, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the lands as hereinafter mentioned, being in the said Town of Milton, together with my costs; I therefore give notice that, unless the said arrears of Taxes due be sooner paid, I shall on Tuesday, the Fourth day of October, A. D. 1887, at the hour of One o'clock in the afternoon, in the Court House, in the said Town of Milton, proceed to sell by Auction so much of the said lands as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and lawful costs.

ALL THE UNDERMENTIONED LOTS ARE PATENTED.

LANDS, WHERE SITUATE.	BLOCK.		ARREARS.	TREAS. COM.	COSTS.	TOTAL.
EAST WARD.						
South of Main Street	8	15	87 73	$0 29	$2 10	$10 12
South of Pine Street	10	N ½ 11	5 39	13	2 10	7 62
" " "	10	N ½ 12	5 39	13	2 10	7 62
South of Pearl Street	15	S. E ¼ 6	5 35	13	2 10	7 58
South of Pine Street	10	15	3 35	8	2 10	5 53
North of Pearl Street	14	E ½ 7	1 67	4	2 10	3 81
" " "	19	E ½ 2 3	1 79	4	2 10	3 93
NORTH WARD.						
South of Mill Street	4	28	5 40	13	2 10	7 63
West of Martin Street	10	3	8 66	20	2 10	10 96
" " "	10	4	7 48	19	2 10	9 77
" " "	10	1	7 48	19	2 10	9 77
SOUTH WARD.						
East of Bronte Street	1	1	4 09	10	2 10	6 29
" " "	1	2	4 09	10	2 10	6 29
" " "	2	3	1 18	3	2 10	3 31
" " "	2	4	1 18	3	2 10	3 31
North of Mary Street	4	2	26 24	66	2 10	29 18

Treasurer's Office,
Milton, 23rd June, A. D. 1887.

(Sgd.) W. L. P. EAGER,
Treasurer.

HARDWARE.

BARB WIRE. BARB WIRE.

FOR FINEST BRANDS

READY MIXED PAINTS, OILS,

White Lead, Varnishes, Japans,

Binder Twine, Annealed Wire, Wove wire Fencing, Nails, Hinges, Glass, Garden Rakes, Hoes, Spades, Forks,

AND SHOVELS.

STEVENSON'S POST HOLE AUGERS.

Artists' Canvas, Millboards, Brushes, Tube Colors, Palletts and Placques

LACROSSE GOODS.

Genuine Pebble and Adamantine SPECTACLES.

SPECIAL PRICES TO FARMERS INTENDING BUILDING.

GO TO Johnson & Zealand,

SOLE AGENTS FOR LARDINE.

NEWS ITEMS.

Teemer defeated Hanlan on Toronto bay on Saturday.

A fatal stabbing case occurred near Prescott on Friday.

Bishop Perry, of Iowa, is unlikely to accept the Nova Scotia bishopric.

Bishop Perry, of Iowa, has been elected to the vacant bishopric of Nova Scotia.

The diocese of Saskatchewan has been divided and a new diocese (Calgary) erected.

The Jacques Cartier Bank, Montreal, was victimised on Tuesday to the extent of $25,000 on a bogus cheque.

The petition for the repeal of the Scott Act in Bruce was deposited in the Sheriff's Office at Walkerton on the 9th inst.

A despatch received from Attorney-General Mowat indicates that he will probably remain in England for several weeks yet.

An attempt was made to wreck a train conveying Messrs. Schreiber, Pottinger and Archibald on an official trip through Nova Scotia.

The Hamilton City Council accepted the plans of James Balfour, architect, of that city, for the new City Hall, to cost at least $100,000.

Three more deaths have occurred in connection with the Chatsworth disaster and some six or seven of the injured are likely to die.

The British Government will have to abandon some of its measures in consequence of departure of many Conservative members.

John S. Rielly, employed in a stove foundry at Albany, N. Y., lay down to sleep in an oven, on Saturday morning, and was baked to death.

The Russians are forming cantonments at Little Karghazoli, near Sarikal, south of Sighnai. The railway from Chardjui to Bokhara is nearly completed.

Prof. Adolf Puntsch, of Kiel University, who was a member of the Herman polar expedition of 1869, was accidentally drowned while sailing in the Kiel harbor Monday.

Teemer outrowed Hanlan at Toronto on Saturday, and Hanlan leave to-day for Australia, where he will row Beach for the championship of the world.

James Reynolds was taken from jail at Leon, Iowa, by masked men and hanged to a neighboring bridge. He was accused of criminally assaulting a little girl.

Adolph Zenneke, editor of the New Orleans Mascot, was shot while ejecting from his office a young man who had called to demand the retraction of an alleged gross libel.

OUR CLUBBING LIST.

	Regular price.	With Champion
Weekly Globe.	$1.00	$1.75
" Advertiser	1.00	1.75
Harper's Magazine	4.00	4.20
" Weekly.	4.00	4.20
" Bazar,	4.00	4.20
" Young People	2.00	2.65
Scientific American.	3.20	3.50
" Supplement	5.00	5.10
" and Supplement	7.00	7.00
National Live Stock Journal	2.15	3.00
Canada Farmer,	1.00	1.70
Canada Medical & Surgical Journal,	3.00	3.00
American Agriculturist,	1.50	2.15
Godeys Lady's Book	2.00	2.50
Rural New Yorker with seed prelums	2.05	2.80
Lippincott's Magazine,	3.00	325
Eclectic Magazine,	5.00	5.00
Art Interchange,	300	3.35
Demorest's Monthly	2.00	2.50
Rural Canadian,	1.00	1.70
Daily Witness	3·00	3.50
Weekly Witness	1.10	2.00
Toronto Daily World	3.00	3.00
Century Magazine	4.00	4.00
St. Nicholas	3.00	3.50
Scribner's Magazine	3.00	3.50

The Porte has sent a circular to the powers, asking their advice as to the course to be taken by Turkey towards Bulgaria, in view of Prince Ferdinand's action.

Two samples of new Scottish oats were disposed of in Edinburgh Corn Exchange on the 27th ult. It is many years since new oats were on sale there at such an early date.

Bordeaux, France, has been visited by a hurricane, which destroyed an enormous amount of property. The storm caused the collision at Areschon of two excursion trains. Several cars were wrecked and seventeen persons were injured.

During last month only fifteen vessels, of 8760 tons, were launched on the Clyde. The trade for this period was almost a parallel with that of the same month in 1879, when work on the Clyde shipbuilding yards was at the lowest point.

POLICE MAGISTRATES.—The ordinary Justice of the Peace is being gradually wiped out, but unfortunately by men no better than himself. In Mount Forest, Harrisston, and Palmerston, a Justice of the Peace will soon be extinct, like the Doctor, if the commissions issued to P. M. Lowes are similar to those given to other Police Magistrates. In each of these towns there ought to be a properly qualified Police Magistrate, with full knowledge of the law of evidence, and appointed for the repression of all and not of a particular crime. Elora and Salem haven't yet reached the dignity of townhood, and so have not been deprived of the privilege of administering the law through their Reeves.—Guelph Mercury.

D. BUTCHART,

GROCER & CONFECTIONER

ICE : CREAM : IN : SEASON

Roper the Baker to the Front

Gang down to Roper's and get some cakes,
Some buns and shortbread and some bakes,
For a'thing o' the kind he makes,
And set our table cheery O.

Plain and Ornamental Cakes of every description for the Holidays. Please send in your favors early. Orders from the country, to ensure prompt attention, should be in not later than December 15th.

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MERCHANT TAILOR

—MILTON,—

has a splendid assortment of Canadian and Imported Tweeds, Worsteds, Meltons, &c., &c., and can supply his patrons with clothing inferior in material and finish to none. His prices, too, will be found to be remarkably low considering the quality of the goods he sells.

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CAMPBELLVILLE Woolen Mills

I will pay cash for good, clean merchantable Wool, and for ordinary in half cash and half trade. Strong, coarse, burry and unwashed wools only in trade or in pay for work.

I have a large stock of goods to choose from, consisting of Cotton Shirtings, Denims and Cottonades; also Fine Grey Flannels, Check Flannels, Grey Unions and Woolen Dress Goods.

I have also a full line of Summer and Winter Tweeds from 45c. to yd. And I have a good assortment of Sheetings, Blankets, and Horse Blankets all double width; have also a large variety of Yarns, all colors, made of pure Wool, as I use no substitutes for Wool (a boast which few millowners can make) so that you can depend on good sound Yarns or any other goods you may be manufactured, and always from your own wool when desired. Carding, Spinning, Weaving well and promptly done. Give us a call and you will be satisfied to be dealt with. ☞ The highest possible price allowed for all kinds of Wool.

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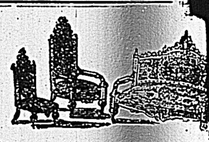

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