MR. O'BRI

Disgraceful City

WOODLUMS O

The Dublin Fred

REFUSE EN

Various Versions for Thinks the Him—He Tell World—What Relate—Great Row in House

It was generally paid yesterday at Mr. Kilbride woul ing. Mr. O'Brien a lively experie had been out driv is fully recorded. time returned to Kilbride, J. A. M Cahill dined toge out from the Yor to take a walk. M each side of Mr. (ing Mr. Kilbride

When they rea ing of sympathiz and started to foll edged the greati few yards in rep as he was only g complied with th

But a large cr there, evidently they called it. escort walked a street, followed t part, composed crushed and cr almost shoved o At King and B with hoots and throwing of s O'Brien and his ing their small But they were was continued. hit in the chest splashed over A

As the party riot grew intens sorts flew fast. north side of real trouble by Mr. O'Brien a ing several rep But the only of M. Wall, the A York, and Scot with a stone w ing a severe sc the back. It b utes Mr. Wall not where he w back of the hou stopped to dod by. His head he lost his eye three times w jury. Mr. M stone hit he c

Mr. James C and Mr. J. A. who were all charge of Mr to Hospital attended to. Mr inter on. Mr House and w

In front of Labor Jetty a made a rush yells alone Sheer of Labor Mr. O'Brien hurriedly on stick to him and went on had got safe that were th in the do crowd rushe him to the about thirty pairs, and th outgoing ti But the mo straight ah right and le robed. Mr. Lab machines i about $500 city. The Toronto E

After ro O'Brien's h lane at the and in fron officers of t shelter w was in the They remai so and the door from to his room

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Mr. O'Br

After th was SW last the his wife 10 o'clock the Rosl hotel ha and sym their best ple who hotel that the doors had barri

After M awhile s kindly re bride c were wi hearse. I talked fo jury. M of the d

"Mr. M hotel ab stroll th friend's people of the Bu folks c given a cast wa a great of a th round-a boys. the fin thrown those on few pel get in b Bay-st was hal play. immof. W riotous To hol and V really To th them. and a with k knock duckit along steps ate A came in the man h crowd make adequ "Dr "that again "Oh Bet The Mr. Bet to be p stom the n none my my mu much sixt Y and tere it is shot wh hos of t wa wa m

THE CANADIAN CHAMPION

MILTON, AUGUST 4, 1887

THE shebeen business is reported to be booming at Acton and to be carried on as openly as it is here. If our ex-M. P. will pay Acton or Milton a visit and inquire into the actual state of affairs, he will have no excuse for any more such yarns as that with which he is credited by Mr. Skinner, the English prohibitionist.

WOULDN'T it be a good idea for the promoters of the waterworks scheme to come to some kind of an understanding with the parties entitled to compensation for right of way before the 22nd inst., when the vote will be taken on the by-law providing for the issue of the debentures? If the ratepayers have explained to them exactly what the scheme is likely to cost they will be more likely to support it than they will if they are asked to vote in the dark.

THE Beak and the Bouncer are virtuously indignant that there should be an agitation to put the county to the needless expense of a vote on the repeal of the Scott Act. It is easy to believe that the financial aspect of the question is what troubles them most, but not the financial loss to the ratepayers of the county. They feel that after the end of April next Halton is not likely to have any use for a partizan police magistrate or a woman-throttling, gun-carrying license inspector, and they don't like the prospect of being compelled to retire to their former obscurity, to lose the notoriety that is so dear to them, and, worst of all, to be deprived of the salaries that are paid them by the public for abusing the positions which they occupy.

ACTON SCOTT ACT CASES.

On Friday last, a correspondent informed us, License Inspector Brothers went to Acton, taking the G. T. R. from Georgetown. "Gallagher," the manager of the Crewson's Corners picnics, travelled by the same train. Gallagher is accused of keeping a shebeen Acton, and it is said that he had been at Brampton buying supplies, which he carried in a jug in a bag. Brothers was pointed out to him, and on alighting from the train at Acton he stepped up to the gallant inspector and asked him if it was possible to get a "nip" in the village. Brothers said he didn't know, but they might try, and the two separated. Shortly afterwards Brothers appeared at the door of Gallagher's alleged shebeen and was rather astonished when he saw his travelling companion sitting inside, evidently the proprietor of the place. Gallagher sternly forbade the inspector to enter, warning the latter that he had not a woman to deal with and threatening to annihilate him if he dared to go in. Billy didn't dare, but shied a summons, which the wind carried away, at Gallagher, and made for the other side of the street at a 2.40 gait, halting when at some distance and "sassing" the alleged shebeen man. The latter made further hostile demonstrations and Billy departed in a tremendous hurry. Summonses were then served on James Campbell, hotel-keeper, and his daughter, Maggie Campbell, one charge of violation of the Scott Act against each, and each being subpoenaed as a witness against the other. John Bennett, hotel-keeper, and Mrs. Bennett were also served with summonses as defendants and witnesses against each other, and K. Knowlton, an alleged shebeen-keeper, was presented with a similar document as defendant. A number of witnesses were served, one of them, a young man named Moore, of whom the gallant Inspector was probably afraid, receiving his summons at 11 p. m. from a daughter of Constable Easton. The next day, Saturday, was fixed for the hearing of the cases, but the Bouncer did not appear to consider it safe to remain in Acton over night and went to Georgetown, returning next morning with the police magistrate. In Gallagher's case several witnesses swore to having drank liquor on the defendant's premises, but there was no evidence of sale, and the beak did not pronounce judgment. Knowlton's case was not taken up and was apparently dropped. In Mr. and Mrs. Bennett's cases several witnesses were examined, but the result was disappointing. Neither of the defendants appeared to testify against the other, and the learned magistrate, with a great display of temper, adjourned both cases until Tuesday last, to be heard at Oakville, threatening to issue warrants for the arrest of the defendants. The cases against James Campbell and his daughter resulted similarly and were similarly adjourned. Mr. Shilton, of Georgetown, defended all the cases. The proceedings in the court were uproariously disorderly. Whenever a witness would swear to having drank pop, instead of contraband beverages, his evidence was greeted with cheers from the anti-Scotts and groans from prohibitionists, and the efforts of the police magistrate and the Bouncer to preserve the dignity of the court failed dismally. In the Bennett cases, the papers served on Friday, like so many of those drawn up by the autocrat of the "court of truth and righteousness," contained blunders that rendered them worthless, but new ones were issued and the defendants served a second time on Saturday morning. After the court it is said, Gallagher invited the Bouncer down to his alleged shebeen, telling him that if he had ten cents he could have a drink. Billy sulkily declined.

The adjourned hearing of the Acton cases came off on Tuesday at Oakville, when the only witness who appeared was the young man, Moore, served by the constable's daughter. He was examined in the case against Miss Campbell, but gave no evidence sufficient to give the magistrate an excuse for a conviction, and all the cases were again adjourned.

The Halton System in Dufferin.

Shelburne Free Press.

The Scott Act prosecutions are again booming in Shelburne. Last Friday Messrs. George Thomson, Robert Gillespie, and Robert Allen were served to appear this week for violating the Canada Temperance Act. The cases will be tried before Police Magistrate Grey, at Orangeville. The system of summoning witnesses in Shelburne begins to appear more like a persecution than a desire to convict the offenders. Everytime there is a case from Shelburne the editor of this journal is summoned as a witness, at the same time it is well known by everybody, even the sneaks who do the informing, that we do not taste intoxication liquors either in Shelburne or elsewhere. Would it not be well for a change to bring up some of our leading Scott Act men as witnesses. They know as much about it as we do.

Prohibition in Texas.

London Free Press.

The vote on prohibition in Texas the other day resulted in an overwhelming defeat for that measure. The majority in the count has gone steadily up, until seventy thousand has been reached, with eighty counties yet to hear from. It is expected that the total will show a complete rout of the prohibition party. And this is all the more significant in view of the fact that the issue was non-partizan. It was not made the shibboleth of either of the great political parties, but was fought out on its merits. The result proves that the people in that part of the world, while as temperate in their individual habits, perhaps, as any other, have determined not to be bound with the shackles of those who would dictate the nature of their meat and drink. It is not a tavern or liquor question exclusively, by any means. In "prohibition" a great principle is involved, which strikes at the liberty of the subject in more senses than that of liquor drinking. If one section of the people may impose their will upon another so far as to deny them the right to drink a glass of beer or cider when they feel thirsty, it is only one more step to set a gag upon them as to any other article of diet. Such a yoke will not be borne by any people gifted with the true spirit of independence. They will either coolly set it at naught, as is done in Maine and many of the so-called "Scott Act Counties" in Ontario, where liquor is sold without license or restriction in defiance of this enactment, or they will rise in their might, when opportunity arises, as the Texans have done at the polls, and shake off the incubus that has been sought to be thrust upon them. The result in Texas has been looked for with anxiety by other States in the Union, and is expected to have a powerful influence upon similar elections to come off in Tennessee in September next, and in Mississippi and some other Southern States at a later date. There is no doubt but that the Scott Act tyranny in this country has received a decided set-back lately, when it is seen how hard it is to enforce, how strong are the currents of opinion against it, and how systematically it is defied, even when carried by large majorities. It is probable that were a popular vote to be held at the present time throughout the length and breadth of Ontario, on the square issue, unbiassed by political considerations, the Scott Act would be wiped off the statute book as an odious attempt upon the liberties of a free people.

The Attorney-General's Promise.

Toronto World.

Another matter that is causing a great deal of complaint among those opposed to the Scott Act has regard to the Police Magistrate of Halton. Complaints have been frequently made regarding this gentleman's administration of the law, and twice at least deputations from Halton waited upon Attorney-General Mowat and complained that the Magistrate had discharged his duties in a cyrannical and illegal manner. The Attorney-General told them that if the complaints alleged were stated in a petition he would order an investigation of the charges. This was months ago. The petition was accordingly prepared and transmitted to the Government, and a copy of it sent to the magistrate. The charges embrace twenty-one counts of a serious character, embracing even such counts as refusing to take down essential evidence when such evidence was in favor of defendants, and of convicting without evidence. The World thinks that immediate action is necessary in the interests of justice and good government.

Another Raid Into Canada.

Fort McLeod Gazette.

Gabriel Dumont, after his starring tour through the United States with the Wild West Show, made straight for Montana, and is now engaged in the (for him) congenial pursuit of stirring up trouble among the half-breeds, of which there are a great many in Montana. Dumont is turning his whole attention to collecting money and arms, and he seems to have been fairly successful. One method of raising moneysis by the sale of his photographs, for which he gets $2 each. He has 1,400 rifles and a good amount of money collected. He has received a great deal of financial aid from Lower Canada, and French-Canadians in Montana are lending him a helping hand.

Red River Valley Railway.

Mr. Haney, the contractor, has just returned from his trip over the Red River Valley Railroad. He found the work progressing most satisfactorily, and that about thirty-eight miles had already been graded. From present prospects the grading will be completed to the boundary by the 25th of this month. Crops along the line are looking excellent. Mr. Hugh Ryan, of Toronto, whose firm has the contract to build the road, says that it will be only 65 miles long, will run over a perfectly level country, will cost less than $1,000,000, that part of the iron is afloat, that some of the cars are under way, and that he and his partner hope to finish the job this season.

Defeat of Prohibition in Texas.

GALVESTON, Aug. 6.—The complete returns received by the Galveston News from 415 voting precincts in the state, including all the larger cities and places convenient to telegraphic transmission, and a few complete country returns, place the total majorities for state prohibition at 5504 and the total majorities against state prohibition at 60,305. This indicates that the amendment has been defeated in the whole state by over 100,000 votes.

Nice Doings at Norval.

Streetsville Review.

A terrible fight took place in a certain tavern in Norval village one day last week. Considerable blood was shed and much damage done to the furniture. Norval is in Halton, and Halton is a Scott Act county.

The Oakville Painter's Imitators.

The Palmerston Telegraph says:—"There was more sabbath-breaking than drunkenness in Palmerston on Sunday last, some of the worst offenders against the fourth commandment being amongst the most prominent workers for the Scott Act.

Or the Scott Act Farmer Who Grows It!

Erin Advocate.

Is the bartender who is paid by his employer, fair and honest wages to sell beer, doing worse than the grainbuyer who is paid 2c. per bushel to buy the barley for the beer?

Prohibition in Maine.

Voice, the New York Prohibition organ, has made an investigation and reports ninety saloons in Bangor, in prohibition Maine. The logical bearing of this information precludes the necessity of comment.

Lowville.

Quite a number of the farmers around here are through with their harvest, and the most of those who are not already through will probably finish this week.

The mayors of Lowville and Highville have proclaimed Saturday next, Aug. 13th, a civic holiday.

Mr. A. Whitley intends taking advantage of Rev. D. Hunt's excursion to the Northwest on the 17th inst. to visit his son Mr. Geo. Whitley, of Broadview, Man. May he have a safe and pleasant journey.

Mr. A. Mitchell, who composed one of the rescuing party who were looking for the missing foreman of the Model Farm a few weeks ago, was unfortunate in the leg, as stated by your correspondent, the fork having run into his armpit, parallel with his left lung, and had it been a little lower down might have resulted fatally. He has, however, almost recovered from the wound, as well as the fright.

Four of our most prominent citizens, including the proprietor (the great Scott Act agitator and carrier of the "ardent"), took a trip over to the neighboring village of Carlisle one day last week. They had apparently while there been imbibing rather freely, for on their way home they commenced running horses, and the occupants of the front buggy being quite incapable of handling their fiery steed, it ran away, throwing them violently to the ground. It was thought for a while that one of them was dead, but his companion, who seems to have been the soberest and least hurt of the two, by applying a little liniment and singing a hymn over him, finally restored him to consciousness. The horse was caught near this village before doing any damage and taken back to its owner, who was again put into the buggy and driven home. Although they received a heavy fall, neither sustained any injury beyond a few slight scratches about the head and face.

As Barnum is coming to Hamilton next month, I think it would pay him to visit Lowville, as he might be able to secure what I think is one of the greatest monstrosities of the 19th century. In appearance, it looks like a rhinoceros without a horn, or a pig without ears, and is the property of our pound-keeper, although of late it has been taken care of and fed by the mayor of Lowville, who thinks it is a "purty good" specimen of what starvation will reduce an animal to.

What has become of Marcus? We miss his spicy contributions to your columns very much, and would like to hear from him once more. —LILY.

Against Prohibition.

LAST week the Catholic Temperance Union of America held its annual convention at Philadelphia. There were present over five hundred delegates, including many prominent clergymen and representative laymen. A number of strong temperance resolutions were passed, but a resolution in favor of prohibition was voted down by two hundred of a majority. The chief argument against prohibition was its alleged failure in those states of the Union which had given it a trial. Father Doran of Rhode Island asserted that it has been productive of evil in that state. The tone of the majority of the delegates was decidedly in favor of moral suasion and high license.—World.

Nice "Temperance" Officials.

Toronto Mail.

In Newcastle, N. B., a violator of the Scott Act pleaded guilty. When asked to indicate the persons to whom he had sold liquor contrary to law he named the magistrate who was trying him, the attorney who was prosecuting him and the constable who had summoned him. The case was so conclusive that the magistrate promply inflicted a fine of $50.

The Boom at the "Soo."

SAULT STE. MARIE, Aug. 8.—There is great rejoicing here over the commencement of work on the ship canal. Tonight the city is illuminated and great bonfires are burning in the principal streets. A large number of American capitalists and millionaires are here, and the prospects are good.

LONDON, Aug. 7.—The police here claim that Mooney, who attempted to destroy the British steamer Queen at New York, is well known to them. According to their story Mooney, who was formerly known as "Moorhead," caused the explosions at the Glasgow gas works in 1882, when several of his accomplices were imprisoned, and was also concerned in the explosion at the Local Government and Times offices. For this latter outrage an accomplice named McDermott was imprisoned. Mooney then escaped to America and subsequently attempted to blow up the Parliament Buildings at Ottawa with dynamite. For this purpose he made use of funds which had been supplied him by O'Donovan Rossa to be used in England. Mooney then got into hot water with the Canadian Fenians. Recently he has experimented with dynamite near New York. The blowing up of the Andre statute, the police assert, was Mooney's work. They claim that he is affecting the insanity dodge.

BELFAST, Aug. 7.—A party of Nationalist members of the Order of Foresters went to Port Rush to-day on two special trains. They were met at Port Rush station by a crowd of Orangemen and a sharp fight ensued. Bottles and stones were used as missiles. All the decent inhabitants, and the English and American tourists, who happened to be in the town, took refuge in houses. The disturbance was finally quelled by the police. While returning to Belfast, the Nationalists were stoned all along the line by Orangemen who had been informed of the riot at Port Rush. Nearly all the windows of the trains were broken. The Nationalists replied with bottles and pistols. A youth, who was standing on a bridge at Ballymony station when the train passed, was shot and has since died. A Presbyterian minister and a youth were wounded at Ballymena. When the trains arrived at Belfast there was further trouble, but the police soon restored order.

What the Watcher Saw.

I watched by the bed of a dying child,
As the fuel of life burned low;
And I caught a look in his dark eyes mild,
Which was not of this world below.

Such a far-away look, it seemed to me
As though a glance had been given
Of the pearly gates and the crystal sea
Of that brighter world called heaven.

And my soul was filled with a solemn awe,
And my heart was wrung with sorrow;
And we waited and watched and surely saw
That death would come ere the morrow:

And the change did come,—but so gently cam
That we scarce could see a quiver—
And our Norman was gone to be with Him
Who will love him and keep him ever.

—C. R.

These lines were composed on the death of Robert Norman Beaty.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the Rev. JOSEPH T. INMAN, Station D, New York City. 13-1yr.

Canadian Items.

Forest fires are doing much damage in Michigan.

Prohibition was defeated in Texas by 125,000 votes.

Regular trains are now running across the new bridge at Lachine.

The Canada Atlantic Railway Company is trying the electric light on cars.

The daily output of the coal mines at Lethbridge, N.W.T., is now about 250 tons.

The Ontario Teachers' Association commenced its annual convention on Tuesday.

Galt glories over Guelph because she has 30 electric lights, whereas Guelph has only 16.

There is likely to be a deadlock in the Nova Scotia Synod over the election of a bishop.

Reports come from Orangeville of a wild, hairy man seen running about in some wood near there.

Reports from all over the State of South Carolina show that the crops this year will be the finest ever gathered.

The police magistrate of Brant County threatens suit against the council unless they pay his salary immediately.

It is reported that Lieut. Governor Masson will withdraw his resignation and will accept six months' leave of absence.

A couple of Frenchmen engaged in a duel at Montreal on Saturday. As the pistols were loaded with blank cartridges nobody was hurt.

One hundred and six government aided immigrants sailed by the steamer Lake Winnipeg from Queenstown for Montreal, Saturday.

Ex-Mayor Wheaton of Detroit insulted the wife of Herbert O. Allen in the streets on Monday and was soundly thrashed by the husband.

Premier Mercier has refused to accept the apology tendered by Le Monde newspaper, and the libel suit will be proceeded with in September.

George Besaant, a farmer from near Goderich, was fleeced out of $18 by two confidence men at London, on Saturday, with a worthless cheque.

It is reported that whiskey is regularly smuggled into the camps at Bruce Mines, a cook at one camp being said to take in as much as $18 or $25 a night.

Mrs. Zealand, who was so terribly injured in the St. Thomas collision of the 15th of July, in which her husband and child perished, died on Saturday afternoon about half-past three o'clock.

A man named "Wess" Brimacombe of Bowmanville finisher at the Bowmanville Furniture Factory, jumped off the first Massey excursion train on its return from Newcastle on Saturday night and was killed.

There is a dispute about the body of the late Hon. A. Francis, U. S. Consul at St. Thomas, who died from injuries received in the late accident, Mrs. Francis wanting the remains sent to Victoria, B. C., while a son-in-law in New York has taken possession of them. The matter will probably go to the courts.

At 3 o'clock Sunday morning the house of H. F. Cumming, Victoria avenue, Chatham, was partially injured by a dynamite cartridge placed on the front doorstep by unknown parties. It blew out the front door and shattered the windows. No one was hurt. Two men have been arrested on suspicion.

The 74 Toronto saloon keepers who have lost their licenses are apparently determined not to submit without a struggle. Application will be made to the court for a mandamus ordering the City Council to show cause why the Flemming by law, under which they lost their licenses, should not be quashed as informal.

Frontenac County Council have decided to defend the Ontario Government's suit for $891.82, claimed on account of enforcement of the Scott Act. Other counties are likely to do likewise. Whoever else it may have harmed, the Scott Act has been a good thing for the lawyers. It has put money in enormous amount of litigation wherever passed.—World.

A colored barber named Green, belonging to Windsor, had a friendly sparring match at Brighton the other evening with another colored man, and knocked him down in the course of it. The unfortunate's sweetheart, who was standing by, thought the fun was in earnest, and whipping out a razor dealt Green a bad slash across the abdomen. She then escaped to Detroit

On Saturday morning Cornelius Donnelly tried to get on a moving G. T. R. train at Hamilton, but made a miscalculation, and fell down between the platform and the moving wheels. His right foot was run over and his body badly bruised by the accident. He would probably have been more seriously injured if the porter had not held him down until the train passed.

WATERTOWN, Aug. 8.—The United States customs inspectors are causing a great deal of excitement at Thousand Island Park, in St. Lawrence County by their efforts to stop the smuggling that has been going on there for some time past. Meats, vegetables, grain and other articles have been brought from Canada to the park in considerable quantities, without the payment of duties.

Liquor vendors, cotton mill owners, and all other manufacturers, may be robbers of the public, as The Globe avers them to be, but that does not prevent the Deacon from hunting them for patronage. The man who advertises the whereabouts of liquor, names its price and praises its quality has no right to hold himself better than the man who sells or drinks it. Such inconsistency is unbecoming a Deacon.—World.

Certain newspapers in this city which profess to be in favor of prohibition, hold that the Scott Act is a good thing out in the rural districts, where there is comparatively little drunkenness, but that it would be a hard thing in Toronto, where there is comparatively much drunkenness. Its passage here, you see, would cut off the patronage which they now squeeze out of the liquor traffic. Wise philanthropists!—World.

Three more Manitoba railway charters for the construction of lines to the boundary in competition with the C.P.R. monopoly, have been disallowed. But the news has not created much excitement in the Prairie Province. The charters were not being made use of, and furthermore, the Manitobans now know by experience that disallowance is only an empty threat. When they get ready to build the other roads, they will go ahead regardless of the sheet-iron thunder from Ottawa.—Toronto News.

Toronto News: During the South Renfrew election the Tories quoted the paragraph of Mr. McIntyre's address referring to reciprocity in "natural and other products," to show that he was not in favor of commercial union. Now that he is defeated, the Hamilton Stecatator asserts that his overthrow proves that the farmers are not being led away by "the insane cry of commercial annexation to the United States." The Tories took mighty good care not to raise that issue when they were talking to the South Renfrew farmers, all the same.

The Banff correspondent of The Calgary Tribune says:—Hon. Alex. and Mrs. Mackenzie are quartered at Dr. Brett's place near the hot springs. The ex-Premier takes the baths regularly and protests that they are doing him good. Of course it will be some time before their effects will appreciable, but he says he is feeling better and that is a great deal itself. It is singular the unanimity of sympathy that is expressed for the old man, and the great respect that is shown to him by everybody here. Mrs. Mackenzie is in excellent health and her bright, cheerful spirit make her the central figure in any company that may surround her.

Johnson's All Healing White Ointment.

The wonderful healing and soothing properties of the above named excellent salve, have been found by many that have used it to be most efficacious in the treatment of salt rheum, pimples, blotches, boils, ulcers, scalds, burns, chafings, etc. One trial will be sufficient to prove that what we claim for it is correct. For sale at 25 cents per box by Watson's druggist.

BY-LAW No. —.

To provide for the construction of Waterworks for the Town of Milton and for the issue of Debentures to the amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars therefor.

WHEREAS an engineer appointed for that purpose has reported that an abundant supply of water for the purposes of the said Town of Milton can be obtained from two springs, one arising upon the west half of lot number fourteen and the other rising upon the west half of lot number thirteen, both in the seventh concession in the New Survey of the said Township of Nelson, in the County of Halton, and it is expedient to construct, build and maintain waterworks in the said Town of Milton and in the neighborhood thereof, by conducting the said springs into a reservoir upon the said west half of said lot number fourteen and from thence to the said Town of Milton and by distributing the same therein through iron pipes;

And whereas there will require to be raised by way of loan on the credit of the said Town of Milton the sum of twenty thousand dollars for the construction of the said Waterworks;

And whereas it is desirable that the said debt shall be payable in thirty annual instalments of such amounts that the aggregate amount payable for principal and interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum in any year shall be equal as nearly as may be to the amount payable for principal and interest at the rate aforesaid during each of the other years of such period;

And whereas it will require the following sums to be raised annually in the several years hereinafter mentioned by special rate for the payment of the said instalments and interest on the said loan or debt:—

	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
In 1888.....	$ 800	$1000 00	$1800 00
1889.....	820	985 00	1805 00
1890.....	850	969 00	1299 00
1891.....	850	952 50	1802 50
1892.....	870	935 00	1805 00
1893.....	885	916 50	1801 50
1894.....	405	897 25	1302 25
1895.....	425	877 00	1302 00
1896.....	445	855 75	1300 75
1897.....	470	833 50	1303 50
1898.....	490	810 00	1300 00
1899.....	515	785 50	1300 50
1900.....	545	759 75	1304 75
1901.....	570	732 50	1302 50
1902.....	600	704 00	1304 00
1903.....	625	674 00	1299 00
1904.....	655	642 75	1297 75
1905.....	690	610 00	1300 00
1906.....	725	575 50	1300 50
1907.....	760	539 25	1299 25
1908.....	800	501 25	1301 25
1909.....	840	461 25	1301 25
1910.....	880	419 25	1299 25
1911.....	925	375 25	1300 25
1912.....	970	329 00	1299 00
1913.....	1020	280 50	1300 50
1914.....	1050	249 50	1299 50
1915.....	1125	177 00	1302 00
1916.....	1180	120 75	1300 75
1917.....	1235	61 75	1296 75

And whereas the amount of the whole rateable property of the said Town of Milton according to the last revised assessment roll of the said town is three hundred and fifty-six thousand nine hundred and fifty-four dollars;

And whereas the amount of the existing debenture debt of the said Town of Milton is the sum of twenty-three thousand eight hundred dollars, of which no part of the principal is due or interest is in arrear;

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the said Town of Milton,—

1. That the construction, building and maintaining of the said Waterworks by conducting the water of the said two springs by tile or iron pipes into a reservoir to be constructed upon the said west half of said lot number fourteen, and from thence to the said Town of Milton, and the distribution therein by means of iron pipes of a sufficient size for the requirements of the said Town of Milton, in accordance with and pursuant to the provisions of "The Municipal Waterworks Act, 1882," is hereby authorized.

2. That it shall and may be lawful for the Mayor of the said Town of Milton to raise by way of loan, from any person or persons, body or bodies corporate, who may be willing to advance the same upon the credit of the debentures hereinafter mentioned, a sum of money not exceeding in the whole twenty thousand dollars, and to cause the same to be paid into the hands of the Treasurer of the said Town of Milton for the purposes and with the object above recited.

3. That it shall and may be lawful for the said Mayor to cause any number of debentures to be made for such sums of money as may be required, not less than one hundred dollars, and not exceeding in the whole the sum of twenty thousand dollars, as in the preceding section mentioned, and that the said debentures shall be sealed with the seal of the said corporation and signed by the Mayor and countersigned by the Treasurer of the said corporation.

4. That the said debentures shall be made payable as follows, at the office of the Bank of Hamilton, in the said Town of Milton, and shall have attached to them coupons for the payment of interest at the rate and in the manner hereinafter mentioned, that is to say:

On the first day of Jan'y,	1889...	$800
" " " " "	1890...	820
" " " " "	1891...	830
" " " " "	1892...	850
" " " " "	1893...	870
" " " " "	1894...	885
" " " " "	1895...	405
" " " " "	1896...	425
" " " " "	1897...	445
" " " " "	1898...	470
" " " " "	1899...	490
" " " " "	1900...	515
" " " " "	1901...	545
" " " " "	1902...	570
" " " " "	1903...	600
" " " " "	1904...	625
" " " " "	1905...	655
" " " " "	1906...	690
" " " " "	1907...	725
" " " " "	1908...	760
" " " " "	1909...	800
" " " " "	1910...	840
" " " " "	1911...	880
" " " " "	1912...	925
" " " " "	1913...	970
" " " " "	1914...	1020
" " " " "	1915...	1050
" " " " "	1916...	1125
" " " " "	1917...	1180
" " " " "	1918...	1235
		$20000

5. That the said debentures shall bear interest at the rate of five per centum per annum from the date thereof, which interest shall be payable half yearly on the first days of July and January in each year, at the place where the said debentures are made payable.

6. That for the purpose of paying the said debentures, and for the payment of the interest so become due thereon, there shall be raised in each year during the continuance of the said debentures, or any of them, the sums following, that is to say,

In 1888.....	$1800	00
" 1889.....	1805	00
" 1890.....	1299	00
" 1891.....	1802	50
" 1892.....	1805	00
" 1893.....	1801	50
" 1894.....	1302	25
" 1895.....	1302	00
" 1896.....	1300	75
" 1897.....	1303	50
" 1898.....	1300	00
" 1899.....	1300	50
" 1900.....	1304	75
" 1901.....	1302	50
" 1902.....	1304	00
" 1903.....	1299	00
" 1904.....	1297	75
" 1905.....	1300	00
" 1906.....	1300	50
" 1907.....	1299	25
" 1908.....	1301	25
" 1909.....	1301	25
" 1910.....	1299	25
" 1911.....	1300	25
" 1912.....	1299	00
" 1913.....	1300	50
" 1914.....	1299	50
" 1915.....	1302	00
" 1916.....	1300	75
" 1917.....	1296	75

And that a special rate on the dollar upon the assessed value of all the rateable property in the Town of Milton over and above all other rates and taxes sufficient to produce in each year the sum above mentioned shall be levied and collected in each of the said years, that is to say from the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight to the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen both inclusive, unless the said debentures shall be sooner paid.

7. That the said sum of twenty thousand dollars when obtained shall be applied for the purposes above specified and accordingly to the true intent and meaning of this By-law.

8. This By-law shall take effect on, from and after the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven.

9. And it is further enacted by the said Municipal Council of the Town of Milton that the votes of Electors of the said Town of Milton qualified to vote thereon will be taken on this By-law by the Deputy Returning Officers hereinafter named on Monday, the twenty-second day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon and continuing until five o'clock in the afternoon, at the undermentioned places:—

North Ward, at the Town Hall, by Adam McKay, Deputy-Returning Officer.

South Ward, at the Court House, by William Panton, Deputy-Returning Officer.

East Ward, at Lyon's Hall, by Stephen Conway, Deputy-Returning Officer.

10. That on the twenty-third day of August next, at the Council Chamber, in the Town of Milton, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the Mayor shall appoint in writing, signed by him, two persons to attend to the final summing up of the votes by the clerk, and one person to attend at each polling place on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of promoting the passing of this By-law, and a like number on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of opposing the passing of this By-law.

11. That the Clerk of the said Municipal Corporation shall attend at the said Council Chamber at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon on the twenty-third day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, to sum up the number of votes given for and against this By-law.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the foregoing is a true copy of a proposed by law which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Milton, and which will be finally passed by the said Council in the event of the assent of the electors of the said town being obtained thereto, after one month from the first publication thereof in "THE CANADIAN CHAMPION," which will be on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1887, and that at the hour, day and place therein fixed for taking the votes of the electors the poll will be held.

A. G. NEDHAM,
Town Clerk.

Milton, July 28th, 1887.

If you want a stylish Hat, go to Treble's, cor. King & James Sts., Hamilton.

Photography

W. C. ADAIR

wishes to inform the people of Milton and surrounding country that he has rented the Photograph Gallary and business from Mr. S. Dice, formerly owned and carried on by Mr. Geo. A. Hemstreet, and has fitted it up with the latest appliances and improvements necessary to the production of

FIRST-CLASS WORK

Having had over eleven years experience in the business, and during that time having worked in a number of the leading galleries in Canada, also in Rochester and Buffalo, N. Y., he is prepared to turn out work that for harmony and style of position and beauty of finish, is not surpassed by any other gallery in the country.

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WE MEAN BUSINES

We are determined to reduce our immense st Prints at any sacrifice. We have 2,000 yards of fresh stylish Print of warranted color and best English mak we will slaughter off for 10c. a yard.

Every piece of these Prints is a bargain. Th well worth 12½c. a yard. They are sold at 12½c. a Canada. We will offer the entire lot of 2,000 yards a You'll strike such a chance to buy Prints once in a lif perhaps.

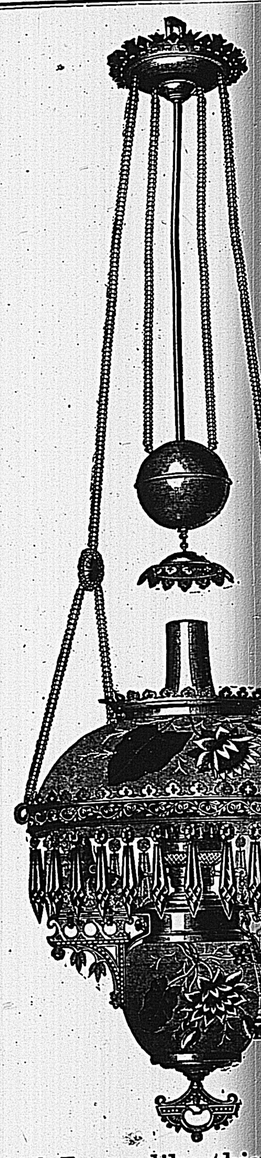
We have also cut down all our fine English and F Llama Prints to reeking prices. We want to clear e thing out before the first of July. We will make nothi Prints, but we will turn them over and our customers will get ben We will clear out our 15 and 17c. Llama Prints at 12½c. a yard. I something with a big drive in it. A cut-off of 8c. and 5c. a yard.

Some bright fine lawn Prints, woven like the fine Wool Delaines. A whole case lot of 100 pieces. New neat goods lovely dress. Just the thing for the warm days, there. A bargain beauty. Costing little, they make up fine and expensive looking.

We mean every word we are writing on Prints. want to sell. It is SELL and not profit we are after.

We will part with a big lot of Prints between now the 1st of July. We will part with them cheap. We would like customer we have in Halton to read these words. We mean them. will fulfil them to the letter.

McILWRAITH & McMASTER



A Lamp like this will cost

$6.75

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GO TO

Conway Bro

MAIN STREET, MILTON

—FOR—

STOVES, TIN-WARE, ETC.,

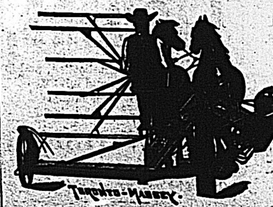
Eave-troughing a specialty.

Agricultural Implements.

FINLAY CHISHOLM

Having opened an Implement Ware-room in the new building Wallace's Hotel, Milton, is prepared to furnish all kinds of plements manufactured by the leading firms of the Province,

The Massey Steel Binder,
The Massey Mower,
The Toronto Mower,
The Massey Wood Frame Binder,
The Massey Rake,
Oshawa Drill,
Wilkinson Plows,



The St. Thomas Swivel Hay Fork and Carrier, and all kinds of other Implem

Binding Cord of all descriptions.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE NEW IMPLEMENT

LOCAL NEWS.

A new time table will go in the G.P.R. on Monday.

Place in Canada for Hats is King & James Sts., Ha-

Cameron was formally in- the pastorate of Knox riston, on Thursday.

first-class Hats cheap, go corner King & James Sts.,

the 9th Aug., half of a gold by finding same will be leaving it with John

H. Hulme and John Sped- ed last week from Calgary, there they spent a couple of

stock of Underwear and city, at Treble's, cor. King s., Hamilton.

lowers in this neighborhood as though the crop of plums the sample, owing to the ll be very small.

ies, Collars and Cuffs, all the les, cheap at Treble's, cor. nes Sts., Hamilton.

H. BIGGS, of Indianapolis, formerly of Milton, arrived turday and went to Omagh friends there a visit.

were lively times at the moon- sion last Thursday evening ton Beach, and over-indulg- the summer drinks sold there cause of several fights.

DESS MATCH.—On Monday next, gricultural grounds, a lacrosse will be played between the lle and Burlington teams lacrosse Club of Toronto championship of the County. second twelve of the Olympics. ed at 3.30 p. m.

TEMPERANCE QUESTION.—"Oc- aper No. 1" on "The Temper- stion" arrived too late for in- this week, but will appear