THE CANADIAN CHAMPION

MILTON, AUGUST 4, 1887

A great deal of abuse has been heaped upon Judge O'Conner for his ruling that county police magistrates have no jurisdiction in incorporated towns. That the learned judge was right has been virtually admitted by the Ontario Government in making the appointments of police magistrates for incorporated towns which were gazetted a few days ago.

IT is said that now that a poll is to be asked for on the repeal of the Scott Act a deal set will be made by the Beak and Bouncer on the hotel men of the county. Charges will be worked up or trumped up, and as many hotel keepers as possible will be prevented from voting by being driven from the county or lodged in jail until after the poll. Shebeen keepers, of course, will be unmolested, as they will, as they did before, almost to a man, vote against the repeal of the law on which their trade depends. They are among the most energetic workers of the so-called temperance party, they make no secret of their reason for supporting the Scott Act, and are as a class more consistent than their allies, many of whom, while making loud professions of hatred of the liquor traffic are heavy consumers of contraband intoxicants.

A choice sample of the rubbish dished up week after week to their readers by the so-called temperance organs was received last week through the post-office by one of the proprietors of the CHAMPION. It was headed "The Liquor Seller's Advertisement, Honest, as it should be," and was clipped, apparently, from the *Canada Citizen*. Across it was scrawled, in an almost illegible female hand, some comments not particularly complimentary to the recipient nor creditable to the writer, who omitted to sign her name. The CHAMPION begs to thank the fair sender for the interest she manifests in its benighted proprietors, but ventures to say that if she would expend a little of her superfluous energy in looking after the comfort of her husband, if she has one, and in getting him up square meals she would do more good and would reap a richer reward than she is ever likely to get for sending anonymous abuse to case-hardened anti-Scotts who only laugh at it.

IF the Ontario Government was right in undertaking the enforcement of the Scott Act in this Province and in appropriating the money of the people for the payment of Scott Act officials, the appointments made last week of police magistrates for incorporated towns where the Act is in force were justifiable, inasmuch as when the original appointments of county police magistrates were made it was supposed that they would have jurisdiction in incorporated towns. In the case of Halton, however, it might have been well to have waited until after a commission had investigated the charges of illiteracy, partizanship and abuse of authority recently made against Police Magistrate Young and laid before the Government. If these charges are true, and Young's accusers claim that they can prove them, our police magistrate should be removed, and the sooner it is done the better for the Government. Halton will never be regained from the Opposition by pandering to a few noisy cranks and fanatics.

A FISHY STORY.

Mr. J. M. Skinner, a leading English temperance worker, after spending several weeks in Canada, and enquiring thoroughly into the operations of the Scott Act, has written to the official organ of the United Kingdom Temperance Alliance his views of the measure. He reports favourably upon the Act, and declares that it is, on the whole, successful and satisfactory. A curious test of the efficiency of the Act appears to have been made in Halton. Mr. Skinner says:—"The police magistrate told us that during his experience over six years, he had examined 2,200 witnesses, and only one out of that number testified that drink was sold openly. In confirmation of this, Mr. McCraney, ex-M. P. for the county, offered us $100 if we could as strangers buy a glass of liquor anywhere in the county. We accepted the offer, promising if we got the money to divide it between the Canadian Alliance and the United Kingdom Alliance. We visited several places in the county and soon found that Mr. McCraney was quite safe in making the offer. We found comfortable quarters and good food wherever we went, but not liquor. In the town of Oakville, the leading hotel is now kept by a keen temperance man. In other towns we saw one or two suspicious-looking characters calling at some of the hotels, but we could never see any drink."—*Mail.*

Mr. Skinner's story is, on the face of it, fishy, very fishy, and the fishiest part of it is that relating to the "crucial test." Our ex-M. P. knows that hired whiskey detectives have repeatedly obtained liquor in this county, and that they got it as strangers, for it is obvious that they could not have got it otherwise. It is not likely, therefore, that he would make anyone the offer in good faith with which the Englishman credits him. The latter does not explain, either, how he satisfied himself that liquor could not be obtained by strangers, but it is safe to say that it was not by visiting whiskey dives and asking for it. If he had done this and had drank all almost any stranger could have got he would have made a fine "frightful example," and it would have taken him some time to recover sufficiently to claim his $100, if he ever recovered. If he really did ask for liquor and was refused it, his personal appearance must have been as much against him as that of the "one or two suspicious-looking characters" of whom he speaks.

With regard to Police Magistrate Young and his 2,200 witnesses it is sufficient to say that the question, "was liquor sold openly?" is not a regulation one in the "court of truth and righteousness," and that the one witness quoted must have volunteered the statement credited to him—if he made it at all. Our police magistrate might just as well have said in proof of the popularity of the Scott Act and his administration of it that none of the witnesses over told him that he was a disgrace to the bench, for though possibly none of them ever did so, a large proportion of them undoubtedly considered him anything but an ornament to it.

Mr. Skinner does not appear to have informed the United Kingdom Temperance Alliance that Mr. McCraney was an ex-P.M. because, having figured on as the rostrum as a Scott Act agitator along with the police magistrate and been over intimate with that worthy, he found that he had lost his grip on the electors of Halton and did not venture last winter to ask them to re-elect him; but perhaps the "English temperance worker" was not informed by Mr. McCraney of this fact.

Probably our ex-M.P. may resent our questioning the correctness of the story told by Mr. Skinner. If so, and if his offer was a *bona fide* one and a safe one, as Mr. Skinner says it was, he can cover the CHAMPION with confusion and boom the Scott Act and its administration by throwing his offer open to all strangers. Their inevitable failure to win his money will do all this. If Mr. McCraney feels inclined to venture on such a test the columns of the CHAMPION are open to him, and we shall be most happy to give it a free advertisement.

GEORGETOWN.

From our Special Correspondent.

Another fire in Georgetown at about 8 o'clock Sunday evening. A fire was discovered to be starting in the centre of a huge pile of paper wood (basswood) close to the 9th line and near the Paper Mills, and not withstanding the fact that hundreds of men were very soon on hand, ready and willing to do all they could, and did it too, the fire got, in an almost inconceivably short space of time, to be very nearly uncontrollable and the heat unbearable. The fire engine was of little or no avail on account of the scarcity of water. After a while, however, the men succeeded in making an opening through those large piles of wood and separating it in such a manner as to confine the burning parts from the great body yet untouched by the fire, but not until about 300 cords of very valuable material for the manufacture of paper were consumed, worth about $900. Everyone is satisfied that it was the work of incendiary, as the fire started about 3 feet from the ground. Mr. Barber was not at home at the time.

Another fire started on Monday morning in the roof of Buck's butcher shop, which was quickly put out, although before this was accomplished the roof was a complete wreck, and a great deal of damage done to the rest of the premises by fire and water. While I write, another fire, pretty extensive too, is in progress along the G. T. R., between the 7th line and the village.

Foreign Items.

The Russians are making further progress towards Afghanistan.

Sir George Trevelyan had a majority of 1,301 in the Bridgeton (Glasgow) election.

The Italian Ministry has been reorganised in consequence of the death of Signor Depretis.

Sir John Pope Hennessy is suing The London Times for libel, damages being set at £200 000.

A nephew of Jeremiah Sheehan, M. P. for Kerry, has been arrested under the Crimes Act.

The British Government has decided to grant a mail subsidy to the Canadian Pacific line.

The Gentlemen of Sussex defeated the Canadian cricketers at Brighton, England, Saturday, by nine wickets.

The Catholic Total Abstinence Union of America will begin their seventeenth general convention at Philadelphia to-day.

The election for the State and Legislative offices of Kentucky resulted in a Democratic majority of from 25,000 to 30,000.

Five persons were wounded and one killed in a fight at Cairo, Ill., on Tuesday between a negro excursion party and some whites.

Messrs. Erastus Wiman and Benjamin Butterworth are to address a Commercial Union meeting in Detroit on the 30th of this month.

The French steamer La Verite, while loading petroleum at Mogador, Morocco, was destroyed by fire. Six persons lost their lives.

Sir George G. Trevelyan had his watch stolen Friday night after the political meeting which he addressed at the Bridgetown division of Glasgow.

The town of Sassow, in Galicia, has been destroyed by fire. Fifteen corpses have been recovered from the ruins. Twenty children are missing.

Three young Nihilists murdered General Nesterowa's widow at Vladikavkas and stole 200,000 roubles. They were arrested while trying to escape to Turkey.

Special detectives made strict search of all the baggage belonging to passengers abroad the City of Richmond on her arrival at Queenston on Monday night.

Jay Gould and the American silver ring are stated to have founded an American Chinese bank, to control largely financial matters in the Celestrial Empire.

From 15 to 20 deaths from cholera are reported in Catania daily. The epidemic is spreading in the provinces. In Syracuse and Calabria the condition of affairs has improved.

The Canadian cricketers were defeated by the Sussex gentlemen on Friday and Saturday, commenced their match with the Marylebone eleven at Lords on Monday, and it resulted in a draw.

Queen Victoria is going to institute an order of literary merit, consisting of 20 knights, 50 knights companions, and 100 companions. Her Majesty is now taking counsel with a number of the leading literary people of England.

John Beal, a young boy imprisoned in Easton, O., on the charge of killing his mother, has confessed that he did so by shooting her and almost beheading her with an axe. No cause is known excepting jealousy of favoritism shown to his sister.

The Italian Government has accepted England's offer to mediate between Italy and Abyssinia. The members of the Cabinet after attending the obsequies of the late Premier Depretis at Stradilla, will go to Monzea to confer with the King.

In the Imperial House of Commons Sir James Ferguson, Foreign Under Secretary, announced that a correspondence is now progressing which, he hoped, would lead to a satisfactory settlement of the North America fishing dispute at no distant date.

The earthquake shocks of Monday night were felt generally in Southern and Central Illinois. At Jonesboro, a rumbling noise was heard, and the shocks were of sufficient force to cause picture frames to fall from the walls. The time was 12,40 a. m.

Advices from Riga state that the Nihilist Sergeyen, who escaped from Siberia and two others, named Bogadanor and Redelin, were surprised in a house in the forest while making dynamite bombs. The fugitives resisted the gendarmes, and a fight ensued, in which Bogadanor and Redelin were killed and Sergeyen was mortally wounded.

Charles Loomis, a Kansas City saloon keeper, has anchored a boat in the centre of the Missouri river, where he sells whiskey without paying license. He claims that no one can ascertain under what jurisdiction he does business. Several attempts have been made to convict him under the law, but each time he escaped on the ground of non jurisdiction. The Missouri Prohibitionists have made at least one man take water.

A despatch from St. Paul de Loando, dated July 31st, says: M. Janssed, Governor of the Congo Free State, writes from Borna that since receiving the news of the arrival of Stanley at the camp on the Arawhimi River, no messenger has arrived from the Upper Congo, and that the first news of any accident that may have happened to Stanley must be brought by the Congo State messenger, who is expected to arrive at Borna in a few days.

The manager and editor of *Le Monde* have been arrested on the charge of libelling M. Mercier.

Capital Punishment for a Breach of the Scott Act.

William Craig, the unfortunate victim of the Crown Attorney, is slowly sinking, and unless he is given immediate freedom, his life is only a matter of a few days. Since Wednesday at noon he has eaten nothing, and the only thing that will remain on his stomach is a little whiskey. In the evening his case became so desperate that the gaol officials thought his end had come. The gaol surgeon, Dr. J. M. Smith, was quickly summoned, and it was not until several hours had elapsed that he was able to leave the suffering man. Toward morning he rallied somewhat, but he is still in a very low condition. About noon Drs. Piper and Fraser, together with Dr. Smith, held a consultation over the man's condition, and after examining him sent a telegram to the effect that Craig was sinking rapidly, and that every hour of confinement would shorten his life. Mr. Macbeth, Craig's counsel, stated that this was one of the most inhuman cases he ever heard of. It is stated that Craig was paid thirty dollars the day of his arrest, the only money he had in the world, and it was to secure this to pay his costs that the arrest was ordered. When it was found that Craig was determined to serve the sentence out rather than leave his wife and child without the requisites to sustain life, Mr. Hutchinson went to Mrs. Craig and told her that her husband would not be released until the $30 was handed over to him, which under the circumstances he would accept as a compromise. His wife explained that if she did that all three of them would starve, and refused to give the money up. Mr. Hutchinson then ordered the arrest of Craig.

A telegram has been received from Mr. Burbidge, the Deputy Minister of Justice, stating that Craig's case would be laid before the Governor-in-Council at the earliest possible moment.—London Free Press.

TRAFALGAR COUNCIL.

TOWNSHIP HALL, June 23, 1887.

Council met pursuant to adjournment. The Reeve in the chair. The minutes of the last meeting were read and confirmed. Members all present.

Moved by Mr. Husband, seconded by Mr. Savage, that Matthew Clements, Esq., be appointed arbitrator on behalf of this municipality in the matter of forming a union school section with parts of Trafalgar, Esquesing, Toronto and Chinguacousy townships as set forth by the petition of Samuel Mason and others.—Carried.

Moved by Dr Buck, seconded by Mr. Cook, that $12.60 be paid to Amos Kindree, being the amount of his contract for building fence around Township Hall; 82 cents to Wm. McCraney for sawing timber for this municipality as per bill rendered, also $15.00 to Duncan McDonald for work performed in Road Division No. 21, as per order of Commissioners.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Savage, seconded by Mr. Husband, that the sum of $30 be paid to Wm. Patton for extra work performed and material furnished for improving the hill on the 8th line, in the second concession. S. D.S., as certified to by the commissioners, less $5 paid on last cheque.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Husband, seconded by Mr Cook, that $32 be paid to M. C. Wild for eight sheep and $2.66 to John Bennington for one lamb killed by dogs.—Carried.

Moved by Dr. Buck, seconded by Mr. Savage, that $13 be paid Robert McJennet, for building a culvert at Lot No. 6, 1st Line, N. S., as per bill.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cook, seconded by Mr. Husband, that $28 be paid to A. Robinson and Johnson as per contract on the Sixth Line, also $4 for work ordered by commissioners, and $29 for hauling stone, lime and sand for bridges on the First Line as per bill.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cook, seconded by Mr. Savage, that the treasurer be and is hereby instructed to pay the following sums, viz: $7.92 to Charles Brown for furnishing buckets, nuts and keepers for bridges near Drumquin; $22 to A. Ford for work on said bridges; $10 to T. Alderson for one piece of timber furnished and teaming in connection with the above bridges.—Carried

Moved by Mr. Cook, seconded by Dr. Buck, that $10 be placed in the hands of John Askin for the relief of William Rorke, he being an invalid and in destitute circumstances.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Savage, seconded by Mr. Husband, that the sum of $6 be paid G. E. Brown for building a culvert, drawing stone and digging a ditch in Div. No. 6 and 50 cents for stone furnished for the same.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Savage, seconded by Mr. Cook, that By-law No. , for the protection of sheep, read a first and second times, be now read a third time and passed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Husband, seconded by Mr. Savage, that the Reeve, Dr. Buck, J. K. Appelbe and Robert McJennett, be appointed a committee to prepare plans and specifications for a bridge on Dundas Street, spanning the River Sixteen, and that the clerk be instructed to advertise for tenders for the erection of a bridge, to be received on the ground on the sixteenth day of July.—Carried.

Moved by Dr. Buck, seconded by Mr. Husband, that the assessment roll as revised and amended be adopted and filed in the clerk's office.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Cook, seconded by Mr. Savage, that when this council adjourns it do stand adjourned until Saturday, July 16th, then to meet at the Sixteen bridge on Dundas Street at one o'clock p.m.—Carried.

J. K. APPELBE,
Township Clerk.

A Halton Scott Act Orator on a Bender.

Guelph Herald.

A man named Bell, a temperance orator from Georgetown or vicinity, has been painting Guelph a brilliant red during the past two days. He came off the midnight train on Sunday and was given lodgings at the Royal hotel. He was in a very helpless condition. He begged for whiskey and persisted so strenuously in his cravings that he was turned out. Then he went to the Wellington and has been invited to vacate the premises likewise too. The cause of temperance is not advanced very materially by the aid of such men, who are slaves of their own appetites and think everybody else is tarred with the same stick.

Drunks at Omagh.

Omagh was startled on Sunday morning by drunks. Their abusive language was shocking. The wives of these men deserve sympathy. What is our Scott Act coming to? I say it is more of a curse than a benefit. What is our Scott Act detective doing when he does not make visits to Drumquin and all such places in our vicinity? When we had the license law these men could be fined for selling liquor after hours; but of what use is the Scott Act? I have lived in Omagh for many a year, but never before witnessed such a sight on a Sunday morning.

AN EYE WITNESS.

Omagh, Aug. 1, '87.

Johnson's All Healing White Ointment.

The wonderful healing and soothing properties of the above named excellent salve, have been found by many that have used it to be most efficacious in the treatment of salt rheum, pimples, blotches, boils, ulcers, scalds, burns, chafings, etc. One trial will be sufficient to prove that what we claim for it is correct. For sale at 25 cents per box by Watson's druggist.

Police Magistrates.

The following is the list of police magistrates appointed by the Ontario Government for the enforcement of the Scott Act in incorporated towns:

Hugh Finlayson, of Paris, for Paris.
Richard Voostone, Kincardine, for Kincardine and Walkerton.
William Henry Young, of Oakville, for Oakville and Milton.
Dr. Richard Watson Williams, Clinton, for Cinton, Goderich, Seaforth and Wingham.
John D. Partridge, of the Township of Oro, County of Simcoe, for Barrie, Collingwood, Orillia and Penetanguishene.
Malcolm J. Campbell, of Watford, Lambton, County, for Sarnia and Petrolia.
Duncan Kippen, of Perth, Lanark County, for Perth, Almonte, and Smith's Falls.
Alexander McDougall, of Wallaceburg, for Blenheim and Bothwell.
James Daley, Napanee, for Napanee.
W. H. Spencer, of the Township of Monk, for Gravenhurst.
James Noble, Strathroy, for Strathroy.
W. A. Lowes, of Harriston, for Harriston, Mount Forest and Palmerston.

Emigration to Canada.

Two conflicting accounts reach us of emigration prospects in Canada. On the one hand Lord Blantyre has received a letter speaking in glowing terms of the success of 400 boys sent out from the Southwark Boys' Home, and on the other an emigrant writes to us from Winnipeg, saying that he has only obtained nine days work in six weeks, thereby earning £2. He complains of the defective organization of the Intelligence Bureau, which merely gave him the addresses of four farmers, and left him to write to them and arrange terms, and afterwards pay his fare, perhaps for hundreds of miles, if he got an engagement. Many men are now seeking work in Winnipeg; and, while bricklayers and plasterers often do well, he is of opinion that female domestic servants are the only class who have a good chance of success in Canada.—London Christian World.

Suit to Wind Up the Mormon Church.

SALT LAKE, U. T., July 30.—George S. Peters, United States Attorney for this Territory, to-day filed a suit against the trustees and managers of the Mormon Church in behalf of the United States to disincorporate the said Church and wind up its business. The petition alleges that the property is valued at $3,000,000. The petition asks the appointment of a receiver and that all books, papers, etc., belonging to the Church be turned over to him, together with all deeds, notes and property of every description. The court set September 15th for hearing the case. The petition sets forth the law of Congress prohibiting any Church from owning more than $50,000 worth of property, and the sections of the Edmunds-Tucker law of 1887 providing for the disincorporation of the Church of Jesus Christ, Latter Day Saints, by proceeding as here instituted, and escheating its property to the United States for the benefit of the Common School funds of the Territory.

SUNSTROKE.

ITS SYMPTOMS AND ITS BEST METHOD OF TREATMENT.

A physician gives some valuable and seasonable information about sunstroke. During the hot weather, when exposed to the sun, headache, giddiness, nausea and disturbance of sight accompanied with great prostration of the physical forces are indications that sunstroke is probably imminent. The best plan is to immediately retire to a cool place, and apply some simple restoratives or aromatic ammonia, and it can no doubt be prevented. Those exhausted with the heat have a cool, moist skin, a rapid weak pulse and respiration movement; and the pupil is dilated. Immediate unconsciousness frequently result from heat apoplexy, and is likely to prove fatal. Hot foot baths, bleeding, etc, are the best treatment in such cases. In thermic fever the patient is unconscious and convulsed, and the body temperature may be 10° above the normal state, and the skin is very hot. An application of ice to the head and cold water to the body is the best treatment, as the object is to cool the body immediately. It is always best to obtain medical advice in serious cases.

The Fishery Difficulty.

THE BRITISH GOVERNMENT HOPEFUL OF A SPEEDY SETTLEMENT.

LONDON, Aug. 1.—Sir James Ferguson announced in the House of Commons to-day that the communications between the Government of the United States and that of Great Britain showed that progress was being made in the matter of adjusting the Canadian fisheries dispute, and he added that the British Government were hopeful of obtaining a satisfactory settlement at no distant date.

The Prohibition Campaign in Texas.

NEW YORK, Aug. 2.—A despatch from Dallas, Texas, says the vote on the prohibition amendment to the state constitution takes place next Thursday. The canvas is waged hotly throughout the state. Upwards of fifty meetings a day are held. The preachers lead the prohibitionists, and have become quite adept in the use of campaign abuse. The antis estimate their majority at 25,000 to 50,000.

The Globe's "Temperance" Tactics.

From The Canada Citizen, July 22.

We are thankful for this assistance, but The Globe still keeps in its whiskey advertisements, and still neglects to denounce the persistent Scott Act violation that is winked at and permitted by many Ontario license inspectors.

Frontenac and the Scott Act.

KINGSTON, Aug. 1.—James Agnew, city solicitor, has been retained by the County of Frontenac to defend the suit brought by the Provincial Secretary to recover $862.81, two-thirds of the sum required for the enforcement of the Scott Act in the county.

The Charm of the Patent Inside.

Mount Forest Representative.

Stanley, the African explorer, has been heard from and is not dead as stated on an inside page.

ADVICE TO MOTHERS.—Are you disturbed at night and broken of your rest by a sick child suffering and crying with pain of Cutting Teeth? If so send at once and get a bottle of "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for Children Teething. Its value is incalculable. It will relieve the poor little sufferer immediately. Depend upon it mothers, there is no mistake about it. It cures Diarrhœa, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, cures Wind Colic, softens the Gums, reduces Inflammation, and gives tone and energy to the whole system. "Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup" for children teething is pleasant to the taste and is the prescription of one of the oldest and best female physicians and nurses in the United States, and is for sale by all druggists throughout the world. Price twenty five cents a bottle. Be sure and ask for "Mrs. WINSLOW'S SOOTHING SYRUP," and take no other kind. 1-y

BY-LAW No. —.

To provide for the construction of Waterworks for the Town of Milton and for the issue of Debentures to the amount of Twenty Thousand Dollars therefor.

WHEREAS an engineer appointed for that purpose has reported that an abundant supply of water for the purposes of the said Town of Milton can be obtained from two springs, one arising upon the west half of lot number fourteen and the other rising upon the west half of lot number thirteen, both in the seventh concession in the New Survey of the said Township of Nelson, in the County of Halton, and it is expedient to construct, build and maintain waterworks in the said Town of Milton and in the neighborhood thereof by conducting the said springs into a reservoir upon the said west half of said lot number fourteen and from thence to the said Town of Milton and by distributing the same therein through iron pipes;

And whereas there will require to be raised by way of loan on the credit of the said Town of Milton the sum of twenty thousand dollars for the construction of the said Waterworks;

And whereas it is desirable that the said debt shall be payable in thirty annual instalments of such amounts that the aggregate amount payable for principal and interest at the rate of five per cent. per annum in any year shall be equal as nearly as may be to the amount payable for principal and interest at the rate aforesaid during each of the other years of such period;

And whereas it will require the following sums to be raised annually in the several years hereinafter mentioned by special rate for the payment of the said instalments and interest on the said loan or debt:—

	Principal.	Interest.	Total.
In 1888	$ 800	$1000 00	$1800 00
1889	820	985 00	1805 00
1890	830	969 00	1299 00
1891	850	952 50	1802 50
1892	870	935 00	1805 00
1893	885	916 50	1801 50
1894	405	897 25	1802 25
1895	425	877 00	1802 00
1896	445	855 75	1800 75
1897	470	833 50	1803 50
1898	490	810 00	1800 00
1899	515	785 50	1800 50
1900	545	759 75	1804 75
1901	570	732 50	1802 50
1902	600	704 00	1804 00
1903	625	674 00	1299 00
1904	655	642 75	1297 75
1905	690	610 00	1300 00
1906	725	575 50	1300 50
1907	760	539 25	1299 25
1908	800	501 25	1301 25
1909	840	461 25	1301 25
1910	880	419 25	1299 25
1911	925	375 25	1300 25
1912	970	329 00	1299 00
1913	1020	280 50	1300 50
1914	1050	249 50	1299 50
1915	1125	177 00	1302 00
1916	1180	120 75	1300 75
1917	1235	61 75	1296 75

And that a special rate on the dollar upon the assessed value of all the rateable property in the Town of Milton over and above all other rates and taxes sufficient to produce in each year the sum above mentioned shall be levied and collected in each of the said years, that is to say from the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-eight to the year one thousand nine hundred and seventeen both inclusive, unless the said debentures shall be sooner paid.

7. That the said sum of twenty thousand dollars when obtained shall be applied for the purposes above specified and accordingly to the true intent and meaning of this By-law.

8. This By-law shall take effect on, from and after the first day of September, one thousand eight hundred and eight-seven.

9. And it is further enacted by the said Municipal Council of the Town of Milton that the votes of Electors of the said Town of Milton qualified to vote thereon will be taken on this By-law by the Deputy Returning Officers hereinafter named on Monday, the twenty-second day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven commencing at nine o'clock in the forenoon and continuing until five o'clock in the afternoon, at the undermentioned places:—

North Ward, at the Town Hall, by Adam McKay, Deputy-Returning Officer.

South Ward, at the Court House, by William Panton, Deputy-Returning Officer.

East Ward, at Lyon's Hall, by Stephen Conway, Deputy-Returning Officer.

10. That on the twenty-third day of August next, at the Council Chamber, in the Town of Milton, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, the Mayor will appoint in writing, signed by him, two persons to attend to the final summing up of the votes by the clerk, and one person to attend at each polling place on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of promoting the passing of this By-law, and a like number on behalf of the persons interested in and desirous of opposing the passing of this By-law.

11. That the Clerk of the said Municipal Corporation shall attend at the said Council Chamber at the hour of eleven o'clock in the forenoon on the twenty-third day of August, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-seven, to sum up the number of votes given for and against this By-law.

NOTICE.

Take notice that the foregoing is a true copy of a proposed by law which has been taken into consideration by the Municipal Council of the Corporation of the Town of Milton, and which will be finally passed by the said Council in the event of the assent of the electors of the said town being obtained thereto, after one month from the first publication thereof, in "THE CANADIAN CHAMPION," which will be on the 28th day of July, A. D. 1887, and that at the hour, day and place therein fixed for taking the votes of the electors the poll will be held.

A. G. NEDHAM,
Town Clerk.

Milton, July 28th, 1887.

Rev. H. A. Young, Methodist minister at Sutton Falls, has just been blessed by an addition to his family of a third set of twins.

Charles Spofford, a young farmer from Thomasburg, became crazed by love and has been committed to Belleville jail as a lunatic.

Hon. Thos. White is at Banff, Man., enjoying the scenery in company with ex-Premier Mackenzie. Deputy Minister Burgess has left for Ottawa.

A sad shooting accident occurred at Templeton, near Ottawa, on Sunday, when a young lad named Robert Grayburn, aged 16, son of Mrs. Grayburn, of Ottawa, was killed by the discharge of a shot gun.

At the Brantford Police Court Joshua Armitage was committed to stand his trial at the next Assizes on the charge of shooting with intent to kill, his wife being the victim.

Peter Nettle, the man who shot and killed George Stevens near the International Bridge on the 27th ult., was brought before A. G. Hill, P. M., and committed to the Welland jail on a charge of murder. He will be tried in October.

A crook known as Fakir Finlay was arrested on Saturday at Stratford for biting a piece out of George Clarke's cheek. A kit of burglars' tools was found in his possession, and his trial has therefore been adjourned to permit of an investigation by the police.

TRAFALGAR, July 23rd, 1887.

W. Pemberton Page, Esq.,
Secretary of The Canadian Mutual Aid Ass'n,
Toronto, Ont.:—

I HEREBY acknowledge the receipt of check for $1,325, amount in full of claim held by my late wife, and I take great pleasure in bearing testimony to the straightforward and gentlemanly manner said business has been conducted, being said a full month before it was actually due according to the printed notices of the Company, and I can say that I am thoroughly satisfied with the official management of the Company, and honestly recommend said Company to any one wanting safe and sure insurance.

Yours,
JAMES GILLELAN.

WE MEAN BUSINE

We are determined to reduce our immense Prints at any sacrifice. We have 2,000 yards of this stylish Print of warranted color and best English make we will slaughter off for 10c. a yard.

Every piece of these Prints is a bargain. well worth 12½c. a yard. They are sold at 12½c. Canada. We will offer the entire lot of 2,000 yards You'll strike such a chance to buy Prints once in perhaps.

We have also cut down all our fine English and Llama Prints to reeking prices. We want to clean thing out before the first of July. We will make not Prints, but we will turn them over and our customers will get We will clear out our 15 and 17c. Llama Prints at 12½c. a yard something with a big drive in it. A cut-off of 8c. and 5c. a yard.

Some bright fine lawn Prints, wowen like the Wool Delaines. A whole case lot of 100 pieces. New neat lovely dress. Just the thing for the warm days, these. A bargain beauty. Costing little, they make up fine and expensive looking.

We mean every word we are writing on Prints want to sell. It is SELL and not profit we are after.

We will part with a big lot of Prints between now the 1st of July. We will part with them cheap. We would customer we have in Halton to read these words. We mean them will fulfil them to the letter.

McILWRAITH & McMASTER

EVERYTHING
AT COST

Dress Goods,
Canvas Cloths,
Muslins,
Piques,
Parasols,
Boots & Shoes,
Hats & Caps,
Wall Paper,
Glassware, Crockery & Groceries

TO REDUCE THE STOCK BEFORE MOVING

J. M. BASTEDO

GO TO
Conway Bros.
MAIN STREET, MILTON,
—FOR—
STOVES, TIN-WARE, ETC., ETC.
Eave-troughing a specialty.

Travellers' Guide.

NORTHERN & NORTH-WESTERN.

GOING NORTH	GOING SOUTH
8-18 A. M., 5-20 P. M.	9-45 A.M., 7-50 P. M.

For Sale.

A black Mare seven years old last Spring. Apply at CHAMPION OFFCE.

For Sale.

Village Lot in Cumminsville, County Halton, with frame dwelling house 30 x32, 1½ stories high—hard and soft water; also a store on same lot known as the "Galloway Store." Immediate possession given. Terms easy. Apply to D. McGibbon, Esq., Barrister, Milton, or

J. A. TWISS,
Cumminsville.

July, 14, '87. 4-tf.

VOTERS' LIST, 1887.

MUNICIPALITY OF THE
Village of Burlington,
COUNTY OF HALTON.

NOTICE is hereby given that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in the third and fourth sections of "The Voters' Lists Act" the copies required by said section to be transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections, and that said list was first posted up at my office in the Village of Burlington on the second day of August, 1887, and remains there for inspection.

Electors are called upon to examine the said list, and if any omissions or any other errors are found therein to take immediate proceedings to have the said errors corrected according to law.

Dated at Burlington this 2nd day of Aug., 1887.

G. C. BASTEDO,
Clerk of the said Municipality.

Photography

W. C. ADA

wishes to inform the people of and surrounding country that rented the Photograph Gallery business from Mr. S. Dee, merly owned and carried by Mr. Geo. A. Hemstre and has fitted it up wi the latest appliances and improvements necessary to the production of

FIRST-CLASS W

Having had over eleven experience in the busine during that time having s in a number of the leading Canada, also in Rochester N. Y., he is prepared to that for harmony and position and beauty is not surpassed by any gallery in the count

ALL WORK GUARA
FIRST-CLASS
Proofs Show
N.B.—Family Groups and Pictures a specialty.
Prices Moder

Agricultural Implements.

FINLAY CHISHOLM

Having opened an Implement Ware-room in the new building Wallace's Hotel, Milton, is prepared to furnish all kinds of plements manufactured by the leading firms of the Province,

The Massey Steel Binder,
The Massey Mower,
The Toronto Mower,
The Massey Frame Binder,
The Massey Rake,
Oshawa Drill,
Wilkinson Plows,

IMPLEMENTS MANUFACTURED

The St. Thomas Swivel Hay Fork and Carrier, and all kinds of other Implements
Binding Cord of all descriptions.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE NEW IMPLEMENTS