THE CANADIAN CHAMPION
MILTON, JUNE 23, 1887.

Victory for Mr. Mowat.

THE SUPREME COURT DECIDES IN FAVOR OF THE PROVINCE.

OTTAWA, June 20.—The Supreme Court to-day gave judgment in the case of the Queen v. St. Catharines Milling & Lumbering Company, dismissing the appeal of the company with costs. The judgments were very long and elaborate, and the reading of them occupied nearly three hours. The majority was formed of Chief Justice Ritchie and Justices Fourinier, Taschereau and Henry, while Justices Strong and Gwynne dissented. Justice Taschereau was not present, but his judgment against the company was announced. The company claim title to the lands, timber and minerals by virtue of their.

ACQUISITION OF THE TITLE,

and this view was held by Justice Strong, who entered at great length into the question of the treatment of the Indians by the British Government, both in British North America and in the American Colonies before the Revolution. He held that the title of the Indians to the lands had always been recognized, and that means were always taken to acquire the title and not merely to extinguish it. In this case, he held, the Indian title had been acquired by the Crown represented by the Dominion Government, who had therefore a right to grant the title to the lands and to give timber and mining licenses. The majority of the Court took the view that in dealing with the Indians the Crown had

NEVER ADMITTED ANY TITLE

to the lands and that the settlements made with the Indians were made merely with a view to securing amicable relations with them; that the Indian title, so called, was extinguished and not acquired by the Dominion Government, and that such extinguishment inured to the benefit of the Province of Ontario. It was also mentioned that in every treaty made with the Indians there was inserted a provision which excluded the idea of purchase of an actual title. It is said the case will be taken to the Privy Council.—Globe.

A CONSTABLE IN TROUBLE.

SERIOUS CHARGES MADE AGAINST OFFICER WM. BROTHERS, OF MILTON.

Wm. Brothers, a constable from Milton, was at the Police Court this morning charged with having assaulted and injured Mrs. Marion Zimmerman, of Burlington, and with having insulted and abused her. As will be remembered, Brothers arrested Mrs. Zimmerman on Wednesday evening last for the non-payment of a fine for a breach of the Scott Act. The arrest was made on a warrant issued in Halton county, without having the warrant backed in this county. Mr. Carscallen appeared for the complainant, and Mr. J. M. Gibson for the defendant. When the case was called Mr. Gibson said he had understood that the charge was simply that of having arrested Mrs. Zimmerman without having the warrant properly backed, and as the charge did not take that shape he would have to ask for an adjournment. Mr. Carscallen said he not only proposed to show that the arrest was made without having the warrant backed, but that Brothers in making the arrest used treatment of a particularly brutal character, and that from the time of the arrest until he put the prisoner into the station he used vile and filthy language towards her. Dr. Carter, of Burlington, and John Colling gave evidence of the fact that Mrs. Zimmerman had her wrists and ankles bruised when at the station on Wednesday night. The case was adjourned until next Thursday.—Hamilton Times, 18th inst.

THE PRESBYTERIANS.

THE GENERAL ASSEMBLY AT WINNIPEG.

The Assembly, on motion of Rev. D. M. Gordon, passed the following address to the Queen:

To the Queen's Most Excellent Majesty:

MAY IT PLEASE YOUR MAJESTY.—We, the members of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada, in session assembled at the city of Winnipeg, desire to convey to Your Majesty, for ourselves and for the church we represent, the assurance of our continued loyal attachment to Your Majesty's person and Empire. We bless God for Your Majesty's long and beneficent reign, and in common with our fellow subjects throughout the Empire, we tender you our heartfelt congratulations on the Jubilee of your accession to the throne. Amid the many features that have marked Your Majesty's reign one of the most prominent is the extension of your Colonial Empire. The exhibition of Colonial products in your capital last year familiarized many with the resources of Canada, as well as of your other Colonial possessions. It will be the effort of the Presbyterian Church to provide the ordinance of religion for our fellow subjects from the Mother Country, who may secure for themselves homes upon our Western prairies in the hope that there may be maintained within all parts of our Dominion loyalty to the empire, and obedience to the God of our fathers. We trust that the present peaceful relations existing between Your Majesty's empire, and other sections may remain unbroken, and that Your Majesty's Government may be able to decide all national questions without the arbitrament of war. We pray that Your Majesty may long be spared to reign over us, and that the richest blessings of the King of Kings may rest upon you and upon every member of your Royal house.

In the name and by the appointment of the General Assembly of the Presbyterian Church in Canada.

Postal Statistics.

The following information gleaned from the Postmaster-General's report, will, we think, be very interesting: Number of post offices in the Dominion, 8,295; number in Ontario, 2,885; number of letters sent by post in 1886, 71,000,000; post cards, 15,100,000; registered letters, 3,400,000; free letters, 3,310,000. The revenue for the year ending 30th June, 1886, was $2,406,747.96; expenditure $3,830,429.53. There were 910 money order offices on the 30th June last, and there were $10,231,187.99 money orders issued. There were 692 post office Savings Bank offices and the total deposit was $17,159,372. During the year ending June 30th, 1886, only 160 out of the 3,400 registered letters miscarried. Of these 105 were lost by railway accidents, fires, burglaries in post offices, the remaining 58 were lost, embezzled or misdelivered in post offices or stolen from post offices or mails on route. There were 753,489 letters sent to the dead letter office.

Sir Matthew Crooks Cameron Ill.

Sir Matthew Crooks Cameron is seriously ill. A carbuncle on his neck, from which he has been suffering for some time, has developed into blood poisoning, and Monday morning his condition was regarded with alarm. At a late hour that night, however, he was somewhat better. He is at present at the residence and under the care of his son, Dr. L. H. Cameron, at 278 Sherbourne-street, Toronto.

The Scott Act in the County of Wellington.

CONDEMNED BY THE COUNTY COUNCIL BY A VOTE OF 21 TO 16.

Mr. David Foote, chairman of the Special Committee appointed to investigate the working of the Canada Temperance Act, reported as follows:

The Special Committee, to whom was referred the resolution of Messrs. Foote and McDermott, at last January session, to inquire into the working of the Scott Act in the County, beg leave to report as follows:

1. So far the Act does not seem to be impartially administered, but, in most cases, the Inspectors cannot be justly held responsible for the partiality that has been displayed. The Act is so very unpopular that no person will publicly and voluntarily lay an information and give such evidence as will secure a conviction.

The Inspectors have, therefore, to prosecute upon secret information obtained from zealous Scott Act supporters, who, it is to be feared, often lay information more with a view to persecute and annoy the defendant and the unwilling witnesses they draw into Court, than to secure the impartial administration of the Act—the long list of expensive and unsuccessful prosecutions indicate that such has been the case.

2 and 3. Experienced barristers who do not hold strong opinions for or against the Act should be appointed Police Magistrates in every case. This is more necessary in view of the extraordinary powers given to such Magistrates by the Act, the right of appeal being denied to parties convicted. The practice which has hitherto prevailed of appointing Police Magistrates without any legal training and nothing to fit them for the position, beyond a recommendation they may have obtained from some Scott Act Association or other body of Scott Act partizans, cannot be too strongly condemned.

4. It is now quite evident that a large portion of the public money, provided by law for the enforcement of the Act, has been very injudiciously expended. Your Committee find that in the License District of West Wellington alone, the amount paid out and estimated to be necessary for the cost of unsuccessful prosecutions, for two years from the 1st of May, 1886, is $568.05, and the solicitor's fees for the same period to the additional sum of $766.50.

5. The operation of the Act in this County, so far, has not, most assuredly, been conductive to either temperance or morality. The public at large do not look upon a breach of the Scott Act as a very serious offence, and no respectable person will incur the odium of voluntarily and publicly laying information or giving evidence, and the result is, the law is openly and almost universally disregarded. Respectable hotel keepers having no longer any interest in preventing the illicit sale of intoxicating liquor, bad liquor is undoubtedly sold in many places where no spirituous liquor could be procured under our late license law, as a natural consequence, the vice of drunkenness has not decreased, and it is quite evident the attempt made to enforce an unpopular Act has increased the crime of perjury to an alarming extent.

Your committee has given the matter a good deal of consideration and are convinced that the Act, in this County, has signally failed to secure the benefits its promoters hoped to effect. The local municipalities have lost a large amount of revenue from license fees, and they are called upon annually to contribute a large sum to expend in a vain attempt to enforce a most unpopular and demoralizing law. The travelling public also complain that they have not the same accommodation nor the same security for baggage or other effects they had under a license law.

The strongest advocates of temperance in the country look upon the Scott Act as only a step in the direction of total prohibition, which they hope some day to obtain. And, whatever difference of opinion may exist as to the expediency of adopting a total prohibitory law to apply to the whole Dominion, when public opinion becomes ripe for such a measure, every unbiassed advocate of temperance knows that the attempt to enforce a local option law, like the Scott Act, in the present state of public opinion, in a county like Wellington, while the adjoining counties of Waterloo, Perth, Grey and Peel, enjoy the privilege of a license law, has proved a miserable failure.

Your committee have no hesitation in expressing the opinion that a proper license law could be more effectively enforced and would be more conductive to temperance and morality, in this country, than the Scott Act, and would recommend that the Warden and this Committee memorialize the Governor-in-Council and the Dominion Parliament to repeal the Scott Act; and that said memorial be signed by the Warden and Clerk, on behalf of this Council, and forwarded forthwith, to the member for the South Riding of this county for presentation.

All of which is respectfully submitted

DAVID FOOTE,
Chairman.

A resolution was carried by a vote of 21 to 16 that the above report of the special committee appointed to express an opinion of the Canada Temperance Act, be received and adopted.

The Scott Act in the County of Bruce.

The License Commissioners of Centre Bruce, asked $1,450 to carry on the business of prosecuting people for selling beef tea, in that Riding, during the current year. North Bruce asked $1895.42 for the same purpose. They were particular about the odd cents. And South Bruce called for $1671, making in all $4,486.42, which, with $900 for the salary and expenses of the police magistrate, foots up to $5,386.42, levied on the county for nonsense. It overpowered the committee, which relieved itself by the following deliverance: "Recommend that the requisition made be not granted until the commissioners submit to this council a detailed statement of how the funds already received, have been disbursed."

A petition to the House of Commons, praying for the repeal of the Scott Act, was circulated amongst the members of the county council at Kincardine last week. Twenty-seven of the members signed it, and thirteen declined. Four were absent.

President Cleveland having conceived the unhappy thought of presenting to the governors of the reconstructed states the battle flags captured from their forces during the war of secession, his political opponents seized the opportunity to wave the bloody shirt and appeal to the old soldier vote with such vigor that he has been compelled to retract. Doubtless the President's motives were good and his intentions conciliatory, but the proposition was a tactical mistake, and one that will cost him highly, should he ever again solicit the sweet voices of the people. The work of reconciliation between the North and the South has gone on with unprecedented rapidity, but the lava still glows beneath the surface and will continue to do so until after those who "fit into the rebellion" shall have passed away.—World.

Canadians in United States.

(Canadian American)

Hamilton Fisk Biggar, M. D., Cleveland, O., was born at Oakville, Ont., March 15, 1839. His grandfather married and settled at Queenston, Ont., and his father was for many years a minister of the Wesleyan Methodist Church, Hamilton, Ont. Our subject, after some experience in mercantile life, entered the University of Victoria, at Cobourg, Ont., from which institute he took his degree of B. A. in 1863. Then began to study law, and passed his primary examination for barrister at law, at Toronto. Deciding, however, to adopt the medical profession, he moved to Cleveland in 1864, entered the Homœopathic College, and graduated in 1866; then attended the principal hospitals of New York and Philadelphia, after which he returned to Cleveland and entered upon the practice of his profession. For seven years he was Professor of Anatomy and Clinical Surgery, then of Clinical Surgery and operations at the Cleveland Homœopathic College, etc. He is one of the physicians of Cleveland Homœopathic Hospital, and President of the Academy of Medicine and Surgery. The doctor is president of the Canadian Society of Cleveland.

E. J. Ogden, M. D., Chicago, was born near Toronto, Ont., in October, 1838, and was educated near and in Toronto. He passed through the Toronto School of Medicine in affiliation with Toronto University; passed the Medical Board of Examiners, and took his degree of M. D. at the University of Victoria, also at the University of the City of New York. He is a member of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Ontario, and at one time held a chair of surgery in the medical department of Victoria College. He was surgeon to the Twentieth Rifle Regiment, Ontario, and coroner for the county of Halton. Dr. Ogden practiced his profession in Toronto and Oakville (Ont.,) and came to Chicago in March, 1876, where he has since followed his profession with much success. He organized the Chicago Cricket Club the same year he arrived in Chicago, and has been its president ever since.

Dr. E. R. Ogden, Chicago, was born at Oakville, Ont., June 27, 1862, and attended Upper Canada College from 1874 to 1880. In the latter year he came to Chicago, and in 1884 took his degree of M. D. from Chicago Medical College. The doctor's cricket record is as follows: First played with U.C.C. team in '76; for following three years captained the team; in 1879 he was chosen to play against Daft's team; was a member of the Canadian International team during 1880, '81 and '83; and in 1884, '85 he captained that team, this being the first occasion in twenty-eight years on which the Canadians beat the Americans. Dr. Ogden scored 30 and 49 in 1884. He captained the Western twenty-two against Shaw & Shrewsbury's professional team at St. Louis in 1880, '81; also played in Canada against "English Gentlemen" in 1885, making a good bowling record. He has been chosen captain of the Canadian team which goes to England this year.

How It Works in Maine.

Mr. A. F. Abbott writes an interesting article to the Voice on the subject of prohibition in the State of Maine. He says that hitherto prohibitionists have been accustomed to look upon the State of Maine as the Mecca of prohibitory legislation. He recommends them to visit the State and examine some of the principal cities. He says that a genuine prohibitionist would be painfully disappointed, as he would see quite as much drunkenness on the streets and full as many dram shops as he would in any other part of the Republic. In some respects the State of Maine is said to be worse than any of her neighbors.

The New York Tribune, in criticizing the views put forward by Mr. Abbott, says that the friends of prohibition in Maine had their own way for 30 years, some declaring that prohibition prohibits, while others declare that it has failed to do so. The law is not nullified by its administrators, but the people themselves refuse to regard its provisions, and will not regard its violation as they will an offence under almost any other statute. And so a great many total abstainers hold that no prohibitory legislation which does not represent the mature convictions of the great masses of the community can be successfully applied. Education is sure means of reform, and compulsion without corresponding assent is not. It is for this reason that temperance has made so much progress during the past ten years under the Canada system, much more than it has made under the coercive system in Maine.

Ottawa Notes.

The parliamentary and departmental printing has been awarded for another year to Messrs. McLean, Roger & Co., and the binding to Mr. Mortimer, jr.

The private bills committee has passed the Susan Ash and Dr. Lavalle divorce bills.

On Monday evening there was a state dinner in Government House in honor of the Queen's Jubilee.

It is reported that Mr. Arthur Ferland, a well known Calgary merchant, at present at Ottawa, will be appointed to one of the unfilled Senatorships for the North-West Territories.

The Government do not intend to give any bonus to civil servants in connection with the celebration of Her Majesty's Jubilee.

The Government this summer is only granting assisted passages to female domestics and agricultural laborers who actually settle in the North-west.

The grant of $10,000 secured by Mr. Perley, M. P., of Assiniboia, for the agricultural society of the North-West, will be distributed equally among various organizations. Each will receive $250.

It is said that the Chicago wheat ring, which has just collapsed, first undertook to control the market for wheat to be delivered in May, in the hope that war was about to be declared in Europe. It was estimated that the ring held at one time 39,000,000 bushels, and reports differ as to the result of the deal, though it is probable that some profit was made. When the speculators transferred their operations to June wheat, the price ran up from 53 to 95 cents. Contrary to the natural order of things June wheat was selling at 92 cents when the price of wheat for July delivery was only 82 cents. The result was that the producers in the spring wheat belt began to pour the staple into Chicago. The elevators were soon filled and new ones opened, and hundreds of car loads stood on the tracks in the city. When it became known, however, that the growing crop was in good condition, the ring began to find that their load was more than they could carry. They abandoned their buying agents, some of whom failed, and the deal collapsed. It is intimated that the great Standard Oil Trust monopoly supplied the funds, and that the deal required probably $15,000,000 in cash or its equivalent. No sorrow is felt for the losers, who have done much to injure trade, and the wish is very generally expressed that they may be thoroughly exposed.

The proposal to subsidise a Canadian Pacific line of steamers is expected to meet strong opposition in the British House of Commons.

Strawberries are sold by the pound in Victoria, B. C.

Rev. Mr. Hillyard, of Ridgetown, died the other day of paralysis.

Within a week eleven East Kent hotelkeepers have paid $50 for violating the Scott Act.

Eighteen horses, purchased for the British army, were shipped from Hamilton on Saturday.

Three Blyth hotelkeepers have been sent to jail for contempt of court in refusing to answer questions in a Scott Act case.

M. Swartz, of Strathroy, father of Jacob Swartz of Hespeler, fell into a railroad culvert the other day and was fatally injured.

The Canadian Pacific Railway has begun work on the branch to Beaubarnois on an old charter purchased from the original projectors.

Thursday night Alex. Crothers, conductor on the Canadian Pacific Railway, fell between the platform at Sudbury and the train, and was so badly crushed that he will die.

Senator Trudel announced in the Senate yesterday that the heads of 827 families in Lawrence and Lowell, Mass., were organizing a movement in the direction of a return to Canada.

At a picnic held at Sharbot Lake on Wednesday the Scott Act was openly violated, whiskey and beer being freely sold, a good deal of drunkenness being the result. Several Indians were intoxicated.

The report that the Canadian Pacific railway had refused to allow delegates to the General Assembly from Manitoba and the Territories to participate in the special rate trips to the Pacific is contradicted.

Notice of the proposed withdrawal of the West Durham Provicial election petition has been served by the petitioner, who now says that he has nothing to offer in support of it. He has given the usual notice, and if no one else intervenes to prosecute the petition, it will be dismissed.

Meetings of the Council of the Ontario Conservate Union were held in the tower room of the Parliament buildings on Thursday and Saturday. At the first meeting an elaborate scheme of organization was decided upon and on Saturday the question of starting a new Tory organ was discussed. Subscriptions were taken to a considerable amount, and it was decided that Mr. David Creighton, M. P. P. for North Grey, should be appointed to the position of business manager of the paper.

One of the most valuable cows on the continent is the 10th Duchess of Hillhurst, seven years old, the property of the owners of Bow Park Farm, near Brantford. This animal has bred four calves on that farm that have been sold by Mr. Pope for the snug sum of $18,500. Three of these were sold recently to Col. King, of Minneapolis, Minn. The trio comprised a two-year-old, yearling and a six months calf, all heifers, and brought $13,500 in hard cash. It is doubtful if there is such another cow in America.

RACING AT NIAGARA FALLS.—The races at Niagara Falls July 2nd and 9th already promise to be a great success. The elegant new grand stand, 2,400 feet long by 40 feet wide, provided with easy chairs, are completed and present a unique appearance. From this point a splendid view can be obtained of the Niagara River. This track is completed and is acknowledged to be one of the best in the country. Fully 200 thoroughbreds will participate in the 30 races during the seven days divided into hurdles, selling races, handicaps and steeplechases.

THEY DARE NOT SQUEAL.—St. Marys Argus:—Every Conservative paper in Ontario during the late election campaign shouted itself black in the face about the additional cost of school books by reason of the action of the Ontario Government. Now the Dominion Government has added very materially to the duty on slates, but there is not a single whimper out of one of the whole gang about that. They dare not say one word against the Government that feeds them on big advertisements and franchise act voters' lists. What is decidedly wrong in Reformers is meritorious in Conservatives.

An important clerical case has just been disposed of by the New Brunswick Methodist Conference. Three years ago, Rev. D. D. Currie fell from grace, a charge of unministerial conduct of a conduct of a flagrant description having been proved against him. He, however, alleged that blackmail lay at the bottom of the case, and as he was a leading member of the conference, and had hitherto led an exemplary life, time to substantiate his defence was given him. When the next conference met, Mr. Currie, to the surprise of his ministerial brethern, interposed an injunction from the court, granted on the ground that by Methodist discipline the charge should have been decided by the same annual conference as first proceedings, and that handing the matter over to the next conference was illegal. The conference was naturally indignant that their kindness had been thus taken advantage of, and when the case came up this year a new charge was made against the accused. He again applied to the Supreme Court for an injunction, but before it could be heard the conference took up the case, and dismissed him from the ministery and expelled him from the conference. Whether the new injunction is granted or refused the Methodist authorities assert that no court can again constitute him a Methodist preacher.

LONDON, Ont., June 19.—Last night about 10 o'clock a party of volunteers, who had been in the city during the evening, while proceeding up Adelaide street on their way back to the camp, heard a couple of shots fired from a house quite close to the street, and the voices of a man and a woman seemingly in a heated quarrel. They halted to see what was wrong, when suddenly a man burst out of the house with a large butcher-knife in his hand and ordered them to move on. As they did not seem disposed to do so, however, the man flew into a passion, and, stepping up to the force, exclaimed with an oath: "If you don't go away I will make you," at the same time aiming a blow at one of the volunteers named Ralph Shaw, a private in the Chatham company of the 24th battalion, burying the knife in the poor fellow's side, severing one of his ribs and inflicting a fatal wound. The wounded man was picked up by his comrades, and carried to the camp surgeon's tent, where he expired in about two hours. The murderer, Charles Stephenson, well-known throughout the city as "Pigs Feet Charlie," was immediately put under arrest and taken to the police station. Feeling ran high in the 24th Batt. when they heard of their comrade's sad fate, and lynching was openly talked of. In fact, a party of about 150 men did actually start for the jail, but were stopped at the camp-ground boundary and ordered back. Orders were subsequently given not to allow any of the 24th men out of the grounds during the rest of the day without a pass.

St. Catharines taxpayers have resolved to purchase Montebella Gardens as a public park. The by-law was carried by a large majority.

Ready-made Clothing.

Until the end of this month I will offer my stock of Ready-made Clothing AT COST.

J. M. BASTEDO,
successor to
Mr. George Smith.

Jubilee Demonstrations.

LONDON, June 21.—The jubilee demonstration was a stupendous success. Vast multitudes, numbering over a million people, have witnessed the greatest state pageant in English history. With perfection of order not a single incident occurred to mar the harmony of the great demonstration. The scene presented by the long lines of streets, what with the draped pavillions, the endless floral vistas, the innumerable gaities of flag, banner and trophy blended into masses of decorations, and the ever-moving and immeasurable sea of faces, has been one of dashing brilliancy and marvellous animation.

The impression left on the minds of those who saw the pageant is that whatever boundless wealth, military pomp and illustrious rank could do to create and heighten the effect of a state show of loyalty, or demonstrate the affection of a people for their sovereign, was done for to-day's demonstration, and that the result surpassed anything of the kind ever seen in Europe in modern times at least.

A day of glorious sunshine, an atmosphere of rare purity for these latitudes, and a sky of the clearest blue favored the spectacle. The people who camped out all night, or who had risen early this morning in order to secure places in the line of march, passed a pleasant time, every moment from dawn downwards presenting some new transformation. Sunrise saw the roads converging toward the route of procession covered with crowds. By eight o'clock the massed myriads along the route had become so compact that it was almost impossible to move.

Punctually at 11.15 a. m. the Queen in an open carriage emerged from the palace gates. At sight of her thousands of voices were lifted up in cheers, the applause being accompanied by the music of the many military bands stationed in front of the palace. The Queen did not wear her state robes, but was dressed in black. Her carriage was drawn by eight ponies. The Prince of Wales, the Duke of Edinburg, the Duke of Connaught, her sons; the Crown Prince Imperial of Germany, the Marquis of Lorne, Prince Christian of Schleswig Holstein and Prince Henry of Battenburg, her sons-in-law, and Prince Albert Victor and George of Wales, Prince Albert of Edinburg, and Prince William of Prussia, her grandsons, all rode in full uniform beside the Queen's coach as a body guard. When the people of the palace had shouted themselves hoarse cheering for the Queen they continued to cry out "Long life to the Prince and Princess of Wales."

The Queen as she left the palace seemed to be in excellent spirits, and she smiled and bowed graciously to the people on every side. The Queen's carriage was a large one of chocolate color, wheels red and the royal arms in gold emblazoned upon the panels. Red morocco harness was used for the horses which were otherwise decorated with royal blue ribbons. All the servants wore state liveries of scarlet and gold. The other carriages containing members of the royal family were of a gorgeous character, horsed with four bays each and all open.

OTTAWA, June 21.—Her Majesty's jubilee was not celebrated to any great extent in Ottawa to-day. This city will celebrate on the 30th. A good deal of bunting was hung out, however, and there was services in several of the churches.

The principal event was in Grace Church, which was literally packed with people. Lord and Lady Lansdowne, attended by Captain and Lady Florence Streatfield, were present. A company of retired veterans of the British army formed a guard of honor at the door.

GODERICH, June 21.—A heartrending and tragic accident occurred here to-day at noon while a royal salute was being fired in honor of the Queen's Jubilee. A premature discharge occurred while gunners Oliver Pennington, Richard Parker, and Master were loading the cannon. The ramrod struck James Coutts, son of Gordon Coutts, who was standing in front of the gun. The rod passed through his body in the region of the heart and pinned him to the ground. His death was instantaneous. The rod on the withdrawal disclosed a frightful spectacle to the awe-stricken spectators.

MONTREAL, June 21.—The city was grandly illuminated to-night in honor of the Jubilee celebration. The Bank of Montreal, City Hall, Court House, Windsor Hotel; Royal Insurance Office, and other banks, public offices, and private residences were beautifully adorned for the occasion. Altogether the celebration passed off very successfully. The military review in Champ de Mars was witnessed by thousands of people.

NEW YORK, June 21.—The second act in the great jubilee drama in New York at the Metropolitan Opera House was quite as great a success as that of the first act on Sunday afternoon in Trinity Church. The immense structure was filled to repletion, every nook and cranny of the enormous edifice being occupied by loyal admirers and well wishers of Her Majesty.

HAMILTON, Ont., June 21.—The Jubilee demonstration here was successful in spite of the rain that poured down for about two hours this afternoon. Nearly all the stores on King and James streets are handsomely decorated with flags, bannerettes, colored cloth, and evergreens. The procession was a most imposing spectacle. There were 5,000 persons in line, including British army and navy veterans, national and benevolent societies, uniformed corps, etc., besides school children.

Toronto showed little, or no signs of the Jubilee. The day opened dark and showery and few people went abroad. The stores were all open, but owing to the disagreeable weather but little business was done. Flags were flying from the public buildings, and Government flung the Union Jack to the breeze. The rain, however, had a depressing effect even on the flags, and they hung limp and drooping from the flag poles. Services commemorative of the occasion were held in St. James' Cathedral and other churches, but were it not for the closing of the banks and the law courts the day would pass far away as any other ordinary one. Torontonians will celebrate on Thursday and Friday of next week and no doubt will do themselves proud by their display of ultra loyalty.

THE NIAGARA CAMP.

NIAGARA CAMP, June 21.—To-day was general inspection, the Cavalry, Artillery and Infantry being inspected in review order by Lieut.-Col. Otter, Deputy-Adjutant-General Commanding District No. 2. The rain poured down all the afternoon and the thousands that congregated to witness the annual event were compelled to beat a hasty retreat.

The line of red coats looked fine and were much admired, especially "C" company, whose movements were almost perfect. The artillery also presented a fine appearance, and were congratulated by Lieut.-Col. John Gray, who is acting Brigade-Colonel, for the spendid appearance of the men and their equipments. He said the march past of the five batteries was the finest ever seen on the historic camping grounds of Niagara.

Among the positions held by officers of the Toronto Field Battery on the Brigade Staff are: Lieut.-Col. Gray, Acting Brigade Colonel; Capt. J. H. Mead, Brigade Major; Sergt.-Major Woodman, Brigade Sergt.-Major; Sergt. Thos. Bennett, Sergt.-Major.

Col. Duncan Macfarlane, a veteran of 1812, was on the grounds to-day and received congratulations from the staff officers. The veteran's face has been familiar on inspection day for the last twenty-five years.

The annual shooting practice of the artillery opens at Port Colborne to-morrow. Sixteen picked men go from camp to-night and will return as soon as they get through.

A royal salute of 21 guns was fired to-day by the Hamilton and Guelph Field Batteries at old Fort George.

The target practice of the rural regiment this year has been above the average.—World.

Mrs Mayhood of Arkono dropped dead on Sunday morning.

At New Dundee on Saturday night burglars entered Bollard, Schiedel & Co's store, blew open the safe and got about $8 in cash.

DUBLIN, June 17.—Mr. O'Brien, editor of United Ireland, who arrived at Queenstown to-day on the steamer "Adriatic," received an ovation upon leaving the vessel. Scores of deputations from various places in Ireland, with large contingents from Cork and Queenstown, were at the dock to greet him and escort him to the Queen's Hotel. An immense crowd gathered in front of the building, and Mr. O'Brien, in response to calls for a speech, appeared on a balcony and briefly addressed them, alluding to his American experience and thanking them for their cordial reception. Mr. O'Brien, after receiving addresses from the deputations, this afternoon will go to Cork, where he will be tendered the freedom of the city.

WE MEAN BUSINESS

We are determined to reduce our immense stock of Prints at any sacrifice. We have 2,000 yards of fresh, new stylish Print of warranted color and best English cloth, and we will slaughter off for 10c. a yard.

Every piece of these Prints is a bargain. They are well worth 12½c. a yard. They are sold at 12½c. in Canada. We will offer the entire lot of 2,000 yards at 10c. You'll strike such a chance to buy Prints once in a lifetime perhaps.

We have also cut down all our fine English and French Llama Prints to reeking prices. We want to clear everything out before the first of July. We will make no reduction on Prints, but we will turn them over, and our customers will get the benefit. We will clear out our 15 and 17c. Llama Prints at 12½c. a yard. We have something with a big drive in it. A cut-off of 8c. and 5c. a yard.

Some bright fine lawn Prints, wowen like the finest Wool Delaines. A whole case lot of 100 pieces. New neat goods, lovely dress. Just the thing for the warm days, these. A bargain in beauty. Costing little, they make up fine and expensive looking.

We mean every word we are writing on Prints. We want to sell. It is SELL and not profit we are after.

We will part with a big lot of Prints between now and the 1st of July. We will part with them cheap. We would like every customer we have in Halton to read these words. We mean them. We will fulfil them to the letter.

McILWRAITH & McMASTER

THREE SPECIAL BARGAINS

FINE WORSTED SUITS TO ORDER,
New colors, new patterns. Regular price, $30.00; present price, $25.00.
Parties wanting a Fine Dress Suit should see this line. If you contemplate matrimony save $5.00 by ordering your wedding outfit from us.

Fine Scotch Tweeds Suits to Order
Very latest patterns. Regular price, $23; present price, $20.
Business men should leave their measure early and secure a suit for business wear. They will wear well and look well.

FINE ENGLISH TROUSERINGS TO ORDER.
Regular price $8; present price $6.60. This range is the value and will sell like hot cakes.

FINAGIN'S TAILORING HOUSE
140 King St. E. (Copp's Block), Hamilton.

Agricultural Implements.

FINLAY CHISHOLM

Having opened an Implement Ware-room in the new building East of Wallace's Hotel, Milton, is prepared to furnish all kinds of farming implements manufactured by the leading firms of the Province, comprising

The Massey Steel Binder,
The Massey Mower,
The Toronto Mower,
The Massey Wood Frame Binder,
The Massey Rake,
Oshawa Drill,
Wilkinson Plows,

The St. Thomas Swivel Hay Fork and Carrier, and all kinds of other Implements. Binding Cord of all descriptions.

CALL AND EXAMINE THE NEW IMPLEMENTS.

GO TO
Conway Bros.
MAIN STREET, MILTON
—FOR—
STOVES, TIN-WARE, ETC.,
☞ Eave-troughing a specialty.

Travellers' Guide.
NORTHERN & NORTH-WESTERN.
GOING NORTH 7-45 A. M. 5-00 P. M. GOING SOUTH 10-40 M. A.. 8-05 P. M.

LITTLE'S HOTEL,
PALERMO.
No sour beer, adulterated whiskey, or cabbage leaf cigars. Everything good. First-class accommodation for the travelling public.
50-tf T. F. LITTLE, Proprietor.

First-class Fresh Milch Cow
FOR SALE.
On lot No. 3, Con. 7, Nassagaweya.
50-3t. A. E. RICHARDSON.

For Sale.
A phaeton, democrat, lumber wagon, grain drill, sulky hay rake, single reaper, single mower, and plough.
Apply to
JOHN DEWAR,
Barrister.
50-5t. Milton.

CONSUMPTION CURED.
An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers, in thousands of cases has felt it his duty to make it known to his fellow sufferers. Actuated by this motive and desiring to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 Powers Block, Rochester N. Y.

NOTICE.
The Court for hearing appeals to the Court of Revision of the Municipality of the Town of Milton, in the chambers of the County Judge, Court House, Milton, on Monday the 4th day of June at the hour of 10 a.m.
ALF. G. NEDEL, Town Clerk.
June 18th '87.

Photographs
W. C. ADAMS
wishes to inform the people of Milton and surrounding country that he rented the Photograph Gallery business from Mr. S. Robin, and is merely owned and rented by Mr. Geo. A. Fraser and has fitted it up with the latest appliances and improvements necessary to the production of
FIRST-CLASS W[illegible]
Having had over eleven years experience in the business, during that time having worked in a number of the leading houses in Canada, also in Rochester and N. Y., he is prepared to turn out work that for harmony and artistic position and beauty of finish is not surpassed by any gallery in the country.
ALL WORK GUARANTEED
FIRST-CLASS
Proof Shown
N. B.—Family Groups and Children's Pictures a specialty.
Prices Moderate