Travellers' Guide.

NORTHERN & NORTH-WESTERN.

GOING NORTH.	GOING SOUTH.
7-45 A. M. 5-00 P. M.	10-40 A. M. 8-05 P. M.

THE CANADIAN CHAMPION

MILTON, APRIL 14, 1887.

THE GLOBE ON PROHIBITION.

The result of the vote on the proposed prohibition amendment to the constitution of Michigan was very close on the whole. In the rural districts the majority was large for prohibition; but in the cities overwhelming against it. In Detroit, for instance, the vote stood as follows: for the amendment, 8,569; against it, 22,095.

The Toronto Globe says that if the amendment had been carried and put into operation in the cities and towns where there were majorities against it, the result would have been disastrous to the cause of temperance, as the law could not have been well enforced without a predominant sentiment in its favor. On the other hand, it argues that it is unfair to deny the rural sections which went strongly for prohibition of the law that they want. On the whole, the Globe thinks a local option prohibitory law preferable to a general one.

If the Globe really means this it should make itself heard in condemnation of the agitation at present going on in Canada for a general prohibitory law, which would be under the same disadvantages in the towns and cities of Canada as the Michigan amendment in those of that State. It should stand or fall by the Scott Act, which is a local option law, but it should advocate a fuller recognition of the local option principle, so that towns in which, as in Milton, there are large majorities against prohibition, should not have it forced upon them, and it should support an amendment to the Scott Act repealing it in all communities in which it is in operation, but which did not carry it.

An Expose Coming.

We understand that the railway and express agents, who are to appear before the Commission appointed by the Government to take evidence as to the working of the Scott Act, will be required to give the names of the consigners and consignees of hampers and boxes known to contain or supposed to contain liquors. There are a few good Scott Act advocates in this neighborhood who would not like to see their names figuring in the report of the commission which will be printed.

Quotations.

The Georgetown Herald says:

"We believe that the lawlessness that seems to reign at Milton at present is, to some extent at least, the result of the attitude of the Champion on the moral questions of the day."

If the belief of our contemporary is anything more than the delusion of a crank, and if any articles have over appeared in the Champion encouraging lawlessness of any kind, let us have a few quotations from them. We defy the Herald to produce one such quotation.

What will He do with It?

World.

The great question is, what is Sir John going to do with the Scott Act, Some say he has promised the brewers in Toronto to pass a beer and wine license. Others allege that he intends wiping it off the statute book altogether. The Ontario Government evidently imagine he is going to do the former, and consequently they propose to appoint magistrates in all the Scott Act counties, and then, should Sir John permit the sale of beer and wine, they may be able to say that they did all they could for its enforcement and that the responsibility of its failure ought to fall upon Sir John. But should Sir John simply do nothing, as it now seems most likely, Mr. Mowat would be in the position of enforcing a law that public opinion do not uphold. Reports are being received from all over of the complete breakdown of the law. In Woodstock, in Mr. Mowat's own county, it is openly defied and the Attorney-General dare not enforce it there.

St. Andrews's Church.

At a meeting of the congregation of St. Andrew's Church, Milton, held on April 4th, for the purpose of receiving the resignation of their minister, Rev. R. Dobie, and for transacting general business, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

The congregation of St. Andrew's Church, Milton, hereby desire to express their united and heart-felt sympathy with the Rev. Mr. Dobie and his family at the circumstances that have made it necessary for their much esteemed pastor to resign his charge as their minister.

The congregation also desire to convey to Mr. Dobie their united testimony as to the faithful and conscientious manner in which, for the 16 years he has labored among them, he performed, according to his strength, all the duties of his sacred office. They are also anxious to convey to Mr. Dobie the assurance that his attached little flock entertain towards him feelings of the kindest regard, and that it is their purpose to do all that is in their power to mitigate the sore affliction that has been sent him by his Divine Master, and that their fondest hope and prayer is that in time this affliction may be lifted off, and that he will again be restored to some degree of health and strength.

T. MILLER,
Chairman.

A Remarkable Decision.

A somewhat remarkable decision was reached by a temperance convention held in Truro, Nova Scotia, the other day, to consider the advisability of repealing the Scott Temperance Act. The Prohibitionists are strong in that Province, yet the meeting in question, after a very animated discussion, voted to ask for the repeal of the Act in the County of Colchester, the vote showing a large majority in favor of such action, which must be taken as indicating that the measure has far from fulfilled the expectations of its friends.—Canadian-American.

Why Shelburne is Excited.

SHELBURNE, April 12.—Editor Mortimer of the Shelburne Free Press was arrested on Saturday evening at Orangeville as he stepped off the Toronto train. He was immediately bailed by the editor of the Advertiser. The arrest followed Mr. Mortimer's failure to appear as a witness in Scott Act cases. Great indignation is expressed here at the action of Police Magistrate Munro and sympathers with the Scott Act, since there are many other prominent citizens of the town who, like Mr. Mortimer, have refused to be made the instrument of tyranny and injustice. Dr. Norton, mentioned yesterday among those who had been summoned, was not served with a subpœna.

HALTON ASSIZES.

The spring assizes were held on Friday last at the Court House here, Chief Justice Armour presiding.

Legal gentlemen present—W. Laidlaw, Q. C., Toronto; J. O. Bowlby, Crown Counsel; Mr. Washington, of Haslett & Washington, Hamilton; Mr. Clements, of McCarthy, Osler & Co., of Toronto; J. A. Mowat, of Guelph; Jno. Dewar, County Attorney; D. McGibbon, J. W. Elliott, M. E. Mitchell, Milton; W. C. Beatty, Mr. Baird, of Shilton, Allan & Baird; W. A. Lount, Q. C., of Lount & Marsh, Toronto, and G. L. Tizard, Oakville.

The following gentlemen composed the Grand Jury:—D. Campbell (foreman), Wm. Whittaker, Thos. Wilson, Wm. Walker, Duncan Robertson, C. W. Anderson, James Allan, George McKerlie, Jas. Murray, Chas. Knees, Geo. Irving, A. Stephenson, S. Robinson, A. Ruby, Jas. Bradley, R. B. Bessey, J. S. Bessy, Geo. Andrew and John Henderson.

The Chief Justice charged the jury, informing them that the Sheriff had presented him with a pair of white kid gloves on account of there being no prisoners in the jail awaiting trial, and informed them that there was only one criminal case to come before him, being a charge of libel. He then explained what constituted a libel and instructed the jury that it was their duty to examine the jail and make a report on same.

ROBINSON v. REA.

This was an action brought by Rosina Robinson, administratrix of the estate of the late Anderson Beaty, to set aside a mortgage made by Anderson Beaty to the defendant. Judgment entered by consent; the defendant to execute a reconveyance of the property mentioned in the mortgage upon being paid $100 and costs. Costs of all parties to be paid out of estate. D. McGibbon, for plff.; J. A. Mowat, for deft.

CHAPMAN v. MILLS, et al.

This was an action brought by E. Chapman against James E. Mills and Mills and Jos. L. Mills, to set aside a deed made James E. and Jos. L. Mills and wives to Michael Mills as fraudulent against the plaintiff, he being a creditor having a judgment against them. A number of witnesses were examined, and the case was tried before the Chief Justice without a jury. Judgment was given for plaintiff, holding the defendants as tenants in common of the lands subject to the existing mortgages. W. Laidlaw, Q. C., and D. McGibbon, for plff.; Mr. Washington for deft.

RUSSELL v. LAWSON.

This was an action against John Lawson, of Acton, in his capacity of county constable, for arresting the plaintiff on a charge of larceny without a warrant, at the instance of the plaintiff's brother. From the evidence given the Chief Justice held that the constable had a right to arrest him without a warrant, that the action should have been brought against the party that caused his arrest in the name of his guardian, as he was under 21 years of age, and that there was not sufficient evidence to go to the jury. The plaintiff was accordingly non-suited. D. McGibbon for plff., and J. A. Mowat for deft.

THE QUEEN v. BROTHERS & WHITE.

The Grand Jury (22 being present) brought in a true bill against the defendants for criminal libel. The trial was then proceeded with, Mr. Lount, Q. C., of Toronto, for Mr. McCollom, the prosecutor.

A. G. NEDHAM proved the purchase of copies of the papers of the 10th and 17th March (which were filed with the Clerk of the Court), containing the libel complained of.

G. HUMPHRIES stated that he was engaged by the defendants as compositor; that the first article was written by White and the second article by Brothers & White, and that the circulation of the paper was about 500 copies.

DR. ROBERTSON said that Brothers & White were his tenants; he believed they published the paper, and that he was a subscriber.

Mr. Lount then closed the case for the prosecution with this evidence.

Mr. Shilton, for the defendants, submitted to the court that the prosecution had not proved their case, taking the ground that Mr. McCollom was not shown to have been reeve of Milton.

The Chief Justice thought the objection was good, but after argument, said he would note the objection for further argument:

Mr. Shilton asked if it would be necessary for him to put in his evidence for the defence, when the Chief Justice remarked that he was not there for the purpose of saying what evidence should be put in. Mr. Shilton took the hint and did not put in any evidence.

Mr. Lount addressed the jury, contending that there was sufficient evidence of Mr. McCollom being Reeve of Milton, as shown by the articles complained of.

Mr. Shilton left the whole matter with the jury.

The Judge charged the jury and told them that if they believed there was sufficient evidence given they were to find the defendants guilty; and if not, not guilty, and that it would be necessary for the jury to believe that the libel was published by the defendants knowing it to be malicious and untrue.

The jury was only absent for a few minutes when they returned with a verdict of "not guilty."

A Challenge.

The Burlington cricket club (champions of Halton Co.) challenge any cricket club in the County of Halton to play a series of matches for the championship of the county for 1887. The series to consist of 3 or more games, an equal number to be played in each place and the odd one to be tossed up for. If answers are received from more than one club we will play a series of matches with each club; but answers must be in by the 15th day of May or we will remain champions of Halton for 1887.

H. RICHARDSON, Captain. H. H. SMITH, Secy B.C.C.

At a Scott Act trial at Exeter the other day, where John Hawkshaw was fined $50 and costs, G. H. Sprague, the Grit Inspector, refused to answer the following interrogatories: "I will not answer whether or not an arrangement have been made between me and the magistrates, as to cost of prosecutions paid; I will not answer whether or not I got anything out of the fines; I will not answer whether or not I have discussed with the magistrates before this case, who should be prosecuted; I will not answer whether or not I have a list of hotel-keepers who are not to be prosecuted; I will not say why I did not prosecute before the election." If not—it would have been an easy matter to have replied "No" to each question.—London Free Press.

The return of Sir Charles Tupper and Hon. A. W. McLelan have been protested. Petitions have also been filed in cases of Quebec Centre, Quebec County, and Montmorency.

MONTANA MATTERS.

THE HARDEST WINTER—LOSSES ON LIVE STOCK—PROSPECTS FOR 1887.

BILLINGS, Montana, April 4, '87.

EDITOR CHAMPION,—Since my last letter we have passed through the hardest winter but one in the history of Eastern Montana. It opened Dec. 20 and ended Feb. 28, giving us seventy-days of severe weather, barring a few breaks caused by chinooks. On Feb. 28 a warm chinook set in, and within 24 hours cleared the snow off a large proportion of the country. During the first half of March the weather became almost hot, and one day the mercury climbed to 117° above zero in the sun, or 82° in the shade, the difference between sunshine and shade in this country averaging about 35 degrees.

Two weeks ago to-day I took a walk over to the Crow Reservation with a party of ladies and gentlemen, and found the grasshoppers well grown and active. During the last month citizens have planted many shade trees, and farmers have been busy with spring plowing and seeding.

Contrasting the Yellowstone climate with that of other sections, I may mention that three men who left Lethbridge, on the Galt railway, for Montana, on March 12th, suffered frightfully from cold, and had their feet badly frozen. One of them is now on his deathbed at Fort Assinaboine, and the other two may recover.

On March 30th snow fell a foot deep in Kentucky, and blockaded many railroads in the eastern states and provinces, and at Ottawa the temperature was 8° below zero. No matter how cold the winter may be here, it is always at least two months shorter than with you, and from March 1st until late in December it averages as warm as in the southern states.

During the winter there were published many sensational dispatches reporting disastrous losses to live stock in Montana. These reports were systematically sent out by the large cattlemen, who want to keep the country to themselves as long as possible, and never neglect an opportunity of discouraging intending settlers, or parties who may intend to bring additional herds to the Montana ranges. For instance, Nelson Storey, who has 15,000 cattle on the Crow Reservation reports his losses at 75 per cent., while his foreman, a reliable man, offers to bet his house and lot that the loss will not exceed 15 per cent. Mr. Storey has to pay the Crow agent 50 cents per head for the privilege of keeping his cattle on the reservation until May 1st, and if he can get the agent to swallow his statement he will save nearly $6000 in one month, besides holding the range to himself. Other owners in the same section lost only two per cent., which is the average summer loss, and some didn't lose an animal. It is now well known that the average loss throughout Montana will hardly exceed ten per cent, and cannot reach 15 per cent., though there were many heavy losses in a few herds pilgrim cattle that entered the winter in very poor condition.

In Texas, New Mexico and Colorado the average loss is placed at 25 per cent., and in the North-west Territories at 30 to 35 per cent.

The losses on sheep in some sections ran from 15 to 20 per cent., and in others was nominal, while in a few cases, from bad management or accident, the losses were very heavy.

The lesson taught by the winter is that it pays to take the precaution of putting up hay every year. It may not be used for five years, but when the necessity for it does arise the man who has none will lose more than it would have cost to put up hay for ten years.

The past season has given fresh proof of the great advantages of the Northern Pacific as a winter route over all other trans-continental lines. While the mountain divisions of the Union and Central Pacific roads were blockaded by deep snows, and the Canadian Pacific was effectually closed up by avalanches, the Northern Pacific trains ran on schedule time through the mountains, the only delays of any consequence being caused by snow drifts on the Dakota prairies. These delays were trifling compared with what were experienced on many roads in the States.

The season just opening is full of bright promise for Montana, the amount of capital to be invested in development of various resources being far in advance of all previous efforts. The greatest single enterprise is the construction of the St. Paul, Minneapolis & Manitoba road across the north of the territory to the Great Falls of the Missouri, and thence to Helena and Butte, a distance of 700 or 800 miles. The work is all under contract and will be completed by Sept. 1st.

A number of smaller roads will be constructed, including one from Billings to the Rock Creek coal banks and Cooke City, 135 miles. The engineers are now laying out the work, and the road will be completed to the coal banks by Aug. 1st. It will add greatly to the population and importance of Billings, and will build up a large town at the coal banks. This town will be started on a good solid basis, beginning with at least 1000 miners and their families, to be increased with the development of the mines. The consequence of these developments will be a demand for all agricultural products beyond the possibility of supply from the arable lands of Montana, and high prices will rule. Liver-Eating Johnson, the noted Indian fighter, who last year felt insulted because he was offered only four cents a pound for his vegetables, now looks for better times and is putting in a large crop. But the great bulk of the flour, oats, hay and supplies generally will, as usual, be brought in over 1000 miles of railroad, because of the laziness of the land owners of this country. Nearly every man who owns land also has some stock on the ranges, and as long as he can live on the stock or otherwise without steady work, his land will remain uncultivated. In no other part of America is such a rich reward offered the industrious agriculturist who will reclaim the land. Every farmer has a ready cash market at his own door for every product of the ranch or dairy, at higher prices than are paid elsewhere; the land is cheap and fertile, the climate unsurpassed, and there is no possibility of over-stocking the market. This is not for the present only, but for always, for the greater proportion of Montana's population will always be occupied in mining and other industries than agriculture, and the high railroad freights will always prevent close competition from either east or west.

The farmer who starts in with sufficient capital is to be envied, for there is such a demand for money for various business and industrial enterprises that rates of interest are exorbitant. At present it is impossible to borrow money at less than two per cent. per month, or twenty-four per cent. per annum. There is no lack of first-class real estate as security, but as nearly every man in this country is actively engaged in business of some kind there are but few money lenders, hence the high rate of interest. It seems strange that while so much money goes begging in the east at less than half the rate here, this unrivalled field for investment should escape the notice of the idle capitalists who have to content themselves with the slow increase of six to ten per cent.

It would seem to eastern eyes that the man who borrows money at two per cent. per month courts inevitable ruin, but such has not proved the case here. Many of the wealthiest stockmen started on borrowed money at 1½ to 3 per cent. per month, and not a few embarked in mercantile pursuits under the same disadvantages, but they soon got even, and forged ahead. In fact the only cases of failure that I have known here were from gambling and extravagance. All other disadvantages seemed to be overcome with certainty and considerable speed. It may be inferred from this that profits run higher here than in the over-crowded east.—S. P. P.

NELSON COUNCIL.

COUNCIL CHAMBER, NELSON, April 4th, 1887.

Council met pursuant to adjournment. Members all present. The minutes of last meeting were read and confirmed.

Robt. Husband proved the loss of two sheep killed and two damaged by dogs; and on motion of Mr. Peer $12.00 was ordered to be paid therefor.

Mrs. Tindall applied for a grant of money to assist her, she being old and almost destitute; and on motion of Mr. Pettit three dollars per month until the first of June was granted, payable to the order of D. W. Springer, P. C. T.

Mr. Pettit moved, that W. J. Newell and Wm. Black be refunded one dollar each, erroneous dog tax.—Carried.

Mr. Pettit moved, that the council go into committee of the whole on the second reading of the by-law appointing a Medical Health Officer and Sanitary Inspector.—Carried.

Council in committee.

By-law read and blanks filled up with the name of A. F. Bowie, as Sanitary Inspector.

By-law laid over to next meeting.

On motion of Mr. Pettit a by-law was introduced and read the first, second and third times and passed, appointing fence viewers, pound-keepers and pathmasters for 1887.

On motion, ordered that 65c. be paid A. W. Peart, for plank.

The Auditors presented their report and detailed statement of the accounts of 1886, which were examined by the council; and on motion of Mr. Hartley the report was adopted, and $8 each ordered to be paid the Auditors for their services.

Mr. Peer moved, that the collectors' roll, as returned by the collectors, be accepted, and that the collector for the Old Survey be paid $60, and the collector for the New Survey $50, for their services.—Carried.

On motion of Mr. Harris the clerk was ordered to procure ten steel scrapers from G. Wilkinson, of Aurora.

Mr. I. A. Simpson addressed the council in reference to a bridge over the twelve mile creek between the first and second concessions, N. D. S.; and on motion of Mr. Pettit the reeve, deputy-reeve and clerk were appointed a committee to procure a plan and specifications for the said bridge and to report at the next meeting.

On motion of Mr. Peer the council adjourned to meet on Monday, the 6th day of June, at 10 o'clock a. m., for the transaction of general business and to sit as a Court of Revision, and that the clerk advertise the said Court.

DANIEL MCLAREN, Clerk.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers, in thousands of cases has felt it his duty to make it known to his fellow sufferers. Actuated by this motive and desiring to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this recipe, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 Powers Block, Rochester N. Y.

Sault Ste. Marie is in the midst of a land boom.

Even Japan and China dealers keep in stock and sell West's Liver Pills—"the world's best." Liver complaint, dyspepsia, indigestion and sick headache readily yield to them. 50 pills 25c. all druggists the world over.

Tavern licenses at Dundalk have been fixed at $170.

Torpid liver, the cause of untold suffering and misery, restored to its normal condition by the use of West's Liver Pills. A 10-cent costiveness, constipation and dyspepsia. All druggists.

Chapleau and Lagevin dined together on Monday evening.

The lame, the halt, the rheumatic, all sing the praises of West's World's Wonder. Try one bottle and you will never use any other liniment. 25c. and 50c. All druggists.

More anti-Scott Act rioting took place in Strathroy on Tuesday.

West's Cough Syrup is now the leading remedy for coughs, colds, sore throat, bronchitis, asthma, whooping-cough and consumption. All druggists.

One hundred and twenty gallons of liquor were seized at Calgary a short time ago.

The Standard. West's Liver Pills. Always reliable, never fail. Cure all liver and stomach diseases. 30 pills 25c. All druggists.

The body of Hamer, the missing Montreal student, has been found. He was frozen to death.

Whooping-cough readily yields to West's Cough Syrup, the never failing cure for bronchitis, consumption, asthma, etc. All druggists.

Customs officials on the border have received new and strict orders from the Department at Ottawa.

West's World's Wonder acts like magic in all cases of rheumatism, neuralgia, burns, bruises, cuts and wounds. All druggists.

A Nordenfeldt three-pounder gun to arrive this week from England is to be tested at Aylmer next Saturday.

West's Pain Killer, a speedy cure for colic, cramps, diarrhœa, dysentery and all bowel difficulties. 25c. All druggists.

The Militia Department has decided that battalions turning out on Jubilee day must do so entirely at their own cost.

West's World's Wonder is the marvel of healing, superior to all other liniments. Always kept in the house. All druggists.

John Aspenwaugh and Wm. Sullivan fought in a saloon on St. Paul street, St. Catharines, when the former shot the latter.

April showers bring forth May flowers, also bring on rheumatism. Cure, West's World's Wonder. All druggists.

WELL WINTERED.—Mr. Geo. Laing, of the Milton Bee Apiary, stored eighty hives of bees in his cellar last fall to protect them against the cold winter, and on Friday last removed them to the open air for their summer operations, all being lively and in good condition, except two hives that had died.

We have received from the well-known seed firm of D. M. Ferry & Co., Windsor, Ont., their ILLUSTRATED SEED ANNUAL for this year. A house with the national reputation that the above one possesses, and whose name is a household word from one end of the country to the other, needs no further introduction from us. By selling only the purest and best seeds, and by honest and courteous dealing, they are now the peer in their trade, catering annually to six millions of people. Their ANNUAL is got up in a very artistic manner, and contains such information that every person should have it. By sending your name to the firm they will send you one, postage paid.

BORN.

CLEEVE.—On the 6th inst., the wife of Wm. Cleeve, Trafalgar, of a son.

HARTLEY.—On the 7th inst., the wife of Joseph Hartley, Nelson, of a son.

DIED.

PATTISON.—At his residence, Milton, on Tuesday, April 12th, John Pattison, Aged 56 years.

The funeral will leave his late residence, Main St., at 1.30 p. m., for the New Cemetery.

The Chilznis have killed the Governor of Maruf, Afghanistan, and committed other atrocities.

The Scott Act does not appear to have altogether demolished crime in Renfrew. David Gogolin has been sentenced to be hanged there on June 6th for a murder committed by him last October. He owned a shanty near Palmer's Rapids, which was occupied by a woman who refused to vacate it when he ordered her to do so. He thereupon nailed up the door; set fire to the building and when the woman managed to break open the door, he struck her on the head with a club and killed her.

MONEY to be made. Cut this out and return to us, and we will send you free, something of great value and importance to you, that will start you in business which will bring you in more money right away than anything else in this world. Any one can do the work and live at home. Either sex; all ages. Something new, and just coins money for all workers. We will start you; capital not needed. This is one of the genuine, important chances of a lifetime. Those who are ambitious and enterprising will not delay. Grand outfit free. Address TRUE & Co., Augusta, Maine.

$500 Reward.

The above reward will be paid to any person giving such information as will lead to the apprehension and conviction of the party or parties who lately attempted incendiarism in the Town of Milton, County of Halton, by starting a fire in the work room of of Wm. Bews's Tailor Shop, and in a shed in the rear of J. H. McCollom's Drug Store

S. HANNANT,
Milton, Ont., April 6th, 1887.

Notice to the Public.

NELSON, March 30, 1887.

As I told some parties last season that one of Charles Porter's young stallions was not sired by General Stanton, as he advertised him, and accused him of giving one of his colts a false pedigree, and as that report got circulated through the county, I here state that I have since made enquiry and find that I was mistaken. Their breeding is correct. They are bred as he advertised, and they are without doubt full brothers, being both sired by General Stanton.

J. BRECKON,
Appelbe P. O.

NOTICE.

is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of the Dominion of Canada at its next session, by the Hamilton & Northwestern Railway Company, for an act to authorize them to extend their Railway from the City of Hamilton westerly to a point on the line of the Credit Valley Railway, and easterly from a point in or near the said City to a point on the Niagara River, also from a point at or near Burlington to the City of Toronto, or to a point on one of the lines of railway leading into Toronto, with running powers over any such railway.

Hamilton, 23rd February, 1887.

BRUCE, BURTON & CULHAM,
37-10t Solicitors for Applicants.

NOTICE

is hereby given that application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session, for an Act to incorporate the Hamilton and Pacific Junction Railway Company, with power to construct a railway from the City of Hamilton, westerly to a point on the line of the Credit Valley Railway, and also from the City of Hamilton, or from a point on the Hamilton & Northwestern Railway, in or near the City of Hamilton, to a point on the Niagara River, and from the City of Hamilton Northwestern Railway at or near Burlington, to the City of Toronto, or to a point on one of the lines of railway running into the City of Toronto, with running powers over the line of any such railway into the City, and over the Hamilton & Northwestern Railway from Burlington into Hamilton.

Hamilton, 2nd February, 1887.

BRUCE, BURTON & CULHAM,
37-10t Solicitors for Applicants.

NOTICE OF ASSIGNMENT.

In the matter of ANDREW B. CULLODEN, of the Village of Lowville, in the County of Halton and Province of Ontario, Merchant.

NOTICE is hereby given that the above named Andrew B. Culloden and Henry Howell Powell, assignee under a former assignment, did on the sixth day of April instant make an assignment to me, Matthew Clements, Sheriff of the said County of Halton, in pursuance of the Act of the Legislature of Ontario, 48 Victoria, chapter 26, intituled "An Act respecting assignments for the benefit of creditors and amendments thereto.

All creditors of the said estate are hereby required to file their claims with me, pursuant to the said statute, verified by affidavit.

And a meeting of the creditors of the said Andrew B. Culloden will be held at my office, in the Town of Milton, on Saturday, the 23rd day of April instant, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, for the appointment of inspectors, and the giving of directions in reference to the disposal of the said estate.

Dated at Milton this 6th day of April, A. D. 1887.

M. CLEMENTS,
Sheriff of the County of Halton,
43-2t Assignee.

Notice to Creditors

IN THE MATTER OF

John May,

DECEASED.

PURSUANT to R. S. O., Cap. 107, and 46 Vic., Cap. 9, Ontario, notice is hereby given that all creditors and other persons having any claims or demands against the estate of John May, formerly of the Township of Trafalgar, in the County of Halton, Farmer, and late of Keyville, in Charlotte County, in the State of Virginia, deceased, who died on or about the twenty-fourth day of September, A. D. 1886, are hereby required to send by post, prepaid, or to deliver to John Dewar, Milton, Ontario, Solicitor for John Cordingly, the administrator of the said deceased, on or before the 14th day of May, 1887, a statement in writing of their names and addresses, and the full particulars of their claims or demands and of the securities (if any) held by them; and further take notice that after the said 14th day of May, 1887, the said administrator will proceed to distribute the assets of the said deceased among the parties entitled thereto, having regard only to such claims of which notice shall have received; and that the said administrator will not be liable for the said assets, or any part thereof, so distributed to any person of whose claim notice shall not have been received at the time of the distribution of the said assets.

JOHN DEWAR,
Solicitor for said Administrator.
Milton, 6th April, 1887.

WALL PAPER

WALL PAPER!
WALL PAPER!!
AT HEMSTREET BROS.

We keep the largest stock and best variety of de
in the town; any price from 5c. per roll up the
beautiful gilt goods, with Borders to match
variety. We lead in the WALL PAPER trade
won't be undersold. Call and see us if you
anything in

WALL PAPER.

Hemstreet Bros

Agricultural Implements.

FINLAY CHISHOL

Having opened an Implement Ware-room in the new building
Wallace's Hotel, Milton, is prepared to furnish all kinds of
plements manufactured by the leading firms of the Province,
The Massey Steel Binder,
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After a long Winter we are on the verge of Spring, and every person will emer
Winter quarters to breathe the air that is wafted from the warm regions.

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After wearing heavy garments for more than six months we are entering a season that demands lighter
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We are showing Spring Cloths, and can leay before your eyes Fine Worsted Coatings, Fancy Trouser
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Something AboutMoving.

We are going to Toronto and open out about the middle of next month, but we won't close up our
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Keep your eye open for the Lion, and even though he don't growl, his appearance will direct you right into our Big S

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"Sirs,—Elliman's Royal Embrocation is used in my stables. I think it very useful. RUTLAND.
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"Gentlemen,—I use the Royal Embrocation in my stables and kennels, and have found it very serviceable. I have also used the Universal Embrocation for lumbago and rheumatism for the last two years, and have suffered very little since using it.
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