THE CANADIAN CHAMPION.
MILTON, APRIL 8, 1886.

Gladstone and Home Rule.

To-day Mr. Gladstone will submit his scheme for the government of Ireland. It is said that he proposes to establish at Dublin a Statutory Irish National Parliament of about three hundred members, Mr. Parnell agreeing to an arrangement by which at least seventy-five seats will be allotted to Protestants. To this parliament will be handed over the exclusive right to legislate on Irish affairs. An Irish Ministry will control the magistrates and police. The military forces will remain under the exclusive control of the Viceroy who will be appointed by the Crown, and will probably be non-political, as the Viceroy of India. The existing constabulary as an armed, drilled, military force, will be under the orders of the Viceroy, and provision will be made for the gradual conversion of the constabulary into a civilian or municipal force. The statutory parliament will impose, remit and collect all taxes and defray from the same the cost of government administration. The whole of the customs and excise will be in the hands of the Irish Parliament; but no protective tariff which would close Irish markets to England will be allowed. The amount of the Imperial tribute to be paid by Ireland will be fixed in advance and will be collected by a receiver. The number of Irish members of the Imperial Parliament will be reduced to about a score, and they will sit in the House of Commons only when questions involving Imperial considerations are under discussion. A veto on all acts of the Irish Legislature is to be vested in the Crown and exercised by the advice of the Imperial Ministry. The report that the Statutory Parliament will have power to substitute dollars and cents for pounds, shillings and pence as the currency for Ireland is untrue.

The fate of the Gladstone government depends on that of his home rule scheme, the prospects of which do not appear very bright. It was stated on Tuesday in the lobby of the House of Commons that Messrs. Mundella and Childers had resigned their seats in the Cabinet and it is expected that Messrs. Fowler, Henage, and Broadhurst will secede from the Government to-day. The Tories are trying to form a coalition with the Whigs against Mr. Gladstone.

LET MILTON BE HEARD FROM.

That the Scott Act has had a most demoralizing influence in this community is admitted by all except fanatics and a few individuals, including keepers of shebeens, who are prohibitionists from motives of self interest. The ratepayers of our town condemned it in 1884 when, after more than two years' trial, they voted for its repeal in the proportion of exactly two to one, and again in January last, when in the municipal elections the prohibition party succeeded in securing only one out of eleven seats.

The voters who so generally laid aside their politics at the latter time and voted as they did, principally to show their destestation of the Scott Act tyranny and the evils which have followed in its train, naturally expect that the council they elected will allow no opportunity to pass to do what it can towards the mitigation of those evils.

It has such an opportunity now. The councils of Collingwood, Orangeville and Nottawasaga have petitioned the Dominion Government for the repeal of the Scott Act or its amendment by a provision allowing the sale of malt and vinous liquors in localities where it is in force. Let Milton be the next municipality to be heard from. There is no town in Ontario outside of Halton in which the Scott Act has been so long in operation or where it has been so rigorously and tyrannously enforced as it has been here. It has been enforced by partizan officials, appointed at the request of the prohibition party on account of their partizanship, and given *carte blanche* by the Ontario Government for all expenses. The verdict of the town council of Milton that nowhere have the results of prohibition been more disastrous than here should have some weight, and it should not be withheld.

DAMAGING EVIDENCE.

The Woodstock Sentinel-Review of last week contained the list of convictions for the County of Oxford for the quarter ending March 9th. There were no less than one hundred and twelve convictions altogether, including eight for drunkenness, fourteen for assault, six for blasphemous, insulting and profane language, two for disturbing religious meetings, nine for disorderly conduct, sixteen for furious and immoderate driving, three for obstructing police, five for larceny, five for malicious injury to property, etc., etc. The Scott Act went into force in Oxford last May and seems to be getting in its work.

DOMINION PARLIAMENT.

(Toronto News.)

On Monday evening Blake moved the following resolution: That it is the duty of the government, without further delay, to bring down further papers relating to Northwest affairs, and throwing light on the situation prior to, during, and subsequent to the late rebellion, and made a short, telling speech, in which he charged that, because the papers would show inexcusable neglect and delay—would show warnings of the revolt extending over a period of nine months—they were not brought down by the government they incriminated. If there were no grievances, no complaints, no warnings of danger, then these papers would show it, and if the Liberal party fomented discontent and encouraged the rebellion, then the evidence would doom them to the fate they deserved. These papers were not the government's; they were the country's, and they had a right to them. To show the dilatories of the government with reference to these papers which the house ordered, there had been brought down that very afternoon a supplementary return to an order of the house passed in 1883. It was time for the house to assert its dignity.

Langevin said the government took the position that the production of certain documents would be prejudical to public interests, and they should not promise them. He also took the ground that all necessary papers had been brought down.

Blake was surprised at these declarations, and made an indignant speech, denouncing the government for having, in violation of the solemn pledge of the first minister last session, refused to bring down at the beginning of this session the papers material to a proper judgement as to the cause of the rebellion. He declared that he was informed, and believed, and could prove, that there were under the control of the government, material documents affecting the question of the neglect, delay and mismanagement of the affairs of the Northwest, resulting in rebellion. This was already established and proved. The hon. gentleman then read a list of a couple of hundred of documents not brought down, which he declared were essential. These consisted of reports from government officials, letters, petitions, resolutions, despatches and answers of the government to these. The government dare not, he said, produce the letters of Bishop Grandin to them, lest it should prove disastrous to the public interest forsooth! It was high time that hon. gentlemen opposite should understand that their interest, and the public interest were not synonymous. They took the extraordinary view that what damaged the government damaged the country.

Hon. Thos. White said that all necessary papers were either brought down last session or this, and all Blake called for was private correspondence between the clergy and members of the government. Many of the documents named had no bearing on the subject. He contended that the facts did not warrant the charge against the government of concealing incriminating correspondence. He promised to produce all the documents named by Blake, if they were in his department.

Hall moved in amendment, that this house is satisfied with the declaration of the government that all papers connected with the Northwest affairs, which could properly be produced, have been laid before the house, and the house accepts the assurance of the government that all further papers of that kind will be laid on the table when required.

The debate was continued by Davies and Cameron (Huron), who moved in amendment to the amendment that Blake, a member of this house, having stated in his place that he was informed and believes he can prove that there are in the hands of the government documents affecting the question whether the government was guilty of neglect, delay, and mismanagement in Northwest affairs before the rebellion, a select committee be appointed to inquire fully into this allegation, with power to send for papers and persons, take evidence under oath, and to report all the proceeding.

Negatived on a division by 62 yeas to 111 nays—a government majority of 49, which just reverses the figures of the vote on the Riel question, which was 94.

Sir John's Health.

The evening Conservative organ at Ottawa makes the following statement concerning Sir John Macdonald's health:—"Statements regarding Sir John Macdonald's condition are not so satisfactory as some days ago. From two distinct sources information has been received which, if correct, indicates that grave apprehensions exist regarding Sir John's ultimate recovery. It is said that his trouble is not sciatica as at first supposed, but that the pains of which he complains are caused by a derangement of the kidneys, they pressing upon the spine. It is stated also that lithic acid has been forming in his system, and that physicians fear that dropsy may follow. The treatment of the disease is now being carried on by local physicians, who are constantly in communication with Dr Howard, of Montreal. It is hoped that notwithstanding Sir John's advanced year's, the efforts being put forth may be successful.

TUESDAY'S STORM.

Tuesday's storm was the most disastrous that has visited this Province for many a year. Snow fell to a depth of from two to five feet in places, and railway traffic was seriously delayed, but fortunately no loss of life is reported.

AT HAMILTON,

the gale and the waves swept away Murton & Reid's wharf, the schooner North Star broke loose and punched several holes into the Rutherford, losing her own jib-boom and bowsprit during the operation. Zealand's wharf was nearly all washed away. Brown's wharf was very slightly injured. The roof of McIlwraith's immense coal shed was torn up and the boards carried away across the water. A house on Napier street had its roof blown away and was wrecked generally. The bay shore between the Desjardine's Canal and the west end of the G. T. R. yard was washed away to such an extent that the company will be compelled to spend from $5,000 to $6,000 in banking it up in order to make their track safe. The east pier

AT OAKVILLE

and the light-house were swept away, as were also Dr. Johnston's and Mr. Turner's wharfs and numerous boat-houses. Several buildings were unroofed.

AT BURLINGTON BEACH

the N. & N. W. R. track was washed away in two places. The regular train for Hamilton, due at 11.35 a. m., was stopped by a washout at a point between the Ocean House and Dynes's. The train was immediately backed for Burlington, but was stopped again by another washout that had taken place behind it, and there it had to stay. The passengers were transferred from the Ocean House over the gap in vehicles. The large building built by John Dynes for a ball-room was blown down, and fences and outbuildings were swept down right and left. The sea at 1 p. m. was higher than ever before seen, and was washing clear over the piers and cutting the track on each side of the bridge.

AT TORONTO

several buildings on Queen street were blown down, and a floating boat-house opposite the Union Station was blown against the piers and sunk. One man was injured.

AT GUELPH

Wm. Bell & Co.'s organ factory was unroofed. Its roof was one of the largest in the city and was lifted in two sections, one part going clear over the Mercury office and the other being carried out on the street. Several small buildings were also unroofed and many fences, signs, &c., were blown away. No one was seriously hurt.

At Waterford, Cartwright, Brantford, and Exeter roofs were blown away and buildings demolished.

Another Northwest Boom.

The immigration agent at Port Arthur states that in the first three weeks of March over 700 immigrants passed through to the western districts. The increase in the passenger traffic has compelled a daily train, with sleeping cars attached, to be put on between Winnipeg and Moose Jaw. The business people of Winnipeg are jubilant over the present prospects of an increased trade. There has been nothing like it since the great boom.

Anti-Scott-Act Petitions

OTTAWA, April 6.—Eighteen petitions were presented to day praying that the Canada Temperance Act be amended so that ale, beer and light wines may be sold in counties where the act has been adopted. Those engaged in getting up these petitions appear to understand their business. Some of the petitions contain several thousands of signatures, and are many yards in length.

A Warning to Delinquent "Creditors."

Oakville Star.

If some of our creditors don't soon respond to our (almost) daily requests and appeals for what is rightfully due us, we are very much afraid that we will be under the painful necessity of introducing our fighting editor.

Attempted Arson.

Mrs. Inglehart, of the Franklin House, reported to the police that attempts were made on Sunday and Monday nights to set fire to the building. Paper saturated with coal oil was placed under the door on Park street. The police are investigating the case.—Hamilton Times.

AGAINST THE ACT.—Orangeville town council has passed resolutions condemnatory of the Scott Act and asking for the granting of beer and wine licenses. The example of Collingwood is being followed all over the Province and many other places have fallen in line. The Townships as well as the towns are taking the matter in hand.—Collingwood Enterprise.

ONTARIO SCHOOL OF ART.

THE BRANCH IN MILTON—RESULT OF EXAMINATIONS IN DRAWING—SUCCESSFUL CANDIDATES.

Model Drawing.—Janet Duncan, Jennie Patterson, Fannie Solomon, Jessie Elliott, Labena Sanderson, Bertha Ezard, Walter Campbell, John Wilson, Mary Sanderson, Mamie Robertson, Gertie Robertson.—Total 11.

Free Hand.—Jessie Elliott, Mamie Robertson, Gertie Robertson, Mary Sanderson, John Wilson, Walter Campbell, Bertha Ezard.—Total 7.

Linear Perspective.—Mamie Robertson, John Wilson.—Total 2.

Practical Geometry.—Mamie Robertson, Gertie Robertson, Mary Sanderson, John Wilson, Walter Campbell, Bertha Ezard, Jessie Elliott, Janet Duncan.—Total 8.

Memory Drawing.—Gertie Robertson, Mamie Robertson, Mary Sanderson, Walter Campbell, Bertha Ezard, Labena Sanderson, Jessie Elliott.—Total 7.

Total number of certificates obtained, 35.

Miss Mamie Robertson, having been successful in all subjects, has been awarded a teacher's certificate, Grade B. Miss Jennie Patterson passed in four subjects at a previous examination and is therefore entitled to Grade B.

As a result of the examination the Government grant to Milton Mechanics' Institute is $20.

Neither of the schools at Georgetown or Streetsville obtained a teacher's certificate. In Milton, one passed in *five*, six in *four*, two in *two* subjects, and two in *one* subject. Two obtained teacher's certificates.

We congratulate Mr. H. Grey, the principal of our Public School who was the drawing master of all the pupils examined on the above very creditable record.

MILTON PUBLIC SCHOOL.

HONOR ROLL FOR MARCH.

6th and 5th classes—Mamie Robertson, Flora Lyon, Grace Willmott, Walter Campbell.

Senior 4th—Gertie Robertson, Bertie Ezard, Charles Campell.

Junior 4th—Lizzie Hannant, Mary Harrison, Labena Sanderson, Robert Willmott.

Sen. 3rd—Mary J. Barbaree, George Watson, Tryphena Barbaree.

Int. 3rd—Fred. Deacon, Dolly Elliott, James Duncan.

Jun. 3rd—Edith Moffatt, Ruth Bell, Willie Hobbs.

Sen. 2nd—Belle Robertson, Charles Ussher, Mabel Lush.

Int. 2nd—Edith Dewar, Florence Deacon, George Lindsay.

Jun. 2nd—Edith Wilson, Walter Brothers, Maggie Duff.

Sen 1st—Thos. McDowell, Mary Hollinrake, Mabel Robertson.

Int. 1st—Mary Moorhead, Lilian Robertson, Charlotte Johnson.

Junior 1st—Ethel Andrews, Pearson Johnson.

Primary Classes—L. Krender. W. Cole, W. Lightheart, John Dow, Thos. Bowman, Dow Lavery, Haward Lush.

ATTENDANCE.

Number Boys' names enrolled	162
" Girls' " "	154
Total number of " "	316
Highest daily attendence	265
Average " "	140

PRATT AND WATKINS.

GRAND ANNUAL OPENING OF SPRING GOODS AT 16 AND 18 JAMES STREET NORTH, HAMILTON.

W-h-e-w, what a crowd! Where do they all come from? They have come from the many thousands of homes in the city of Hamilton, the residents of which delight to do honor to the enterprise and public spirit of Messrs. Pratt & Watkins. The above question and answer might have been very opportune last Thursday, when the event of the season, the great opening at 16 and 18 James street north, took place. The Spectator will endeavor to give its fair readers, who had not the opportunity of going, a little idea of some of the pretty things there were to beseen. Of course the lovely display of Paris, New York and London fashions in the way of the millinery flowers, feathers, plumes, silks, satins, etc., was just simply exquisite, while laces ribbons, and dress goods were puffed, looped, hung and displayed in various inviting ways. The ladies seemed to be taken with a very fine lot of embroidered underwear that was marked exceedingly cheap. Piano and table covers, parasols, prints, sateens, drillets, etc., were invitingly exposed to view. A very large stock of clothing is manufactured and kept for sale by Messrs. Pratt & Watkins, and the prices that they offer men's and boy's wear at is was simply marvellous. Some pretty designs in colored silk handkerchiefs and gentlemen's silk scarfs, collars, braces, underwear, shirts, etc., are largely kept by this firm. Passing up stairs to the carpet room there was noticed a large display in lace curtains, tapestry, wool and union carpets, rugs, oil cloth, etc. Pratt & Watkins have some extra cheap lines in this department. A glance over a newspaper eleven years old, the other day, made manifest the fact that of all the dry goods merchants who advertised in that paper, Messrs Pratt & Watkins and two other firms stand out as being the only retail dry goods merchants which have remained in existence unimpaired up to the present time. This journal wishes Messrs. Pratt and Watkins all the success which their pluck and perseverance deserve, and hopes that the citizens of Hamilton and surrounding country will patronize them very largely this coming season.—Spectator.

The gas works of the town of Berlin caught fire Friday morning and were burned to the ground.

Fresh defalcations by McMahon, the absconding Kingston lawyer, are coming to light; the amount having now reached $21,000. No trace has been found as to his whereabouts.

Nearly all the buildings on both sides of the main street of Port Rowan, with the greater part of their contents, were destroyed by fire Friday morning, causing a loss of over $80,000. Eighteen buildings in all were burned.

Early on Thursday morning Nathan Griffith, a farmer of Westminster township, awoke from sleep, to find that his wife had cut his throat severely with a razor. The unfortunate woman's mind was unhinged by the religious excitement of revival meetings.

Two men from Doncaster were asphyxiated by gas in a Toronto hotel on Friday night. One was found dead and the other unconscious. They had blown out the gas instead of turning it off, although the proprietor's son fully explained it to them when they retired for the night.

An investigation into the affairs of J. A. McMahon, a lawyer of Kingston, who left that city suddenly about two weeks, shows that he has appropriated a large amount of money belonging to his clients, his defalcations being estimated at $20,000. Heavy losses in bucket shop speculations are said to be the cause of the trouble.

At a meeting of wholesale dry goods merchants, held on Friday in Montreal, a deputation was appointed to visit Ottawa and protest against certain of the tariff changes which they held discriminated unfairly against the trade. It was also decided to endeavor to secure the co-operation of the trade throughout the Dominion.

NEWS ITEMS.

Beach has sailed for England.

A rich silver find is reported from Dakota.

P. T. Barnum's cashier has absconded to Canada with $6000.

The total number of rioters killed during the Belgium riots was 25.

The German Reichstag has agreed to prolong the anti-socialist law for two years.

Mr. W. H. Howland was re-elected Mayor of Toronto last week by acclamation.

Gen. Middleton has recommended the recall of the batteries from the North-west.

A mass meeting was held in the London Guildhall to protest against Home Rule for Ireland.

The general election for the Local Legislature in New Brunswick will be held on May 26th.

Shaftesbury Hall, Toronto, was on Tuesday transferred from the Y.M.C.A. to the Sons of England.

A St. John's, Nfld., mob have broken into the Parliament House and placed their flag on the table.

Official notice is given that the Welland canal will be opened for the season on Monday, April 19.

Sir Henry Halford, well known for his connection with rifle-shooting, is dying of Bright's disease.

One hundred and fifty person have been killed at Heromal, a Japanese town, by the caving in of a roof.

Jesse Collings, mover of the motion fatal to the Salisbury Cabinet, has been unseated for corrupt practices.

It is calculated that the railway between the Bolan pass in India and Afghanistan will be completed by May.

Fort Worth, Texas, has been the scene of a fatal encounter between the authorities and striking Knights of Labor.

The by-law for the removal of the Toronto cattle market was defeated Monday by nearly twelve hundred majority.

More than fifteen millions of whitefish from the Dominion fish hatcheries will be planted in Lake Erie this spring.

The papal consistory has been postponed until May, when the Archbishops of Baltimore and Quebec are expected to attend.

Messrs. Parnell and Gladstone are confident that a dissolution would result in the gain of sixty additional seat to the Liberals.

The Dacoits continue their marauding in the vicinity of Mandalay, Burmah. They have so far fired and destroyed six hundred houses.

It is rumored that Mr. Parnell contemplates making arrangements to collect funds in America, irrespective of league agents.

The daily Telegraph believes that the removal of the Parnellites from Westminister is an essential part of Mr. Gladstone's scheme.

A strike of cotton spinners and weavers against a lowering of wages is in progress at Enchade, Holland. No disorder has yet occurred.

The annual boat race between Oxford and Cambridge Universities was rowed on Saturday over the usual course, and was won by the latter.

The King of Corea issued an edict on February 5th abolishing slavery. It is estimated that over half of the inhabitants of Corea are slaves.

The Toronto Presbytery on Tuesday nominated Rev. D. J. Macdonnell, of St Andrew's church, Toronto, as Moderator of the General Assembly.

A man attempted to steal $40,000 from a bank in Amsterdam on Saturday, but was captured. He gave his name as Clifford and his residence as Boston.

It is stated that the Governor-General's Foot Guards, Ottawa, will probably be disbanded shortly and reorganized, owing to dissensions among the officers.

Another of the Russian wolfbitten Mujiks, who has been under treatment by M. Pasteur for protection against hydrophobia, has died from the maladay.

The traffic receipts of the Canadian Pacific railway for the week ending March 31 were $225,000, an increase of $43,000 compared with the corresponding week last year.

From present indications it is expected that navigation between the mainland and Prince Edward Island will be opened in a few days.

The Planter's house at St. Louis, Mo., was damaged by fire Saturday morning. Four servants were burnt to death, named Kate Cassidy, Mary Burke, Mary Cooney and Sarah Batten.

An imposing funeral service for the late Rev. Father Fafard, who was massacred at Frog Lake during the rebellion, was held on Sunday in Montreal, being the anniversary of his death.

All the stores in Perry block and the Opera house block, Napanee, together with the greater part of their contents, were destroyed by fire Monday night. Assistance was telegraphed for to Bellville.

At Monday night's meeting of the Toronto City Council Mayor Howland expressed his determination to rigidly enforce the by laws prohibiting slaughter-houses and cow-byres within the city limits.

The Simcoe House hotel, at Simcoe, was burned to the ground early Sunday morning, George Cunningham, the hostler, perishing in the flames. A man who tried to rescued him narrowly escaped the same fate.

Great loss of life and immensurable damage to plantations has resulted in Alabama owing to the rise of the Alabama river. The funds of the relief committees are inadquate to meet the demands made upon them.

The Right Hon. W. E. Forster, who was chief secretary for Ireland under the previous Gladstone ministry, is dead. He had been ill some time. Mr. Forster was 68 years of age. He represented Bradford in Parliament.

The schooner Speedwell, with barley from Toronto, arrived at Oswego Thursday evening, April 1, being the first arrival of the season. The first arrival last season was May 6. The Speedwell reports the lake free of ice.

On Sunday night the Royal Block in the town of Shelburne, county of Dufferin, comprising a number of stores, was burned to the ground, causing a total loss of $51,500, with insurance amounting to $16,500.

The Cronk block, at Bellville, was totally destroyed by fire on Tuesday morning, together with the contents of the stores situated therein, and the adjoining block badly damaged. Loss about $30,000; insurance, $22,000.

The Lincoln Spring Assizes opened on Monday at St. Catharines, with thirteen civil and four criminal cases on the docket. True bills against Nelson Tyrrell for murder, and John Hilton and W. Correll for counterfeiting, have been returned by the Grand Jury.

Senator Frye, of Maine, announced in the United States senate on Monday that as soon as the first American fishing vessel should be seized by the Canadian authorities, he would introduce a bill to close American ports against British and colonial vessels. Senator Morgan replied advising prudence in considering such a grave question.

Two whiskey informers, Burton and Ireland, who were in the informing business at Hamilton recently, were each sentenced at a Justice of the Peace Court at Parkdale on Saturday to three months' imprisonment for endeavoring to extort money from O'Neil, a saloon keeper, on condition that they would not proceed with a case of illegal liquor selling against him. The trial lasted from 10 in the morning till 9 at night.

Farm for Sale.

THAT VALUABLE FARM, the west half of lot 4, in the 2nd concession of the Township of Esquesing, containing 100 acres more or less. There are 75 acres cleared, and 25 acres of bush; and there are on the farm a good frame barn and shed. For particulars apply on the premises to

FINLAY McCALLUM.

6ld

IT IS RATHER FLATTERING TO US.

IT IS RATHER FLATTERING TO US

The acknowledged leaders of prices, to see how keenly some of our competitors are watching us, following our every move. Gentlemen, we are good men to follow, but do you not think that it would be better if you would think for yourselves? show that you have some little originality about you; don't always play the copyist.

CHEAP LINES IN DRY GOODS.

Prints	$0 05	Check Muslins	8½c
Prints	07½	Check Shirting	8½c
Prints	10	Myrtle Plush	50c
Prints	25	42 in. Black Cashmere	37½c
Prints up to	25½	Nun's Veiling	15c
Cotton Chemise	1 12½	Pink and Blue Dresses	8½c
Rubber Cloaks	21	Fawn Dress Goods	8½c
Union Carpets	25	Skirt Lining	6½c
Tapestry Carpets	05	Waist Lining	10c
Towelling	01	Black Dress Goods	12½c
Pins	02	Factory Cotton	8½c
Embroidery			

CHEAP GOODS BOUGHT IN LARGE QUANTITIES.

8½c. 30 pieces of checked Muslins which we sell at 8½c.

5c. 40 pieces of Colored Muslins, in all colors, at 5c.

10c. 40 pieces of Dress Goods reduced from 12½ to 10c.

8½c. 50 Pieces of nice Light Prints reduced to 8½c.

50c. 6 ends of Green Plush at $2 25 up to $4 25 per yard, reduced to 50.

8c. 50 Pieces of Damaged Cotton reduced to 5c.

CLOTHING DEPARTMENT INCREASING.

It is flattering to notice the daily and monthly output in our Clothing Department on the rise. But the low prices at which we sell our Clothing are bound to draw the trade. People are not devoid of ability to judge whether we, as manufacturers, are in a position to sell Clothing cheaper than the other concerns, who are merely outputs of the manufacturers.

PRICES OF OUR CLOTHING.

Men's Pants	$1.25	Boys' Suits	$1 25
Men's Pants	1.85	Boys' Suits	1 50
Men's Pants	1.50	Boys' Suits	1 75
Men's Pants	3.75	Boys' Suits up to	6 75
Men's Pants up to	4.75	Boys' Pants	90
Men's Suits	4.95	Boys' Pants	95
Men's Suits	5.00	Boys' Pants	1 00
Men's Suits	16 50	Boys' Pants up to	1 25
Men's Suits up to	6 00	Men's Shirts	25
Men's Spring Overcoats	8 75	Men's Shirts up to	1 50
Men's Spring Overcoats			

LEADING IN THE RIGHT WAY.

$1.25 We can sell you a good suit for a boy at $1.25

500 Don't forget boys, you can get 500 mibs with a Suit.

$1.25 Have you seen any of our $1 25 Pants, worth $2.

500 Every Suit of Clothes for boys over $2 you get 500 mibs.

BOYS' Suits our strong point. We make great efforts to get always the right thing.

PANTS at all prices sizes, qualities, makes, grades and colors.

PRATT & WATKINS, 16 AND 18 JAMES STREET, HAMILTON

COMPLETE IN EVERY DEPARTMENT.

A. MURRAY & CO.

Are now showing a complete stock in every department, one of the largest, richest and best assorted in the Dominion, and at prices lower than ever before quoted. Note the following:

French, German and English Dress Goods, away down in prices, superb goods.
Silks, both black and colored, all the new makes, at French depression prices.
Millinery and Mantles, a soock well known to excel all the city.
Lace Trimmings, Lace All-overs, Oriental Laces, Fancy Nets, etc., everything new and lovely. This department, in fulness and richness, far surpass any previous season's effort, and cannot be equalled in the Province. Ladies see for yourselves.
Hosiery, Gloves, Ladies' Underwear, etc., a truly grand stock in every make.
Gent's Furnishings, Collars, Ties, Handkerchiefs, Umbrellas, all choice and cheap.

Prints—The department is full of all the latest and most beautiful designs.
Parasols—Embracing every novelty of the handsomest makes.
Corsets and Trimmings—All the very latest makes in Corsets, and an endless assortment of Dress Timmings, Buttons, etc.
Staple Goods—This department should not be forgotten. The stock of Cottons, Sheetings, Diapers, Napkins, etc., is always most complete, and there is always something new shown in Flannels. All sold at wholesale prices.
LADIES—Don't fail to walk through our vast establishment and see our magnificent stock before buying elsewhere. You will be pleased and save money.

N.B.—Our Dressmaker, Miss Dalgleish, will return from New York in a few days.

A. MURRAY & CO., 18, 20 AND 22 KING ST. EAST.

1886. 1886.

SPRING ANNOUNCEMENT.

McLEOD, ANDERSON & CO.,

GEORGETOWN,

In making their announcement for the Spring, would say that owing to the unforseen circumstances and hard times prevalent in this community, they have been unable to carry out their announcement of their dissolution of partnership. The said partnership will therefore continue for one year longer, so as to give all parties who are still owing us on account, a further opportunity to call and settle their accounts. We purpose to do business entirely for cash or produce. No goods will be charged. We will sell goods cheap; we have had such an experience of the old time credit business, which enables us to say truthfully that it is a very unfair way of doing business. The honest and trusty man who pays up promptly has to pay for the dishonest man who never pays at all. We are satisfied that every person who looks at the cash system of doing business will say that it is the only honest and fair principle of doing business. We can buy cheaper; you will buy cheaper. We will sell goods at wholesale prices, paying cash and getting all the advantages which does accrue to the cash buyer. Try our system; see our goods; compare prices, and we are satisfied you will save 25c. per cent. on all goods purchased from us. Ladies, we are this season showing the neatest and most stylish Millinery, Mantles, &c., &c., all new and latest styles. Dress Goods, Dress Trimmings, Buttons, Fringes, &c., &c., all to match. Dress Making in all the newest styles done on the premises, under the management of a first-class Dress Maker. Ladies, buy your Dress Goods, and leave your order if you want a fashionable dress. Prints, Muslins, Lawns and Ginghams, all new, neat and nobby. Our Ordered Clothing Department, we can speak with pride about it. We have the finest and most extensive stock of Tweeds, Trouserings, &c., in the province, and out cutter is A No. 1. Try our nobby fits and cheap prices. Gent's furnishings in grand style and large assortment. Ready-made Clothing very cheap, big stock to select from. Carpets, in Brussels, Tapestry, 2 & 3 ply, Wool, Union, and Hemp. Oil Cloths, all widths and prices, all to be sold cheaper than the cheapest. Our Staple Department is full. Cottons, 3c. per yd and up, White Cotton, 5c, Towels, 3c., Tabling, 25c., Cottonades, Ducks and Denims, from 12½c. up. Men, women and children, you cannot fail to save money by buying your goods from us. Try and see. We are in earnest. We will sell cheap for cash only. No more bad debts. Our customers will receive the benefit. Don't delay, but come and see our cheap goods and you will surely buy.

McLEOD, ANDERSON & CO.,

"Mammoth House," Georgetown.

P. S.—We return our sincere thanks to those of our customers who have always been our friends; and trust they will continue to patronize us.

Famous Shoes.

LADIES!

OUR ASSORTMENT OF BOOTS, LOW SHOES AND Slippers is now complete, and we consider them the best ever made for the prices. Every new, elegant and tasteful style is represented. The goods are made from the best materials and by the best manufacturers, and we sell at such a small margin that the prices are sure to meet with approval.

Call and see our Misses' and Children's School Shoes and Fine Spring Heel Button Boots, the best value in Hamilton.

Gents' Fine Shoes for dress or street wear, and Men's Working Shoes, in great variety, at bottom prices.

Colin McRae

80 AND 82 KING ST. WEST, HAMILTON.

NOW IS THE TIME TO RENOVATE YOUR HOUSE.

Hollinrake & Son

MILTON,

Are going to supply the people with

WALLPAPER, LACE CURTAINS, CARPETS,

And everything in the Housefurnishing line Cheap, Cheap, Cheap.

Wall Paper from 5 to 50c. a roll, in all the new designs and colorings.

Lace Curtains from $1.00 a sett and upwards. See our special lines at $2.00, they are lovely.

CARPETS, CARPETS.

Hemp Carpet at 12½c., 15c., 20c. and 25c. Tapestry at 40c., 50c., 60c. and 75c., all splendid patterns.

BOOTS & SHOES.

Spring is here, you want a good pair of Boots or Shoes for yourself or the children, nice stylish ones. Try Hollinrake & Son, they sell Boots & Shoes Cheap.

GENTLEMEN.

We have just received a fine stock of Felt Hats for the spring trade. City styles at less than city prices is our Motto. Buy your Gent's Furnishings from

HOLLINRAKE & SON, MILTON.