OUR CLUBBING LIST.

	Regular price.	With Champion
Weekly Globe	$1.00	$1.75
" Advertiser	1.00	1.75
Harper's Magazine	4.00	4.20
" Weekly.	4.00	4.20
" Bazar.	4.00	4.20
" Young People	2.00	2.65
Scientific American.	3.20	3.50
" Supplement	5.00	5.10
" and Supplement	7.00	7.00
National Live Stock Journal	2.15	3.00
Canada Farmer	1.00	1.70
Canada Medical & Surgical Journal	3.00	3.00
American Agriculturist.	1.50	2.15
Godeys Lady's Book.	2.00	2.50
Rural New Yorker with seed premium	2.00	2.80
Lippincott's Magazine.	3.00	3.20
Eclectic Magazine.	5.00	5.00
Art Interchange.	3.00	3.25
Demorest's Monthly	2.00	2.50
Rural Canadian.	1.00	1.70
Daily Witness	3.00	3.00
Weekly Witness	1.10	2.00
Toronto Daily World	3.00	3.00

HAWKERS' LICENSES.

BY LAW No. 165.

Whereas it is expedient and necessary to pass a by-law for licensing, regulating and governing hawkers or petty chapmen, and other persons carrying on petty trades, or who go from place to place, or to other men's houses, on foot, or with any animal, bearing or drawing any goods, wares, or merchandise for sale, or in or with any boat, vessel, or other craft, or otherwise, carrying goods, wares or merchandise for sale, or who, being agents for persons not resident within the County of Halton, sell or offer for sale tea, dry goods, or jewellery, or carry and expose samples or patterns of any such goods to be afterwards delivered within the County of Halton to any person not being a wholesale or retail dealer in such goods, wares or merchandise.

Be it therefore enacted by the Municipal Council of the County of Halton,

1. That from and after the passing of this by-law no person shall act as a hawker or petty chapman, or carry on a petty trade or trades, or go from place to place, or to other men's houses, on foot or with any animal bearing or drawing any goods, wares, or merchandise for sale, or in or with any boat, vessel, or other craft, or otherwise carry goods, wares or merchandise for sale without first having obtained a license for that purpose, under the corporate seal of the said County of Halton, signed by the Warden and countersigned by the County Treasurer or Clerk of the Municipality issuing the same.

2. That from and after the first day of December instant, no person, being an agent for any person or persons not resident within the County of Halton, shall sell or offer for sale tea, dry goods, or jewellery, or carry and expose samples or patterns of any such goods, to be afterwards delivered within the County of Halton to any person not being a wholesale or retail dealer in such goods, wares or merchandise, without first having obtained a license for that purpose under the corporate seal of the said County of Halton, signed by the Warden and countersigned by the County Treasurer or Clerk of the municipality issuing the same.

3. That the Treasurer of the County shall issue such license to any person applying therefor upon payment to him of the sum of five dollars for everyone carrying goods on foot; by wagon, twenty dollars; and for those taking orders by sample, to be afterwards delivered, the sum of fifty dollars.

4. That every such license shall remain and be in force for one year from the date of issue.

5. That the Treasurer of the County may from time to time, as they may be required, provide the township, town, and village clerks in the said County of Halton with such licenses in blank, for sale to parties applying for the same in any such township, town or village; and the said clerks may issue the same upon payment of the sum named in this by-law for each such license, and each of the said clerks shall semi annually pay over to the said Treasurer all moneys received by him upon sale of such licenses, retaining thereout the sum of one half of each such license so sold by him for the use of his municipality, and shall therewith send a report of the names of parties to whom licenses have been issued, and the date of issue, and shall countersign each of the said licenses when issued by him.

6. That any person who shall act as a hawker or petty chapman, or carry on a petty trade, or go from place to place, or to other men's houses, on foot, or with any animal, bearing or drawing any goods, wares or merchandise for sale, or in or with any boat, vessel or other craft, or otherwise carry goods, wares or merchandise for sale from and after the passing of this by-law, and that any person who, being agent for a person or persons not resident within the County of Halton, shall, from and after this date, sell or offer for sale tea, dry goods, or jewellery, or carry and expose samples or patterns of any such goods to be afterwards delivered within the County of Halton to any person not being a wholesale or retail dealer in such goods, wares or merchandise without having first obtained such license shall, upon conviction before any justice of the peace in and for the County of Halton, who may summarily hear and dispose of any complaint made for any infraction of this by-law, shall forfeit and pay for every such infraction the sum of not less than five, nor more than fifty dollars, besides costs, and in case the said fine and costs are not forthwith paid, may cause the same to be levied by distress of the goods and chattels of the person so convicted, and in default of sufficient distress may cause him to be imprisoned in the common jail of the said county for any time not exceeding the space of thirty days.

7. That one-half of such fine shall be paid over to the Treasurer of the said County of Halton and one half to the treasurer of the municipality in which the conviction takes place.

8. That By-laws numbers two and eleven are hereby repealed.

Passed the first day of December, A. D. 1885.

(S'g'd) JAMES MENZIES, War'en.
[L.S.] WM. PANTON, Clerk.

Brother Gardner's Ungallantry.

(Detroit Free Press.)

"I hold in hand," said Brother Gardner as opened the meeting of the Lime Kiln club, "a petishun from Mary Ann Johnson, of Missouri. In rejectin her application I desiah to state fur de benefit of woman kind a few fundamental facks—

"1. Woman am good 'nuff in her place.

"2. It am not her fault dat she wasn't bo'n fur a man.

"3. As a member of any organizashun like dis she am a fizzle.

"4. When man has shown dat he is incompetent to run dis country, de women will be given a show. I allus feel to exclaim wid de orators: 'Bress d. women!' But I also feel to bress 'em fur what day am and not fur what some of 'em want to be. I hev sometimes set down and wondered what we should do widout 'em. It takes a woman's hand to make catnip tea an mustard plaster, an to pare taters. She kin doctor a sore toe suddenly as to make you think you hev traded a sob n-dollar shotgun for a three-dollar dog; it am her sweet words which soothe your throbbin' soul. While you sleep she watches for burglars; While you wake she sews on hind patches. While you toil and sweat she am plannin' how to turn your old coat top to bottom an' make a new garment. De true woman am an angel on roller skates. As for de kind who spend deir time wid guddin' de timo-streets an' readin' women's rights sermons—an' dis Mary Ann Johnson probably belongs to dat class—dcless we see of 'em de better."

The Harston-Henry Rifle.

The Canadian Militia Gazette publishes the report of Major Browne and states that if, as represented by Capt. Harston, the arm can be manufactured cheaper than the Martini-Henry rifle, it would pay to have a number of them manufactured. Lieut.-Col. Cotton also states that there is a great advantage in Capt. Harston's invention, and that it has gone through the ordeal of the 6 to 8 tests made with every success. There is a prospect of the rifle being adopted by the militia department.

Scott Act Enforcement.

VIEWS OF THE COUNTY JUDGE OF VICTORIA.

LINDSAY, Dec. 8.—In his charge to the Grand Jury of Victoria County to-day, Honor Judge Dean referred at some length to to the matter of the Scott Act, which is to come in force in this county on the first of next May. He said:—With almost everyone it is a question is, What is the best method of bring about that result? The people of this county have very largely expressed the opinion that the best way of suppressing indulgence in intoxicating liquor is to make it very difficult for people get it, and that the best way of making it difficult to get is to prohibit by law its sale. Scott act advocates express particularly that view on behalf of the young and inexperienced. We have been boys ourselves, and we know the fascination there is about the show and glitter and warmth and jollity of the places where intoxicating liquors are sold. On the other hand it is contended that this method is not the best one, and that it will be impracticable to secure the enforcement of the law. Now those who insist on changing the law, those who introduce new principles, those who interfere with there guiar course of business and throw men out of their occupation and employment, should be prepared to see the new law enforced. Before declaring that the channels of business shall be changed they should be prepared to see that matters do not overflow through the old channels and produce worse results than before. We are told that in other parts of the country where the Scott act has been past it is not enforced, and the reports that come to us on this point are of a very contradictory nature. It is difficult to get at the truth in these cases, yet I am afraid, from the observation I was able to make in another part of country last summer, and from trustworthy reports I have heard, I am very much afraid this act is not enforced with anything like efficiency in more than one or two counties, in the Province in which it has become law; and I am not at all surprised at it. No criminal law, no law with penalties attached, would be enforced were it not for the assistance and energy of the persons who think themselves aggrieve by offences against the law. Take for example the law against stealing. How many cases do you suppose there would be of conviction for conviction for theft if the person whose property was taken did not put the law into motion, hunt up the evidence, push the officers of the law, and act as a power behind the public officer? An exception of course, must be made in the case of murders and great crimes which shock the public conscience. Now all this ought to be considered by the people who passed the Temperance Act. I am not aware that any great movement has been brought about unless some body has been willing to sacrifice himself for the public good." Judge Dean proceeded to refer to the results achieved by Howard in prison reform; by Wilberforce in the abolition of the West Indian slavery, and continued:—"I believe that neither the Scott act nor any prohibitory legislation will be a success in this country until some few men are found who prepared to do as Wilberforce and Howard did, and those early abolitionists of the United States did. Unless the temperance people have men amongst them prepared to dedicate and consecrate themselves to the work of carrying out the Scott act the sooner it is wiped from the statute book the better. Another thing can be done—the temperance community can dedicate men to the work, and treat them as the priests of old were treated, support them at their work. If the temperance people of Canada are not prepared to take these steps and make the act efficient I repeat that the sooner it is wiped from the statute book the betterr. A law that is not enforced brings contempt on all law. It is a thousand times better that there should be a restriction in the sale of intoxicants than that there should be practically free trade in whiskey.

Why It Is Not Enforced.

The Scott Act possess several inherent weaknesses which are fatal to its usefulness, and which prevent it from commanding the support of many "temperance men." The majority of those who may be classed as "temperance men," men who are neither teetotallers nor free drinkers, are actively opposed to it. Its chief support comes from enthusiasts, one-indentred men, who are incapable of looking at both sides of the question, and from weak vessals who cannot control themselves, and who are ready to follow the lead of anyone who promises them immunity from individual responsibility.

Experience amply demonstrates that because of its inherent weaknesses the act cannot be enforced as the other laws are. The evidence to this effect from Halton, Oxford and Huron is abundant and unimpeachable—the evidence of business men, professional men, clergymen and journalists. Such evidence has been furnished us for months and it keeps coming to hand every day. A Goderich correspondent to the Mail offers to forfeit one hundred dollars if he cannot prove that strangers may get whiskey, and even beer, which is more affected by the act, in a Huron town. The Parry Sound Star, neutral on this question heretofore, is informed that "in this village there was not one place under the Crooks Act in which liquor was sold," whereas, under the Scott Act, "liquor can be procured in six or seven places. In Penetanguishene and Midland we personally know that more liquor is sold than during the time of the license act, and there are more places at which may be called dens all over the country." The people of Toronto do not want to pay more taxes for such a change as this.

As we have shown in previous articles the mass of sober, liberty loving citizens have not the same respect for the Scott Act that they have for other laws. Some of them resist it upon principle as an improper interference with the privileges of the individual. Most of them regard it indifferently, take a stimulant when they feel like it, and do not feel called upon to inform upon or interfere with those who sell stimulants in defiance of the act. But when it is a question of protecting life or property, or preserving the peace, these same men are prepared to take up arms, if need be, in vindication of the law. One man who wants a stimulant in a Scott Act county, will take more trouble to get what he wants than a hundred of his neighbors will take to prevent him from getting it. These are some of the reasons why the Scott act is not enforced and the most of advocacy which it receives is based upon the profound ignorance of human nature and social science, which is only another name for knowledge of human nature.—World.

A Brave But Kind Soldier.

Lord Charles Beresford is almost as fearless a soldier as a his friend Colonel Burnaby, and consequently a great favorite. It is related of him that during a hot fight in south Africa, he was riding back after the engagement, and overtook one of his troopers, wounded and slowly making way afoot. He stopped and told the trooper to get up behind him; the trooper refused on the ground that if he got up they would both be taken by the enemy, but if Lord Charles Beresford rode on alone he would be certain to escape. Lord Charles Beresford looked at him a moment and said:—"If you don't get up, I shall have to get off and knock you down." Whereupon the trooper mounted, and both escaped.—Boston Advertiser.

The official majority against the Scott Act in Prescott and Russell is 1126.

Sittings of the Division Courts of the Co. of Halton

For the Year 1886.

	Place of Sittings and P. O. Address of Clerks.	Clerks.	Jan.	Mar.	May.	July.	Sep.	Nov.	Hour of Opening
1	Milton	Wm. Panton.	29	26	28	9	24	26	10 a.m.
2	Oakville	R. Balmer	6	3	5	3	11	3	10 a.m.
3	Georgetown	L. Grant	12	16	11	7	17	9	9.30 a.m
4	Acton	J. Matthews	13	17	12	8	18	10	10 a.m
5	Campbellville	S. R. Lister	11	8	10	0	9	8	9.30 "
6	Burlington	W. J. Bastedo	5	2	4	2	10	2	11 "

General Sessions of the Peace and County Court Sittings, with or without Jury, Tuesday 8th June, 14th December, at 1 p m.

County Court Sittings, without Jury, Tuesday, 6th April, and 5th October, at 10 a m.

County Court Sittings—Formerly Terms—Monday, 4th January, 5th April, 5th July, and 4th October at 10 a.m., each day.

Judges Chambers.—Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week, except on Court days and during vacation, at 11 a.m.

Audit of Criminal Justice Accounts.—Monday, 4th January, 5th April, 5th July & 4th October, at 2 p.m.

By order, JOHN DEWAR, Clerk of the Peace.

He Was Learning Every Day.

(From the Fredericton, N. B., Farmer.

Rather an amusing incident occurred in the Salvation Army meeting the other night. One of the officers in the course of his remarks told what a wonderful job Jonah had undertaken and carried through when he built the ark. Somebody in the audience better versed in the scripture jumped up and shouted "twasn't Jonah that built the ask, it was he that was swallowed by the whale." "Glory be to God," replied the officer, "I don't know much about the Bible, but I'm learning every day."

Canadian Fruit, etc., in England.

Mr. Alexander Begg, 88 Cannon St., has just received from the Canadian North-West a large consignment of fruits, vegetables, roots, etc. As so much doubt has been expressed in some quarters as to the productive powers of this important part of the British territory, a visit to the above address during the last few days would have proved both interesting and instructive to those concerned in the matter. The samples have been collected this autumn from a number of parishes near Winnipeg, and from various districts throughout the Canadian North-West. The collection itself includes, among other specimens, some very fine samples of Early Rose, Beauty of Hebron, Snowflake, and other varieties of potatoes, most of which are of excellent formation, some weighing as much as between 2½ lbs. and 3 lbs. each. One hears it stated at times that fruit cannot be grown with any considerable success in the Canadian North-West. It is clearly shown not to be the case by the fact that the present collection comprises some excellent specimens of melons and tomatoes, citrons and other fruit grown in the open air. Among the vegetables shown are good specimens of Indian corn, squashes, vegetable marrows, pumpkins, turnips, parsnips, carrots of different varieties, peas, cabbages, cauliflowers, peppers, etc. The whole of the samples collected are of ordinary growth, none of them being in any way forced. The whole collection has now been forwarded to Birmingham, but Londoners will have another opportunity of seeing it at the Smithfield Cattle show.—*London City Press.*

Scott's Emulsion of Pure.

COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.

Is Excellent in Lung Troubles.

Dr. Enoch Calloway, LaGrange, Geo., says: "I have used Scott's Emulsion with wonderful success in all Lung troubles, also find it has no equal in Summer Diarrhœa of children."

The Art Interchange offers two holiday numbers this year, dated respectively December 5 and December 17. The first of these will contain an exquisite study in colors of wild roses, leaves and buds against a beautiful blue-green background. This is designed for painting on fan mount or screen panel. A charming study of a head which shows a profile view of a beautiful woman against a background of leaves, is given as an extra supplement. A third supplement is a bold and original design of water lilies for embroidered border, (21 inches x 15 inches). These three supplements are very excellent. In addition, there are given a beautiful conventional design of buds, flowers and leaves embroidered for wall hanging; a beautiful repeating border for chair back or scarf end, and twelve exquisite motives for china painting. These last are admirable, being both original and beautiful, and of service not only to beginners but to advanced china painters. A quaint little figure for decorating "cracker" sachet and a beautiful landscape picture, "The Close of Day," complete the illustrations. The text includes instruction in all classes of art work and house decoration; an account of the events in the art world is also given and an article on moist water colors for mineral painting is especially interesting. The principal attraction of the issue of December 17 will be a Christmas Carol, designed by Walter Satterlee, with the music by Edward Moxon-thal. The Carol will be issued as an extra supplement on heavy paper. It consists of four panels, 7 inches by 5, the first shows the Virgin and Child, the second contains the score, and a band of cherubs with wreaths, the third panel gives the adoration of the shepherds, while the fourth is a representation of cherubs worshiping the Child. These illustrations are very charming and the music is an original composition by one of the first artists in the metropolis. Price of each of the foregoing issues is 20 cents.

WILLIAM WHITLOCK, Publisher,
37 & 39 West 22d Street, New York.

READING NOTICE FOR GODEY'S PREMIUM STEEL ENGRAVING, "SYMPATHY."

A Little Chef-d'oeuvre.

Breton Riviere's charming picture "Sympathy" has been engraved as a premium for Godey's Lady's Book for 1886, and is one of the most desirable inducements ever offered by that or any other magazine. The plate is an unusually fine one, very faithfully produced, and of a size that makes it acceptable either for the portfolio or for framing. "Sympathy" represents a fair-haired little girl sitting on a stairway, in deep distress, her little chin resting dejectedly on her hands, while a comical old dog presses close to her side, poking his nose over her shoulder, and saying as distinctly as any dog could say, "I'm awfully sorry for you". The picture is wonderfully expressive and has had an immense sale in Europe.

NEWS ITEMS.

The first number of a new Conservative daily newspaper has made its appearance in Ottawa.

It is thought Parnell will be found willing to accept much less than he asks of the Tories.

The Pall Mall Gazette thinks that Gladstone should arrange matters with Parnell without a moment's delay.

Forty Servians have been shot by order of King Milan for mutilating themselves to escape military service.

Dr. Andrews, of Toronto, and three inmates of his offices on Gould-street, have been arrested, charged with procuring and assisting to procure abortion.

Oxford County, Connecl, at its session last week, unanimously decided to grant the petition of the Scott Act men for the appointment of a police magistrate for the county. The appointment will be made immediately.

The Provincial Fat Stock Show at Woodstock was formally opened on Thursday by Col. Munroe, Warden of Oxford. There was a large attendance, and the exhibits of cattle and other stock presented at fine appearance.

Farmers!

SEE THE

Patterson CORD Binder

Before Ordering Any Other.

SEND FOR TESTIMONIALS

☞ Remember the Mitchell Fanning Mill is the Best.

J. R. MITCHELL,
AGENT,
Milton, Ont

The Canadian Horticulturist,

Published monthly by the Fruit Grower's Association of Ontario, and now entering on its ninth year, is the only horticultural publication conducted with special reference to the peculiarities of our Canadian climate. It numbers among its contributors our ablest horticulturists.

The subscription is only ONE DOLLAR A YEAR, which entitles the subscriber to a copy of the Annual Report of the Fruit Growers' Association for the year 1885, containing the discussions at the three meetings held during the year, carefully reported by a short hand writer, AND IN ADDITION, whichever of the following articles the subscriber may designate namely: (1) three plants of the Ontario Strawberry, or (2) a yearling tree of the Russian Yellow Transparent Apple, or (3) a plant of the Lucretia Dewberry, or (4) a yearling vine of the Early Victor Grape, or (5) two plants of the Marlboro Raspberry, or (6) a package containing three pipets of seeds, viz: Gypsophila paniculata Apiligia caerulea and Delphinium, mixed colors.

A sample copy will be sent to any person on application. If you take any interest in the cultivation of any kind of fruit or of vegetables or flowers, and wish to have the experience of our best cultivators and to keep abreast of the times in these matters take the Canadian Horticulturist.

Subscriptions may be sent direct to the editor,

P. W. BEADLE, St. Catharines.

The ideal young people's magazine. It holds the first place among periodicals of its class.
—BOSTON JOURNAL.

ST. NICHOLAS

An illustrated monthly periodical for boys and girls, appearing on the 25th of each month. Edited by Mary Mapes Dodge. Price 25 cents a number, or $3.00 a year, in advance. Booksellers, newsdealers, postmasters, and the publishers take subscriptions, which should begin with the November number, the first of the volume.

ST. NICHOLAS aims both to satisfy and to develop the tastes of its constituency; and its record for the past twelve years, during which it has always stood, as it stands to-day, at the head of periodicals for boys and girls, and is a sufficient warrant for its excellence during the coming season. The editors announce the following as among the

LEADING FEATURES FOR 1885-86:

A Serial Story by Frances Hodgson Burnett. The first story she has written for children.

A Christmas Story by W. D. Howells. With humorous pictures by his little daughter.

"George Washington," by Horace E. Scudder. A novel and attractive historical serial.

Short Stories for Girls by Louisa M. Alcott. The first—"The Early Country"—in November.

News "Bits of Talk for Young Folks," by "H. H." This series forms a gracious and fitting memorial of a child-loving and child-helpful soul.

Papers on the Great Eng ish Schools; Rugby and others. Illustrated by Joseph Pennell.

A Sea-coast Serial Story, by J. T. Trowbridge, will be life-like, vigorous, and useful.

"Jenny's Boarding-House," a serial by James Otis. Dealing with new-boy life and enterprise.

Frank R. Stockton will contribute several of his humorous and fanciful stories.

"Drill," by John Preston True. A capital school-story for boys.

The Boyhood of Shakespeare, by Rose Kingsley. With illustrations by Alfred Parsons.

Short Stories by a score of prominent writers, including Susan Coolidge, H. H. Boyesen, Noa Perry, T. A. Janvier, Washington Gladden, Rossiter Johnson, Joaquin Miller, Sophie May, Hezekiah Butterworth, W. O. Stoddard, Harriet Prescott Spofford, and many others.

Entertaining Sketches by Alice W. Rollins, Charles G. Leland, Henry Rexford, Lieutenant Schwatka, Edward Eggleston, and others.

Poems, shorter contributions, and departments will complete what the Rural New-Yorker calls "the best magazine for children in the world."

THE CENTURY CO., New York.

THE CENTURY for 1885-86.

The remarkable interest in the War Papers and in the many timely articles and strong serial features published recently in THE CENTURY has given that magazine a regular circulation of

More than 200,000 Copies Monthly.

Among the features for the coming volume, which begins with the November number, are

THE WAR PAPERS

BY GENERAL GRANT AND OTHERS.

These will be continued (most of them illustrated) until the chief events of the Civil War have been described by leading participants on both sides. General Grant's papers include descriptions of the battles of Chattanooga and the Wilderness. General McClellan will write of Antietam, General D. C. Buell of Shiloh, Generals Pope, Longstreet and others, of the Second Bull Run, etc., etc. Naval combats, including the fight between the *Kearsarge* and the *Alabama*, by officers of both ships, will be described.

The "Recollections of a Private" and special war papers of an anecdotal or humorous character will be features of the year.

SERIAL STORIES BY

W. D. HOWELLS, MARY HALLOCK FOOTE, AND GEORGE W. CABLE.

Mr. Howells's serial will be in lighter vein than "The Rise of Silas Lapham." Mrs. Foote's is a story of mining life, and Mr. Cable's a novelette of the Acadians of Louisiana. Mr. Cable will also contribute a series of papers on Slave songs, and dances, including negro serpent-worship.

SPECIAL FEATURES

Include "A Tricycle Pilgrimage to Rome," illustrated by Pennell; Historical Papers by Edward Eggleston, and others; Papers on Persia, by S. G. W. Benjamin, lately U.S. minister, with numerous illustrations; Astronomical Articles, practical and popular, on "Sidereal Astronomy"; Papers on Christian Unity by representatives of various religious denominations; Papers on Manual Education, by various experts, etc., etc.

SHORT STORIES

By Frank R. Stockton, Mrs Helen Jackson (H. H.), Mrs. Mary Hallock Foote, Joel Chandler Harris, H. H. Boyesen, T. A. Janvier, Julian Hawthorne, Richard M. Johnston, and others; and poems by leading poets. The Departments,—"Open Letters," "Brica-Brac," etc., will be fully sustained.

THE ILLUSTRATIONS

Will be kept up to the standard which has made THE CENTURY engravings famous the world over.

PRICES. A SPECIAL OFFER.

Regular subscription price, $4.00 a year. To enable new readers to get all the War Papers, with contributions from Generals Grant, Beauregard, McClellan, J. E. Johnston, Lew Wallace, Admiral Porter and others, we will send the 12 back numbers, November, 1884, to October, 1885, with a year's subscription beginning with November, 1885, *for $6.00 for the whole.* A subscription, with the 12 numbers bound in two handsome volumes, $7.50 *for the whole.* Back numbers only supplied for a less specimen copy (back number) will be sent on request. Mention this paper.

All dealers and postmasters take subscriptions and supply numbers according to our special offer, or remittance may be made directly to

THE CENTURY CO., New York.

New arrivals at the Right House from the European Manufacturers This Week.

Just Imported White, Cream and Black Beaded Tabliers for Evening Wear. All-over Beaded Net. Beaded Laces in Black, Cream and White. Ladies Hosiery. Satchels and Portmonies in the Newest Colors and Styles in Leather and Silk Plush, from 25c. to $3. New Oriental Flouncing in Magnificent Patterns. Handsome Oriental Laces in the Latest shades. Beautiful Evening Flowers, Sprays, Roses, etc. An Enormous Stock of Ladies' and Misses' Knitted Scarfs, Squares and Shawls, which are offering at Marvelously Low Prices. Just examine them, they are the very latest shades and makes out. An Immense Stock of Underclothing for Ladies, Misses, Men and Boys in a great variety of Qualities, Prices and Makes, from the Lowest Canadian to the Best Scotch Wool. Ladies' Scotch Wool Vests at only 87½c., worth far more. Gents' Heavy Scotch Wool Shirts at only 75c. Ladies' Excellent Fine All-wool Vests going for $1, worth $1.50. Be sure to see the Nice Fine Merino Vests for Ladies at onl, 50c., well worth 75c. The New Styles of Ladies' Braided Jerseys lately arrived from the French Market are Charming Goods, in Black, Brown, Navy and Grenat. Do not forget the Ladies' Jerseys with and without Sleeves, selling off at Half Prices. Also the latest Girls' Knitted Woolen Dresses selling for half their value. The Ladies' Pattern Mantles and Millinery in the Newest and most Beautiful Styles are market down immensely. Some of the Mantles are Marked Down $20, and are Far Less than Cost Prices. Piles of Ladies' Mantles are going off at one-half their value. See the $1.50, the $2, $2.50, $3, $4 and $5 Mantles; they astonish people. Mantle and Ulster Cloths are selling off at far less than they are worth. Cloths going at 75c. well worth $1.25. Dress Goods selling off at an Enormous Reduction. Just see the Dress Goods reduced from 50c. to 35c. The 12½, 15, and 18c. Dress Goods have a Great Sale. The Single and Double Width Cloths from 12½c. to 25c. are selling rapidly. The All-wool French Dress Goods at 20c. are worth 25c., and those at 25c. are good value at 30c. These Goods have an Amazing Sale. Hundreds of pieces of Good Heavy Winceys Very Cheap. The Carpets and Carpet Materials of the kinds have an Enormous Sale. The Qualities are Good, the Styles and Colors New and Beautiful, the Variety Immense, and the Prices Very Cheap. Be sure to see the Ladies' and Gents' Neckwear, Handkerchiefs, etc., they are Extra Good Value. King street east, close to Hughson street. The name is.

THOMAS C. WATKINS.

Hamilton, Nov. 31, 1885.

THE EXTENSIVE

Dissolution Sale

IS STILL GOING ON

—AT THE—

Mammoth House,

GEORGETOWN.

That there are Bargains given in every Department. That the goods in a great many instances are being sold less than cost. That the goods are sold for Cash or Produce Only. No goods charged. That our Dress Goods, Millinery, Mantles, Ulsterings and Cloakings are superb. That our Stock of Staples, Woolen Goods, Flannels, Winceys and Tweeds are very extensive. That we have an Immense tock of Ready-made Clothing and Overcoats, both in Men's and Boy's that are being cleared and sold at unheard of Prices. That we are astonishing the people with the prices of Carpets. That our Furs and Robes are extensive and cheap. That our Dress-making and Mantle Depapments is very busy. That our Ordered Clothing Department is very busy. That we want the people to come and inspect our stock and be convinced, and by purchasing you will make money. Do not lose this opportunity for Bargains as the stock must be reduced.

McLeod, Anderson & Co.,

Mammoth House, Georgetown.

Roper the Baker to the Front.

Gang down to Roper's and get some cakes,
Some buns and shortbread and some bakes,
For a'thing o' the kind he makes,
And set our table cheery O.

Plain and Ornamental Cakes of every description for the Holidays. Please send in your favors early. Orders from the country, to receive prompt attention, should be in not later than December 15th.

BOOTS & SHOES

THOS. WILSON,

(Successor to Chas. Nicholls)

is receiving daily a splendid stock of Men, Women & Children's Boots and Shoes, for Spring and Summer wear.

These goods are made by the best manufacturers in the Dominion, and will be sold at lowest possible prices. Boots and Shoes made to order. A perfect fit and first class stock and workmanship guaranteed. Send your repairs.

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON

Thos. Wilson.

1842. A PROCLAMATION 1886.

Know Ye! Know Ye All! Men, women and children—that the great staff of editors, who, headed by Dr. George Thurber, have kept the AMERICAN AGRICULTURIST at the front for twenty-five years, are now re-enforced by Chester P. Dewey, Esq., and Seth Green, the Fish Culturist. We propose to add to the hundreds of thousands of homes, in which the

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is read, and revered from the Atlantic to the Pacific as an old time friend and counsellor. We are according enlarging the

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DAVID W JUDD, Pres't. 34-21. SAM'L BURNHAM, Sec'y.

TO CHOOSE A TURKEY.—The following hints how to choose a turkey may be of interest to some:—Do not try to twist its wings, but feel the point of its breast-bone, if this "gives" to the fingers instead of being hard and sharp, you may know the bird is young. A hairy turkey, with reddish or purplish thighs and back, is likely to be old; so is one of unusually large size, unless you can trust the dealer's word. The pin-feathers are pointed in the young and rounded in an old bird; soft pliable legs and feet are the signs of freshness in game, as the legs very soon dry and stiffen.

CONSUMPTION CURED.

An old physician, retired from practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India missionary the formula of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of consumption, bronchitis Catarrah, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having tested its wonderful curative powers, in thousands of cases has felt it his duty to make it known to his fellow sufferers. Actuated by this motive and desiring to relieve human suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using this prescription. Sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 Powers block, Rochester N. Y.

R. JONES,

HARNESS AND SADDLE

MANUFACTURER,

(Next door to the Thompson House,)

MAIN STREET, MILTON.

I wish to thank my customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and remind them that I have removed my shop across the street to the premises adjoining the Thompson House, where I shall keep on hand a good stock of

HARNESS, SADDLES, TRUNKS, VALISES, WHIPS, COMBS, BRUSHES

and all Kinds of Horse Clothing of the very Best English Canadian and American Manufacture.

Harness, Saddles, &c., made to order promptly and at reasonable prices.

Repairing done with neatness and all work warranted.

ISLAND HOME Stock Farm,

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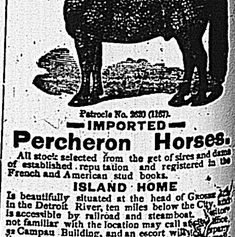

Percheronne No. 2030 (1167).

—IMPORTED—

Percheron Horses.

All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation and registered in the French and American stud books.

ISLAND HOME

Is beautifully situated at the head of Grosse Ile, in the Detroit River, ten miles below the City, and is accessible by railroad and steamboat. Visitors not familiar with the location may call at the Grand Pacific Hotel, Sherman House, Russell House, or Campau Building, and an escort will be provided to take them to the farm. Send for catalogue. Address, SAVAGE & FARNUM, Detroit, Mich.

Travellers' Guide.

NORTHERN & NORTH-WESTERN.
GOING NORTH. GOING SOUTH.
7.38 A. M. 4.50 P. M. 10.42 A. M. 8.33 P. M.
7.38 P. M. 10.40 A. M.

CREDIT VALLEY RAILWAY.
GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
9.34 A.M. 5.27 P.M. 7.31 A.M. 3.3 P.M.
6.31 5.50 P. M. 9.30 " 7.04 P. M.

Stage leaves for Hornby, Drumquin, Omagh, Stage "Home, &c., at 9 o'clock a m.

Sunday Train C. V. R., go East 7.31 a.m. West 2 27 p.m.

VOLUME 25.

A YOUNG GIRL'S WOOING.

BY E. P. ROE,

Author of "His Sombre Rivals," "From Jest to Earnest," &c., &c.

"Mr. Arnault has gone."

"Gone where?" she gasped.

"I don't know. As the clock struck twelve he came rapidly out and walked away. He passed by me, but would not answer when I spoke to him. Come, let me take you to your room."

With a chill as heart almost like that of death she went with him, and sat down pale and speechless.

In a few moments a note was brought to Mr. Wildmere's door, and he took it to his daughter. She could scarcely open it with her nerveless fingers, and when she read the brief words:

"MISS WILDMERE: You must permit me to renounce all claims upon you now and forever. Memory and your own thoughts will reveal to you the obvious reasons for my action.

"GRAYDON MUIR."

she found a brief respite from the results of her diplomacy in unconscious peace.

CHAPTER XXXIV.

BROKEN LIGHTS AND SHADOWS.

Mr. Wildmere looked almost ten years older when he came down to what, we suppose, would be a solitary breakfast; but something like hope and gladness reappeared on his haggard face when he saw Arnault at his table as usual. He scarcely knew how he would find he could be received, but Arnault was as affable and courteous as he would have been a few months previous, and no one in the breakfast-room would have imagined that anything had occurred to disturb the relations between the two gentlemen. He enquired politely after the ladies, expressed regret that they were indisposed, and changed the subject in a tone and manner natural to a mere acquaintance.

Although his courtesy would argue faultless to observers, it made Wildmere shiver.

"Mr. Arnault," Mr. Wildmere said, a little nervously, as they left the breakfast-room, "may I speak with you?"

"Certainly," replied Arnault, with cool politeness, and he followed Mr. Wildmere to a deserted part of the piazza.

"You made a very kind and liberal offer to my daughter," the latter began.

"And received my final answer last night," was the cold, decisive reply. It would be impossible to imagine more definite assurance that Miss Wildmere has no regard for me than was given within the time stipulated. I have accepted such assurance as final. Good morning, sir," and with a slight bow he turned on his heel and went in.

Mr. Wildmere afterward learned that he took the first train to New York.

"I am going to church with you to-day," said Graydon, "and I shall try to behave."

"Try to! You cannot sit with me unless you promise to behave."

"That is the way to talk to men," said Mrs. Muir, who was comfortably under her husband's thumb. "They like you all the better for showing some spirit."

"I am not trying to make Gra