OUR CLUBBING LIST.

	Regular price.	With Champion
Weekly Globe.	$1.50	$1.75
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Daily Witness	3.00	3.50
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Toronto Daily World	3.00	3.00

Temperance vs. Teetotalism.

When E. P. Weston, the celebrated American pedestrian, some few years ago introduced long distance races into this country he gave an impetus to a sport that was well nigh dead. This, however, lasted but for a time, and left us very much as we were before, except bringing out men such as Gorkey, Brown, Littlewood, and Rowell. Beyond the performance of Weston and Gale, however, hardly any movement was was made in emulating Capt. Barclay's feat of walking a certain distance in a certain time on the turnpike road. After these we must not omit mention of Spencer, a man of about 5ft. 10½ in., weight 14st. 6lb., a carpenter by trade, who, getting on towards seventy years of age, has not been behind in handling down to posterity some long distance records that stamp him as a man of extraordinary endurance. Born on August 12, 1820, in the parish of Bitterley, in Shropshire, Joseph Spencer was the only son of a small farmer of that place, his mother (whom he can remember walking to market and back, some sixty miles on day) being of Scotch extraction. Spencer is a great believer in moderate drinking, and it was in answer to Weston's walking exhibition of endurance without partaking of intoxicating drinks that he started on a long tour, and proved that he could only beat the Yankee's performance by several hundred miles in less time, but do so without abstaining from alcoholic liquor, against which the "Wobbler" lectured so freely. Spencer's first performance was in 1876, when, after Weston had travelled 1,200 miles in thirty days, he commenced at Cremorne gardens, and walked 1,326 miles in one day less than his opponent. A few years later Weston was engaged by the total abstainers to exhibit his endurance without partaking of any intoxicating liquors, and succeeded in travelling five thousand miles in 100 days, but the licensed vituallers not be outdone, engaged Spencer on their behalf, and the latter covered 5,306 miles in the same space of time at the Compton Skating rink, at Highbury, which performance he commenced, on February 13th, and finished on June 7th of last year. His last tour of 6,000 miles in 110 days (Sundays excepted) begun on June 16th at Lillebridge, departing next day for Aylesbury, and visiting in turns the leading towns, having twenty one miles to be finished yesterday (Wednesday). The attendance at Lillie-bridge to see the conclusion of Spencer's self-imposed task was very limited, a result due to the event not being advertised, or the collapse of the late management. Eleven o'clock was the time appointed for a start, but it was half an hour later ere Spencer appeared. Going in fine style, he put on eight miles before leaving the track, half an hour for dinner. On recommencing at 1.30 p. m. the remaining thirteen were finished at 4.45, when he was heartily congratulated upon the successful termination of his stupendous undertaking. Spencer has a very long stride of about forty inches, and the only thing the matter with him yesterday was a slight stiffness of the right knee. He has been attended throughout by Tom Lindley, who has been as assiduous in his attentions to Spencer, and after his experience with his mentor is anxious to walk any one in the world, a teetotaller preferred, 3,000 miles for £100 a side.—London Sportsman.

HOW VACCINE VIRUS IS OBTAINED.

DESCRIPTION OF A FACTORY WHICH FURNISHES EXTENSIVE SUPPLY.

At Greenwich, Conn., despatch says: In a cowhouse at the side of the old turnpike road, in the quiet village of Cos Cob, two calves can be seen on a most any day strapped to a bench, their feet sticking up in the air and lots of quills protruding from their bodies. Around the rooms are razors, knives, bundles of quills and ropes. A man is usually in attendance. This is a vaccine factory. One of the first established in this country. The quills remain for a short time in the flesh of the calves. As soon as they become filled with mucus—vaccine, as it is called—they are pulled out, sealed air-tight and in time do away all over the world, finding their way to Germany and Australia.

Some people imagine that the calves are killed by the process, or are injured so as to be unfit for use, but it is claimed that they are made more healthy by having these sores, for that is all the harm done to them. They seem to suffer very little, and after a few days frisk about a lively as ever. Calves of two colors are preferred at the factory—white and red—and only strong and healthy ones are selected.

"Oftentimes people come to the factory to be vaccinated," said the attendendant to the reporter. "They are so afraid they won't get the right stuff—pure calf vaccine. I am not a doctor and the doctors don't like it very well. I just take this knife that I cut the calves with; so I cut the arm as I cut the calf. I pull out a quill from the calf and put it in the cut or scratch. They smile, take a look at the calf and go home, sure that it took."

There is more demand for vaccine at the present time than at any previous period during the five years past.

BLUE RIBBON BEER INTOXICATING.

JUDGE MACDOUGALL'S DECISION IN THE WOOTEN APPEAL CASE—CONFLICTING TESTIMONY.

The much-vexed blue ribbon beer appeal question was settled on 3rd inst by Judge Macdougall. The appeal was made by David Wooten against a conviction by the police magistrate for selling beer without a license. The defence was that the beer was not intoxicating, and did not come within the license act. His honor could not entain the contention of the crown, that whether or not the liquor was intoxicating, the act had been violated by the sale of fermented liquor without a license. With regard to the second question, as to whether or not the liquor was intoxicating, Judge McDougall called attention to the conflicting testimony of the physicians called. According to Mr. Shuttleworth's analysis the liquor contained 2.97 per cent. of alcohol; according to Dr. Ellis' the percentage was 2.11. Thomas Davies, the brewer, himself admitted that the alcohol in the beer increased in quantity with fermentation. It was therefore not unfair to assume that three per cent. was the approximate maximum strength of the beer and 2 per cent. the minimum. The doctors had nearly all agreed that an ounce of alcohol, would produce signs of intoxication; that a quart of beer contained one ounce of alcohol and that a quart of beer might be drunk. He dismissed the appeal with costs.—Toronto World.

The Lamp Wouldn't Hold out to Burn.

Sarnia Canadian.

Last Sunday night a Kingston minister prayed for newspaper editors and reporters. This is a good sign. It should be followed by a prayer for delinquent subscribers. But perhaps the reverend gentleman considers that they are past praying for.

Methodist Must Not Dance.

From the Brantian Guardian.

The Methodist church has placed dancing among the amusements, indulence in which is forbidden, and to which is attached the penalty of exclusion from her communion.

Canadian Live-Stock Journal.

There has been few more marked successes in Journalism than has been achieved by the CANADIAN LIVE-STOCK JOURNAL, of Hamilton, Ont. Started less than two years ago as a 20-page monthly, it has gone on steadily increasing in matter and interest, as well as in size, first to 24, then to 28, and finally to 32 pages. Though devoted especially to stock-raising, it including The Farm, The Dairy, The Apiary, Poultry, Horticulture and The Home, so that for the general farmer or such farmers as make live-stock breeding in any of its departments a leading feature of their business, we do not know where to find its equal in Canada. The editor has been for three consecutive year first prize essayist at the Agricultural and Arts Association of Ontario, on the following subject. (1) "The increasing tendency of the times for farmer's sons to leave the calling of their fathers for other pursuits—the cause and remedy." (2) "On the profit of breeding, feeding and fattening beef cattle for the market, founded on practical experience." (3) "The best method of understanding the different soils of Ontario, the cost and the practical benefits resulting therefrom." This should in a measure be some guarantee to the farmers of Canada that they will receive the Journal the available information on all subjects pertaining to the farm. We heartily recommend it to our patrons as the leading paper of its class in the Dominion. It is published at Hamilton, Ont., by the Stock Journal Co. Price, $1 per annum. Those subscribing now for 1886 get the remainder of 1885 free. Send to the publishers for a free specimen copy.

THE ART INTERCHANGE of November 5th contains as an extra supplement beautiful colored plate (13 x 10) of an autumn landscape, entitled, "A November Study." In addition there are a bold and excellent design of grapes for decorating portiere in dining room; a good study of a mounted horseman, by Detaille; an embroidery design for outlining on window shades; a blackberry design painting on mirror frame; and a Japanesque design for oyster soup plates. A pretty sketch, called "Yes?" shows a maiden and her lover discussing the old, old story. The text includes an article on artistic house furnishing, instruction in painting and embroidering. Book reviews, literary chat, art notes an news make up an attractive paper. Price 20 cents. Published by WILLIAM WHITLOCK, 37 & 39 West 22nd Street, New York.

A Weird Tale of the West.

Some men of Sacramento went into Cache creek canon to hoard the grizzly in his den The grizzly happened to be out, but they bought of an Indian a box of tarantulas, which, they bore homeward as one evidence of their war against the fierce and venom nature. Of two demijohns in the wagon but one had been uncorked, and the other was about to be sacrificed to the corkscrew when a startling crash came. The man who sat upon the tarantula box had broken through it, and, of course was done for. "I'm stung! I'm stung!" he cried. As poison kills poison, his fellows, with less speed than haste, tried to break the neck of the demijohn, and in so doing spilled all the spirits save a quart. That the sufferer drank and began to feel better. Then it was occurred to some one to look at the "bugs," and the "bugs" and the tarantulas were cautiously brought in view. They had been dead a week, but three carpet tacks in the bottom of the box threw some light on the mysterious stings.—Philadelphia Press.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure.

COD LIVER OIL WITH HYPOPHOSPHITES.

Palatable as Milk and Borne by Delicate Stomachs.

Dr. J. W. Compton, of Evansville, Ind., says: I have prescribed Scott's Emulsion largely. I find it very palatable and borne well by delicate stomachs, even children take it readily, and it is very useful as a cough remedy."

The G. G's Odd Notion.

St. Paul Pioneer Press.

The Marquis of Lansdowne has some cranky notions, just like other great men. One of his queer ideas is that he cannot eat in a dining car while the train is in motion. Consequently, when his highness desires to dine the train is always stopped. He compelled an observance of this rule during his visit to St. Paul and the Northwest.

A Kind-hearted Suggestion.

Chicago News.

Louis Riel continues to be the greatest living problem in the Canadian mind. If they don't dare hang him why not follow the old English custom of ramming a pillow down his throat and let nature take its course?

Considering the scarcity of women in Constantinople, that city is about the last place in which polygamy should be permitted. The Pharo d' Alexandrie states that by a recent count the whole number of inhabitants is 871,562, and of these 503,811 are males, the females numbering only 364,751. The same journal gives the present population of Egypt at 6,805,381.

Bradstreet's reports 21 business failures in Canada last week—three less than in the previous week. Business throughout the United States continues to improve. Iron, which is practically a barometer of the market, is in more active request and holders are firmer, though prices have not advanced. Steel rails are in request at an advance of $1—fully $5 above the lowest price of the year. The leading commercial cities report more activity in general merchandize. Dry goods sales are ahead of those of 1884. Breadstuffs are somewhat feverish under speculative inquiry, but exports are light.

A TAX ON SPECULATION.—In connection with the able letter of a correspondent, which appears in another column, the following extract from a recent article in the Toronto News is pertinent. The writer urges the authorities to "tax the speculators." He says:—"In the city of Toronto rents are a great deal higher than they ought to be, because the holders of vacant lots are not willing either to build on them or to sell out at a reasonable price, but are waiting until the value of their land is enhanced by the labor of others. There is a very simple, short and easy way to remedy the abuse. Unless they are open to the public as parks tax them so that it will not pay to hold unoccupied land. By this means the revenue of the city would be increased and a large amount of land brought into the market at its actual instead of a speculative value. A special tax might be put upon all unused land in the country and all land unbuilt on in the cities. That would very quickly make land-grabbing unprofitable."

Grape-growers are groaning. On Monday, in Hamilton, grapes were sold by the wagon load at a trifle over half a cent a pound. They were sold, retail, at the fruit stores, at less than a cent a pound, with the basket thrown in. That does not pay the grape grower. It hardly pays him for the trouble and expense of carrying his product to the market. There is a reason for this ruinous condition of the grape market. The reason is the Scott act. The Scott act has so reduced the manufacture of native wines that the market for grapes is most seriously affected. The people of the Niagara peninsula will be the greatest sufferers from the curtailment of the manufacture of wine. Many people have spent years of time and thousands of dollars of money in bringing vineyards to perfection, and now find the vineyards not only useless, but a source of loss. The effects of the Scott act are beginning to be seriously felt.—Spectator.

NEWS ITEMS.

The Chinese have been warned to leave Washington Territory.

The entire Democratic State ticket have been elected in New York.

St. Paul, Minn., is to have an ice palace and carnival this winter.

The English Court has decided that Mrs. Langtry must pay the debts she contracted while living with her husband.

Montana cowboys have lynched thirteen horse-thieves in the last three months, and claim to have but made one mistake.

The English expeditionary force, under Major-General Prendergast, against King Thebaw numbers 10,000 men.

The families of more than 50 of the Toronto Volunteers who went to the North-west are still in receipt of assistance.

Once more the chains attached to the Quebec have parted and the steamer lies in 90 feet of water.

Great destruction of property has been caused on the west coast of South America by violent storms.

It is probable M. de Reude, the Papal Nuncio at Paris, who has been recalled to Rome, will be made a cardinal.

The Canadian lightship off Bar Point, at the mouth of Detroit river, is to be removed and replaced by a spar buoy.

Sixteen members of "A" Battery will make claims for compensation for injuries received on service in the North-West.

John L. Sullivan says that "all de English sluggers is duffs" and he will go to Australia instead of to England.

The English courts have decided to allow soldiers occupying separate rooms to cast their votes at the parliamentary elections.

No less than 25 pounds of marrow were blown by means of currents of steam from the long bones of poor old Jumbo's legs.

The death is announced of Rev. Dr. William Robinson Pirie, Crown Principal and Vice-Chancellor of the University of Aberdeen.

The English Government has decided to send Mr. Matthew Arnold to France and Germany to enquire into the system of free schools.

A special says that owing to the depression in the silk trade at Lyons thousands of workmen are idle and their families reduced the verge of starvation.

The postmistress of the village of Corning, Pa., has been arrested for opening letters to gratify her curosity regarding her neighbors' affairs.

Now that Generals Grant and McClellan have answered the last call, the only general who had a command in the Army of the Potomac now alive is General Pope.

APPLE SHIPMENTS.—The quantity of apples shipped from St. Catharines to the European markets this season has been largely in excess of any former one.

The traffic receipts of the Canadian Pacific railway for the week ending the 31st ult. were $299,000, an increase over the corresponding week last year of $44,000.

Commander Benton, R. N., has concluded work on the survey of the Georgian bay and the northern channel of Lake Huron for the present season.

The busy burglar plied his calling to some purpose in Guelph on Monday night, 2nd inst, four places being entered, and money and property to the value of twelve hundred dollars carried off.

Internal troubles in Hayti have caused the British and French representatives in that country to telegraph their respective Governments to send men-of-war to protect the foreign residents.

A special says the vacant Garter will be offered to the Duke of Northumberland, and should he decline it on account of his age, the blue ribbon will probably be given to the Duke of Buccleuch.

The number of schools in Manitoba in 1871 was 16, in 1881 it was 123, and in 1884 it reached 352. The school attendance was 816 in 1871, 4,919 in 1881, and 13,641 in 1884. It is queer how the exodus works in the West.

EMPLOYMENT OF A CONDEMNED MURDERER.—John Easterbee, the murderer, who is lying in Welland jail awaiting his execution, now sleeps about sixteen hours a day and fills up the balance of the time in eating and playing checkers with the guards.

The Governor of Arizona, in his official report, vigorously denounces the defenders of the Indians in the Far West as "meddlesome cranks and Eastern sentimentalists," and stigmatizes the Indians as either filthy, non-producing vagabonds, or beasts of prey in human form.

A desire to return home seems to have become epidemic, so to speak, among the Chinese in the far west. The Chinese registration office in San Francisco was besieged on the 12th and 13th of last month by Mongolians anxious to obtain certificates. Many of the Celestials spent a night in front of the office.

The Paris *Voltaire* states the French force in Tonquin, owing to the recent victory over the Black Flags, is to be reduced to 12,000 regulars, with 33,000 Annamite recruits, which, it is believed, will suffice to secure quietness in the delta of the Red River as for as Yunnan. The whole French force in Madagascar will concentrate at the important trade points of the island.

An enormous cheese has recently been made at East Aurora, New York, for a prominent grocer of Buffalo. Its weight is 5,300 lbs. The milk was taken from 2,600 cows to milk which 300 hands were employed. Between 400 and 500 citizens of Buffalo were present to witness the construction of this dairy Colossus. The grocer who ordered the cheese throw into it a number of gold coins while it was being manufactured.

A sewing machine canvasser in New York nó doubt represents the sentiment of a large army of travelling saleman when he says that the canvassing business among individual purchasers is played out. This man has tried all sorts of wares in the past few years, from spring beds down to albums, and he says the soliciting business has been done to death, and people are sick of being pestered with agents for this and that article. Peddling is going out of favor, and the regular storekeepers are the gainers.

A DANGEROUS DODGE.—It seems that certain Miltonians have engaged a Hamilton collecting agency to look after some of their unpaid accounts, and have been supplied with bogus Division Court summonses which they have mailed to the parties indebted to them. As very few people are so innocent as not to know that every Division Court summons should be signed by the clerk and served by a bailiff of the court, it is not likely that any of the parties who receive the clumsy counterfeits through the post-office will be very much alarmed by them. Should, however, any of the debtors be frightened into paying their accounts and also the costs charged against them in the alleged summonses and find out afterwards that their creditors have no right to compel them to pay any such costs the result may be serious and somebody may find himself the defendant in an action for fraud.

CAUTION

EACH PLUG OF THE

Myrtle Navy

IS MARKED

T. & B.

IN BRONZE LETTERS.

NONE OTHER GENUINE.

AN ALARMING DISEASE AFFLICTING A NUMEROUS CLASS. 3

The disease commences with a slight derangement of the stomach but, if neglected, it in time involves the whole frame embracing the kidneys, liver, pancreas and in fact, the entire glandular system, and the afflicted drags out a miserable existence until death gives relief from suffering. The disease is often mistaken for other complaints; but if the reader will ask himself the following questions, he will be able to determine whether he himself is one of the afflicted:—Have I distress, pain, or difficulty in breathing after eating? Is there a dull heavy feeling attended by drowsiness? Have the eyes a yellow tinge? Does a thick, sticky, mucous gather about the gums and teeth in the mornings, accompanies by a disagreeable taste? Is the tongue coated? Are there pains in the right side and back? Is there a fullness about the right side as if the liver were enlarging? Is there costiveness? Is there vertigo or dizziness when rising from a horizontal position? A wort secretions from the kidneys scanty and highly coloured, with a deposit after standing? Does food ferment soon after eating accompanied by flatulence or a belching of gas from the stomach? Is there frequent palpitation of the heart? These various symptoms may not be present at one time but they torment their sufferer in turn as the dreadful disease progresses. If the case be one of long standing, there will be a dry, hacking cough, attended after a time by expectoration. In very advanced stages the skin assumes a dirty brownish appearance, and the hands and the feet are covered by a cold, sticky perspiration. As the liver and kidneys become more and more diseased, rheumatic pains appear, and the usual treatment proves entirely unavailing against this latter agonising disorder. The origin of this malady is indigestion or dyspepsia, and a small quantity of the proper medicine will remove the disease if taken in its incipiency. It is most important that the disease should be promptly and properly treated in its first stages, when a little medicine will effect a cure, and even when it has obtained a strong hold the correct remedy should be persevered in until the every vestige of the disease is eradicated, until the appetite has returned, and the digestive organs restored to a healthy condition. The surest and most effectual remedy for this distressing complaint is "Seigel's Curative Syrup," a vegetable preparation sold by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world, and by the proprietors, A. J. White, Limited, 17 Farringdon Road, London, E.C. This Syrup strikes at the very foundation of the disease, and drives it, root and branch out of the system.

Place Poolington, York, October 2nd, 1882.

SIR,—Being a sufferer for years with dyspepsia in all its worst forms, and after spending pounds in medicines, I was at last persuaded to try other Seigel's Curative Syrup and am thankful to say have derived more benefit from it than any other medicine I ever took, and would advise any one suffering from the same complaint to give it a trial, the results they would find out for themselves. If you like to make use of this testimonial you are quite at liberty to do so.

Yours respectfully,
(Signed) H. Turner.

Seigel's Operating Pills are the best family physic that has ever been discovered. They cleanse the bowels first all irritating substance, and leave them in a healthy condition. They cure costiveness.

Sackville-street, Peterborough, November 27th, 1881.

SIR,—It gives me great pleasure to inform you of the benefit I have received from Seigel's Syrup, and I prefer to the value of twelve hundred dollars carried off.

I am, Sir, yours truly, William Brent.

Hensingham, Whitehaven, Oct. 16th, 1882.

DEAR SIR,—I was for some time afflicted with piles, and was advised to give other Seigel's Syrup a trial, which I did. I am now happy to state that it has restored me to complete health.

I remain, yours respectfully,
(Signed) John H. Lightfoot.

15th August, 1880.

Dear Sir,—I write to tell you that Mr. Henry Hillier, of Yatesbury, Wilts, informs me that he suffered from a severe form of indigestion for upwards of four years, and took no end of doctors medicine without the slightest benefit, and declares other Seigel's Syrup which he got from me has saved his life.

Yours truly
(Signed) N. Welch,
Chemist, Calne.

September 8th, 1882.

Dear Sir,—I find the sale of Seigel's syrup steadily increasing. All who have tried it speak very highly of its medicinal virtues; one customer describes it as a "Godsend to dyspeptic people." I always recommend it with confidence.

Faithfully yours,
(Signed) Vincent A. Wills,
Chemist-Dentist,
To r. A. J. White. Merthyr Tydvil.

Preston, Sept. 21st, 1883.

My Dear Sir,—Your Syrup and Pills are still very popular with my customers, many saying they are the best family medicines possible.

The other day a customer came for two bottles of Syrup and said "other Seigel" had saved the life of his wife, and he added, "one of these bottles I am sending fifteen miles away to a friend who is very ill. I have much faith in it."

The sale keeps up wonderfully, in fact, one would fancy almost that the people were beginning to breakfast, dine and sup on Mother Seigel's Syrup, the demand is so constant and the satisfaction so great.—I am, dear sir, yours faithfully,

To A. J. White, Es. (Signed) W. Bowker.

Rev. David Swing proclaims the fact that "putting an egg in coffee to make it clear is still an active humbug," and that "although the nineteenth century is nearing its close its blaze has not yet shined into the coffee pot."

NOTICE.

Go to J. P. Roper's for Cheap Groceries, Pork and Sausages. Fresh Bread, Buns and Cakes constantly on hand. Highest price paid for Pork and all Farmers' Produce.

Farmers!

SEE THE

Patterson CORD Binder

Before Ordering Any Other.

SEND FOR TESTIMONIALS.

☞ Remember the Mitchell Fanning Mill is the Best.

J. R. MITCHELL,
AGENT,
Milton, Ont

R. JONES,

HARNESS AND SADDLE

MANUFACTURER,

(Next door to the Thompson House,)

MAIN STREET, MILTON.

I wish to thank my customers for their liberal patronage in the past, and remind them that I have removed my shop around the street to the premises adjoining the Thompson House, where I shall keep on hand a good stock of

HARNESS, SADDLES, TRUNKS, VALISES, WHIPS, COMBS, BRUSHES

and all Kinds of Horse Clothing of the very Best English Canadian and American Manufacture.

Harness, Saddles, &c., made to order promptly and at reasonable prices.

Repairing done with neatness and all work warranted.

Unprecedented Bargains at the Right House This S

A large assortment of Ladies' Jerseys in Heavy Warm Makes, both with and without sleeves, were purchased for the cash, and are selling off at Excellent Heavy Jerseys going for $1, well worth $2. Other Jerseys which would be good value at $3 are selling only $1.50. A lot of Heavy Knitted Dresses are also offering at half price. Girls' comfortable dark winter dresses going for $1, which are worth double the price. Ladies' Mantles, Dolmans and Jackets are selling at astonishing low prices. Just see the Beautiful New Styles of Short Jackets, the Long Ottoman and T and Dolmans, the Ulsters, Misses' Mantles in the various styles and the Mantles and Ulster Cloths. All the goods, comprising over $200,000 worth for the Cash, as Watkins never gives a note of draft to anyone. He pays cash the down, and saves several thousand dollars in discounts each year to sell his goods much lower than he could do if he bought on time. The Blankets and Flannels have an Amazing Sales. Grey Flannel Flannel is Fine and Good, just the thing for Underwear. Nice Scarlet Flannel only 15c. By all means see the higher prices in Gray, White, Striped and Checked Flannels. Flannel Shirts, Knitted Shirts, Drawers and Ladies' and Misses' Underveets in extraordinary good value. Hosiery, Scarfs, Shawls, Squares, Clouds, Gaiters, Mits, Bootees, Ties, Silk Handkerchiefs, and laces of all the usual kinds. Coates' Best 200 yards This Canadian Tweeds are exceedingly cheap. Be sure and see the Nice All-Wool Tweeds at 50c. for Pants. The 70c., 87½c. and $1 Tweeds are fine Goods, in very neat patterns. The Blankets are Pure Wool, made by the Best Maker in Canada, are selling off at a surprising rate. The Dress Goods to $1.25 per yard in the Newest Shades and Styles, in Black are going off fast. They are selling from 5 to 15c. per yard Under their Actual Value. Carpets and Carpet Materials is Enormous, from 12½c. Hemp to the best Wilton to Charming New Patterns. Floor Oil-cloths, Mats, Rugs, Linoleum all very cheap. King street east, close to Hughson street. Remember the name is

Hamilton, Oct. 31, 1885

THOMAS C. W

IMPORTANT ANNOUNCE

DISSOLUTION OF PARTNE

The partnership heretofore existing between the under to be disolved as soon as the Stock, Book Debt, and Liabili justed and put into shape. On and after the first of October, 1885, no goods shall be sold but for Cas and all parties owing us are respectfully requested to call and settle their accounts at their earliest conve

We hold an immense stock of GENERAL DRY GOODS, MILLINERY, MANTLES, READY-M ING, CARPETS, BOOTS and SHOES, and FURS.

Our stock is New and Suitable for the Fall and Winter Business, and in order to effect a clearance stock, Great Bargains will be given

We remind the public that our Millinery Department is A 1, superintended by a first class hand, a the proper stock.

Our Dress and Mantle Making Department is superintended by a first-class hand new arrived, and satisfaction in style, fit and finish.

Our Ordered Clothing is ahead of all competition both in price, style, get up, finish and durability, fully solicit inspection and patronage, and the public can rely upon getting bargains.

McLEOD, ANDERSON & C

Threshing Machine

AND

LUBRICATING OIL

OF ALL KINDS.

Best Value in Above at

W. H. MACNAB'S HARDWARE, Mi

B. LAURANCE'S

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses

ARE THE ONLY GENUINE ENGLISH ARTICLES IN THE CANADIAN MARKET. Real Pebles are kept in stock! Tests are given to prove genuineness! They are recommended by and testimonials have been received from the President, Vice-President and Ex-President of the Medical Association of Canada; the President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Quebec; the Dean of the Medical Faculty of Laval University; the President and Ex-Presidents of the Medical Council of Nova Scotia, &c. These recommendations ought to be sufficient to prove their qualities, but if further proof is needed call on

J. W. FRASER, MILTON,

The only place in Milton where they can be obtained. 50-6m

BOOTS & SHOES

THOS. WILSON,

(Successor to Chas. Nichaus)

is receiving daily a splendid stock of Men, Women & Children's Boots and Shoes, for Spring and Summer wear.

These goods are made by the best manufacturers in the Dominion, and will be sold at lowest possible prices. Boots and Shoes made to order. A perfect fit and first-class stock and workmanship guaranteed. Sen l your repairs.

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON

Thos. Wilson.

WM. BEWS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

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has a splendid assortment of Canadian and Imported Tweeds, Worsteds, Meltons, &c., &c., and can supply his patrons with clothing inferior in material and finish to none. His prices, too, will be found to be remarkably low considering the quality of the goods he sells.

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Sittings of the Several Division Courts of the Co. of Halton

For the Year 1885.

Place of Sittings and P.O. Address of Clerks.	Clerks.	Jan.	Mar.	May.	July.	Sep.	Nov.
Milton	Wm. Panton.	30	27	29	13	25	27
Oakville	R. Palmer	7	3	5	2	9	3
Georgetown	L. Grant	13	10	12	9	15	10
Acton	J. Matthews.	14	11	13	9	15	10
Campbellville	S. R. Lister	12	9	11	11	16	17
Burlington	W. J. Bastedo	6	4	6	4	8	4

General Sessions of the Peace and County Court Sittings, will be held as follows:—

8th December, at 11 p.m.

County Court Sittings, without Jury, Tuesday, 7th April and 6th October, at 10 a.m.

County Court Sittings, Tuesday, 7th April and 6th October, at 10 a.m.

Court of Revision and Appeal for Assessment, Monday, 5th January, 6th April, 6th July and 5th October, at 10 a.m.

Judges Chambers, Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week, except on Court days during vacation, at 11 a.m.

Audit of Criminal Justice Accounts—Monday, 5th January, 5th April, 6th July and 5th October, at 2 p.m.

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It will be especially strong in fiction. A new novel, entitled "Hope," by W. E. Norris, author of "Matrimony," "No New Thing," etc., who is perhaps the cleverest of the rising authors of England, will run through the year, accompanied by a brilliant serial, dealing with the literary and dramatic life of New York City, from the pen of a writer who prefers to keep his name a secret, but whose every line reveals an intimate acquaintance with the scenes which he describes.

There will be rich instructive stories, poems and sketches. By special arrangements it will be authorized the most eminent transatlantic writers will reach the appearance abroad, simultaneously with their appearance in America. Among the contributors will be such writers as Gail Hamilton, John Hay, Howe, Mrs. Prescott Spofford, John Bach McMaster, J. B. Gilder, Brander Matthews, etc., etc.

It will be the aim to make its pages the most interesting in America, "Recognizing the needs of the time for good literature at moderate prices, the publishers have decided to lower the subscription price, commencing with the new volume, to a sum that will place it within the reach of all."

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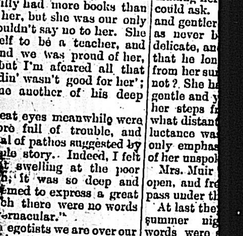

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CREDIT VALLEY RAILWA

GOING WEST. GOING EAST.
8.34 A. M. 2.27 P.M. 7.21 A.M. 3.3
2.50 P. M. 7.04 P. M

Stage leaves for Hornby, Dereagula, Gu Boyne, &c., at 9 o'clock a m.

Sunday Train C. V. R., go. East 7.31 a.m. West 2

VOLUME 25.

YOUNG GIRL'S WIDOW

BY E. P. ROE,

Author of "His Sombre Rivals," "

Just to Earnest," &c., &c.

CHAPTER XXVI.

MRS. MUIR'S ACCOUNT.

After a light supper Graydon went search of Stella, but she was howl to be found. He had learned that mault was still at the house, and he ferred, from the surpassing beauty the moonlit evening, that his rival wo not let such witching hours pass wi out an effort to turn them to accou With a frown he retreated from music, dancing, and gayety of a fu house, and went up to Mrs. Muir's roo That lady was found writing to h husband, but she welcomed Graydo and began volubly: "I'm very glad yo have come; I'm so full and overflowin about Madge that I had to write t Henry."

"It certainly does seem an odd pro ceeding on her part,—this remaining al night at a farmhouse among strangers," was his discontented reply.

"It would be odd in any one but Madge. I do not think there are many girls in this house who would be guilty of such eccentricities,—certainly not Miss Wildmere," she added, with a rather malicious twinkle in her eye.

"If I were a man, I wouldn't stand it. I've been on the alert somewhat to-day, for I don't wish to see you made a fool of. That Mr. Arnault has been at her side the livelong time, and he's out driving with her now."

"I understand all about that," said Graydon, impatiently; "tell me about Madge."

"Perhaps you do, and perhaps you don't. It's certainly beyond my comprehension," continued Mrs. Muir, determined to free her mind. "If she is anything to you, or wishes to be, her performances are as unique as those of Madge, although in a different style. We Alden girls were not brought up in that way. Pardon me; I know it's your affair, but you are my brother, and have been a good one, too. I can't wonder that Henry dislikes her. Well, well, I see you are getting nettled, and I'll say anything more, but tell you about Madge. It has been an awfully hot day, you know, and I did not order a carriage till five. Madge was restless, and had sighed for a gallop more than once, so I proposed to do the best, for her I could. As we were starting for our drive Dr. Sommers appeared, and I asked him to go with us.

"I will, he said, if you will take me to see one of my patients,—one that will make Miss Alden contented till she has some imaginary trouble of her own. My horse is nearly used up from the long drive I've had in the heat."

"Oh, do take me to see some one in trouble!" exclaimed Madge.

"Yes," replied the doctor, laughing, that will be a novelty. To see young ladies dancing and promenading, would think you had never heard of trouble."

After a lovely drive through a wild came to a little gray farmhouse of paint since the Civil war. The mountain rose behind it with overhanging pine out through the forest here. An orchard shaded the and beyond the narrow road trout trawled a trout-stream. up the eastward were rough, stony that sloped up, at what seemed angle of forty-five degrees, to other mountains. It was the roughest, most-looking place I ever saw. How dull and lonely it must look now in moonlight, with not another well-in sight!"

"Too lonely for Madge to be there," said Graydon. "I don't like it, I should not have expected such prudence from you, Mary."

"Oh, Madge is safe enough! Wait you know all. Well, the farmer and wife were at their early supper when arrived. I went in with Madge and the doctor, for I wanted to see how such people lived, and also thought I could do something for them. I hadn't been in the room five minutes, however, before I gave up all thought of offering assistance. The people were plainly even poorly dressed. The man was in shirt-sleeves, but he put on his jacket immediately. He had a kind of rural, quiet dignity and a subdued manner—the result of his trouble, no doubt. We were in their little sitting-room or parlor, but the door into the kitchen, where they had been taking their meal, was open. The room was very plainly furnished, but perf