TEACH THEM TO SHOOT.

Under the present regulations of our volunteer force there is no provision made for target practice, nor any ammunition for this issued except in connection with the annual drill put in by city corps and the camps of instruction to which each rural battalion is sent once every two years, and the numbers of rounds fired by each man at these times is only twenty. This is all wrong. The most important part of the training of the modern soldier is the instruction which he receives or should receive in the use of the weapon with which he is armed, and without it the time spent in drill is just so much time lost. Drill and discipline are, of course, very important; but unless accompanied by a reasonable amount of skill in marksmanship, amount to next to nothing. This fact has been demonstrated time and again, but nowhere more notably than in the late North-western campaign, and it appears extraordinary that the lesson then taught should have been lost upon our Militia Department, as, judging from the orders relating to the target practice at the camps of instruction which are being held at present at Niagara and elsewhere, it has been. It is true that the time to be spent in camp by the men is short enough in all conscience for instruction in drill alone, but there is no reason why provision should not be made for the equipment of a rifle range at the headquarters of each volunteer company, and the issue of ammunition for a reasonable amount of target practice under competent superintendence.

YOUNG LIBERALS.

The Convention of Young Liberals from all parts of the Province was held in Toronto, and on Tuesday last the following resolutions and reports were adopted:—

"That in the opinion of this meeting it is advisable that a Provincial Young Men's Liberal Association should be formed forthwith."

Mr. Manning presented the report of the Committee appointed to draft a constitution for the Young Men's Liberal Association of Ontario. The objects of the Association were stated in the constitution to be to encourage and promote the organization of local Young Men's Liberal Associations throughout the Province; to induce the young men of our country to study thoroughly and take an active interest in the political questions of the day, and to enable them to work in unison for the purpose of aiding in securing and in maintaining good government by the advocacy and support of liberal political principles. It shall be composed of all members of the Local Young Men's Liberal Clubs in the Province. A meeting of the Association shall be held annually at such place as may have been decided upon at the previous annual meeting of the Association, and at a time to be fixed by the Executive Committee. The report nominated the following

OFFICERS:—

Hon. President—Hon. Edward Blake.
President—A. F. McIntyre, Ottawa.
1st Vice-President—A. M. Taylor, Brussels.
2 Vice-President—J. M. Clark, M.A., Toronto.
Secretary—T. C. Robinette, B. A., Toronto.
Assistant-Secretary—J. M. Kennedy, Toronto.
Treasurer—J. H. Gilmour, 99 Victoria street, Toronto.

Mr. J. K. Stewart, of Ottawa, moved the first resolution, "That the Convention condemns the franchise as lately passed by the Dominion Parliament, approves the principle that the franchise is a civil right which should be dealt with exclusively by the Provincial Legislatures, that the preparation of electoral lists should be delegated to the municipal councils of the country, and recommends that in the Province of Ontario the right of voting for Parliamentary representatives be conferred upon every male resident of the Province of 21 years of age and upwards who is a British subject, and who is not a pauper, a lunatic, or a felon, proper restriction being made as to residence and registration."

Mr. H. F. Gardner, of Hamilton, moved, "That this Convention pledges itself to use every legitimate effort to secure the repeal of the Dominion Franchise Act of 1885, and pending such appeal the members of this Convention deem it their duty watch the lists of voters prepared by the Revising-barristers with a view to making such lists as fair and just as they can be made under the provisions of an unjust law." The second clause of the resolution recommended the young men to exercise great vigilance to secure the rights of voters. His own idea was to allot a block in every city to one young man, whose duty it would be to make himself acquainted with the circumstances of his neighbors, with a view to seeing whether they were entitled to vote.

Mr. M. C. Cameron, of Goderich, moved the following resolution:—"Resolved, That to secure the proper development of the trade and resources of the Dominion, the Canadian people should have a full power to negotiate their own commercial treaties, and also the framing of their own extradition treaties."

Mr. J. T. Hawke, Ottawa, moved, "That the Dominion Senate, as at present composed and constituted, is not consistent with the genius of the present age, is utterly useless as a legislative body, and has completely failed to realise the hopes or expectations of those who, at Confederation believe that a second chamber composed entirely of life members, would prove a non-partisan body, which would prove a check upon hasty or imprudent legislation by the House of Commons. That this Convention recommends that steps be at once taken—without interfering with the present proportionate representation of each Province in that body—to reform or reconstruct the Senate in such a manner as to make it a representative or elective chamber."

The convention was in session yesterday.

RIEL'S CASE APPEALED.

OTTAWA, Sept. 15.—The counsel for Riel have given notice to the Governor-General of their appeal to the Privy Council in England. Under these circumstances the judge who tried the case will as a matter of course postpone the carrying out of the sentence until the final decision on the constitutionality of his court is given by the Judicial Committee.

The Mail of yesterday says: "Riel's counsel have notified the Governor-General that an appeal has been taken to the Privy Council in England. The carrying out of the death sentence will therefore be postponed till their lordships have pronounced upon the constitutionality of the court by which Riel was tried.

The trial of Scott was concluded on Thursday at Regina, and resulted in his acquittal. All the Indians were released on their own bail.

FALL ASSIZES.

The Assizes for the County of Halton opened at the Court House here on Tuesday, the 15th day of September: Hon. Mr. Justice Galt presiding. The Court opened at 12 o'clock. Counsel present: Jno. Dewart, Co. Attorney; William Laidlaw, Esq., D. McGibbon, Esq., John W. Elliott, Esq., D. Guthrie, Esq., Q. C., Edward Martin, Esq., Q. C., and W. T. Boyd, Esq.

Jury called, and counsel not being ready to go on, the Court was adjourned for two hours.

In the case of Hannah E. Matthews against the Hamilton Powder Company, a special jury was summoned from the Grand Jury list selected for 1885, and Adam Alexander, George Andrews, Wm Austin, Christopher Bellwood, Chas. Brown, David Featherstone, W. F. Fisher, W. A. Gillelejge, Alexander Kennedy, Archibald McGibbon, W. H. McNab, J. B. Pearson, Abner Picket, Edward Savage, Alexander Starrat and John G. Wilson were chosen.

The Grand Jury for the present Assizes: Wm. Wilson (foreman), Adam Alexander, Samuel Beaumont, C. W. Coote, Thomas Early, James Easterbrook, S. B. Ganton, Richard Graham, Thomas Hagyard, J. K. Harrison, David Henderson, Thomas Henderson, Hugh Husband, John Johnson, William Moore, William Ryder, John Shaw, William Thompson, George Frazer, W. G. Pettit.

The following is the presentment made by the Grand Jury:

County of Halton.

The Grand Jury of our Sovereign Lady the Queen respectfully present.—

They receive with great pleasure your Lordship's congratulations on the absence of crime from the calendar at the present Assizes.

They have visited the jail, and are happy to report that they find it in a state reflecting great credit on those in charge.

They find at present six persons confined, two of whom are committed for vagrancy and the other four for insanity. The jury are informed that the insane persons are only awaiting removal to some institution more appropriate for their treatment, and express the hope that such may soon be available.

WM. WILSON,
Foreman.

Grand Jury Room,
Milton, Sept. 13, 1885.

FRAWLEY V. PARKDALE.

This was the first civil case called, and is an action for damages brought by Michael Frawley against the Village of Parkdale and the City of Toronto. An order was made for the jury to visit the Parkdale subway, where Frawley met with the accident for which he is claiming damages. The following jury was empannelled: John Coulson, John Huffman, Thos. C. Dale, Geo. Hume, W. G. Burt, Malcolm McPherson, W. A. Shields, Chas. Cameron, Ephraim Moore, Charles Vanallen, and Nicholas Dent. The jury was sworn and left the court in charge of Mr. W. Clements, Deputy Sheriff, and proceeded to Toronto by the 3.30 train on the C. P. R. to visit the subway. The jury did not return as expected on Wednesday morning, but remained over at Toronto and visited the Industrial Exhibition.

KING V. SIMPSON

was the next case called with a jury, and is brought by Robt. W. King, of Georgetown, against Joseph Simpson, of Toronto, for the value of a knitting machine manufactured by the plaintiff for the defendant, at his request, and shipped by him to the defendant at Toronto, after being tried in the plaintiff's shop at Georgetown in the presence of the defendant's foreman, who was satisfied with the working of it. Before the machine could be placed in the factory of the defendant, it had to be taken to pieces, and on setting the machine up some small part of it was broken. It was repaired and again tested by the plaintiff in the presence of the defendant, who stated that it was all right. The plaintiff then left the defendant's factory, and the defendant's workmen again started the machine, reversing the belt, and the machine ran backwards and was broken. The plaintiff was informed of the breakage, and he offered to repair the machine and guarantee its working at the defendant's expense. This the defendant refused to agree to, and got the machine repaired and found that they could not make it work. The defendant then refused to accept the machine or pay for it, hence the action. Mr. King, the plaintiff, was the first witness called, and his examination lasted all the afternoon until the Court adjourned at 6 p. m. A number of witnesses were examined on his behalf in the forenoon of yesterday, and at 11 o'clock the examination of the defendant's witnesses commenced and lasted, with the addresses of the counsel and the Chief Justice's charge to the jury, all afternoon. W. Laidlaw, Esq., for plaintiff, and D. Guthrie, Esq., for defendant.

There is four other cases remaining on the docket to be tried: Frawley v. Parkdale; Wm Laidlaw for plaintiff. Matthews v. Powder Co.; Blacklock v. Ravin; Newmarch v. Reid; Chisholm & Elliott for plaintiffs.

Prohibition Convention.

The following delegates from Halton attended the prohibition convention held in Toronto on Monday and Tuesday: Acton—Rev. Moore, H. P. Moore; Georgetown—Rev. W. G. Wallace, G. H. Kennedy; Lowville—Rev. Chas. Stringfellow; Milton—W. D. Brethers, Rev. A. E. Russ, James Hollinrake, L. Robertson, Johnson Harrison, David Tarley, William Center; Oakville—W. H. Young; Stewarttown—Miss A Fowler.

Mr. HARTLEY stated that at first the officers of the County of Halton were opposed to the Scott Act, but, by looking after the municipal elections they (the Scott Actors) secured control of the County Council.

Mr. YOUNG said the Ontario Government, by an act of last session, had made a step in the right direction by giving to each county the privilege of recommending the appointment of a police magistrate and the payment of his salary, and, as the counties had not taken advantage of the act, he thought that the Ontario Government might be petitioned to take it out of the hands of the municipalities and place it in the control of the Government. He also condemned the Senate for its uselessness and arrogance, a good practical illustration of both of which had occurred in the County of Halton—a useless body from which no reformation was to be expected.

The report recommending that none other than prohibition candidates be supported for municipal, educational, and parliamentary honours was adopted. Resolutions were also passed looking to the proper enforcement of the Scott Act.

PROVINCIAL FAIR.

The Provincial Fair was held at London during the past week, and was not a success financially on account of the first days having been ruined by rain. The total receipts are estimated at $11,500. The following is a list of the prize takers from Halton, so far as known: Hartley & Ellis, Zimmerman, 3rd prize for pair matched carriage horses, and 2nd prize for agricultural gelding or filly 3 years old; J. Fothergill & Son, Freeman, 1st prize for bull 3 years old and upwards, 1st prize for bull calf under 1 year, 2nd prize for 2 year old heifer, 2nd for yearling heifer, 3rd prize Canadian bred bull 2 years old and upwards; bull 2 years old, 2nd prize Major Floyd, Oakville; bull 1 year old, 1st prize W. G. Pettit, Freeman; cow, 2nd prize W. G. Pettit. Ayrshire bull 3 years old and upwards, 2nd prize W. C. Beatty, who also got 1st prize on heifer 2 years old, 3rd prize on heifer 1 year old, 2nd on heifer under 1 year, and 2nd prize on Jersey bull; Grade cow, 2nd prize Fothergill & Son; cow 2 years old, 3rd prize H. C. Ross, Esquesing; heifer calf under one year, 3rd prize Fothergill & Son; Cotswold sheep, William Main, Bowne, 3rd prize on ram; 1st and 2nd on shearling ram; 1st, 2nd, and 3rd on ram lamb; Ewe 2 shears and over, 1st, 2nd and 3rd; shearling ewe 1st and 2nd; ewe lamb 1st, 2nd and 3rd, and the Dominion special prize for 1 ram, 2 ewes, 2 shearling ewes, and 2 ewe lambs (Canadian bred).

General Middleton and the Minister of Militia are about to make a tour of the North west to British Columbia.

The Prejudices of Race.

MONTREAL, Sept. 15.—In his address to the jury in the Montreal alleged murder case, in which four young Frenchmen were charged with the murder of young Monteith, Mr. St. Pierre, counsel for the defendants, appealed to race prejudices. He said that this was a case similar to Riel's. It was a case where a French Canadian was to be convicted simply because the victim was an Englishman, but the seal of Mr. Davidson, the crown counsel, was to be ascribed to the fact that they belong to the English party. He appealed to the sympathies of the jury on grounds of race and co-religion, and asked them to acquit the prisoner. Mr. Ouimet, Q. C., rose after Mr. St. Pierre, and made a forcible protest against the latter's statement, which he claimed was thoroughly uncalled for. Mr. Davidson also protested against Mr St. Pierre's insinuation.

On his charge to the jury, Judge Baby warned them that they were not to consider whether the prisoners were French or English, this being a free country. The English criminal laws were wise laws, and they were fortunate to be under English laws. The prisoners were not to be acquitted because they were French, as before the law all men were equal. If they thought after all the circumstances that the prisoners gave the fatal blow because they were in bodily fear of their own lives, they were not guilty, but if they considered that they had done the deed in a spirit of vengeance they must be held responsible. In any case they must give the benefit of the doubt to the prisoners.

The prisoners were all acquitted.

This, it will be remembered, is the case in which the four prisoners trespassed on the Monteith family's property, and on being remonstrated with one of their number struck young William Monteith with the but end of a gun and killed him. Another Monteith, one of the quartette, was charged with trying to stab.—World.

The Renowned Elephant Jumbo Killed at St. Thomas.

LONDON, Sept. 15.—News reached here at a late hour to-night of two serious accidents to Barnum's circus, which had been performing to-day at St. Thomas. In the afternoon a hurdle rider named Nicholls fell from his horse while performing in the ring and sustained injuries from which he died soon afterwards. The second disaster was the death of the renowned "Jumbo," who, while being transferred from his tent to the car on the London & Port Stanley Railway track, was struck by a freight train on the Air Line which crosses at that point, and so badly injured that death ensued. The baby elephant, which was standing alongside Jumbo, was also struck by the train, and had a leg fractured.

Badly Written Names.

Among the trying things an editor, printer or proofreader has to do are the attempts at deciphering and guessing at the hieroglyphically written names in the manuscripts of some correspondents. If there is anything written carelessly and illegibly in a manuscript it is certain to be names. These mistakes are always the kind that make people mad. There is nothing that makes a man feel more like swearing than to go to bed some night rejoicing that his name is Jones or Smith and wake up finding his name so distorted in the morning paper that he can scarcely recognize his identity and tell what manner of man he it. His first impulse urges him to blow up the whole press gang. But in the majority of cases the correspondent who writes the name is the one who should take the results.

Reward Offered.

Sheriff Glass has, with great promptness offered a reward, as follows, for the recapture of the Henderson, and is sending copies of it to all points where there is any hope of catching them.

Whereas John and Alfred Henderson, two convicts, escaped from the custody of my officer on the evening of Sunday, the 13th inst., I hereby offer a reward of $100 to any person or persons who will arrest, detain and deliver the said prisoners to me or my officer, duly authorized, or $50 for either of them. Prisoners are light-colored mulattoes, about 25 years of age, about six feet high, well built, athletic and sprightly in their movements. WM. GLASS,
Sheriff County of Middlesex.

SCOTT ACT.

The following circular has been issued to chairmen of Boards of License Commissioners by the Department of Inland Revenue:

"SIR,—I am directed by the Hon. the Minister to inform you that the intimation conveyed to your Board, before Parliament had made an appropriation for the enforcing of the provisions of the Canada Temperance Act, that prosecutions must not be entered upon unless security for costs were forthcoming, is no longer to direct your actions. The Department is desirous that in districts in which that Act is in force, no effort should be spared on the part of Government officers loyally and faithfully to carry out the provisions of the law.

"E. MIALL, Commissioner I. R."

Square Business.

(Thornbury Standard.)

We have received three letters in reply to 'A Lover of Libirty' published now for the third time in the Standard against the Scott Act. On square business (in our opinion at least) we decline inserting the replies or any one of them unless pain for, as the article against the Scott Act will be paid for. We think our course is fair. If any one wishes to reply to the Anti-Scott Act article we will publish it side by side if paid for at the same rate. We trust our three contributors, who are all gentlemen of good sense will consider our course impartially.

Beecher on Prohibition.

ROCHESTER, N. Y., Sept. 13.—The Rev. Henry Ward Beecher sends the following to the Post-Express from Peekville: "I am decidedly in favor of the insertion of a high license plank in the platform of the Republican state convention, because absolute prohibition is an absolute impossibility. High license is feasible and equitable. The moral sense of the community will sustain the demand. The result will be a greater protection of society from the evil of liquor selling than by any other method that can be enforced."

Big Bear's Trial.

WINNIPEG, Sept. 12.—The trial of Big Bear was concluded to-day. He was found guilty of treason by the jury, with a strong recommendation to mercy. Judge Richardson sentenced him to three years in the penitentiary.

Why allow a cough to lacerate your throat and lungs. Why incur the imminent danger of consumption, when in an incredibly short space of time, and for an insignificant sum, you may cure yourself? THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL does the business thoroughly. A single bottle often suffices to relieve the difficulty. This peerless remedy overcomes with equal certainty, swelling of the neck, inflammation of the muscles and stiffness, of the joints, lameness and crick in the back, tumors, piles, dysentery and a variety of other painful and harrassing disorders. It may be taken inwardly with as much safety as it is applied outwardly. Colic, whether of man or beast, is cured by it in fifteen or twenty minutes. Sores, excoriations and abrasions of the skin, are healed by it with gratifying rapidity. All medicine dealers sell it.

Prepared only by Northrop and Lyman Toronto, Ont.

Floods have destroyed the crops in Bengal. The Calcutta district is submerged. Several land slides have occurred, causing much damage to railways.

Correspondence.

"Ollies Phelps—Camp Gate-keeper!!"

To the Editor of the Champion:

The Oracle has spoken; has opens and gone, a poorer and a sadder man—and that he learned their whole bill had to be paid to a red cent, and these country buffers couldn't be "gouged" out of even a cent on a postal card!

He's a beauty, he is. There's an ould Irish song, the refrain of which is—

"Althe' there's no brass in my pocket,
Faith-a-gra there's lots in my face."

Yes, sirs, he's a whole brass mine in himself, and the County of Lincoln and St. Kit's in particular ought to know it, altho' the County of Halton has had quite enough of him; and I am right glad for the sake of what he calls the "company" that such a dangerous double-dealer is no longer connected with it. This fine youth undertakes in a column and a quarter of snivelling billingsgate in your paper last week to shew the "close, wholesale, miserly, miserable, meanness" of Halton temperance people thro' your humble servant and others, and has the impudence and cheek to print *part* of an account of mine, and in a long gush of pert abuse, directed to me, throws mud on my bald but devoted pow—no doubt thinking what *nice, nice* reading it will make for his brother dudes in this neighborhood.

I don't know what others assailed may do, but for my part I have no intention of putting up with such insolence from Ollies Phelps, or any other whelps or camp followers, for it is just he, and such hypocritical suckers and camp hangers-on, going about the country under the guise of temperance while it suits them, and throwing off their cloak when it *don't* suit them, that bring discredit on a righteous cause, and before I have done with this miserable scamp he will find out that he has wakened up the wrong passenger and "ta'en the wrong pig by the tail."

This wonderfully indignant goody goody gate-keeper has nearly used up a whole dictionary, shewing how whole souled he and his Anti-scott chums are, and how small a soul I have, and the doubts about my having a heart at all. This style of abuse is quite thrown away, as the people of Halton have known me long years before his incipient moustache got a start, know that I am plain and outspoken, and specially curt and blunt with all such frauds and humbugs, and therefore disliked by dudes and nincompoops such as he; know that I have a heart and a good big bouncing jolly heart too, big enough for a dozen pitiful things like Ollies Phelps, the gate-keeper.

The facts are as follows:

1st. Dr. Youmans wrote 13th July, as he did last year, re camp prospects. I replied civilly and politely, and sent much information.

2nd. Dr. Youmans wrote 25th July, "I am sorry to trouble you so often, but don't know how to get along without you." On July 28th—"Many thanks for your very helpful letters." On Aug. 14—"Please keep account of *all items* of expense.

3rd. In keeping account I was only anxious to be correct, and numbered each card and letter, as I always do in similar expenditure for others.

I may here say that my account in full, which has caused all this wind on the part of this grumble-to-pay-a cent-for-a-postal-card big souled young man, amounted to, including coal oil and cash paid out for them, $1.94 1 and, as he unceringly states, no charge for paper, envelopes, or licking the stamps—but he forgot to say valuable time.

This smart youth can lie too: he says I didn't attend the meetings because I didn't get a season ticket. "Sonny" knew he lied when he wrote that. If I had asked for a season ticket and got one, who would dare to say I did not deserve it? But, "Sonny," I both went there and paid my way like a man and my family with me. One would very naturally expect better treatment after the above admission of my usefulness, and even from Phelps, who was fair to my face while here. I am trying to palliate his conduct by simply thinking him a sneak; but there's a small animal from which excretes an obnoxious smell, and turns people away in disgust, this, with the word "mean" prefixed, is the only applicable and appropriate term for such back-biters.

This wonderful gate-keeper, who has travelled so far, and seen so many mean men in his time, has not yet read the poet Burns'—

"Oh! wad some power the giftie gie us,
To see ourselves as ithers see us,"

or he might fittingly apply to himself one of the dozens of elegant phrases in his letter, such as "microscopically small soul," or "close, mean, small, wholesale miserable meanness," &c., &c. Poor conceited snob! he must be sick when it went so badly against his stomach to pay ONE CENT FOR A POSTAL CARD!! No wonder some of his recent cronies here came to me and said: "Pay no attention to him; he's a confounded fool anyway, and it was nobody but himself spoiled the camp, disgusting people with his insulting manner, and now he's mad because you wouldn't advertise as cheap as he expected for the camp, or decorate the speakers' stand to put money in their pockets, and get your goods all spoiled, without renumeration."

I had thought that temperance men like myself were having it hot and heavy enough from our enemies inside the county, without having added the blackguard letters from elsewhere. It is, however, nothing new, and whoever prompts such things, may have the satisfaction to know that my character is now already so bemeaned and intensely black that, like the awfully black nigger, ink-slinging at me only leaves white marks.

I am authorized to say that the reference to the mean minister at the town hall is simply untrue in every particular, and is fabricated in the brain of this great "connoisseur" of theatrical performances. By the way, I wonder does Phelps, in his great acquaintance with the stage, know the play where the Scotch character comes on the boards and says, "Deed no I ye canna expect anything fra a soo but a grumph!"

And now that Ollies Phelps, Esquire, knows that business is business in Halton, an i that postal cards cost 1c. each and stamps 3c., I want him to send on some more insolence, but to be sure and give the reason (he thinks *only known to himself*) he did not see fit to publish—"there by hangs a tale!" When he does so, I am prepared to let your readers know a little more about far-travelled goody, goody.

WALTER H. LINDSAY.

KILBRIDE.

Mr. Daniel Harris, stage driver between Hamilton and Lowville, has sold his goods and interest in the Camminsville store to Mr. Alex. Fraser, Esq., of the same place. Mr. Harris and family are about moving to Lowville, where he will be better situated for his work.

A second charge was laid against Mrs. Dougherty of this place, for selling liquor, and was sustained by Police Magistrate Young fining her $100 and costs, or two months in jail, when they can find her.

A syndicate of no small importance may be looked for soon in this locality. Names withheld for the present.

The new recruits have a warlike appearance in their uniforms with the captain at their head. We may expect nations to conquered in a day. They left for camp on the 15th inst.

Mr. Allen Simpson is somewhat improving and may be expected to be around again soon.

Mr. John Forstner, of Dacotah Grist Mill, is doing a rushing business in gristing and mercantile work running almost night and day. Mr. Forstner is a first class miller, and who ever may favor him with a Dacotah Mill for gristing.

Nimrod thinks the deer is very slack concerning the duties that is involving upon him, and freely speaks of an amalgamation of Nimrod and Company.

Two old ladies living on front street had an alteration of words recently, when Tip steps up and thought to quell the disturbance, when to his surprise and dismay, he was quickly routed from the scene of action with a fork and rush. Tip says he has learned a lesson.

—NEW—

BOOTS & SHOES

—AT—

McRae's Shoe House,

30 and 32 King Street West, Hamilton

WE have this week opened out a magnificent assortment of New Goods for the Fall trade, in Ladies', Gents', Misses' and Children's Fine Shoes and Slippers.

Our Men's Shell Cordovan Boots are the best in Canada.

Boys' and Girls' School Boots Cheap.

COLIN McRAE, 30 and 32 King St. W., Hamilton.

43 Bales of Carpets 43

OPENED SINCE 1st SEPT.

Tapestry Carpets 37½c. to 90c.
Brussels Carpets $1.00 to $1.35.
Velvet Carpets $1.10 to $1.50.
All-Wool Carpets 70c. to $1.15.
Union Carpets 45c. to 60c.
Hemp Carpets 10c. to 30.

Oilcloths 25c. to $1.25 per yard.
Lmoleuins 75c. to $1.10.
Cocoa Mattings 40c. to 75c.
Napier Mattings 50c.
Cocoa Mats 65c. to $3.00.
Oilcloth Mats 50c. to $300.

5 CASES OPENED OF Tapestry Curtain Materials, Furniture Coverings, Crimson, Green, Olive, Old Gold, Damasks, Furniture Gimps, Cords, Fringes, &c.

2 CASES OPENED OF Curtain Champ, Hooks, Curtain Pulls, Pole ends, Rings, &c.

3 Cases Opened of the Perfection Carpet Sweeper, the best in use.

R. & J. McKAY, 48 King Street, Hamilton.

The Experience of one of the Leading Tailoring Houses in Hamilton.

When the average man requires garments such as will give satisfaction to the wearer, he generally patronizes a house whose reputation for dealing honorably with its customers has given it a prominent position among the trading houses of the city where it is situated. During our business career of many years, we have always represented our goods to be just what they are, and we adhere to a rule not to practice any deception by accepting a lower figure than we ask for making clothing, presuming to the patron that he will get a first-class article for a second class price. The result is that to-day we carry one of the largest and best stock of cloths; we do a business of such dimensions as testifies to our ability in our line; we receive the support of some of the most influential people in Canada; we have the patronage of many of its best workingmen; we gain the influence of hundreds of our customers who are so well pleased that they recommend their friends to order from us. We open the Fall Trade with Novelties in every department. Novelties in Suitings, Novelties in Overcoatings, Novelties in Trouserings, Novelties such as will please the eye and satisfy the wearer. We open the Fall Trade with a determination to excel all previous efforts and guarantee our best attention to everybody.

FINAGIN'S, The Lion Clothing House, 140 East King Street, (Copp's Block), Hamilton

DRESS GOODS.

Our new stock of Dress Goods which comprises all the lines in quality, pattern and coloring, that are fashionable for the fall trade, is now on hand and ready for inspection. We are doing the DRESS GOODS trade in the County, and we have a right to do it as we keep a stock of Dress Goods far ahead in extent and variety of that of any other house in the town, and are in a position to sell them as cheap as any house in the trade, either in or out of the city. Come in and be shown the stock, we don't think it any trouble to show goods we stay around here for that purpose.

Hemstreet & Bastedo.

TO THE LADIES OF HALTON.

We beg to announce that our Millinery Department is now open for the Fall Trade. Miss Campbell, who so ably conducted the business during the summer, has again assumed control, and is now ready to receive orders. Any orders entrusted to her will be attended to promptly. We have a first class stock of Hats, Bonnets, Ornaments, Tinselled Flowers, Tinselled Feathers, Tinselled Aigrettes, Colored and Black Silk Velvets and Plushes, in fact a select assortment of the

FASHIONABLE NOVELTIES FOR THE FALL & WINTER SEASON.

We shall be pleased to see all our old customers, and hope to receive the patronage of many new ones, as we shall endeavor to be courteous to everybody. Our prices will be found much lower than the city, and the work turned out of this Department will be fully equal. Hoping you will call and see our stock.

Yours Respectfully,

HOLLINRAKE & SON.

BABY CARRIAGES!

BABY CARRIAGES

Baby Carriages.

SPRING IMPORTATIONS.

NEW Styles!

LOW Prices

ELEGANT GOODS.

Having made large purchases direct from the manufacturers we are now offering our

BABY CARRIAGES

at Wholesale Prices.

—OUR—

Little Dot, $3½
Little Harry 5.
Little Emily 8.
Little Eva, 9.

—THE—

Oakville, $11.
Hamilton, 12½
Burlington, 13
Elegant, 15.
Heywood, 17.
London, 20.
Superb, 22½
Toronto, 25.
Shell, 40.

WHEN VISITING TORONTO

Give Us a Call.

Everything in the House Furnishing Line

H. A. COLLINS,

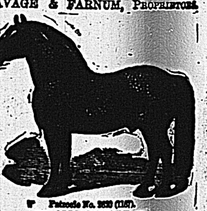
90 YONGE STREET,

43-6m TORONTO.

ISLAND HOME Stock Farm,

Grosse Ile, Wayne Co., Mich.

SAVAGE & FARNUM, PROPRIETORS.



Percheron Horses.

All stock selected from the get of sires and dams of established reputation, and registered in the French and American stud books.

ISLAND HOME

Is beautifully situated at the head of Grosse Ile in the Detroit River, ten miles below the City, and is accessible by railroad and steamboat. Visitors not familiar with the location may call at city office on Campau Building, and an escort will accompany them to the farm. Send for catalogue, free by mail. Address, SAVAGE & FARNUM, Detroit, Mich.

FOR SALE!

ONE of the finest Farms in the County of Halton—200 acres of the old Calvert Estate, the homestead of the late Duncan Morrison,

Being Lots 19 and 20, in the 1st Concession of Nassagaweya, is now offered for sale. The land will be sold separately, or in one lot to suit purchaser. On each hundred acre there is a good dwelling house and first-class farm buildings. There is also a splendid orchard on each hundred acre, 30 acres of hardwood timber, and good wells and cisterns on each. Part of the purchase money can remain on mortgage. Apply to

DONALD MCCAIG, Rockwood P. O.

46-tf or ARCH'D MCKENZIE, Corwhin P. O.

$4000.00.

The above amount to loan on mortgage at 7 per cent. Apply to

D. W. CAMPBELL.

Milton, July 15, '85.

We find by a proclamation issued by the mayor of lower town, that the population has been increased in the appearance of Mr. James B. Peer and family taking up their residence with us.

LITTLE DOTT.

"WHAT SAY YOU TO A PIECE OF ROAST BEAF AND MUSTARD?"

Well, there is much to be said. The question being asked of the banqueter at the evening boarding house, calls up reminiscences of close contiguity to the beef, and beefsteak; there cuts south thereof. He, of course, will pass, unless it comes to him that he needs a hinge for his trunk. Should there be any authority the cries of an insolvency in such sinuous tone, use McGregor's Speedy Cure, a sure and effectual remedy for Dyspepsia, Constipation and all affections of the Bowels and liver. Sold by J. H. McCollum. *Trial bottles free.*

Mr. W. C. VanHorne, vice-president and general manager of the Canadian Pacific Railway, has issued a circular announcing the appointment of Mr. T. G. Shaughnessy as assistant general manager of all the company's lines. Mr. A. C. Henry has been appointed to replace Mr. Shaughnessy as purchasing agent.

To Let

Brick Dwelling House on Foster street, with nine rooms. Apply to

DR. FREEMAN.

Dogs for Sale.

The undersigned has for sale 6 thoroughbred Scotch Collie Pups, bred from Tyler's prize dog, which took first at Toronto Exhibition last year; the bitch is a Scotch Collie, a good driver of sheep or cattle and also a good watch dog.

12-3t JAS. TASSIE, Jr. Lowville.

Canada Gazette (London): The Hon. Edward Blake, M. P., with Mrs. Blake and family, arrived in Liverpool by the Dominion Line steamer Sarnia last week. Mr. Blake is now staying in London, and will, we understand, probably spend some two months in this country before returning to Canada. As the leader of the Liberal party in the Dominion Parliament, Mr. Blake is sure of a cordial reception on all hands in this country.

Central Exhibit'n

Will be held on the

Exhibition Grounds

IN THE

CITY OF GUELPH

Monday, Tuesday & Wednesday, Sept. 28, 29, 30.

Prizes will be given for Stock, Produce, Ladies' Work, Fine Arts, Lady Riders and Drivers, Speeding in the Horse Ring, Collie Dogs, &c.

For further particulars see Prize Lists which may be had on application to the Secretary.

JAS. MILLAR, President. R. MACKENZIE, Secretary.

A PRAYER.

One of our esteemed contemporaries [illegible] given to prayer. In recent articles it has charged the editor of the Milton Shot [illegible] only with being the possessor of a d[illegible] perverted heart, and carrying a dagger wit[illegible] for the purpose of slaying the "sacrosanct [illegible] of temperance and the Methodist Church," but also with the heinous crime of using in his unholy purpose new articles of warfare, known as "idiotic lubrications" and "shrivelled abolitions." The Sun man [illegible] also accused in said articles of something still more contemptible—he is, it appears, usually mean enough to attempt to "blind" the "sweet influence" of the "Pleadies," [illegible] Pleiads, a constellation on the shoulders of Taurus the Bull, and in Mythology, daughters of Atlas and Pleione [illegible] death changed into stars). The following is supposed to have been delivered within the sacred precincts of the Sanctum of our *cotem with great fervor.*

O thou Supreme, All-knowing One,
Who guides the circuit of the sun,
And see'st, what in this world is done,
And other spheres,
To you with all my griefs I run,
My doubts and fears.

O Lord, thou know'st ere thee I sought,
How vile had been my earthly lot,
And how the wicked worldings thought,
Both gents and ladies,
Some luckless hour I'd e'en be shot,
Straight off to Hades.

But by thy Sovereign grace I live,
That grace which thou dost freely give,
And 'mong thy gifted children thrive,
The first and foremost,
I sing the praises while alive,
And thee adore most.

Yes, Lord, at times I'm fairly drived,
I wish you'd lift me straight to Heaven,
For wicked men have daily striven,
The vengeful pack,
Have my "gospel colors" riven,
From off my back.

Still while the villians roar and rumble,
And o'er thy holy precepts tumble,
Office, O Lord, I daily mumble,
Aloud and fervent,
And yet remain with aspect humble,
Thy honored servant.

Thy Court of Righteousness and Truth,
Which 'mong the hotels cau-el a drouth,
Has punished without fear or sooth,
The whiskey bummers,
And saved to myself the youth,
These many summers.

O Lord, thou knowest with what zeal,
Thy servant made the wretches feel
The Law's proud, independent heel
Upon their heads,
Nor, faithfully, he made them squeal
For their misdeeds.

O, in thy Court with me preside,
Be with thy servant of Kilbride,
Then though the mockers may deride,
And lie and plan,
I'll send them all—whae'er betide,
To Castle Van

Thy vengeance fell in thunder pour,
On Milton's sinful, rummy Four,
Let thy wrath et their very door,
Curse thou their fare,
Shoot them to the very core,
Of Satan's lair.

This demon hearted, prayerless one,
The black *charle of the Champion,*
Is the great whiskey-slinger gun,
Who takes the ribbon,
From all the devils beneath the sun,
Gilb-tongued McGibbon,

Let chiefly, Lord—and, sad, to tell—
These lads who say I cannot spell,
Have them with thy great whip pelmell,
To you dark shore,
Where Lethe's torrents rise and swell,
To whelm them o'er.

What think ye, Lord, of Watson's plot,
Of "fabrications" and what not,
With "Abolitions" fent to blot,
The Church's fame,
And, give it to him hissing-hot,
Bring him to shame.

Grant, Gracious Power, if it be meet,
To make my earthly joy complete,
The pretty dears, the 'pleadies' sweet,
Oh mighty Taurus,
Still shine on, to light my feet,
'Mid all my sorrows,

When I'm summoned at thy call,
And forced to leave the Justice Hall,
Take me within thy shining wall,
My joy'll be full,
Let me with the sisters all
Upon the Bull.

McGREGOR & PARKE.

McGregor & Parke, of Milton, Ont., are the manufacturers of the healing and purifying compound known as Carbolic Oil, Carbolic Cerate, Soft Blemish, Fever Sore, Salt Rheum, Fever Sores, Cerate, Be sure and get the genuine McGregor & Parke's Carbolic Cerate sold by J. H. McCollum at 25c. a box.

Ottawa dispatch says:—The decision in Manitoba Court of Queen's Bench in the Riel case has greatly embarrassed the Government. The Grangemen do not conceal their satisfaction, while the French are greatly excited. The Government will now interfere and grant a respite for the prisoner until his case is heard before the Imperial Privy Council, otherwise the execution will take place on the 18th inst. Sir Alexander Campbell sent for Senator Landry, Grange District Master, and had a long conference with him as to the means of inducing the Grangemen [illegible] to a pardon for Riel. The Senator promised to consult his friends [illegible]

CONSUMPTION CURED.

A physician, retired from practice, having had in his hands by an East India missionary the secret of a simple vegetable remedy for the speedy and permanent cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma and all throat and lung affections, also a positive and radical cure for Nervous Debility and all nervous Complaints, after having tested its curative powers, in thousands of cases, has felt authority to make it known to his fellow sufferers. Actuated by this motive and desiring to relieve suffering, I will send free of charge, to all who desire it, this receipt, in German, French or English, with full directions for preparing and using the remedy, sent by mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper, W. A. Noyes, 149 Powers Block, Rochester, N. Y.