CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE.

Mr. Muir laughed. "I've heard of managing women before, but you beat them all. You have won, to-day, the right to manage for a while. I'll join you soon; then supper; and, as you suggest, I'll put the Wall street matters somewhere and lock them up."

Thus their mountain sojourn began auspiciously. The supper was excellent, and they were in a mood to enjoy it; they found the piazza deliciously cool after the long hot day; and the faint initial pipings of autumn insects only emphasized the peace and quiet of the evening. The mountains brooded around them like great shadows, their outlines gemmed with stars, and the very genius of repose seemed to settle down upon the weary man and woman who were in the thick of their life's battle.

They were among the earliest arrivals at the house, and had a wide space to themselves. Indeed, they could have been scarcely more secluded at their own summer residence. For those seeking rest, an early flight to summer resorts brings a rich reward.

While her relatives dozed or merely revived sufficiently from time to time to make some desultory remark, Madge thought deeply. At first she had been disappointed at the postponement of Grayson's return, but she grew reconciled as she dwelt upon it. While hope was deferred, she enjoyed a longer lease of anticipation. When he did come she might soon learn that all hope was vain. Besides, the delay gave her time to familiarize herself with the region and its most beautiful walks and drives. The mountains, woods, and rocks should be pressed into her service. They would not reveal her secret, and they might engender thoughts and words with which Miss Wildmere would be out of harmony.

"I've been thinking," Mr. Muir at last remarked.

"Nonsense! you've been asleep," Madge replied.

"No; I've thought profoundly."

"Not even a penny for any thoughts of yours since supper."

"They would be worth fortunes, like health, happiness, to half the world."

"Then keep still till you have a patent, copyright, or something," said his wife.

"No. I rise simply to remark—also to retire—that a little oil keeps machinery from wearing out and going to pieces. Come now, old lady" (pulling his wife to her feet), "you are the better to-night, as I am, for the oil that Madge has slipped in here and there. I fear the machinery to-day would run badly without it."

The group that gathered at the breakfast-table next morning bore early testimony to the tonic of the hills. Jack only was not so well, and Mrs. Muir remained with him, while Madge and Mr. Muir wended their way to a chapel whose spire was the only summons to worship. A short, genial, middle-aged man met them at the door, with such hospitable cordiality as to suggest that he was receiving friends at his own home, and conducted them to seats. A venerable clergyman sat in the pulpit with a face full of benignity. Every one who came appeared to receive an almost personal welcome; and Madge and Mr. Muir looked enviously at the self-appointed usher. It was as evident that he was not a professional sexton as that the little congregation could not afford such a luxury. No care clouded his brow. Evidently his future did not depend on fluctuations in the mainstream of commerce, nor had he one hope so predominant over all others that his life was one of masked suspense, as was the case with poor Madge. He was rather like the rugged, sunlighted mountains near, solid, stable, simple. No matter what happened, he would remain and appear much the same.

Such was the tenor of Madge's thoughts as she waited for the opening of service. Fanciful and imaginative to a great degree, she found a certain mental enjoyment in observing the impressions made upon her by strangers. The service was brief and simple; the good old clergyman preached the gospel of hope, and his words calmed and strengthened the young girl's mind. She was made to feel that there is something more and better than present happiness,—that there are remedies for earthly ills.

TO BE CONTINUED.

A host of bodily troubles are engendered by chronic indigestion. These however, as well as their cause, disappear when the highly accredited invigorant alterative, Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, is the agent employed for their removal. A regular habit of body, and a due secretion and flow of bile, invariably result from its persistent use. It cleanses the system from all irregularities, and restores the weak and broken down constitution to health and strength.

Ocean steamers are provisioned as follows for the passengers and crew:—3,500 pounds of butter, 3,000 hams, 1,600 pounds of biscuits, exclusive of those supplied for the crew; 8,000 pounds of grapes, almonds, figs and other dessert fruits; 1,500 pounds of jams and jellies; tinned meats, 6,000 pounds; dried beans, 3,000 pounds; rice, 3,000 pounds; onions, 6,000 pounds; potatoes, 40 tons; flour, 300 barrels; and eggs, 1,200 dozen. Fresh vegetables, dead meat and live bullocks, sheep, pigs, geese, turkeys, ducks, fowls fish, and casual game are generally supplied at each port, so that it is difficult to estimate them. Probably two dozen bullocks and sixty sheep would be a fair average of the whole voyage and the rest may be inferred in proportion. During the summer months, when travelling is heavy, twenty-five fowls are often used in soup for a single dinner.

Mr. St. John, of Kansas, whose ability and sincerity we do not question, said something at Lorne Park which suggested more than he probably intended. Describing how he had been persecuted in the slavery days for feeding a colored boy, he declared that he had violated the then existing law because he conscientiously believed that law to be bad and unjust. This is just the weakness of prohibitory laws. A large number of good men, laymen and clergymen, are conscientiously convinced that prohibitory legislation is bad and unjust, and many of them will violate it or wink at its violation, who would be among the first to sustain any other statute on the books. Hundreds of clergymen at the south justified the slavery laws upon scriptural grounds, and hundreds of others at the north violated them when necessity offered. Mr. St. John will thus perceive that his slavery illustration is somewhat of a pointer for the opponents of the Scott Act.—World.

The anxiety so often caused by the wandering away of a little child from his usual familiar surroundings, or his being separated from his parents in a crowd, is made unnecessarily distressing by the fact that usually he carries with him no certain means of identification. To label him with his full name and address would be so simple a precaution that it is surprising it is not a universal practice. We tag our cattle, mark valuable characters on the web feet of our fowls, engrave dog collars, and scrupulously tag umbrellas and bunches of keys, while giving hardly a passing thought of what would happen to our little speechless toddlers and themselves should they stray into unknown streets or meet with some accident in the domain of strangers. In the customary marking of undergarments with indelible ink it would be but little more trouble to use the full name instead of initials, and on outer garments a convenient place could be selected—say the inside of the collar band or on the end of the sleeve—where the full address could be placed.—Babyhood.

Nassagaweya Council.

The Council met pursuant to adjournment, on Saturday, 29th of August, at 10 o'clock a. m. Members all present, the Reeve in the chair. Minutes of last meeting read and confirmed.

Moved by Mr. Wheelihan, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the following accounts be paid, viz: Messrs. Innes & Davidson, for 200 pathmasters schedules, $3; W. J. Watson, for 200 copies of voters' list and proofs of same, $10.75; for advertising notice of postage, $3.50.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. Wheelihan, that David Wren be refunded the sum of twenty five cents, the same having been paid by him as overseer of road division No. 49, for the use of a road scraper.—Carried.

Mr. Little moved, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that a by-law be introduced and read a first time to levy rates for school purposes in the several school sections as per order of trustees of said section.—Carried.

By-law read the first time.

Moved by Mr. Wheelihan, seconded by Mr. Gould, that the by-law just read be read a second and third time and passed.—Carried.

By-law read the second and third time, passed, signed and sealed.

Moved by Mr. Wheelihan, seconded by Mr. Gould, that the sum of five dollars be paid to D. Robertson and Stewart for medicine and attendance on the late James McColl, this amount to be in payment in full for their account amounting to eighteen dollars.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Gould, seconded by Mr. Little, that the petition of E. Chapman and 15 others praying for aid on behalf of Betsy McMullen be received and read.—Carried.

The petition being read and duly considered, it was moved by Mr. Wheelihan, seconded by Mr. Gould, that a grant of $5 be made to Neil McMullen, in aid of his sister Betsy McMullen, as her friends have neglected or refused to assist him in supporting her.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Wheelihan, seconded by Mr. Gould, that the following accounts be paid for sheep killed by dogs, the same having been duly certified as two-thirds the value thereof: David Wren, for three sheep, $3.66; Matthew Job, for one sheep, $2.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. Wheelihan, that the resignation of Mr. Joshua Norrish of the position of engineer of ditches and water courses be accepted and that by-law No. 5 (A.D. 1883) respecting the same be and is hereby repealed.—Carried.

Moved by Mr. Gould, seconded by Mr. Wheelihan, for leave to introduce a by-law to appoint an engineer for ditches and water courses for the municipality of the township of Nassagaweya.—Carried.

By-law read a first time.

Moved by Mr. Little, seconded by Mr Marshall, that the by-law just read be now filled up with the name of Allan Ramsay and read a second third time and passed.—Carried.

By-law read second and third time, passed, signed and sealed.

Moved by Mr. Wheelihan, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the sum of $20 be granted to Allan Ramsay in aid of Geo. Henry and wife, and a further sum of $6 in aid of Betsy Ritchie.—Carried.

Mr. Gould moved, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that a by-law be introduced and read a first time to levy certain sums for county, township and school purposes for the current year.—Carried.

By-law read the first time.

Moved by Mr. Little, seconded by Mr. Marshall, that the by-law just read for the purpose of levying the necessary rates for township, county and school purposes for the current year be now read a second time and the blanks filled up.—Carried.

Blanks filled up and read a second time.

Moved by Mr. Wheelihan, seconded by Mr. Gould, that the by-law just read be now read the third time and passed and the corporate seal attached thereto.—Carried.

By-law read the third time, passed, signed and sealed.

Messrs. James A. Watson and Malcolm McMillan were present, asking for aid on behalf of the Township Agricultural Society

It was moved by Mr. Marshall, seconded by Mr. Wheelihan, that the sum of $30 be granted to James A. Watson, President of the Agricultural Society, to aid in improving the grounds.—Carried.

The Council adjourned to meet on Saturday, the 23th November, at the Council Room, Brookville, at 10 o'clock a. m.

COLIN CAMERON, Tp. Clerk.

SCOTT ACT.

SOME OPINIONS AND CLIPPINGS FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

(Toronto World.)

The Cardwell Sentinel, a stanch supporter of the Scott Act, complaints bitterly of the way in which the act is not enforced in Adjala, where, it alleges, drunkenness and debauchery prevail in their worst forms. This volunteer testimony from a Scottite proves that there is some truth in the charges of inefficiency made against the act by the antis.

(Orillia News Letter.)

There is no doubt that the town loses $1,200 a year in license fees alone from the Scott Act, and if the whole of that amount were made up by an increased assessment on new buildings we are still losers to this amount. It is simply nonsense to claim that because our town is improving and our assessment of property expanding that the loss of the license fees is no small loss at all. It is just about as absurd to contend that people are better able to pay their taxes on account of the Scott Act. We defy anyone to point out a taxpayer who is better off for the passage of the Scott Act, except those who sell drink without paying any license. Everybody can get liquor as usual and our opinion is that there has been as much drink as ever in the past four months. The business of the town has undoubtedly suffered in consequence of the Scott Act, and nobody seems to have gained anything. We like the grand old way of training men rise above the drinking habit on moral grounds. The adoption of coercive morality is leaving the gospel and going back to the law which never touches man's moral nature or changes his appetite. When this involves $1,200 a year at least in our town from one source alone, it is hard to correct the mistatements of over zealous partisans. In the name of morality let us have the truth without misrepresentation of twisting of facts to suit certain contentions.

(Barrie Examiner.)

Edward Balfe, a stranger in town, was up for drunkenness. He admitted getting whiskey on a doctor's order. Ten days in goal. This is the first case of drunkenness brought before the court since the 1st of May. A vagrant was sent to gaol for five days.

Mrs. Somers was found drunk on Dunlop street, about 10 o'clock last night. Cop Vickers, who arrested the woman, had to get assistance to remove her to goal. In her defence, this morning, she said that she was taken ill, and had sent for her husband and he advised her to get a little of the best brandy, which would certainly do her good. The physician gave he a certificate for two pints of whiskey, which she obtained at one of the local drug stores. One swallow don't make a summer, but evidently the many swallows afforded by two pints of whiskey made this Summer an emphatic one. She was fined 20 cents and costs, $4.40 in all, or a week in gaol. She accepted the retreat.

Does it Prohibit?

In the organization of the Northwest territories of Canada a concession was made to the prohibition element which is now a strong body in the Dominion, by prohibiting the sale or manufacture of intoxicating liquors within the territories. The scheme is now pronounced by competent judges to be a rank failure, so far as sobriety is concerned. The vilest compounds are sold and eagerly bought, at exhorbitant prices, and drunkenness is more common than here in Montana where a man can legally drink what he wants, without any other limitation than his sense of decency or his ability to pay for it.—Montana Stock Journal.

WOMEN IN POLITICS.

At the late local election in Montana there were four women in the field running for county superintendent of public instruction, and, like the other sex, ran on the straight out political tickets, either as Republicans, Democrats, or Independents. That canvass, when the girls took the stump against their male competitors, was one of the most amusing things that ever happened.

Miss Clark, in Lewis and Clarke county, is not only a talented young lady, but also an expert politician. By all votes of the boys she got them all right, and left her antagonist far in the rear, a dazed and defeated candidate.

In Meagher county the girls were pitted against each other, and the fight was quite lively. Miss Darcy was the candidate of the unwashed Democrats, while Miss Nichols mustered with the Republican boys. In the fight broomsticks, churns, busbies, etc., were the weapons used, and for a while it was beyond the prophecy of man to foretell which destructive weapon would be most formidable and death dealing. It was hard to tell which one of the young ladies was the handsomest, but at a distance everybody presumed that they both took lovely. Well, everybody voted, as everybody should, and Miss Darcy won the day; but her defeated rival claimed, and justly, too, that the Democratic majority in Meagher county was, and always had been, Democratic.

In Gallatin county Miss Hamilton announced herself as an Indepedent candidate. One of the Gallatin county papers, the organ and backer of Miss Hamilton, came out a long time before the election as follows:

"Hamilton is the field against the odds of regular party nomination. Hamilton has got sand. And she will pull the pole close. Hamilton should be elected. She says she is afraid of school agents, and that education is her forte; also that it would afford her much pleasure to hop around from one country school house to another in the performance of her duty. The men of Gallatin are confounded mean if they don't run Hamilton in."

Nevertheless, Hamilton was defeated, and Gallatin county has a male superintendent of public instruction.

London detectives are busily engaged searching for thieves who recently stole £80,000 worth of Belgian railway bonds in Brussels.

Artificial honey, imported into England from this country, has been found, on analysis, to be made of wheat or corn starch, treated with oxalic acid. The fraud cannot be detected by the taste.

The gamblers of Omaha have made a proposition to the city that if they are not interfered with for one year they will pay for all street improvements and keep up the waterworks.

They had come in from away back, in a wagon. He was tall and agricultural, she was short and rural. He had been buying some clothes at retail, and at the store made some remarks while his meek wife prevented the children from getting mixed up with emigrants. "I ain't afeerd of the biggest man that walks," he remarked. This sentence seemed to please him and he repeated it. At last the wife tarried and said: "Pete!" "Eh?" "You know me?" "You bet." "Squat and shut up." And he did.

A generous citizen of the town of West chester, in New York State, left by will $15,000 to provide a free reading-room for his fellow-townsmen. The executors put up a fine building at a cost of $10,000, and proposed to expend the remaining $5,000 in the purchase of furniture and books. A public meeting of the townspeople, however, unanimously rejected the offer on the ground that it would cost something to maintain the institution. An idiot asylum would evidently have been a far more suitable gift.

The Christian Union, a church organ of the first class, has declared itself opposed to prohibitory legislation. The Union lays down the principle that there can be no more force in a law than there is in the public sentiment behind the law, and that therefore many so-called prohibition victories are worse than defeats for the true interests of the temperance cause. The Union alleges as an historical fact that prohibition failed in Virginia so long as two centuries ago, and it has failed in many other states since. The article closes with a protest against the prohibitionist practice of placing a man who enjoys a glass of wine or beer with his dinner in the same category with the man who swill beer or whisky by the bottle.—World.

The Ontario Government offers a reward of $250 for the arrest of Chas. Smith, alias J. Connyn, a silver wash peddler, who escaped from constable at Lakelet, Huron county, on July 27, when he was in custody charged with rape. The particulars of the case are that Smith, who was at Clifford a few days prior to the date mentioned, followed a little girl for about a mile from the village, and, it is alleged, committed an outrage upon her. He was arrested and committed for trial, the evidence being very strong, but subsequently escaped from the constable who had him in charge. The constable was placed under arrest and stands committed for trial.

The cowhiding affair which occurred on Sunday last at the village of St. John, in Middlesex County, is full of moral. Disgraceful reports calculated to irretrievably damage the character of a young woman were put in circulation. The victim of the flogging was alleged to have expressed his belief in the accuracy of the report. The young woman became aware of his suspicion of her propriety, provided herself with a rawhide, met him after church, and administered to him the punishment she regarded as adequate to the offence. We know nothing of the merits of the case, as trial before the magistrate has not been concluded. What we wish to say in general terms, however, is that no one except on the most absolutely conclusive evidence should write with so sacred a thing as a woman's character. The tongue of cowardly gossip runs too swiftly everywhere, especially is this the case in small communities. We are not advocates of rawhiding on general principle, but there are times when the proprietors of too industrious tongues so richly deserve to be flogged as any criminal that ever writhed beneath a cat-o'-nine-tails.—Globe.

A Ballwin, Mo., despatch says: About a week ago a handsomely dressed man, having the stand and savoir faire of a thoroughgoing young man of the world, appeared in Ballwin. He was exceedingly taciturn, and remained around the place only a few hours, leaving in company with one of the residents of the town, who is said to be a hard-working laboring man. The pair purchased a camping outfit, with picks, shovels and spades, and proceeded without delay to Pond post office. After apparently thoroughly satisfying themselves as to the exact locality they desired to reach, they left the settlement and walked in a northwesterly direction about three-quarters of a mile, and there they pitched their camp. They once more consulted their plans and then commenced digging a ravine. They were untiring in their exertions, and dug for nearly a week before they met with any reward. At last, when digging about fourteen feet below the surface of the earth, their picks struck some hard substance which was soon discovered by them to be a stone crock, and a little farther digging discovered to the delighted men another crock of exactly the same size. This was what they were looking for—the long buried treasure for which they were searching. They did not have the patience to open these receptacles in the ordinary way, but broke them with their spades, when out rolled the golden treasure. They did nothing in the neighborhood but quietly departed the one being in Ballwin returning to his home at that place, and the other to some point in the East whence he came. Mr. Fraiser, a respectable merchant near Pond post office, says that there was no less than $35,000 or $40,000 secured. It is firmly and positively believed by the people of that neighborhood that it was the treasure of Jesse James, a wealthy farmer buried for safe keeping during the war.

OUR CLUBBING LIST.

	Regular price.	With 1 Champion
Weekly Globe	$1.00	$1.75
Harper's Bazar	4.00	4.75
" Weekly	4.00	4.20
" Bazar, 2 copies	8.00	8.20
Young People	2.00	2.65
Scientific American	3.20	3.50
" Supplement	5.00	5.50
National Live Stock Journal	1.00	1.70
Canada Farmer	1.15	1.90
Canada Medical & Surgical Journal	2.00	3.00
American Agriculturist	1.50	2.50
Graham's Book	2.00	2.50
Herald New Yorker with need preimium	2.50	2.50
Lippincott's Magazine	2.00	2.80
Art Amateur	3.00	4.25
Art Interchange	3.00	4.25
Christian Union Quarterly	2.00	2.50
Rural Canadian	2.00	2.50
Daily Witness	3.00	4.00
Weekly Witness	1.00	1.70
Toronto Daily World	3.00	4.00
" Weekly "	1.10	2.00
" Weekly " (new subs.)	1.00	2.00

AN ALARMING DISEASE. AFFLICT NUMBERS.

[illegible] it in turn involves the whole frame, embracing the kidneys, liver, bowels, and in fact our entire glandular system, and the afflicted drags out a miserable existence until death gives relief from suffering. The disease is often mistaken for other complaints, but if the reader will ask himself the following questions, he will be able to determine whether he himself is one of the afflicted: Have I dull heavy pain in the back? Do my kidneys pain me? Is there a dull, heavy feeling attended by drowsiness? Have the eyes a yellow tinge? Does a thick, slimy mucous gather on the gums and teeth in the morning, accompanied by a bad taste in the mouth? Do the limbs ache? Are there pains in the right side and back? Is there a fullness about the right side as if the liver were enlarged? Is there costiveness? Is the bowel sometimes loose then, alternating with costiveness? A worry, secretions from the kidneys scanty and highly coloured, with a deposit after rest and age? Does food ferment soon after eating accompanied by flatulence or a belching of gas from the stomach? Is there frequent palpitation of the heart? These various symptoms may not be present at one time, but they torment their sufferer in turn as the dreadful disease progresses. If the case be one of long standing, there will be a dry, hacking cough, attended after a time by expectoration, in two advanced stages the skin assumes a dirty brownish appearance, and the hands and the feet are covered by a cold, sticky perspiration. As the liver and kidneys become more and more diseased, rheumatic pains appear, and the usual treatment proves entirely ineffectual against this latter agonising disorder. The origin of this malady is indigestion or dyspepsia, and a small quantity of the proper medicine will remove the disease if taken in its incipient stage. It is most important that the disease should be promptly and properly treated in its first stages, when a little medicine will effect a cure, and even when it has obtained a strong hold the correct remedy should be persevered in until the every vestige of the disease is eradicated, until the appetite has returned, and the digestive organs restored to a healthy condition. The surest and most effectual remedy for this depressing complaint is Seigel's Curative Syrup, a vegetable preparation sold by all Chemists and Medicine Vendors throughout the world, and by the proprietors, A. J. White, Limited, 17, Farringdon Road, London, E.C. This Syrup strikes at the very foundation of the disease, and drives it, root and branch, out of the system.

Market Place, Pocklington, York,
October 2nd, 1882.

Sirs,—Being a sufferer for years with dyspepsia in all its worst forms, and after spending pounds in medicines, I was at last persuaded to try Mother Seigel's Curative Syrup and am thankful to say I derive more benefit from it than any other medicine I ever took, and would advise any one suffering from the same complaint to give it a trial, the results they would find out for themselves. If you think to make use of this testimonial you are quite at liberty to do so.

Yours respectfully,
(Signed) R. Turner.

Seigel's Curative Pills are the best family physic that has ever been discovered. They cleanse the bowels from all irritating substances, and leave them in a healthy condition. For sure costiveness,

St. Mary-street, Peterborough,
November 9th, 1881.

Sir,—It gives me great pleasure to inform you of the benefit I have received from Seigel's Syrup. I have been troubled for years with dyspepsia, but after a few doses of the Syrup I found relief, and after taking two bottles feel quite cured.

I say this, sir, yours truly,
William Hirst.

Mr. A. J. White. Housingham, Whitehaven, Oct. 14th, 1882.

Mr. A. J. White—Dear Sir,—I was for some time afflicted with piles, and was advised to give Mother Seigel's Syrup a trial, which I did; I am now happy to state that it has restored me to complete health.

I remain, yours respectfully,
(Signed) John H. Highfield.

Mr. White, Chemist, Colne. 16th August, 1882.

Hillier, of Yateabury, Wilts, informs me that he suffered from a severe form of indigestion for upwards of four years, and took no end of doctors' medicine without the slightest benefit, and declares Mother Seigel's Syrup which he got from me has saved his life.

Yours truly,
(Signed) T. Webb, Chemist, Colne.

To Mr. A. J. White, Preston, Sept. 21st, 1883.

Dear Sir,—I find the sale of Seigel's Syrup steadily increases. All who have tried it speak very highly of its medicinal virtues; one customer describes it as a "Godsend to dyspeptic people." Always recommended with confidence.

Faithfully yours,
(Signed) Vincent A. Wilde, Chemist, Bentley, Merthyr Tydvil.

To Mr. A. J. White, Es.

Dear Sir,—Your Syrup and Pills are still very popular with my customers, many saying they are the best family medicines possible.

The other day a customer came for two bottles of Syrup and said, "Mother Seigel" had saved the life of his wife, and he added, "one of these bottles I am sending fifteen miles away to a friend who is very ill. I have much faith in it."

The sale keeps up wonderfully, in fact, one would fancy almost that the people were beginning to breakfast, dine and sup on Mother Seigel's Syrup, the demand is so constant and the satisfaction so great.—I am, dear sir, yours faithfully,

(Signed) W. Bowker.

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(Signed) W. Bowker.

Thos. Boyle appeared before the Ottawa Police Magistrate last week charged with disorderly conduct and worse. Worship imposed upon him the utmost penalty the law could allow, $50 and costs. The young man is a messenger in the Civil Service. A respectable young woman who works in a confectionery was returning from her work the other evening when Boyle drove up to her and insisted on her getting into a buggy with him. Being in a quiet part of the city and somewhat afraid of him, she quietly remained with him, but he followed her along the street for over two blocks, using foul and blasphemous language to her. She had to seek refuge in a store on Dalhousie street.

YELLOW AS A GUINEA.—The complexion, in a case of unchecked liver complaint culminating in jaundice, is literally "as yellow as a guinea." It has this appearance because the bile, which enables the bowels to act, is directed from its proper course into the blood. In conduction with this symptom there is nausea, coating of the tongue, sick headache, impurity of the breath, pains through the right side and shoulder blade, dyspepsia and constipation. These and other concomitants of liver complaint are completely removed by the use of NORTHROP & LYMAN'S VEGETABLE DISCOVERY AND DYSPEPTIC CURE, which is also an excellent cure for scrofula, erysipelas, salt rheum, ulcers, cancers, humours, female weakness, jaundice, and lumbago. It tones the stomach, rouses the liver, and after relieving them, causes the bowels thereafter to become regular. High professional sanction has been accorded to it; and its claims to public confidence are justified by ample evidence. Price, $1.00. Sample Bottle, 10 cents. Ask for NORTHROP & LYMAN'S Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure. The wrapper bears a *fac-simile* of their signature. Sold by all medicine dealers.

THE WHEAT HARVEST.—The Galt Reformer says:—The wheat harvest is pretty well over in this section. Fall grain has not been got in, in the best condition, much of it being wet. We have heard numerous complaints of the wheat having sprouted. The spring wheat harvest will not be very successful, although it gave promises some time since of yielding a good crop. The blight or rust which has destroyed the grain in other sections, has also been destructive here.

IMMENSE Shipments of New Goods at Extraordinarily CHEAP PRICES.

For the last three weeks Williams of the Right House has been receiving the immense fall importations from Europe. Over 135 large packages of New Dry Goods, have been placed in stock. Customers will find an immense assortment of goods to make their selection from and the prices are lower than ever. Many lots of goods have been bought much under their actual value, and will be sold at extremely low prices. Call early and see the grand display of New Goods. An immense stock of Colored Dress Goods shown in new fabrics and shades. A magnificent display of Black Dress Silks shown in Solid Cloths, Sun Cloths, Bourette Cloths, Ombre Cloths, and other fancy makes. New Black Cashmeres in soft velvety finish. An immense stock of New Colored Cashmeres. See the new colored Cashmeres at 35c., they are extra wide and would be good value at 62½c. A tremendous stock of New Velveteens, including the Silk finish Plush, shown in choice shades, also in Black; New Patins and Marvelleux. Special attention is directed to the enormous stock of Ladies' Jersey Jackets, Paletots, Mantles and Dolmans. These garments are all made by the best Mantle manufacturers in the world. Every lady should see them before the assortment is broken. Ladies' Jerseys Braided and Plain, also the Fleecy-lined Jerseys. A tremendous stock of New Oriental Yak and Fancy Laces. New Colored Kid Gloves. New Fancy Flannel. New White Scarfs and Grey Flannels. New Lace Curtains. New styles in Goods in Drapery and Furniture materials. New Silk Ribbons. New Corsets and Prints. Also an immense stock of New Carpets in Wool, Tapestry, Brussels and Wilton, Lace Door Mats, Crumb Cloths, Kensington Squares, Linoleums, Carpet Sweepers and other Housefurnishings. Call and see the New Carpets. About 35 packages of other New Good will be opened up this week. Ladies should call and see the New Goods at Nos. 30 and 32 King-street east, and the name is

THOMAS C. WATKINS.

Hamilton Aug. 29, 1883.

Mammoth House,

GEORGETOWN.

Our Great Discount Sale was quite a success, and will cease on Saturday night, the 15th day of August, as advertised. But there are some

Summer and Other Goods

yet which we wish to dispose off, so that for the NEXT THREE WEEKS there shall be STARTLING BARGAINS given to effect a clearance.

MILLINERY, MANTLES AND PRINTS

will be sold at away down unheard of Prices. A line of Silks and Ends of Silks to be sold at 25c. a yard, worth four times the money. Likewise we have large arrivals of Fall and Winter Importations.

Remember our Millinery, Dress Making and Ordered Clothing Departments.

MCLEOD, ANDERSON & CO.,

Mammoth House. Georgetown.

Threshing Machine

AND

LUBRICATING OILS

OF ALL KINDS.

Best Value in Above at

W. H. MACNAB'S HARDWARE, Milton.

RAMSHAW & McNAIR

Beg to intimate that they are prepared to fill all orders for

Wagons, Buggies,

Democrats, &c.

in short notice, at fair prices, good workmanship and best of material; also a full supply of all kinds of Agricultural Implements on hand, including Milnes Celebrated Self-Binder, Hornsby's Reapers, Drills, &c. Blacksmithing and Repairing on wood work a specialty. 41-yr Shops—Commercial St., Milton

WM. BEWS,

MERCHANT TAILOR,

MILTON,—

has a splendid assortment of Canadian and Imported Tweeds, Worsteds, Meltons, &c., &c., and can supply his patrons with clothing inferior in material and finish to none. His prices, too, will be found to be remarkably low considering the quality of the goods he sells.

Wm. BEWS.

MILTON

FANNING Mill FACTORY.

MITCHELL BROS., PROPS.

The undersigned, having purchased the Old Novelty Works, have fitted it up for the manufacture of the

CELEBRATED MITCHELL FANNING MILL,

which is unsurpassed as a machine for the purpose in this country.

We are also prepared to do

GENERAL CARPENTER WORK

Lumber Planed and Matched to Order on short notice.

FACTORY NEAR HAMILTON AND NORTH-WESTERN STATION.

MITCHELL BROTHERS.

Milton, June 9, 1883. 51-3m

Beware of Imitations.

Since Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil has become celebrated, a number of unprincipled persons have been indeavoring to palm off Electric and Electric Oil for the genuine DR. THOMAS' ECLECTRIC OIL. Beware of these similiar named articles. If their originators had any faith in the healing properties of their own medicines they would like honest men give them a name of their own, and not try to sell them on the reputation of another; but as they know their preparations have no merits, they resort to the most unprincipled means of selling them by getting a name as near as possible to *Eclectric*. We therefore ask the public when purchasing to see that the name is Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil is on the front of the wrapper, and the signature of Northrop & Lyman, the proprietors for Canada on the back.

WINES, WINES

We beg to notify the trade and general public that we have on hand a large consignment of fine Old Rich Ports and Sherries, vintages of 1878 and 1875, which we are offering at remarkably low prices. Also a large shipment of Fine Old Bordeaux Wines, comprising all the Leading and Best Brands. All Goods Guaranteed to be rich, mellow, and full bodied, and to give the best possible satisfaction. Inspection invited. Call for catalogue.

Jas. Shields & Co.

188 Yonge St., Toronto.

Sittings of the Several Division Courts of the Co. of Halton

For the Year 1885.

Place of Sittings and P. O. Address of Clerks.	Clerks.	Jan.	Mar.	May.	July.	Sep.	Nov.
Milton	Wm. Pauton	30	27	29	15	25	27
Oakville	R. Balmer	7	5	2	2	8	6
Georgetown	L. Grant	13	10	12	8	15	10
Acton	J. Matthews	14	11	13	9	16	11
Campbellville	S. R. Lister	12	9	11	11	14	9
Burlington	W. J. Bastedo	6	4	6	3	9	4

General Sessions of the Peace and County Court Sittings, with or without Jury, Tuesday 9th June, 8th December, at 1 p m.

County Court Sittings, without Jury, Tuesday, 7th April, and 6th October, at 10 a m.

County Court Sittings—Formerly Terms—Monday, 5th January, 6th April, 6th July, and 5th October at 10 a.m., each 10 days.

Judges Chambers.—Monday, Wednesday and Friday of each week, except on Court days during vacation, at 11 a.m.

Audit of Criminal Justice Accounts.—Monday, 5th January, 6th April, 6th July & 5th October, at 2 p.m.

JOHN DEWAR, Clerk of the Peace

FARMERS!

The best Reaper & Mower Oil in the world is McCOLL BROS.,

Lardine MACHINE OIL.

See your dealer gives you no other cheap stuff.

For sale in Campbellville by Jas. Kidney, only. 16-6m.

Not sold in Milton. *McCOLL BROS. & CO., Toronto.*

BOOTS & SHOES

THOS. WILSON.

(Successor to Chas. Nichaus)

is receiving daily a splendid stock of Men, Women & Children's Boots and Shoes, for Spring and Summer wear.

These goods are made by the best manufacturers in the Dominion, and will be sold at lowest possible prices. Boots and Shoes made to order. A perfect fit and first-class stock and workmanship guaranteed. Neat repairs.

DON'T FORGET TO CALL ON

Thos. Wilson.

B. LAURANCE'S

Spectacles and Eye-Glasses,

ARE THE ONLY GENUINE SUPERENGLISH ARTICLES IN THE CANADIAN MARKET. Real Pebbles are kept in stock. Tests are given to prove genuineness. They are recommended by and testimonials have been received from the President, Vice-President and Ex-President of the Medical Association of Canada; the President of the College of Physicians and Surgeons of Quebec; the Dean of the Medical Faculty of Laval University; the President and Ex-Presidents of the Medical College of Nova Scotia, &c. These recommendations ought to be sufficient to prove their qualities, but if further proof is needed call on

J. W. FRASER, MILTON,

The only place in Milton where they can be obtained. 50 6m