propriate address

By Lewis Milligan

there was a snortage in some goods;

but the standard of 4 ving of the people

the countries with which they traded.

methods had been improved by con-

statn ferunzation and the introduc-

also had to be constantly extended and

new inventions for improving and in-

creasing production were adopted from

Periodic adjustments of the econ-

omic balance between the rising cost of

production and the cost of living were

not made without considerable con-

fusion.. Factory workers would band

who had nothing to do with the dis-

Few factories made profits beyond

their capital investment and provid-

TIME FOR DECISION

By George W. James

The Canadian Statesman, Bowmanville, Ont.

ARTICLE NO. 10

agreement with Britain which was negotiated by Minister of Agri-

culture, Hon, J. G. Gardner without consulting parliament and then

asked the House to ratify at the present session. He next sought

absolute power for himself over all other farm products for sale and

export during the current year. Both measures were ratified after

ABSOLUTE CONTROL

over products other than wheat, Mr. Gardiner said: P. 1610, Hansard:

"The boundary is closed into the U.S.A. and there is only one place

where the farmer can sell, that is Britain; we come to him and say,

this is the arrangement; we are paying the floor price for all your

surplus and we take it and ship it while this agreement lasts! I hope

ULTIMATE POSITION

time controls that will take some time to tell. In losing so much of

There are many factors inherent in these unprecendented peace-

it will last forever". This was his general statement,

Speaking on Bill 25, which gives the Minister absolute power

debate which brought out the stand taken by other parties.

Article 9 of this series outlined the terms of the 5-year wheat

raise their standard of living.

· THROUGH · THE YEARS ·

THIRTY YEARS AGO Awarded Military Medal

been awarded the Military Medal for Cobalt. saving the lives of a gun crew by removing the fuse in a bomb which fell into a gun pit.

Presented With Candlebrass was preesnted with three pair of bea- where. otiful candlebrass on the occasion of his birthday, the children of the church making the presentation with an ap-

United In Marriage Mr. L.L. Strickland, of Cobalt, and Miss Evelyn Nelson, formerly nurse at



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Corporal Faught, of North Bay, has south they will take up residence in take away some magazines to read. The

Released For Service

Lamed At Tennis

but now Division Court Clerk with money he had received. headquarters at South Porcupine, was in town ast week at the siting of the Division Court, and gave a "lame excuse" for carrying a cane. He was playing tenn's at South End the other parts in Britain's glorious history, have day and injured his knee in the game, influenced Canadian music. These have with a result that he is crippled for been presented to the Canadian pubthe time being Tennis is considered lic and foreign wisitors in free aftera mild form of sport usually, but noon and evening concerts at the Can-Ernie says that they do everything adian National Exhibition. with great strenuously over in South Porcupine, and solitaire over there is this year in the engagement of the more dangerous than hockey or rugby famous Un ted States Navy Band of football in other places, or words to eighty-five men. The strength is twenthat effect. However, all wish him a ty-five more than the next largest safe, sure and speedy recovery from an injury Lat he may joke about to hide its painfulness.

TWENTY YEARS AGO

Medal Of Its Own dal is a handsome affair, of a special sclous. design, with the beaver at the top, the maple leaf in the centre and the in- The only fire of the week-end ocscription "Sudbury Diamond Jubilee cured at 9.05 this morning. The deof Confederation 1867-1927" cast out of partment was called to extinguish pure nickel and surmounted with the pipe and chimney fire in the home of Canadian coat of arms in enamel. The James Holland at 4 Borden avenue in nickel was supplied by the Interna- the Hollinger Townsite Firemen quicktional Nickel Co., without charge to ly brought the flames under control the Celebration Committee, and Ellis with chemicals. No damage was done Bros., the well-known jewellers and to the house. silversmiths of Toronto executed the work. The medal is considered an outstanding memento of the big celebration both from the local and national standpoint.

Visits Winnipeg Councillor and Mrs. W. H. Pritchard left on Sunday for Winnipeg to visit with Mrs Pritchard's sister. They will be away for two weeks.

Left For United States Mr. D. McLaughlin, who has been a

rendent of Timmins for the past two years, part of the time in the employ of the Hollinger Mine, left this week for theUnite d States to reside. Receives Coveted Award

The many friends of Mrs. J. F. Mac Donald, Porcupine wil, be glad to learn of her good fortune in achieving high standing among the prize winners of the recent MacLeanagram contest as conducted by MacLean's Maganne. Mrs. MacDonald has received a cheque from the Magazine for a substantial amount, and congratulations are in order on her success in this unique series of contests ,of which MacLean's Magazine announce a new one each issue.

TEN YEARS AGO Paid Back Meal

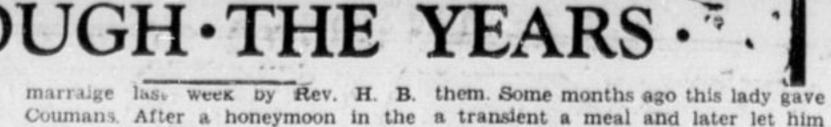
Unquestioned proof was given a lady in the Hollinger Townsite this week that all transients are not ungrateful or even forgetful of kindness shown the Mines Hospital, were united in

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lady promptly forgot about the matter. It was only one of many similar Through the unions of various chur- cases. But the man did not forget. ches in the North Land, thirty-two For two years he failed to land any ministers between Barrie and Cochrane steady work, but recently he got what Rev., Fr. Arsenault, of Haileybury, have been released for service else- he considers a real job. The first thing he did upon receiving his first pay was to go around to people who had Mr. E. H. Hill, formerly of Timmins, befriended him and offer to return the

Navy Band At Exhibition For forty years, British bands, usually representative of famous regiments which have played prominent

An interesting change has been made band ever to appear at Exhibition Park.

Four Double Weddings Double weddings have attained the

standing of a new style in Timmins and district. There were no less than A special medal and one which will four different weddings in two days at doubtless be highly pazed by those to the week-end, two double weddings on whom they are awarded was one of Saturday and two to-day. Double, dou- er wages and when these demands With the taking over of the farms Diamond Jubilee celebration. The me- evidently become 'double wedding con-Only One Fire

The Great

Once upon a time there was a coun try called Thisland whose people were very industrious. Their farms were prosperous and their city factories were busy day and night producing goods that were in constant demand not only at home but wide-spread markets abroad. In fact they could not produce

for years and years, when, realizing overwhelming majority. enough to meet those demands and was far higher than that of many of To maintain this standard of living and growing export trade, farming all kinds of goods until the shops and wage rates axed at their original level. ple Had A Mind To Work." tion of mechanical equipment. Factories factories were closed and everybody. At this juncture all the housewives

And so .t came to pass that the Government had to take over all the ing their husbands around the house time to time. These mechanical in- farms and factories because their doing nothing because they refused to ventions tended to lighten the labor owners were bankrupt and thousands work for less than the regulation wage of the people generally as well as to of people were destitute. In accordance with the popular demand, the government reduced the prices of all com- little woman with a large family. She modities to the bare cost of produc- had a calm and clear mind, but a tion. There were to be no more profits. sharp and commanding tongue. She Wages, however, were to remain at conceived the idea that the cause of the level prevailing before the Great

were not met in full they would refuse and tactories by the Government the out to work for whatever they could to work, thus stopping production and owners were releved of their respons- get, and told them that they must entirely cutting off their wages. This ibilities, They had no longer to worry work harder than they had ever done process of enforcing their demands over wages and prices, marketing their before. Other housewives followed suit, hey called "strikes", which was a products and the payment of taxes. All very apt term, for they struck at everybody concerned and even at those henceforth their jobs would be secure and that they would have to worry no more about wages and prices. But what was required for maintaining someone had to bear these responsibilities and do the worrying, and the fell upon the Government.

> All went well for a short time and the workers were contented and happy--so happy that they took things easy, did no work as hard or as long as formerly. Why should they do since their labor was no longer being "exploited" by the "capitalists" for profits? Meanwhile the ambitious industrialists and the master-farmers were emigrating to Otherland, and their places were filled by the strike leaders. The result of all this was a steep decline in production, the cessation of exports

But the leaders of the workers con- dities for home consumtion.

high profits, and they made periodic to blame the Government for this get- that medical check-up, say the ex-Genands for higher wages. They aid uation. They could not now complain perts. Conditions unfavourable to not seem to realize that wages con- about their wages, for these were high; physical or mental well-being may be stituted the major part of the cost nor could they protest against the detected by careful examination beof production, and consequently fixed prices which were low. Their complaint fore you become ill. the market price of the product. Thus was that there was so little to buy, and with every increase in wages the cost they were willing to pay higher prices well, a check-up may reveal that of living increased in proportion -- if they could recover their former there are some little things, such as with every increase in the cost of living standard of Yving. They must get rid your dietary or other habits, which a further demand for wage increase of the Government and put in power an administration composed entirely of health", say the medical authorities.

that the workers were not getting But the new Government found itself anywhere, a young man conceived a as powerless as the old one to change bright idea. Instead of striking for things, and they went from bad to erable, and in many cases dangerous If gner wages ne would start a strike worse. Thousands of people were out that they were glad to accept jobs at for lower prices. He organized house- of employment, although there was any price. wives in a poycot of certain commo- plenty of work to be done. Commodity dities which he thought were too prices had been repeatedly cut down high in price. In s movement became until the farms and factories were land returned to its former state of so popular that it spread to take in carried on at enormous losses. But industrious prosperity: "For The Peo-

rose in a body. They had grown tired of trying to make ends meet, and of seerate. The housewives were led by a all the trouble was high wages. She of these things were taken care of and the movement of back to hard by the government. The workers also work spread broughout the land. The were greatly relieved to think that Government was powerless to stop the movemen, and the home-life of the

FORESTALLING ILLNESS

tended that high prices were due to The workers grew restless and began When you are well is the time for

require attention if you are to retain This treadmill process had gone on labor leaders. This they did by an in urging close liaison wth the family doctor at all times.

And so it came to pass that This-



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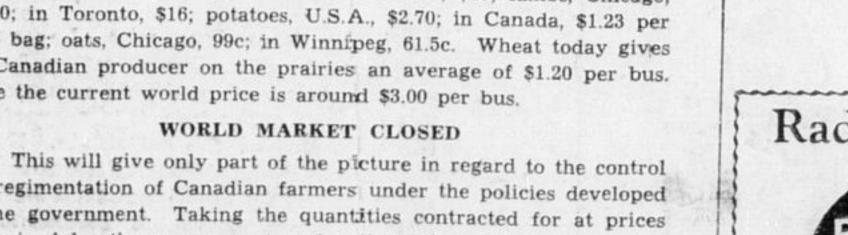
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As mentionad above the stand taken by the various parties in the House on these controls and agreements was made very clear. Opinions touched upon the ultimate economic effect of the arrangements and the moral grounds of limiting the freedom of Canadian farmers. The stand taken by the several leaders on these questions will be dealt with in a succeeding article.

their freedom, farmers will wish to be fully informed of most of the facts and implications of these acts so they may weigh for themselves whether the stability envisioned by the government is a practical conclusion or whether these extreme controls will lead to loss of production and hence inability to supply, in the long run, our over-

seas markets.

What is the background of these restrictions of the freedom of Canadian farmers? Why are farmers held to fixed and floor prices with their products subject to control and seizure after controls have been lifted from wages and salaries and price ceilings raised from a whole range of things that farmers have to buy? These are questions that farmers who do not read Hansard will wish to have explained. The story is an economic partnership with Britain shared by the Canadian public and Canadian farmers.

WHY FARM CONTROL

BRITISH LOAN

To support British recovery the Canadian government loaned to Britain out of tax monies, approximately a billion dollars with which to buy Canadian wheat, bacon, beef, cheese, eggs and other food products contracted for at named figures and stated amounts. This is a national loan repayable if and when the British economy permits. There was almost complete unanimity in the Canadian House in support of the loan. It was made simultaneously with a loan of some three billions to Britain by the U.S.A. government.

FARMERS BEAR LOSS

It will be seen that Canadian farmers, as taxpayers, contribute to this loan. But under the British food agreements at present world prices, they alone contribute out of their own pockets the difference between the prices arranged with Britain and current world prices. As shown in Article 9, farmers lose on wheat this year some 232 million dollars. The public at large does not share this loss.

A BILLION LOST

Besides losing freedom as set out above the Canadian farmer foregoes present cash returns, not only on wheat but on a whole range of exports as the prices quoted below will indicate. The estimated loss even over a limited period will run in excess of a billion dollars and the farmers themselves stand the shot. To bring the matter down to a concrete basis these figures are taken from official records.

COMPARATIVE PRICES

In Hansard, P. 1577, these comparative figures as of March 1st, 1947, are given: Grade "A" hogs at Chicago, \$29.08 in Toronto, \$16.50 plus bonus; steers, Chicago, \$25.15; in Toronto, \$15; lambs, Chicago, \$23.60; in Toronto, \$16; potatoes, U.S.A., \$2.70; in Canada, \$1.23 per 75-lb bag; oats, Chicago, 99c; in Winnipeg, 61.5c. Wheat today gives the Canadian producer on the prairies an average of \$1.20 per bus. while the current world price is around \$3.00 per bus.

and regimentation of Canadian farmers under the policies developed by the government. Taking the quantities contracted for at prices determined by the government under the British agreements, with United States and world markets generally closed, it will be appreciated that the present cash loss to Canadian farmers is acutally a tremendous figure.

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