



# THE HOME MAKER'S PAGE

Household Hints

Poetry

Miscellaneous

Recipes



## Successful Parenthood

BY  
MRS. CATHERINE CONRAD EDWARDS  
Associate Editor, Parents' MagazineGUARD CHILDREN'S EYES  
BY REGULAR CHECK-UP

Nature has gone to unusual lengths in protecting the eyes—tears for cleansing, eye lashes to keep out foreign particles, the overhanging forehead to keep hard knocks from reaching the delicate eye—but there is nothing to stand between the eyes and their greatest enemy, misuse, except intelligent care. Parents are alone responsible for the misuse of a baby's eyes. They are also indirectly responsible for bad eye hygiene later on if they fail to teach their children the value of good eyesight and how to preserve it.

Never leave a baby lying in the carriage to look up into the light. Of course he will blink and use other instinctive means for shutting out part of the brightness, but you could spare him this wasteful use of energy by keeping the carriage hood over his eyes and the carriage itself turned away from the sun. Even during the daily sun bath shade his eyes. In the house just because the baby is fascinated by a bright light do not let him face it, or for that matter lie for long looking at a bright wall. In decorating the nursery keep the baby's eyes in mind and choose a soft pastel color for the walls.

It takes the average baby three months or longer to learn to focus the

eyes so a few cross-eyed glances needn't alarm you. However, if after a few weeks either eye or both eyes pull inward or outward most of the time, better see an eye specialist who will prescribe exercises for strengthening the weaker eye.

Babies are born with far-sighted eyes. Their eyeballs are shorter and flatter from front to back than those of an adult. As the child grows the eyeball rounds out until it becomes virtually spherical in shape. Because of this immaturity of the eye you do not give a small child toys or games which require close vision any more than you confront his immature brain with problems beyond his years. One shudders to think of the little girls who were once forced to do needlework before their eyes were ready for it because "sewing a fine seam" was a first step in feminine accomplishments.

A careful check-up of the child's eyes should be made before entering school, and frequently thereafter until visual maturity is reached. (Remember that a child can't tell you if he has a visual defect because he doesn't know what 100 per cent sight is.) Not all children's eyes are ready for reading at school age. The eyeball may not only still be too immature in shape, but the child may not have learned as yet to use his eyes in unison. Correct alignment is as necessary for reading as it is for the wheels of an automobile. So if your child is slow in reading he may need special visual training rather than extra drill with words and sentences.

**Doc Gamble (on telephone):** Well, I've told you a dozen times what to do for that skin irritation. Cut out the starches. Okay, Mr. Jones, goodbye.

**Fibber McGee:** Starches, eh? In his diet?

**Doc Gamble:** No, in his laundry. His neck is all scratched up.

—NBC's "Fibber McGee and Molly" show.

## "Food For Fun and Fitness"



Hello Homemakers! Six years ago the New York Women's Advertising Club sponsored a survey, "What's Cooking in Your Neighbor's Pot." The purpose was to find out in detail the eating habits of the major nationality groups in the country, evaluate them nutritionally, discover how they are affected by rationing and emergencies, and suggest ways in which the American-born housewife and foreign-origin housewife might profit from each other's knowledge.

The results are amazing: Actually food does not conform to any political boundary. The earth is divided into great regions in which all the inhabitants have certain similarities of food habits. If cooking customs vary, at least the basic foods are similar. The different flavor and consistency of these foods with strange names are for us the most interesting features.

In normal times the Greek people eat light breakfasts (a piece of bread, some fruit or a bit of cheese, and coffee which is thick and sweet); afternoon dinners of bread a casserole dish, olives, fruit, nuts, cheese, a salad, with olive oil and vinegar, and wine; and supper of similar pattern.

Most Greek main dishes begin with onions cooked in oil, then the other ingredients are added. Bread is the most important single staple food—so much so that many eat a mouthful of bread in between each bite.

The foods that are eaten in Norway, Sweden and Denmark are rather similar in character, although varying amounts of the same foods are eaten in each of the three countries. In Norway more fish is consumed—fresh, dried or salted, while in Sweden, much sugar is used in cooking. Denmark is a dairy country and uses much cheese, cow's milk and butter.

The liberal use of legumes and cheese makes up for the small amount of meat served in French and Italian dishes. Soups and rich sauces are made inexpensively with meat drippings, leftovers and purées of any surplus foods. Many French and Italian men are excellent cooks at home and proud of their skill.

Latin people have a great deal of respect for food. They come by it with great toll and therefore make a ritual of many meals. Feast days and family occasions are celebrated with certain dishes—for example, an artichoke pie for Easter-time.

The principal problem in the Far East is that the average person has trouble in obtaining enough food to stay alive. Due to population density and adverse growing conditions, there is a spectre of famine. We used to believe that everyone in the East ate rice but have learned lately that mil-

## GREEK DESSERTS

## Kataif

Ingredients: Shredded wheat, walnuts, almonds, honey.

Method: Split shredded wheat, place

in buttered pan, cover each piece with

chopped nuts soaked in honey. Place

in moderate oven and bake with butter.

When ready serve with hot syrup

made of two parts honey to 3 parts

water.

## Cottage Cheese Filling

1 cup cottage cheese, 1 egg yolk, 1/4

lemon rind, grated, a few drops of lemon juice, a few raisins to taste. Mix well.

## POLISH DISH

## Klaczkiy (Cakes served with coffee)

10 1/2 oz. flour, 4 oz. butter or dripping,

2 cups of milk (approximately), 1 yeast

cake.

Crumble the yeast into lukewarm

milk (about 1/4 cup). Sift the flour,

melt the dripping, and combine all in-

gredients, adding enough milk to make

a stiff dough. Place into greased pan

and set aside in warm place for about 1

hour or until it has doubled its bulk.

Roll out on board, cut out with round

cookie cutter. Make a depression in

centre of each, and fill this with cot-

tage cheese filling. Bake in moderate

oven until golden brown—about 1/2 hour.

## Sweet Potatoes

which are heavily candied will have more flavor and

tang if they are sprinkled with grated

orange or lemon rind while baking.

## Dave Willcock: What's a chaperone?

## Jack Carson: That's an old maid who

never got on the first team but still

wants to intercept a few passes.

## Mr. Fowler: Where are you taking the

dog?

## Red Skelton (Junior): I don't know

until he drags me there!

## —NBC's "Red Skelton Show."



When you want a nice, quick snack, spread warm gingerbread with cream cheese, softened with cream. Or let it cool, slice thin and spread with creamed butter into which some dates have been mixed.

Want to use up those holiday peppermints? Grind or crush fine and alternate with layers of chocolate pudding. Or, mix with whipped cream and use for cake or other pudding toppings.

**Midnight snack?** Serve scrambled eggs which have been made with tomato soup in place of the milk. Or, if it's cheese soufflé you're preparing, place it in parboiled green pepper halves and bake in them.

Are you serving roast pork? Garnish it with stuffed onions or fried apple rings which are filled with the light raisins. Let raisins cook in the rings while you are frying the apples.

**An apple pie** that is bound to make a hit is one which has a bit of cheese rolled into the top crust. Cheese goes further this way than serving it in wedges with the pie.

When you cook that last bit of ham bone for split pea soup, be sure to add bayleaf and peppercorns to it for flavor.

**A nice first course** for big dinners includes slices of calava with wedges of oranges or grapefruit. If you have a few seedless grapes, halve them and sprinkle on top.

A good beverage to serve with cookies or wedges of cake uses equal portions of gingerale and grapefruit juice. Top with sherbet if you want to dress it up.

**A nice molded salad** for your buffet dinner? Use cooked cauliflower molded in well seasoned tomato sauce.

If you're looking for a nice accompaniment to ham, fill pear halves with peanut butter and broil before serving.

Cream cheese mixed with ginger and a few cut-up raisins makes nice filling for baked apples.

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candied will have more flavor and

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## O BOUNDLESS GRACE

O boundless grace,

To know there is no alien from Thee,

No stranger to Thee,

No dark race

Hidden from Thine embrace,

No isles, no reaches of the sea,

No sharp ascent of mountain of the

dazzling air

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## WINTER SONG

What little grass was left in fields

Winter rain has tarnished

And rusted leaves are from limbs

Winter wind has varnished

In readiness for Spring who'll hang

On them bud-cocoons

Like those that white-winged apple

bloom

Escape from every June.

Elizabeth-Ellen Long,

In the Christian Science Monitor.

## The Poet's Corner

## HOLIDAY TREE

These crooked stems are stout,  
Which hold red apples to the tree  
Through gales and snow.

They swing about,  
Dangle and rock,  
And smartly knock  
Their hard curved sides together—  
Backward and forward, to and fro.

They whirl and sway.  
Want to use up those holiday pepper-

mints? Grind or crush fine and alter-

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ding. Or, mix with whipped cream and use

for cake or other pudding toppings.

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