

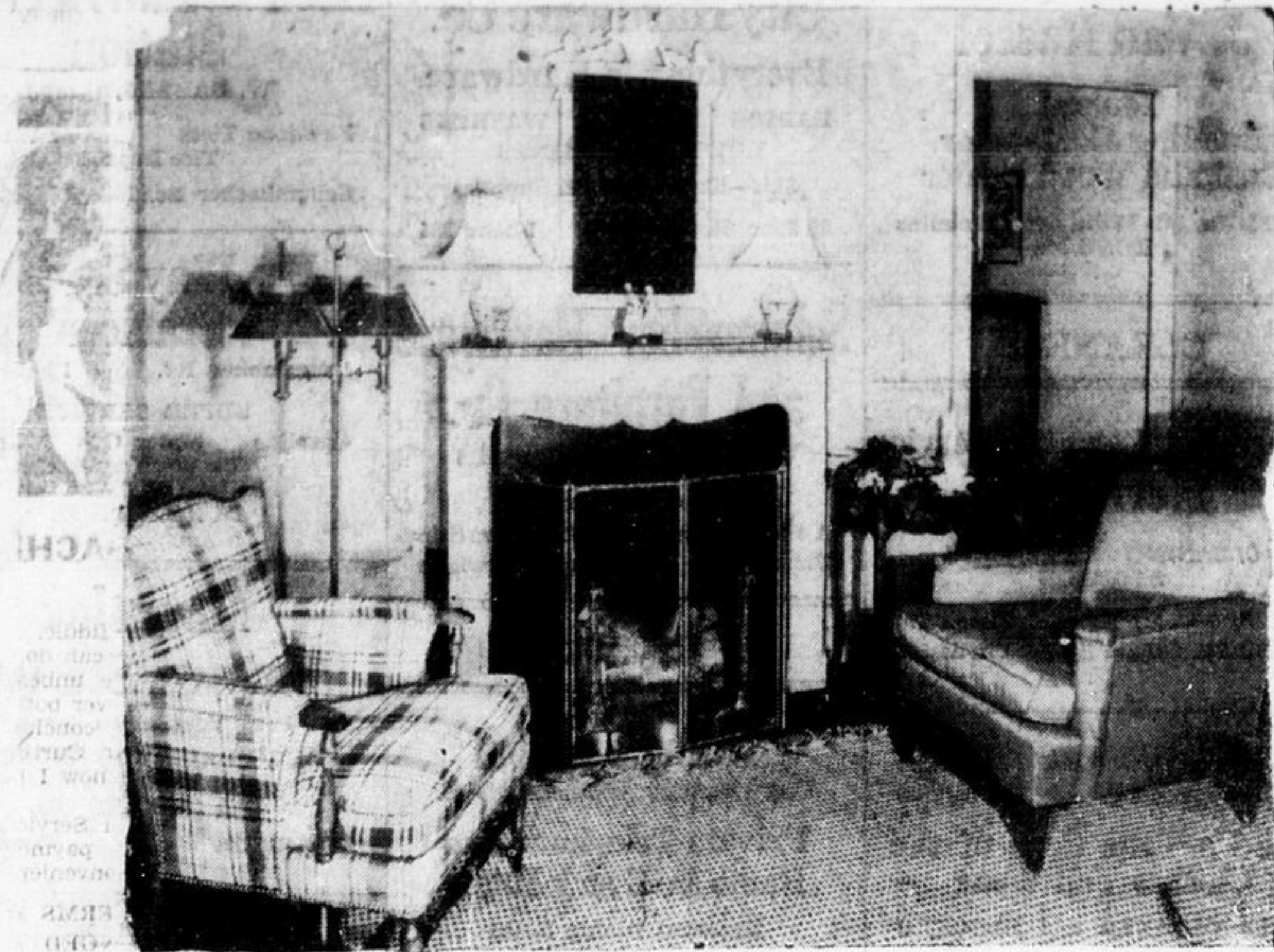


PLEASANT HOMES

by Elizabeth MacRea Boykin

RUG NEWS IN A WORLD AT WAR

The Entire Rug Industry is Undergoing Drastic Changes Because of the Curtailment of Wool—The Outlook for Home-Makers



The cotton rug or the rug mixed with cotton is going to be one inevitable outcome of the present war scarcity of wool. The rug shown here has a tweed-like texture with a good practical surface. It is pleasant in this French provincial room.

The rug industry has been worried about the wool situation so long that the actual curtailment...

Despite the government's order curtailing use of wool by 50 per cent, there still should be enough rugs to go around for the present.

Since the 50 per cent curtailment order applies to the use of raw wool over the quantity used last year, the mills may still be able to produce a greater yardage than would at first be expected.

The rug industry is planning to shift gears and turn part of their looms over to the making of duck and wool blankets for the army.

Undoubtedly the shortage of wool will be reflected in the use of more cotton rugs and more rugs made of reprocessed wools and mixtures of rayon and fibres.

Well, so much for the facts of war—the rest of the rug story must be told in terms of making the most of what we have.

principles in room planning will cover most problems—if you have a figured rug of compelling design, don't use big figured creosote or wall paper with it.

No Footmarks. As for colours in rugs—the plain dark broadlooms show dust and footmarks the most...

If you're handy about such things, you can make rugs for yourself. The nicest would be a needlepoint rug made of flower squares...

DUE TO HABIT

"What were his last words?" "He didn't have any. He was a man of culture and died trying to think how he'd put it."

Blairmore Enterprise.—We read so much about the sergeants' mess, one wonders why they can't be tidy like other people.

Twenty Years Ago

From the Porcupine Advance Files

There was a fancy dress carnival at the Timmins skating rink on Jan. 30th, 1922. The event was conducted under the auspices of the St. Anthony's Altar Girls' Society...

Twenty years ago the big drive started to raise \$15,000.00 for the new R.C. church in Timmins. There were 100 canvassers, special ones being appointed for each nationality in the church.

The Advance twenty years ago had the sad duty of chronicling the death at South Porcupine on Jan. 20th, 1922, of Mrs. M. M. Whyte, one of the most highly esteemed residents of the camp.

The Advance said:—"To the bereaved husband and other near relatives and friends very sincere sympathy is extended in their loss. For five and a half years the late Mrs. M. M. Whyte had been a resident in the Porcupine and was held in the highest regard by all who knew her."

New York State and was a descendant of one of the oldest New England families. She was a graduate of the School of Manual Training of Rochester, N.Y.

The Advance twenty years ago gave the following account of the wedding of a popular couple here.—At the R. C. Church, Timmins, on Monday morning, Jan. 30th, 1922, at 8.30, Mr. Andrew J. Dooley, a well-known and popular member of the Hollinger Stores grocery department, and Miss Beatrice Pitre, second daughter of Mr. and Mrs. D. Pitre, of Timmins, were united in the holy bonds of matrimony...

In prefacing a report of the marriage of Jos. Berini, at Buckingham, Que., The Advance twenty years ago said:—"His hosts of friends in the Porcupine will extend very sincere good wishes to Jos. Berini on the occasion of his recent marriage."

No Blame Attached to Mine in Death of J. Martin Orel

Man Who Was Killed at Hollinger Almost Two Weeks Ago Was Victim of Accident.

A five-man jury, composed entirely of McEntyre miners, returned a verdict of accidental death attaching no blame to anyone on Friday afternoon of last week when an inquest was held inquiring into the death of J. Martin Orel, who was killed at the Hollinger Mine on Friday, January 23rd.

Six witnesses gave evidence at the inquest, including the deceased man's partner, S. Polrier. Mr. Polrier gave the bulk of the evidence while parts of it were corroborated by the other five witnesses.

Mr. Polrier said that he had been working on the Friday night that the accident occurred and had left to repair a hand drill while Orel had gone to a lower level to get some powder and a piece of fuse to blast a stope that was plugged with sand. He said that he had heard the shift boss issue instructions to Orel about blasting the stope. He said that he had been working with Orel for about four weeks before the accident happened.

Polrier said that he had seen Orel pass on his way to get the powder and had also seen him pass on the way back with the powder and fuse, while he was fixing the hand drill. It was shortly after he had seen Orel on the way back that he heard the man shout and had gone to the scene of the accident. When he arrived at the scene he could see nothing but a pile of sand and he started to scrape it away with his hands and then went to get help.

Dr. D. A. Garrett was then called to the stand and he said that he had been called to the mine shortly after the accident, and examined the man. He pronounced the man dead and said that there wasn't any doubt that the man had died of asphyxiation. He arrived at the mine at 12.45, about twenty minutes after the call had been received by him, and the dead man was brought to the surface at 1.40 p.m.

M. Fournier, the shift boss, took the stand and explained a number of sketches and plans of the scene of the accident that were shown to him. He said that he had issued the instruction regarding the blasting of the held-up stope and said that it was the safest way that he knew of blasting such a chute. He said that Orel had been a reliable and hard worker and that he had been working for him for almost two years. When asked why he hadn't used the electric scraper to free the man, Mr. Fournier said that it would have been very dangerous to use the machine as they might have torn the body to bits. He then said that he had no doubt that if they would have used the machine they would have torn the man's head off.

A. McKenzie, a sampler, said that he had been called to assist in the digging and scraping of the sand to free the man after the accident. He had been working near the scene of the accident but hadn't heard the shift

boss giving any instructions. If the shift boss had given any instructions he would have been too far away to hear them, he said.

Mr. C. J. Scott, said that he had been working at the No. 11 crosscut and had been called to help scrape the sand. He had uncovered the dead man's head. He said that the man's head had been facing the outside of the stope and was of the opinion that the man had been trying to get out of the way when the sand fell.

Dan McInnis, mine captain, told the jury that the man's head was already uncovered when he arrived on the scene. He told of scraping the remaining sand away the next day and finding the two sticks of powder as well as a piece of fuse and a broken blasting stick. He said that the powder wasn't attached to either the blasting stick or the fuse.

After Mr. McInnis' evidence the jury retired for about five minutes before returning with their verdict.

Wood Companies Said to be Asking for Jap Labour

Some of the companies handling lumber and pulp on the Transcontinental and on the Algoma Central Railways are feeling the shortage of labour for bush work and are understood to have suggested that imported Japanese from British Columbia be allowed them. "Why should the Japs be kept in idleness?" they ask, "when there is need of their labour?" They point out that in German-held territory the services of all labour are utilized. Also that it would be a measure of safety to remove the Japanese from the defence area at the coast.

Smiles.—Misses hearing crash in kitchen: "More dishes, Mary?" Mary: "No, ma'am, less."

Another Extension of Unemployment Insurance Rules

Some Earning More than \$2,000 Still Eligible Under the Act.

Information has been given out by Mr. G. E. Charron, manager of the local Employment and Claims Office, with respect to the Order-in-Council passed recently by the Federal Government to provide insurance coverage for workers, who would normally earn less than \$2,000 a year, but whose earnings, in certain specified instances, are now in excess of that amount.

Under the Unemployment Insurance Act such workers would be exempted from making contributions to the insurance fund and, therefore, would be deprived of benefits should they become unemployed.

Many employees who it was intended should be insured under the Act are now earning over \$2,000 and thus being exempted. Stepping up of war industries has been the cause and hence the Government decided upon immediate action by Order-in-Council under the War Measures Act.

In a radio address recently, Hon. Humphrey Mitchell, Minister of labour, outlined the provisions of the Order-in-Council. The order provides that persons who are in insurable employment and otherwise eligible will be insured against unemployment.

If their rate of remuneration exceeds in value two thousand dollars a year by reason of the payment of a cost of living bonus, or (If) in the case of persons paid on an hourly basis, the basic rate of remuneration does not exceed ninety

cents per hour, or (III) If the rate of remuneration exceeds in value two thousand dollars a year by reason of an increase in working hours or overtime caused by changed industrial conditions resulting from the state of war, or (IV) If their remuneration exceeds in value two thousand dollars a year by reason of an increase in basic wage rates which have come into effect since June 30th, 1941, or (V) If their rate of remuneration exceeds in value two thousand dollars a year for any reason which in the opinion of the Unemployment Insurance Commission is a result of the state of war now existing.

The Order also provides that the Unemployment Insurance Advisory Committee, a body made up of representatives of employers and workers and created to advise the Commission and the Government, shall investigate the whole question of the \$2,000 limit and recommend a permanent course of action. Of necessity, some time must elapse before the Committee can report. In the meantime the Order provides immediate protection for these workers.

Globe and Mail.—Cows on American farms will be stimulated or otherwise induced to give more milk. It is all right for a cow to be contented, but not too complacent.

Toronto Telegram.—Many a man makes dirty cracks as the result of biting the dust.

Men of 30, 40, 50

PEP, VIM, VIGOR, Subnormal? Want normal pep, vim, vigor, vitality? Try Galtrex Tonic Tablets. Contains tonic, stimulants, ether elements—adds to normal pep after 30, 40 or 50. Get a special introductory size for only 85¢. Try this aid to normal pep and vim today. For sale at all good drug stores.

Treasurer's Sale of Lands for Arrears of Taxes.

Township of Whitney, District of Cochrane

TO WIT: BY VIRTUE OF A WARRANT issued by the Reeve of the Township of Whitney, bearing date the 17th day of November, 1941, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the several lands being in the Township of Whitney, mentioned and described in the following list of arrears respectively due thereon and costs.

I hereby give notice, pursuant to The Assessment Act and amendments, that unless the said arrears of taxes and costs are sooner paid, I shall on Friday, the tenth day of April, 1942, at the Township Hall, at Porcupine, at 10 a.m. proceed to sell by public auction so much of the said lands as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and lawful costs incurred in and about the sale and collection of same.

The following lands are all patented. Dated at Porcupine this 17th day of November, 1941.

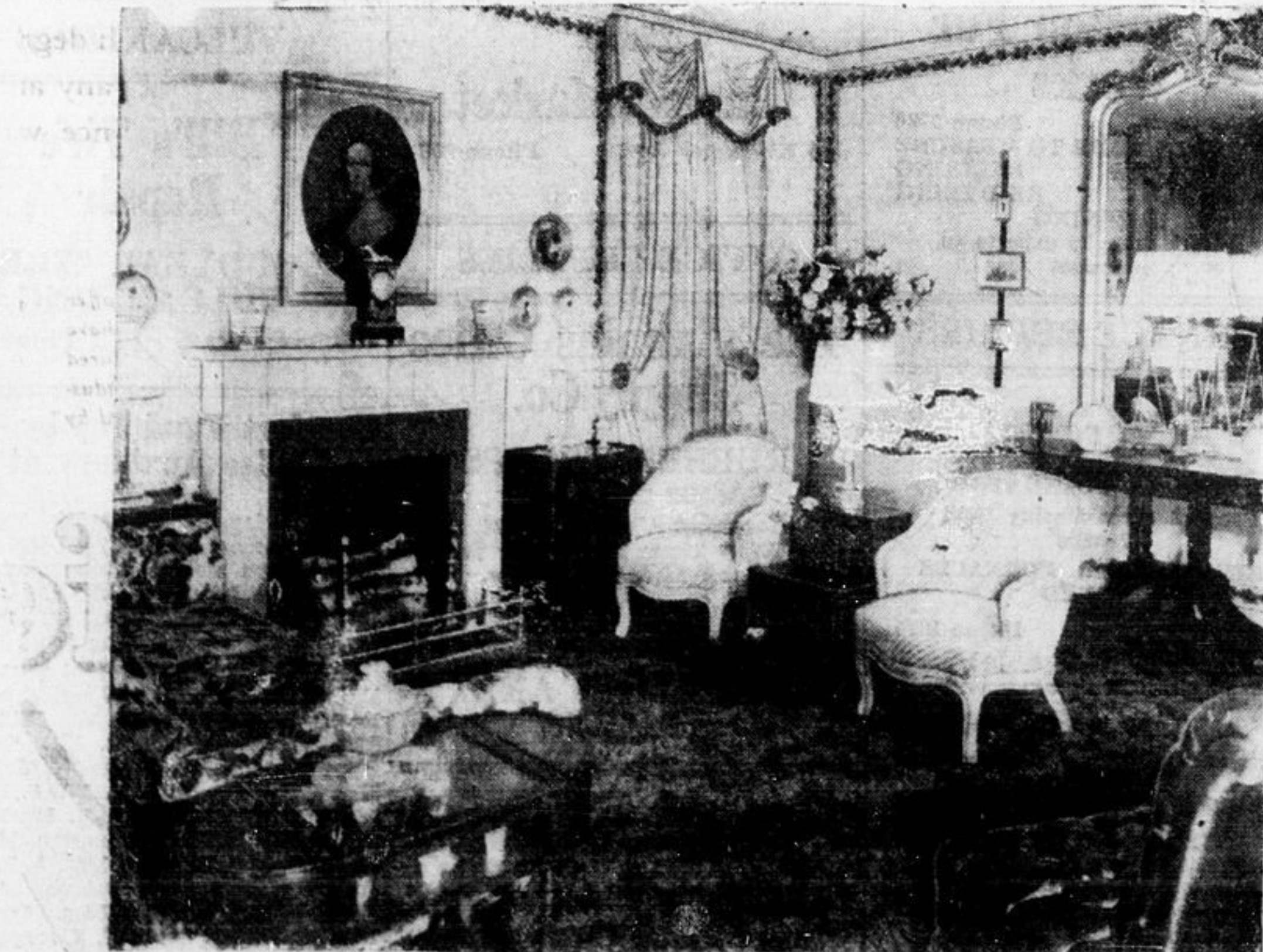
W. F. STRUTT, Treasurer, Township of Whitney.

WARRANT AUTHORIZING SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES

To the Treasurer of the Township of Whitney: You are hereby commanded to levy upon the lands mentioned in the attached list for the arrears of taxes due thereon, with your costs, pursuant to the provisions of the Assessment Act and amendments, and according to law. For so doing this shall be your sufficient warrant and authority.

WM. BANNERMAN, Reeve, Township of Whitney.

Table with columns: Name, Location, Years in Arrears, Taxes, Commission, Costs, Total. Lists various land parcels with their respective details and amounts.



The all-over two-tone broadloom rug for the room illustrated in this picture a wine-toned rug is used that gets hard wear is pleasant with most styles of furniture and blends with many colours. In room with shades of dusty pink, turquoise and cream.