

J. E. Lacourciere & Co.
BARRISTERS-AT-LAW
AVOCATS ET-NOTAIRES
Over Pierce Hardware
14 Third Avenue Timmins

Langdon & Langdon
Barristers, Solicitors, Etc.
MASSEY BLOCK
TIMMINS, ONT.
and South Porcupine
-14-26

S. A. Caldbick
Barrister, Solicitor, Etc.
Bank of Commerce Building
Timmins, Ont.
-14-26

Dean Kester, K.C.
BARRISTER SOLICITOR
NOTARY
13 Third Ave. Timmins
-14-26

MacBrien & Bailey
BARRISTERS AND SOLICITORS
2 1/2 Third Avenue
JAMES R. MACBRIEN
FRANK H. BAILEY, L.L.B.

P. H. LAPORTE, C. G. A.
10 Balsam St. North, Timmins, Ont.
Accounting Auditing
Systems Installed
Income Tax Returns Filed
Phones 270-228-286 P.O. Box 147

The RAMSAY COMPANY
Registered Patent Solicitors
Full Information FREE
on Request
273 Bank St., Ottawa, Can.

D. R. Franklin
ARCHITECT
7 Reed Block Timmins
Reference
Schumacher High School and
many others on request.

CHAS. V. GALLAGHER
Ontario Land Surveyor
Townships Mining Claims Contracts
Municipal Building, South Porcupine
Phone 46 P.O. Box 312
12-8-38

F. BAUMAN
Swiss Watchmaker
Graduate of the Famous Horological
Institute of Switzerland
Phone 1365
Third Avenue Empire Block

"Scotty" Andrews
BARBER SHOP
United Cigar Store, 20 Third Ave.
SANITARY NO WAITING
SATISFACTION GUARANTEED

E. C. Brewer Ltd.
BAILIFFS, COLLECTORS and
AUCTIONEERS
Room 6, 3 Pine Street North
Timmins, Ont.
Room 5, 3 1/2 Government Rd. W.
Kirkland Lake, Ont.

Canadian Pacific
BARGAIN FARES
TO
OTTAWA
MONTREAL
Pembroke Renfrew
Arnprior Quebec
Ste. Anne de Beaupre
and Return
GOING
Thursday, Dec. 7th
For Full Information as to Rates,
Train Services, Limits, Etc., Apply
to Ticket Agents of the
T. & N. O. Rly and Nip. Cent. Rly.
Canadian Pacific

Huntingdon Gleaner:—The disconsolate figure of a young recruit of Regina, Sask., sitting on a curb with his face cupped in hands, aroused the interest of the policeman on the beat. Half an hour later the constable returned. The young soldier was still sitting in the same position. Thinking the youth might be ill, the constable inquired if anything was wrong. "No, I'm all right," the recruit said. "I just got all night leave."

Tuesday's Market One of the Best Attended During the Season

Many Farmers Present with Pleasing Array of Meats and Eggs. New Location of Market Apparently has Speeded up Attendance. Prices at Market Very Reasonable. Market Hed Each Tuesday and Saturday.

Attendance at the Timmins Market on Tuesday was remarkably good, this being one of the best days of the market at its new location, 112, 114, 116 and 118 Cedar street south. Many farmers from the district were present, occupying the separate houses where the market is now held, and sold large quantities of meats and eggs.

The meats are very reasonably priced, and newly-laid eggs sell at 45-50 cents per dozen. The eggs are of a good size, and therefore are greatly appreciated in preparing cakes, etc.

Proposal to Ban Municipal Elections Should be Dropped

(From Sault Ste. Marie Star)
For the suspension of municipal elections there is no justification. Canada is not in the immediate war zone. The holding of municipal elections will not in any way jeopardize the efficient carrying on of the war.

On the other hand, there may be much to be said for a two-year term for municipal councillors and aldermen. That is, however, quite a different thing from a two-year term for councils. One of the objections advanced to the present municipal election system is that there is always a danger that there will be elected an entirely new council, none of the members of which have had intimate contact with municipal affairs. In practice, in Sault, at least, it is a theoretical rather than a practical danger. The Sault has not had since it became a city any council of which most of the members have not previously held office. Yet it does remain a possibility.

To get over that, it has frequently been suggested that aldermen should be elected for two-year terms with half of them retiring each year. That system would assure that there would always be continuity as half the aldermen would have been there for at least a year. At the same time it would assure that the citizens would have an opportunity to express themselves on municipal questions every year.

A two-year term for the council as a whole would, however, probably aggravate rather than help the question. It is one thing to get a capable man to keep on offering himself for a one-year term on the council. It is quite another to get him to do the same thing for two years when he has already served that time.

The general opposition to the proposal which has been evident throughout the province, as shown by the fact that the Port Arthur aldermen, like those of the Sault, have joined in opposing it, should cause the government to give new consideration to the whole proposal.

Two-year terms for aldermen and councillors, with elections every year, might have a chance of public approval.

Drowned at Kapuskasing Taking Short Cut Over Ice

Northern Tribune, Kapuskasing:—Taking a risky short cut across the new ice on Remi last Saturday, returning from a visit to Dr. G. M. Soule at Moonbeam, a truck owned and driven by John Credger struck an air pocket and slithered into the hole, the brakes failing to act properly. A passenger, Gilbert Gagnon of Remi Lake, aged 21, was drowned when the truck submerged; but the driver escaped through a window in the truck cab.

Credger got to shore and gave the alarm, and rescue parties rushed to the scene to try to extricate the young bush worker. It was not until 11 a.m. next day, Sunday, that Alex. Lepage brought out the body of Gagnon from ten feet of water, he being one of a party who assisted O.P. Constable Strickland.

Two years ago a brother of young Gagnon was killed when a stove exploded.

North Bay Nugget:—If Mr. Hepburn can do what he says should be done to make money more plentiful and most lasting, he should be given a chance to put his ideas into practice.

Children Warmly Clad at Clute This Winter

The Clute correspondent of The Kapuskasing Northern Tribune says:—"The writer was pleased to notice how warmly the children are clothed this winter, thanks to the splendid lot of clothes brought in by our minister, Mr. L. Thompson. They were certainly appreciated and this winter they will think of the kindness of all who helped Mr. Thompson."

Quebec Vindicated and Canadian Unity Assured By Election, Says Bradette

Says Issue There Had Elements of Danger. French by Vote Reaffirmed Loyalty to Crown. More Than 125 Members of Porcupine Service Clubs Meet to Begin Campaign for Christmas Funds for Underprivileged.

An address by Joseph Bradette, Federal member for this riding, on "The Factors of Unity," launched a co-operative service club drive to raise funds for a Christmas fund for the underprivileged at a huge banquet in the Empire Hotel on Monday night.

More than one hundred and twenty-five service club members were present at the meeting. They heard plans discussed for a series of broadcasts, culminating in an auction broadcast on December 22.

Present were members of the Timmins and South Porcupine Kiwanis clubs, the Timmins and Schumacher Lions Club and the Timmins Kinsmen Club.

"This camp might be described as a crucible in which all the races of Europe are melted down to make good Canadians," said Mr. Bradette prefacing his address which dealt mainly with the election in Quebec on October 25, and the elements in it which might have been dangerous to Canadian unity.

The first indication he had of the seriousness of the situation in Quebec, said Mr. Bradette, was when he was attending a Red Cross meeting in his home town, Cochrane.

At that time Magistrate E. R. Tucker, who was elected President, said that the Premier of Quebec apparently was not one with the rest of the people in the Province. He realized that the Magistrate was right, said Mr. Bradette, and felt that Canadian unity was in jeopardy. He felt that the election would not be a political vote but one of national interest and that it was his duty to take part in the campaign.

"For more than forty years in Quebec there was a Liberal government. Some barnacles became attached, not by reason of the fact that the party had such leaders as it did, but by reason of the simple fact that it had been in power so long," said Mr. Bradette, tracing the political history of the Province.

"In 1929 and 1930 the depression came and the surplus population which, in the ordinary course of events, would have left the province and gone to the United States, was forced to remain at home. It was necessary each year to establish 100,000 young men on the farms.

There was a sentiment in one section of the population, which included Irish-speaking Protestants in Quebec. Premier Duplessis, that the government had been too tolerant of the English. In 1936 when Duplessis was elected by the greatest majority ever given a Premier it was on that cry that he came into power.

Once in the Premier would have been good friends with both the French and the English-speaking people. However, the seeds of discord had been sown and he had helped to plant them. Feeling was strong, in some sections, against the Protestants and the Jewish people.

After three years in office Premier Duplessis called an election. That was his right and he was quite entitled to do so had he not been making political capital out of a critical situation—the nation was at war.

In a speech at Three Rivers he severely criticised the Federal government for participating Canada in the war.

"The moment he made that speech the question became a national one. It was a moment of danger. In the Federal house Mr. Lapointe brought French people voted for Duplessis he the issue to a head. He said that if he would consider their action a criticism of himself, and he and his French colleagues in the cabinet would resign their seats.

"It was a wonderful gesture from a fine Canadian," said Mr. Bradette.

Mr. Bradette assured his listeners that the vote on October 25, so overwhelmingly against Duplessis, was not an imperialistic vote. Had Great Britain been trying to aggrandize herself in Africa or in Asia or in any other country the French would have been against.

"However," he said, "the French people knew that Great Britain and France were fighting for the cause of peace. They knew that she was fighting for the world and for the cause of Christian democracy. It was almost a holy war with them as they saw Great Britain and France fighting almost the anti-Christ in the persons of Hitler and Stalin—so they voted against Duplessis."

Premier Duplessis would have been elected had he kept his words to the realm of Provincial politics, prophesied Mr. Bradette.

"It was a heartening verdict to the British Empire. Don't think she was not watching, and don't think for a moment that Germany was not watching too," the speaker pointed out.

"I know by that vote on October 25 that Quebec in no uncertain terms, drank to the health of Canada."

Illustrating his address with numerous stories and excerpts from his own personal experiences, Mr. Bradette amusingly told of the time he had to learn the English language and accustom himself to the English manner of thought and custom. He advised the assembled chummen to go out of their way to try and learn at least a little of the French language and to understand the French people. It would well repay them, he said, his knowledge of the English language had repaid him many times over. It had broadened his outlook and given him the firm conviction that in this Canada minorities would never have to fear for their rights so long as they had right on their side.

Mr. Bradette was introduced by W. O. Langdon. He lauded the Federal member for his attention to the calls of his position, for his consideration of those who came to him for assistance and advice and for his devotion to duty.

The thanks of the audience were tendered by J. D. McCarthy, of the South Porcupine Kiwanis Club.

Other speakers were Dr. Henry Hudson, Secretary of the Council of Service Clubs of the Porcupine, and William Wylie, District Deputy Governor of the Lions Clubs.

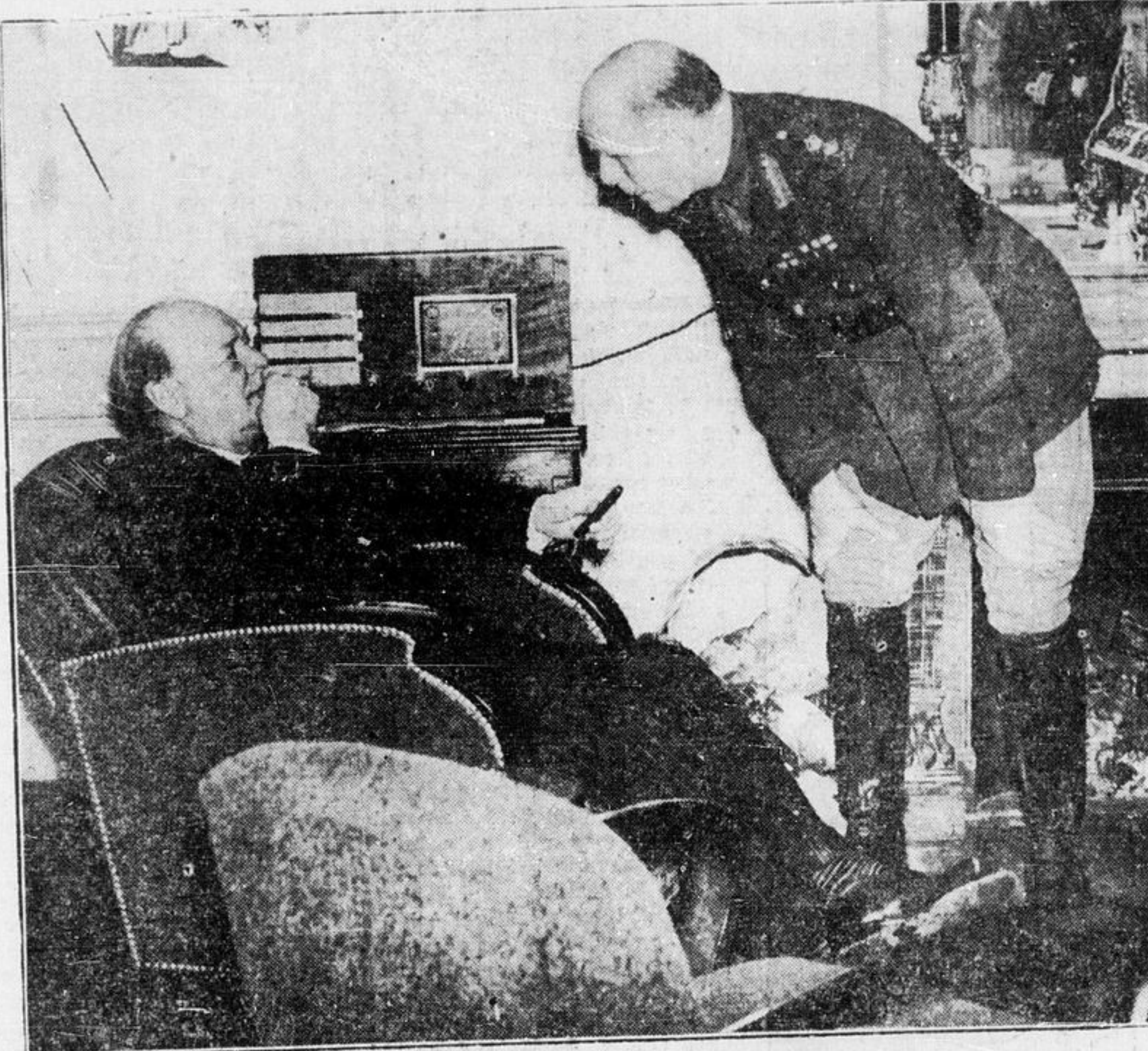
Dr. Hudson said that the Council had had several meetings and planned to continue radio broadcasts on Tuesday and Friday nights until December 2.

Mr. Wylie said that if the co-operative meetings of the clubs only managed to create a better social feeling it would have achieved its purpose. He pointed out, however, that it also should have the beneficial effect of co-ordinating the activities of the various clubs to prevent duplication.

Toronto Telegram:—Another good way to attract attention is to make a noise like a dollar.

Brantford Expositor:—Himself a vegetarian, George Bernard Shaw asks the assurance of the British authorities that soldiers who follow a similar diet be adequately looked after in this respect. He adds: "For some unexplained natural cause, vegetarians are the most ferocious class we have." They most certainly are if G.B.S. is a fair example.

Churchill in France Talks Matters Over With Army Commander



Rt. Hon. Winston Churchill, first lord of the admiralty, recently visited Paris and then made a flying visit to British general headquarters in France. He talked for some time with the commander-in-chief and other officers, but time did not permit a visit to the frontline troops. The picture shows Mr. Churchill in the drawing-room of a French chateau, discussing the situation with Viscount Gort.

St. Louis Kiwanis Give Salute to Canada as Best Neighbour in World

From Home Town of Lindbergh Comes Notable Offset to Any Thoughtless Words Over the Air. United States Sentiment Crystallized in a Few Eloquent Words.

There is no doubt but that service clubs do foster friendliness between individuals. They also seek to widen that goodwill by creating amity between nations. The latter idea is one of the main planks in the Kiwanis Club platform. The West St. Louis, Missouri, Kiwanis Club following this thought published a tribute to Canada, apparently with the idea of offsetting any misunderstanding of the feelings of the people of the United States in regard to a recent address by Col. Lindbergh. As so much publicity was given to the unfriendly address by Lindbergh, Kiwanis Clubs in Canada have sought similar publicity for the notable tribute of the people of the home town of Lindbergh. A large number of daily newspapers in Canada have published the article, but not before it was given wide publication in the dailies and weeklies of the United States.

Here is the article. It should be read by every Canadian as giving the considered opinion of the majority of the people of the United States:—

Salute to Canada
(From the Official Paper of the West St. Louis, Mo. Kiwanis Club. The tribute is headed: "To the Best Neighbor in the World." The occasion for this is indicated clearly enough.)

"At times the statements of those in the public light are given more serious consideration than they merit. We do not want to be guilty of this offense, but a recent utterance as it referred to Canada was so diametrically opposed to the principles, purposes and ideals espoused by Kiwanis club located in the city which shared in the honors some twelve years ago, we feel it proper to do so. 'Tis only the Tom Sawyers of fiction who continue always to

command our admiration and affection; hence the charitable thing is to remember only the young man who thrilled the hearts and captured the imagination of all people by his epochal flight.

"The present matter does furnish us with the occasion to speak a word of appreciation to you, our fellow-Kiwanians in Canada, and to your great nation, the best neighbor in the world.

"Your allegiance to the British Crown antedates our independence. Had this not been so, our declaration of July 4, 1776, might not have been made. You have worked out your destiny with the ties to the mother country intact; with those ties severed. This, however, has not prevented our close cooperation with Britain in many important matters. Our Monroe Doctrine was conceived in Britain and fostered by Britain. Eloquent testimony to this fact and its importance is shown in the monuments throughout South America erected to the memory of George Canning, British Foreign Secretary in the 1820's.

"We have had similar problems, e.g., your Canadianization, our Americanization problem. (Pardon our term.) You have often profited by our mistakes. When you drew up your constitution, the British North America Act of 1867, you saw the glaring and tragic defects in our document, as manifest by our civil war, and you left no ambiguity as to the respective authority of Federal and Provincial Governments.

"Seeing the lawlessness that existed as we opened our West, you established your Northwest Mounted Police, and wrote one of the most noble chapters for law and order in the annals of human history.

"We have admired your leaders of Church, State, business and professions. We are proud that this continent has produced a statesman of the calibre of Sir Wilfrid Laurier. Your methods of handling social and economic matters, of business and finance, have been given our unstinted praise.

"The recent demonstration of the moral fibre and virility of your nation, as sentiment, integrity and honor, and not selfish expediency dictated your action, thrilled us.

"We respect your institutions, we stand in awe and reverence before some of your traditions, we affectionately admire your people.

"A salute to Our Lady of the Snows."

Mayor Wicks Given Acclamation for Town of Cochrane

Ten Qualify for Cochrane Town Council Seats.

Cochrane, Nov. 29.—Mayor A. E. Wicks was returned by acclamation to his second term here.

He was the only one of a field of five nominees to qualify. Those in addition to His Worship who were nominated were E. G. Jameson, A. D. W. Cuthbert, R. M. Smith and F. C. Ivy.

For council, 10 of 19 qualified. They were A. V. Waters, K.C., John Lanning, R. M. Smith, M. A. Palangio, E. B. Booth, Eugene Lafamme, George Zafalen, H. Lacroix, and William Thom. Those not qualifying were Charles Giles, J. A. K. Falby, E. G. Jameson, Leon Boivin, Dr. P. H. Bernstein, Art Beattie, Charles A. Wilson, A. D. W. Cuthbert and M. Dubin.

J. A. K. Falby qualified for the public utilities board and given acclamations to the school board were A. S. Kitchin, A. R. Wilson and J. W. Hepburn.

Globe and Mail:—After seeing the Ottawa plungers in action some experts are inclined to doubt the immovability of the Siegfried Line.

NAPOLEON AND UNCLE ELBY



By Clifford McBride