

Production Value of Ontario Gold Mines New Record for August

Sixty-one Producers in Province. Total Bullion Value of \$9,090,395. Porcupine Camp Well in Lead with \$3,933,146. Fifteen Producing Mines in Porcupine Last Month.

The following is the official monthly statement of production of the gold mines of the province as issued by the Ontario Department of Mines:

Ontario producing gold mines by fields for the month of August follow:

PORCUPINE (15)—Buffalo-Ankerite, Conlastrum, Delnite, DeSantis, Dome, Hallnor, Hollinger, Hollinger (Ross), Mace, McIntyre, Moneta, Naybob, Paymour, Paymaster, Preston East Dome.

KIRKLAND LAKE (11)—Bidgood, Golden Gate, Kirkland Lake Gold, Macasa, Sylvanite, Teck-Hughes, Tyburn, Tyrantite, Upper Canadas, Wright-Hargreaves.

LARDER LAKE (3)—Kerr-Addison, Chesterville, Omega.

MATACHEWAN (2)—Matachewan Consolidated, Young-Davidson.

SUDBURY & TIMAGAMI (3)—L'Abel Oro, New Golden Rose, Ronda.

ALGOMA DISTRICT (3)—Arawa (formerly L. B. United), Cline Lake, Minto.

THUNDER BAY DISTRICT (11)—Bankfield, Hard Rock, Leitch, Little Long Lac, MacLeod-Cockshutt, Magnet Northern Empire, Sand River Sturgeon River, St. Anthony, Tombill.

PATRICIA PORTION (10)—Central Patricia, Gold Eagle, Hasaga, Howey, J. M. Consolidated, Madsen Red Lake, McKenzie Red Lake, Pickle Crow, Sachigo, Uchi.

KENORA AND RAINY RIVER DISTRICTS (3)—Elora, Straw Lake Beach, Wendigo.

The production value of Ontario gold mines in the month of August eclipsed all previous records with sixty-one producing mines recording a total bullion value of \$9,090,395, or an increase of 2.01 percent over July. During the 31 days in review 941,415 tons of ore was milled, 3.52 percent more than the figure for July. Tyrantite, whose mill turned over in June, forwarded returns to the Department of Mines for the first time. Returns were also received from Elora, in the Kenora district. Raven River reported closing of their mill.

A comparison of the operations of gold mines for the first 8 months of 1939 with the same period of last year reveals an increase of 13.37 percent in the number of tons of ore milled and an improvement in value of 8.05 percent. The per centum amelioration by camps for the 8 months of 1939 over the same period of 1938 follows:—Porcupine, ore milled 7.66%, value 8.05%; Kirkland Lake and Larder Lake, ore milled 11.62%, value 3.89%; Matachewan, Sudbury and Timagami, ore milled 10.77%, value 15.34%; Northwestern Ontario, ore milled 36.02%, value 40.23%.

In the table shown below the totals for the first six months are not the cumulative monthly totals but are those derived from the half-yearly statements furnished by the mines and published in Bulletin No. 124.

Monthly Output of Ontario Gold Mines 1938-1939			
	'38 Value \$	'39 Value \$	
FORCUPINE BELT			
Jan. to June	21,105,523	22,660,342	
July	4,174,770	3,827,283	
August	3,933,146	3,811,464	
Total	29,213,439	30,299,594	
KIRKLAND LAKE—LARDER LAKE			
Jan. to June	17,692,307	18,524,673	
July	4,124,614	3,173,464	
August	3,244,150	3,299,170	
Total	24,061,071	24,997,307	
MATACHEWAN—SUDBURY—TIMAGAMI			
Jan. to June	1,294,592	1,566,294	
July	227,394	258,086	
August	253,996	224,136	
Total	1,775,919	2,048,516	
NORTHWESTERN ONTARIO (includes Algoma, Thunder Bay, Patricia and Kenora and Rainy River Districts)			
Jan. to June	6,998,652	9,286,614	
July	1,368,009	1,651,964	
August	1,398,089	1,755,625	
Total	9,764,840	12,693,903	
TOTAL FOR ONTARIO			
Jan. to June	47,091,011	52,038,423	
July	8,894,877	8,910,502	
August	8,829,381	9,090,392	
GRAND TOTAL	64,815,269	70,039,320	

Progress Report Made by Broulan Porcupine

Broulan Porcupine Mines present development should be completed on the four levels within a period of two months, and the company has sufficient finances to carry on development for a period of three to four months, the management states in a progress report. Ore tests made at Ottawa show there are no complications in ore treatment by a straight cyanide unit, or by concentrating through flotation and cyaniding the concentrates.

Development results have indicated substantial tonnage of ore on the first and second levels, with development now taking place on the third and fourth levels. On the 173-ft. level the orebody is indicated as 220 ft. long with average 68-ft. width, uncut grade \$14.30 or \$8.85 cut grade. On the 273-ft. level there are indicated two orebodies. Raising from the second level has proven continuation of the ore, and the raise is being pushed through to surface. The drift on the 523-ft. level is over 150 feet east of the main cross-cut, with drilling carried out at 25-ft. intervals.

Government Recognizes Value of Mining Industry

The Northern Miner is responsible for the following:— As was to be expected out of the mining industry's experiences with the Liberal Government at Ottawa, Canada's first German War budget contains nothing of discrimination against the mines. On the other hand it shows that the government believes that the mining industry in all its branches can make an extremely important contribution to the winning of the war.

Taxes are raised, but that was to be expected, and taxes on the mining industry are no greater than those upon other industries, and they are no greater upon mining individuals than they are upon other income-making persons in Canada. No mining man can quarrel with this situation. We are sure that we express the feeling of all mining men when we say that they are glad to be able to assist the country in this time of stress, and when, in fact, its very existence is in peril. The extra imposts are being fairly and squarely imposed and we have no doubt that in cases where unfairness might be involved that special considerations will be taken into account.

Mines are to receive the current price of gold, which is around \$37-\$38 an ounce. There have been rumours that they would be deprived of part of this higher price but the whole history of the present Canadian Government, its whole attitude toward the gold mines, should have assured anyone that a just and proper policy would be followed. If anyone wanted further assurance that the higher price of gold was a natural thing all they would need to do would be to look at the Bank of Canada's action in repricing the national gold stock.

The Canadian Government wishes to encourage the fullest possible production of gold and all other metals and minerals, including iron, in Canada. Mining men can do no better than fall in step with Canada's governmental ideas and proceed with prospecting, exploration, development, and production to the fullest of their energies. This is a time for energetic action, and not for lying down on the job, and any man who fails to do his utmost can call himself a slacker.

Highlights and Sidelights

(Continued from Page One) with currency, J. P. Bell, former manager-in-chief of the Canadian Bank of Commerce, predicted last week when he addressed delegates to the fifteenth annual convention of the Canadian Purchasing Agents' Association at the Royal Connaught Hotel at Hamilton. The speaker feared "a long and bitter war" was faced, which would take its toll of lives and money.

Valueless in Baltic German currency became valueless in Baltic nations the moment Great Britain declared war. Dr. Fred H. Albee, noted surgeon, reported today on his return from Germany aboard a Swedish American liner. The internationally known bone specialist, and his wife fled Berlin the day Britain declared war. Dr. Albee, a resident of Colonia, N.J., said Swedish officials refused to honour his German currency after he and Mrs. Albee reached there. "I think that fact quite significant," he said in an interview. "I believe it has a distinct bearing upon the outcome of the war. German currency became worthless to her neighbours the very moment the war began."

Blood Purge in Rumania Rumania followed the murder of Premier Calinescu last week by a blood purge such as has been seldom seen except in Germany and Russia. The murder was laid to the doors of the Iron Guard, a Nazi-inspired organization that was supposed to be disbanded some time ago. A number of the Iron Guard had been placed in internment camps, and these were taken out and shot. Probably 200 of these were executed last week. The intention was to completely smash the Iron Guard organization by executing every known member. The Rumanian Government last week made a good job of it, the only members of the Iron Guard now remaining alive being a few of the leaders who were able to escape to German territory after the crime of last week. Before they were executed the assassins of Premier Calinescu revealed the details of the plot against the premier's life. The head of the plot was a lawyer named Dumitrescu, who is alleged to have been paid a large sum of money for his part in the plot against Rumania. Police are now searching for the source of the money spent by Dumitrescu in his nefarious work.

U-Boats on This Side From both the Atlantic and Pacific coasts come apparently verified stories of the presence of German U-Boats in American waters. Seattle reports a submarine off the Southern Alaska coast. From the Maritimes and from New England ports there also come reports of German submarines being sighted off the coast.

Erratic and Unstable The British Government blue book dealing with exchanges between Great Britain and Germany before the war

RETIRED FARMER MEETS DEATH AT LEVEL CROSSING



Robert Wardlaw, 73, Weston, Ont., died Sept. 18, a few minutes after his car was in collision with a C. N. R. passenger train at a level crossing near Weston. Pictured here is the tangled wreckage of the automobile. A retired farmer, Wardlaw met death 150 yards from the farm in which he was born. Pieces of wreckage were found scattered along both sides of the track for 50 yards or more.

quotes Sir Neville Henderson, British ambassador at Berlin, as describing Hitler as erratic and unstable, and apparently on the brink of a nervous breakdown or worse.

Stalin Talking Peace Italy still persists in suggesting peace, despite the fact that both Britain and France have made it clear and definite that there will be talk or even thought of peace until Hitlerism is fully smashed. The Italian press makes the naive suggestion that as Britain and France went to war over Poland and as Poland has been wiped out there is no sense in any further fighting about a nation that no longer exists. The answer to this, as given by London, England, newspapers, is that Poland is still very much alive, as the Germans are finding out to their sad cost, and that Britain and France intend to carry on the war to its logical conclusion—that defeat of Nazis and the freedom of Poland.

Using Honey Instead of Sugar for Canning and Preserving

Recommendation from the Macdonald Institute

A timely recommendation is made by the Research Laboratories of the Macdonald Institute of the Ontario Agricultural College, in co-operation with the Women's Institute Branch, Toronto. Women who have their season's canning and preserving to do have been faced by the difficulty of securing enough sugar for the work. The recommendation referred to seems to give the answer. Below is given the circular in full:—

Honey for Canning and Preserving Honey is a very satisfactory substitute for sugar in preserving fruit.

As a result of experimental work, it was found that honey may be substituted wholly or in part for sugar if the following rules are adopted: 1. Measure honey always in liquid form. If it is granulated, heat over warm water until liquid. 2. For every cup of honey used, reduce the liquid by 1-5. 3. One cup of honey is as great in sweetening power as one cup of sugar.

The use of honey for the canning of fruit has proven to be very satisfactory for all fruits, but particularly with peaches, pears and plums. It is advisable to use a mild or delicate flavoured honey to enhance the natural fruit flavour.

To obtain a sweetness equivalent to the sugar syrups, use the following proportions: Thin syrup—1 cup honey—2 cups (scant) water. Medium syrup—1 cup honey—4-4 cup water. Heavy syrup—1 cup honey—1-3 cup (scant) water. Stir until dissolved and boil one minute. Remove scum which forms.

Precaution Honey has a tendency to foam when heated, and unless a large container is used the syrup will boil over.

Using these syrups, proceed according to the favourite canning method. Methods recommended for good results are:

Cold Pack Method Pack raw fruit in jars. Cover with boiling syrup. Partially seal and immerse in hot water. Keep the water bath boiling for required length of time.

Hot Pack Method Add fruits to boiling syrup and allow to cook one to five minutes. Fill jars. Cover with the hot syrup and seal tightly. Process in a hot water bath.

Time Table for Processing For peaches—medium syrup—cold pack, 30 minutes. Hot pack, 15 minutes. For pears—thin to medium syrup—cold pack, 25 to 30 minutes. Hot pack, 15 minutes. For plums—medium to heavy syrup—cold pack, 20 minutes. Hot pack, 15 minutes. For jams, jellies and conserves, honey may be used in same proportion as sugar, but a longer period of heating will be necessary.

SIFTING THE NEWS

By Hugh Murphy

Momentarily collapse of resistance from the beleaguered city of Warsaw is expected. But, at the time of writing, eleven martial notes, the opening phrase of one of Frederic Chopin's Polonaises, are still sounding from Warsaw radio stations at intervals of thirty seconds to let the world know that the hard-pressed city still is holding out against the Teuton invaders.

There are other sounds in Warsaw. The screaming of bombing planes in power dives, the sharp shriek of anti-aircraft shells and the mighty booming as half-ton shells fall on the city and plough up its remaining defences, blend in a horrifying cacophony.

After the bomb explosions are the cries and screams of the dying. Hospitals are full, and wounded are being dragged into what remain of private houses. The city is a crumbling ruin but still the Poles fight on, men and women manning the barricades.

How they have done it God only knows. That the city must fall is almost inevitable. The fact that the Poles have held out for so long however makes this last two weeks a historical landmark of the opening of this war.

Augur, probably the most reliable of European correspondents, says that the murder of Premier Calinescu, of Rumania, can definitely be laid at the door of Hitler's agents in Rumania, the Iron Guard. Calinescu was a strong supporter of the idea of a rapprochement between Bulgaria, Turkey and Britain; therefore he was quite unpopular to Berlin.

Stalin, said Augur, is playing for high stakes in Europe. The Russian penetration of Poland has been made in such a way as to cut off the German army from Rumania entirely. Germany is aware of that fact and afraid that the influence of Russia in Bucharest will grow until Rumania is totally subjected to Russia.

At the same time, by the terms of the partition of Poland, Russia has established a common frontier with Hungary, a thing which successive Russian dynasties have desired. The whole of the Ukraine is now under Russian rule.

Stalin will wait until Germany has let much blood on the western front—as she is bound to do—and then it is possible that he may step in and deliver the death blow to the Reich. Augur believes. However, Stalin, believing that Britain will win, does not want her to win cheaply. That might lead to the establishment of an Anglo-Saxon hegemony in Europe, and that would be dangerous to Russian plans for future development.

Augur's prediction was partially confirmed by a despatch from Moscow printed on the same day. It reported that diplomatic quarters in the Soviet pointed out that Russia's drive into Poland had completely intercepted any direct German march into Rumania. That was important because it cut Germany off from access to the oil in Rumania.

New and more stringent food rationing regulations go into effect in Germany today. The cards provide for bread, meats, fats, milk, marmalade, sugar and general foods.

Unskimmed milk was made available only to children and nursing mothers. The government explained that butter fats must be conserved to ensure a supply for soldiers and workers in heavy industries.

Weekly rations for the average person will look something like this: 5.3 pounds of bread or 4.1 pounds of bread and 13.1 ounces of flour; 1.1 pounds of meat; 2.8 ounces of butter; 4.37 ounces of margarine; 2.27 ounces of lard or bacon or tallow; 2.18 ounces of cheese or 4.37 ounces of whey cheese; 3.5 ounces of marmalade; 8.75 ounces of sugar.

Comedy Relief: While nations all

around engaged in what promises to be the bitterest combat the world has known a prodigious Danish inkeeper was pulling an old car around the borders of his country. He had made a bet of 5,000 crowns (\$970) that he could do it in 90 days flat. With only three miles to go and twenty-four hours to go in, he stopped at an inn to celebrate the certainty of winning his bet. He celebrated so heartily that he fell asleep, overslept, and lost his bet by an hour.

T. & N. O. Railway to Use Coal from Nova Scotia

Nova Scotia coal will be used by the Temiskaming and Northern Ontario Railway, Colonel Mac Lang, chairman of the commission, announced last week at North Bay. Hitherto the railway had used U.S. coal but business conditions created by the war have been responsible for the change. Colonel Lang stated. There is little to choose between the fuel value of Cape Breton coal and that from the United States mines, he added. The commission has decided to speed up development of the lignite fields at Onakawana, on the northern end of the Ontario railway.

Recount Graphic Story of Torpedoed Athenia

(Continued from Page One)

seven-thirty the next morning when they were picked up by the destroyer Electra. Mrs. McKie and Mr. Cullen said that they did. Mrs. McKie was fortunate to be wearing a heavy coat but, at that, the water splashed over the side of the lifeboat and drenched her and many more in the craft. There were only three men in the boat. All of the others were women and children. When they got away from the stricken ship all they could do was float and be carried by the huge waves.

Finally, after a night on the water, they were picked up by the destroyer and made comfortable aboard her. Before it left the crew from the destroyer went aboard the Athenia, which still was floating, and examined her. Finding no one on board, the destroyer sank her. "At least," one tar said to Mrs. McKie, "we didn't give the Germans the satisfaction of sinking her."

They were taken to Greenock, Scotland, and from there to Glasgow. In Scotland they were treated royally. They were quartered in the finest hotels in the city; those who lost their artificial teeth and spectacles had them replaced; new clothing was distributed to those who needed it and a big banquet was given them before they left. On leaving the Borough of Glasgow gave each survivor a pound for spending money aboard the ship which was to return them. Each survivor was given a ticket right to his destination in Canada.

Mrs. McKie and Mr. Cullen said that they lost everything. Their money with the purse and they were not able to get their luggage to save a single thing except the clothing they were wearing.

They came back on the Duchess of York. Just out of the Irish Sea a submarine took a shot at the liner but missed. One of the two destroyers conveying the liner, left suddenly and came back later with the news that it had sunk the submarine.

The trip back was nerve racking, said the Porcupine survivors. All of the survivors were in a state of nervous tension.

"I did not take my clothes off all the way back," said Mr. Cullen. "There were few who did."

With their nerve shattering experience behind them, Mrs. McKie and Mr. Cullen are now prepared to quietly recuperate.

Deny Capture of Bremen The report referred to in the last issue of The Advance to the effect that the British had captured the German liner, Bremen, has been formally denied by the British authorities. The Globe and Mail's question:—"Bremen, Bremen, who's got the Bremen?" accordingly goes unanswered.

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South Porcupine Kiwanis Entertain Boy Scout Group

Other News of South Porcupine and the Dome.

South Porcupine, Sept. 23rd. Special to The Advance—On Thursday the regular meeting of the Kiwanis was held, a number of Scouts attending as guests with Scoutmaster Bill Hall. The Scoutmaster called on several Scouts to explain the requirements for first, second, and third class Scouts, and ended with a word or two on Walter Lemmon's career as a Scout. Mr. Robert Dye, and Mr. F. E. Cooper, of the Committee of the Scout Association, were present and both spoke. Mr. Dye thanking the Kiwanis for their interest and co-operation in Scout work. This meeting, he said, amounted to more than assistance towards the Scout funds, as it showed the personal interest taken by the Kiwanis in the Scout movement. A reel of pictures for the Royal trip was shown to the boys. Mr. Blake handling the films which were sent up from Toronto. Next Thursday the Kiwanis are planning to hold a Ladies' Night at the Buffalo-Ankerite Lodge, when both Kiwanis and ladies will be the guests of the Buffalo-Ankerite hosts—Mr. and Mrs. Kinkel.

Born—To Mr. and Mrs. Herbert Dickson, of 160 Mountjoy St., Timmins, on the 21st of September, a daughter, in the Porcupine General Hospital.

Born—in the Porcupine General Hospital, on September 21st, to Mr. and Mrs. Sulo Kallio, of 146 Bloor Avenue—a daughter.

Born—a son, on Saturday, September 23rd, in the Porcupine General Hospital, to Mr. and Mrs. Louis Fenato, of 75 Strachan Avenue, S. Porcupine.

Mrs. J. Cunningham and Miss Eleanor Cunningham left on Sunday for two weeks' holiday in the Ottawa Valley.

Miss Morgan, of the Porcupine General Hospital, left on Sunday for holiday. She will attend while away the 41st convention of the American Hospital Association, to be held in the Canadian National Exhibition.

Nurse Davis, of the Hospital, is leaving this week to return to Toronto, and Nurse Tait, who has been on holiday in Ottawa and other points for the past month, has returned to duty.

A very enjoyable bridge party was held on Thursday night at the home of Mrs. G. Countryman at Dome Extension. The ladies of the Auxiliary of the Porcupine Branch of the Canadian Legion were hostesses and nine tables of ladies were accommodated for cards. A delightful lunch was served after cards. Prizes were won by:—1. Mrs. W. Allen (salad forks); 2. Mrs. R. G. Cole (of Toronto), pyrex pie-plate and silver holder; and 3. Mrs. G. Helmer, who cut with Mrs. Breakey on a tied score (set of tumblers).

A wedding took place on Saturday evening, in the rectory of St. Paul's Anglican Church at which Archdeacon Woodall officiated. The bride was Miss Caroline Lockridge, of Tamworth, nurse and graduate of Kingston General Hospital, who was becomingly attired in a three-piece knitted suit of fire green with hat and accessories to match, and the bridegroom was Mr. Colin Reid, of Milton, Ont. They were attended by Mrs. T. Farrell and Mrs. J. Johnston as witnesses. The groom is a graduate of Queen's University.

Kingston, and the young couple will take up residence here at 181 Main St. The field day for S. Porcupine High School, scheduled for Friday last and held off on account of rain, will be held on the first fine afternoon of this week. Representatives of the school staff are attending a meeting today (Saturday) at Kirkland Lake, of the Northern Group of the N.O.S.S.A. to discuss programmes of inter-scholastic activities for the coming session.

To-day's Stocks

LISTED	
Aldermac	40
Ashley	7 1/2
Aunor	1.83
Base Metals	22
Beattie	1.00
Bidgood	1.14
Bralorne	9.95
Broulan Porcupine	28
Buffalo Ankerite	7.25
Canadian Malartic	50
Castle Tretheway	75
Central Patricia	2.10
Central Porcupine	6 1/2
Coniagas	1.85
Conlastrum	1.28
Dome	27.50
Hollinger	13.00
Howey	26
International Nickel	48.00
Kerr Addison	1.66
Kirkland Lake	1.15
Leitch	69
Lake Shore	32.00B
Little Long Lac	2.56
McLeod Cockshutt	1.69
Macasa	3.90
McIntyre	49.00
McKenzie Red Lake	1.08
McWatters	69
Mining Corporation	1.25
Moneta	85
Naybob	11
Noranda	70.00
Nipissing	1.15
O'Brien	1.75
Pamour	1.70
Paymaster	30
Pickle Crow	4.10
Pioneer	2.24
Preston East Dome	1.26
Premier	1.25
San Antonio	1.57
Sherritt Gordon	1.35
St. Anthony	9 1/2
Sullivan Con.	74
Siscoe	93
Sylvanite	2.75
Teck Hughes	3.95
Waite Amulet	6.00
Wright Hargreaves	7.30

Toronto Telegram—The way some women shoot a husband, they evidently regard him as being bullet proof.

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