

Church Directory
St. Matthew's Church
Rector: Rev. Canon Cushing, B.A., L.T.H.

Schumacher Anglican Church
DAFFODIL HALL, 19 FIRST AVE.
Capt. F. Butler, C.A.

The United Church, Timmins
Rev. W. M. Mustard, M.A., B.D.
(Corner Fourth Ave. and Cedar Street)

Christian Science Society
Oddfellows' Hall, Spruce Street North
Sunday Service—11 a.m.

Trinity United Church
Schumacher
Rev. F. J. BAINE, M.A., B.D., Minister
Res. 83 First Ave. Phone 1094

United Church
South Porcupine, Ont.
BLOOR AVENUE.
Rev. James A. Lyttle, Minister

Finnish United Church
Timmins
Corner Elm and Sixth Avenue
Rev. A. I. Heimonen, Minister

South Porcupine
Finnish United Church
Rev. A. I. Heimonen, Minister
Res. 20 Elm St. North Phone 1982-W

St. Luke's Evangelical
Lutheran Church
South Porcupine, Ont.
(Missouri Synod)

The Salvation Army
Major and Mrs. J. Cornthwaite
Officers in Charge.
Sunday—11:00 a.m.—Holiness Meeting

St. Paul's Church
South Porcupine, Ont.
Ven. J. E. Woodall, D.D., Minister
Sunday Services

SIFTING THE NEWS

By Hugh Murphy
How far will Hitler go? What is his plan? Answer those two questions and you will be wiser than the best diplomatic brains in the world today.

On January 30, 1933, Hitler became Chancellor of Germany. Nine months later Germany withdrew from the League of Nations. In 1935 Germany walked all over every armament restriction imposed by the Treaty of Versailles.

On October 1, 1938, Nazi troops crossed the Czech frontier into Sudetenland and Hitler said that he had no further territorial ambitions.

On March 10 of this year the issue of independence for the state of Slovakia became acute. Four days later Czechoslovakia fell to pieces and Hitler was right there to pick them up.

Meanwhile, in Italy, the Fascist Grand Council met and declared "full adherence" to the Rome-Berlin axis. So is settled the question of whether or not Mussolini would stand by Hitler while the German Chancellor ravaged central Europe.

In France Premier Daladier has been given dictatorial powers. Men have been called to arms and the Maginot line is being strengthened against the Germans, hereditary enemies of the French.

Rumania has summoned additional troops. Fears are felt that the recent shooting of German citizens and the death of a German Legation secretary may develop into an "incident."

However, despite all the grief in Europe things are more or less normal in the Ontario legislature. Mr. Hepburn and Mr. Drew are busy biting sections out of each other's reputations.

It seems that once upon a time, in a by-election, Mr. Drew was charged with having referred to the French in Canada as members of a "defeated race."

That was a long time ago. However, a week ago today J. A. Habel, (Liberal, North Cochrane) again brought the matter up. In the ensuing maelstrom Colonel Drew denied ever having made the statement. His denial was accepted.

On Monday night Colonel Drew made a broadcast during which he is supposed to have charged that the North Cochrane member and the Premier conspired together to bring up the "defeated race" issue.

On Tuesday in the legislature Mr. Hepburn went after Mr. Drew's scalp. He challenged him to repeat the statement made during the broadcast. Col. Drew would not do so because, under House rules he could have been forced to withdraw it.

Attorney General Conant advised the Ontario legislature this week that it was not within the power of the provincial government to prevent Nazi sympathizers from emigrating to Germany. Explanation was given in response to a request from a back bench member that pressure be brought to bear upon Ottawa to prevent five persons from Kitchener from returning.

Herr Hitler and the United States

Baltimore Newspaper Points Where Duty and Interests of U.S.A. Rest.

(From the Baltimore Sun)
The world now knows, beyond all doubt, beyond all possible argument, the man with whom it is dealing. He is a conqueror of the most ruthless character. His will is to mastery by any means. If his purposes may be served today by arguing for the rights of self-determination of Germans living in Czechoslovakia, he will make that argument, completely indifferent to his own treatment of the Jewish minority within the borders of Germany.

Because all means of formally organized collective security disappeared with the destruction of the League of Nations, the facing of Hitler and of his associated dictators becomes a matter of individual action by each nation.

Acting on our own in a disorganized and demoralized world, the first thing for the United States to do is to complete the armament programme on which it has started. We should arm and arm abundantly. There is no guarantee in armaments against war, and we are the last to argue. Nations armed have been drawn into war no less than nations unarmed.

The second thing, after arming, is to realize that we shall serve our rights and our interests in the world if Britain and France are preserved against the power of Hitler and associates. If Britain and France are forced to their knees, and if they should be compelled to surrender their possessions near our shores, would we be free of the danger of war? What we know, and almost all that we can know surely in the present world, is, first, that we have lived in peace with Britain and France for a century and a quarter, though our interests have at times clashed at the Atlantic area and elsewhere; and, second, that we can have no such assurance from the power-mad, power-laden dictator of Germany and his associates in aggression. We sleep quietly with Bermuda and Jamaica in British hands. Imagine them in the hands of Hitler! And what of Canada?

Arms, abundant arms, and the recognition that our rights and interests will be served by the preservation of Britain and France. That must be the American policy. It must be followed without excitement. It must be followed without provocation. But it must be followed, and it must be followed resolutely. In that course, and that course alone, lies the safety and the dignity of the United States in the long term.

Toronto Telegram—A New York man is accused of having 13 wives. He will be lucky if he is convicted and given protection from them.

their leader with the paint brush moustache.

"I am a Liberal to the core. I was born a Liberal, I am a Liberal and I shall die a Liberal."

And again: "I am a Liberal. I believe in Liberal policies, having been taught Liberal policies when I was a child. I have always fought for Liberalism."

So said Jean-Francois Pouliot, Federal member for Temiscouata, in the House not long ago during a debate.

It is hard, in this age of alleged enlightenment, to imagine the above statements coming from the lips of even a politician. Certainly there is nothing wrong with being a Liberal (there's that word again), if a man feels that way but to admit, in effect, that he would be a member of a party despite what it might do, is a bit thick. And to admit that he believes in Liberal policies because he was taught them as a child is also a bit hard to take.

There is a quotation from the Bible: "When I was a child, I spake as a child, I thought as a child; but when I became a man, I put away childish things." Nuff said.

Better Atmosphere by Air Conditioning

Coming into their own as standard units of residential equipment, especially in the larger apartment houses and better class homes of Canada's urban centres, are air-conditioning installations.

Coupled with extension of air-conditioning in the residential field, has come growing realization of the special application of air-conditioning science and equipment, to enhance comfort and living efficiency of modern dwellings. This is in operation during winter rather than summer, as a means of improving, to an impressive extent, the comfort-value, cleanliness, healthfulness and economy of regular heating apparatus.

Sharp contrast with the commercial building field where air-conditioning has made such tremendous strides in recent years, is presented by the increasing appearance of conditioning units in residential buildings. The difference in application to the commercial and residential spheres is literally as wide as the difference in the seasons.

The vast expansion in operation of air-conditioning systems in theatres, office buildings, stores, restaurants, and other public-use premises, gained momentum chiefly from demand for the cooling-comfort advantages of the systems in summer. A great many of the systems installed also provided or were equipped for winter air-conditioning in conjunction with heating facilities. But this aspect and capacity of modern air-conditioning had a tendency to be subordinated in the anxiety to reap the greatest possible advantage from the public appeal of summer cooling.

It has remained for the residential field, through air-conditioning engineers in collaboration with enlightened builders and realty investors, to demonstrate the year-round versatility of conditioning. What commercial buildings have done to exemplify the boons of summer conditioning, modern-equipped residences have done to show the practical effectiveness of winter air-conditioning—the more or less secondary function of commercial units.

So far, however, residential installations have not yet made even the moderate progress toward the year-round basis reflected by many commercial units. Even in the more expensive homes and apartments, complete summer conditioning with cooling and dehumidification, either by itself or in conjunction with winter apparatus, has been adopted to a limited extent. Obstacles to wider acceptance include the comparatively high cost for both equipment and maintenance of summer or year-round conditioning, and various operating difficulties in residential use that do not apply in commercial installations.

In addition to the cost factor, however, a number of other factors have served to hold demand for summer conditioning to relatively low levels. To obtain full benefit from the summer units, residential premises should be fully insulated (adding to the cost) and windows should be kept closed at all times. In every family there is at least one member who dislikes keeping windows closed, especially of bedrooms, or who claims the constant closeness is uncomfortable. Finally, it has been found that even families sufficiently well to do afford summer units are disinterested because they leave city homes in summer and find climate comfort at summer resorts.

Nevertheless, some success has attended use of modified summer conditioning through use of the ventilating, air circulation, and filtering facilities of special units or winter conditioners. In some apartment houses, the problem of odor circulation and the insistence of many individuals on fresh air in bedrooms, has been met by withholding ducts from bedrooms. And a future prospect for residential summer conditioning is indicated by the increasing number of foresighted builders who put in winter units easily capable of being extended for summer operation.

What has given particular impetus to winter air-conditioning is the wide variety of equipment available and the facility with which units can be operated in conjunction with virtually all types of standard heating equipment. Units can be obtained either as built-in integral sections of gas-fired, oil-fired and other styles of furnaces, or designed to operate in conjunction with such furnaces, steam heating plants or hot-water home radiator systems.

In winter-conditioned homes, of course, the conditioning apparatus operates in full co-ordination with the heating equipment, both supplementing and controlling the source of heat supply. Regulated by the same thermostatic and other controls as modern heating plants the conditioning units so improve the humidity, cleanliness and circulation of the home atmosphere that the greatest potential benefit is derived from the complete heating-conditioning installation. Economy of fuel consumption, better comfort and health of the family, cleaner clothes, furnishings and draperies, are only some of the advantages of home conditioning.

Another attraction of the latest types of home conditioning units is their compactness, pleasing appearance and ease of maintenance. This permits full use of most of the basement space for recreation or household purposes, or even the construction of home without basements. Smaller units can be used with or without duct systems, facilitating individual control in large homes and apartment houses.

One thing that should be kept in mind by those interested in home building or modernization is that the best types of equipment cannot be bought and installed as if they were stoves or tables. While conditioning units come

Committees Chosen for Year by I. O. D. E.

Order to Have Plot in the Peace Garden.

There was a good attendance at the regular meeting of Timmins Golden Chapter Imperial Order Daughters of Empire held on Tuesday evening.

The following committees have been appointed for the year: Membership—Mrs. L. E. Darway, convener; Mrs. A. F. Carriere, Mrs. Gells, the Regent (Mrs. Traver) and the Secretary (Mrs. Warnock).

Committee for the Blind—Mrs. Darway, convener, with Mrs. E. Robinson and Mrs. H. Lang assisting in Schumacher, and the Councilors and all interested members assisting for Timmins.

Girl Guide—Mrs. A. Bocker, convener, to be assisted by Mrs. Theriault and Mrs. Moody. Mrs. Bocker reported the arrival in town last Wednesday of Mrs. H. Tomney, Northern Commissioner of Girl Guides, for her official inspection of Girl Guides, Browns and Ranger companies of Timmins, South Porcupine, Dome Mines and Iroquois Falls.

Hospital Committee—Mrs. O'Rourke, convener, Mrs. R. Anderson, Mrs. A. Moran, Mrs. T. E. Pritchard.

Entertainment Committee—Mrs. Moody, convener, Mrs. G. Lowe, Mrs. Theriault.

Sick and Visiting Committee—Mrs. J. E. Gurnell, Mrs. G. Morin, Mrs. Robinson and Mrs. Lang.

Refreshments—Mrs. J. Gells, convener.

A letter from the National President, Mrs. Cumbers, was read, advising that the National Chapter had voted to purchase a plot in the "Peace Garden," the park on both sides of the border between Manitoba and Dakota, to commemorate the more than 100 years of peace between the United States and Canada.

Elegant New Store For Durocher Shoppe

The Durocher Style Shoppe opened its doors to customers on Tuesday at its new location on the corner of Fourth Ave. and Pine St., opposite the Post Office.

Two large display windows, finished in yellow with black trim, give adequate space for display of the fur products and spring and summer ensembles which are handled by the store. Along the southern and northern wall two long cabinets of British Columbia fir have been erected to hold the latest in fashionable furs as shown by the Style Shoppe.

Above the cabinets are paintings showing fur bearing animals in their natural settings. These paintings which harmonize with the sky blue finish of the walls and ceilings, were painted by Mr. Lepage, and add a fine touch to the interior of the building.

In order to give comfort to the customer, who may at times spend much time in choosing her ensemble, the store has been furnished with a teal blue lounge and matching occasional chairs. Along the western wall, and fitted into two massive pillars, are long mirrors to give a good view of the patron, and covering the floor are heavy oriental rugs. The lighting, done by the Star Electric, is indirect, and finished in chrome.

The Shoppe specializes in all types of furs, including Persian Lamb, Caracul, Bombay Lamb, Rice Lake Hudson Seal, mink striped muskrat, Kolynski dyed muskrat and grey squirrel. There are also many of the new capes and jackets in fox which are so popular, as well as the finest in silver fox neck pieces. The Shoppe specializes in making up individual orders, and will also make fur hats and muffs. At this season of the year, the store carries a line of spring suits and coats, and remodelling will be done, with designs taken from any of the advanced styles. One of the special features of the Shoppe is a button-making machine—the only one in town.

On the opening day, Tuesday, the store was beautifully decorated with tall baskets of mixed flowers, sent by friends to wish the success of the business in the new building.

Further plans were discussed for a springtime dance which the Chapter intends to arrange. The date will be announced later.



TO ACHIEVE "THE Elizabeth Arden LOOK"

Ardena Cleansing Cream—light, soothing; \$1.10 to \$6. Fluffy Cleansing Cream—like whipped cream; \$1.10 to \$6. Ardena Skin Tonic—cool, stimulating; \$1.10 to \$15. Ardena Velve Cream—for average skins; \$1.10 to \$6. Orange Skin Cream—for dry or wrinkled skins; \$1.10 to \$8.



J. Bert Sutherland DRUGGIST 11 Pine St. S. Phone 808

TOWN OF TIMMINS TENDERS WANTED
Sealed Tenders will be received for meals to be delivered to Town Gaol. Tenders must be in Town Clerk's office on or before 5 p.m. March 31st, 1939. Full particulars may be received from Town Clerk. P. H. MURPHY, Clerk

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