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## Quarter Million Stamps Go Through Local P.O.

**Porcupine Christmas Seal Committee at Work to Raise Funds for the Battle Being Waged in This District Against Tuberculosis. Generous Response Hoped for in This Annual Appeal**

A quarter of a million stamps are going through the Timmins post office this week. They're a new issue, too. Pretty red, green and black ones that have a Christmas appearance. They're really Christmas presents, all-year-round Christmas presents, from the Porcupine to the Porcupine.

The part of the battle against tuberculosis in which every member of the community can take part is being waged again. Christmas seals, made famous through the years by their annual use as symbols of the fight to stamp out tuberculosis. And "stamp it out" is the right expression. If Porcupine district people buy every one of those quarter million stamps, the campaign will be at least \$2500 to the good.

The Porcupine Christmas Seal Committee, sponsored by the Lions Club of Timmins, and assisted by the Canadian Tuberculosis Association, needs every cent of that \$2500 and more.

### The Work Must Go On

The great job has been well begun but in order to free this district of the disease, the work must be continued. Children must be protected from contact with the disease. Those who have it must be cured. The Porcupine can set the example for the whole of Canada in cleaning tuberculosis from the camp.

Many men and women in Timmins give up almost the whole of their leisure to donate their time and energy to the cause. Doctors and nurses give freely, taking nothing more in return than the satisfaction of knowing that the fight is really improving conditions here.

### Free Clinic, Testing

A free clinic has been established here, to which patients may be sent by any local physician for complete examination, wherever tuberculosis is suspected. This is made possible through the local committee, the Board of Health, the Halleybury sanatorium and the provincial department of health. A nurse is working constantly on tuberculosis alone. Five hundred cases were examined at the clinic during the past year, of whom 28 were admitted to the sanatorium. Four thousand and seventy-four school children have been tested—a remarkable record for a year's work.

Everyone in Timmins can and should help in this great cause. It pays better dividends than any mine in the Northland, for the dividend is the health of the community and the protection of the young from the danger of infection with the disease.

### Send Yours Now!

A dollar isn't much for the hundred stamps that you will probably receive this week in the mail. Yet that, or more, if you care to send it, will help in the fight. If you don't receive stamps through the mail, any member of the committee will be glad to see that you get some. Mrs. H. W. Darling is president and treasurer. Her address is Box 489, Timmins. Other members of the committee are: Mrs. S. C. Patus, vice-president; Miss Katrine Morin, secretary; Miss Florence Farr, nurse, Timmins; Miss Lucila Wing, nurse, Schumacher; Miss Y. Fowler, nurse, South Porcupine. The advisory board is: Dr. N. H. Russell, Dr. H. H. Moore, Dr. M. J. Kelly, Fred Stock, A. Allen and P. G. Arnott.

### Special Meeting of the Golden Porcupine Mines

According to the last issue of The Northern Miner, Golden Porcupine Mines, Limited, has called a special general meeting of shareholders for Friday, November 20th, at Toronto, to consider by-laws authorizing the directors to execute an agreement with Hollinger Consolidated Gold Mines Limited and others for the sale of the mining and mineral rights of three claims owned by the company in Deloro township, for stock in a company to be formed and financed by Hollinger. Another by-law authorizes the directors to grant an option to R. B. Rankin to purchase two patented mining claims and an undivided half interest in a third patented claim, all owned by the company in Ogden township, for and in consideration of the sum of \$20,000 payable as follows: \$2000 on or before December 20th next, and \$3000 each and every 90 days thereafter until the full purchase price is paid.

The meeting will be asked to confirm a resolution that out of the shares of stock received pursuant to the Hollinger contract, a dividend of one share of the said stock be declared for each ten shares of Golden Porcupine outstanding.

In its October 29th issue, The Northern Miner told of an amalgamation of properties being considered by Hollinger Consolidated. It was stated that it was proposed to form a new 5,000,000-share company to take in 320 acres owned by Hollinger, three claims of Golden Porcupine, 144 acres held by the estates of J. H. Black and R. T. Shillington, 75 acres owned by Mrs. Mabell Mitchell of Medford, Mass., one claim owned by Archie S. Fuller and J. A. Downing, two claims from Porcupine United Mines, Ltd., and 10 acres from Presdor Porcupine.

Sudbury Star:—Plans for a Sudbury Flying Club are said to be in the air.

## Convict Toronto Man in High-Grade Case

Hyman Herman Found Guilty in Second Cases

Hyman Herman, aged 39, a tailor, with one child, who won some fame earlier this year by being caught by Toronto police wearing a special corset underneath which was concealed gold valued at around seven thousand dollars, was on Friday found guilty of having gold concealed on his person and illegally having gold. Sentence was deferred until Wednesday. Herman was first tried in February and was sentenced to six months but won his freedom on an appeal. At the trial Friday it was held by the defence that he was being tried a second time for the same alleged offence, but the crown held that this was a different charge. Herman's story was that a stranger gave him \$25 to go with him to Timmins where they got the gold and he was simply carrying it for the other fellow when arrested. Herman said he had been on relief in Toronto recently.

## Legion Again Asks Clothing and Shoes

Articles of Clothing Needed by Returned Men and Families.

Timmins, Ont. Nov. 16th, 1936

To the Editor of The Advance, Timmins.

Dear Sir:—I should be very much obliged if you would, through the columns of The Advance, ask the public of Timmins, to bring in to the Mines Rescue Station any clothing they may have to spare. With the cold weather now with us, I have many calls for warm clothing, overcoats, underwear, footwear, etc. I am much in need of these things for men, women and children, and hardly a day goes by but what I am asked for help in this way.

Parcels of clothing may be left at the Mines Rescue Station, or at the Fire Hall, and I trust I may have a generous response to this appeal.

Yours very truly,  
Austin Neame.

## To Celebrate 23rd Church Anniversary

Finnish United Church to Have Special Events During Month of December.

To celebrate the twenty-third anniversary of the beginning of mission work among the Finnish-speaking citizens of Timmins and South Porcupine, the Finnish United Church congregations of Timmins and South Porcupine and their Sunday Schools, Young People's Groups and Choirs and English Language Schools are planning special occasions during the month of December.

The chain of celebrations is to start with an every-person canvas among the Finns of the district for the support of the Church. Voluntary donations will also be accepted from businessmen and other citizens of Timmins and South Porcupine district who appreciate the value to the community of a virile and efficient church, also among non-English speaking citizens.

The Sunday School and the Young People's Group, including the members of the present Communicants' Class and the Junior Girls' Choir decided at their joint meeting yesterday (Sunday, Nov. 15th), immediately after Sunday School, to hold a Christmas concert (first of its kind ever held among the Finns in Timmins) on Wednesday, December 23rd, at 7.30 p.m., and practices of the programme started immediately after the meeting. Several committees were elected for practical arrangements in connection with the event.

The Board of Managers of the Timmins Finnish United Church at their meeting held immediately after the service last night, decided that the men of the church will hold a concert and bazaar on the last evening of the year, with Watch Night Service and to receive the New Year in prayer. The men will take care also of the preparation, making and serving of refreshments during the night, giving their good ladies a well deserved rest from those worries.

The date of the anniversary services has not been decided as yet, pending arrangements with special speakers for that occasion. It will, however, be near the 12th of December, as on that day twenty-three years ago the first services of worship in the Finnish language were held in Timmins and South Porcupine. There are left only about a dozen or two of the old-timers, who were present on those occasions, and six babies who were baptized at these services and who are now grown up. They are expected to be present at these anniversary celebrations with their children and wives and husbands.

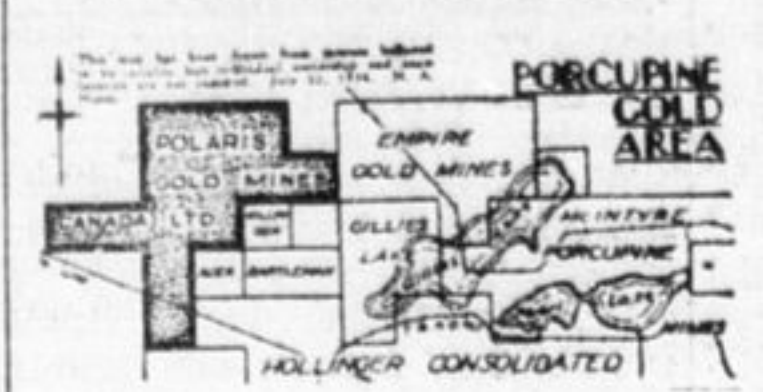
It so happens that the first minister to the Finns and Scandinavians of Timmins, South Porcupine and district, the Rev. A. I. Heinonen, is again now after twenty-three years their minister.

### MEETING OF ST. MATTHEW'S BOWLING LEAGUE, NOV. 19TH

Thursday of this week, Nov. 19th, there will be a meeting of the St. Matthew's Bowling League, to be held in the basement of the Anglican Church. All members are urged to attend the meeting.

Kitchener Record:—Some people drive as though they were anxious to have their accident quickly and get it over with.

## POLARIS



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### To-day's Stocks

Stock Name	Price
Ashley	9
Barry Hollinger	6
Base Metals	27
Big Missouri	54
Bidgood	1.55
Bankfield	1.75
Beattie	1.32
Bobjo	21
Bralorne	8.35
Buffalo Ankerite	10.75-11.00
Canadian Malartic	1.58
Castle T.	1.30
Central Patricia	4.25
Central Porcupine	36
Coniagas	3.25-3.35
Cenlaurum	2.10
Cens. Chibougamau	3.05
Dome	54.75
Eldorado	1.85
Falconbridge	12.35
Francœur	.99
God's Lake	.75
Glencora	27
Granada	29-31
Greene Stabelle	.46
Gunnar	1.10
Hardreck	3.20
Hollinger	14.00
Howey	.68
Hudson Bay	64.00
International Nickel	50
Jackson Manion	66
Kirkland Lake	20
Label Oro	62.15
Lake Shore	5.35
Les Gold	5.13
Little Long Lac	6.00
Macassa	4.85
MacLeod Cockshutt	13.4
Manitoba and East	20-21
Maple Leaf	43.65
McIntyre	1.72
McKenzie Red Lake	20.9
McMillan Gold	20.9
McVittie Graham	9.40
McWatters	2.40-2.44
Mining Corporation	1.60
Moneta	2.45
Nipissing	3.1
Night Hawk	72.50
Noranda	58
Omega	3.73
Pamour	1.19
Paymaster	6.85
Pickle Crow	6.10
Pioneer	8.1
Porcupine Crown	1.47
Preston East Dome	3.14
Premier	4.10-4.25
Read Authier	1.67
Red Lake Goldshore	1.41
Reno	6.7
Rebb Montbray	2.05
San Antonio	81
Shawkey	2.52
Sherritt Gordon	18
St. Anthony	3.4-3.7
South Tiblemont	1.85
Sullivan	3.4
Sudbury Mines	3.0
Sudbury Contact	76
Stadacona	3.45
Sylvanite	4.55
Siscoe	5.10
Teck Hughes	4.50
Toburn	3.03
Ventures	6
Wayside	7.75
Wright Hargreaves	4
White Eagle	86

### Progress at MyLamaque Continuing Favourable

V. M. Ryan, consulting engineer at MyLamaque Gold Mines, in a telephone conversation with local interests states that diamond drill operations are making rapid progress and favourable results are being obtained. The No. 5 drill hole, put down 200 feet east of the No. 4 intersected 22 feet of quartz at a depth of 225 feet. In the latter hole 10 feet of ore was cut which returned an average value of better than \$20 per ton. Core assays from the latest hole are expected to be available at an early date.

Waterloo Chronicle:—In Brownsville, Tennessee, five lion cubs born recently have been named after the Dionne quintuplets. But they will not lionize as the Callander babies.

## Growth of Mining in the Years Since 1899

Review of the Canadian Mining Manual 37 Years Ago.

There was mining in Canada 37 years ago, but what a difference to the present! This difference is strikingly portrayed in a review of the "Canadian Mining Manual" for 1899. The sub-title of the report is in itself an interesting indication of the difference between the mining industry of that time and this. At the same time the very issuing of such a volume showed that even in those days there were men of vision, faith and foresight who pictured in their minds the possibilities of this country from a mining standpoint. The report was reviewed last week by the "Grab Samples" column of The Northern Miner, and the article is well worth thoughtful attention. The following is the review:—

### Mining in 1899

The Canadian Mining Manual for the year 1899 makes interesting reading, if you can secure a copy. It was published by B. T. A. Bell of Ottawa and it was described as "An Authentic Digest of Information Relating to the History, Organization and Operations of the Collieries, Metal Mines, Blast Furnaces and Smelting Works of the Dominion of Canada and the Colony of Newfoundland." Mr. Bell had a connection with the Department of Agriculture and had numerous other titles, as Editor, Canadian Mining Review; secretary, Canadian Mining Institute; Hon. Secretary, Mining Society of Nova Scotia; Secretary, General Mining Association of the Province of Quebec, etc.

The total mineral production of Canada was estimated for the year 1898 as \$38,000,000 and this figure showed a gain of \$10,000,000 over the preceding year. The Yukon had contributed \$8,070,000 in gold in the year, which accounted largely for the advance made. Gold production of Ontario was only \$275,078 in the year and for Quebec the figure was \$6500. The total output of all minerals for Quebec was figured at \$2,000,000 and for Ontario \$7,201,891. British Columbia led all provinces, with \$10,908,861 and Nova Scotia was in second place with \$8,000,000. Nickel production in Ontario had only reached a value of \$514,220 and copper output was about half that valuation. The Canadian Copper Company and the Oxford Copper Company were advertisers in the manual, the latter offering "Ferro-nickel and ferro-nickel oxides for use in preparing nickel-steel for armour plates." Robt. M. Thompson was then president and the head office was at 99 John Street, New York.

The Eustis Mining Company was in business at Capleton, Quebec, and advertised that it was prepared to contract with sulphuric acid manufacturers for their supply of sulphur. Other advertisers were Ledoux and Co., J. T. Donald and Co., assaying companies

**Bridal Wreath Ring-of-the-Month**

Have you seen the Bridal Wreath Ring-of-the-Month for November? It's an exquisite diamond ring worth over \$100.00. But you may win it free! Drop into Halperin's Jewellery Store to-morrow and get the details of this fascinating name-the-ring contest. You won't be under the slightest obligation to spend a cent... because there are absolutely no strings attached to this generous offer. But regardless of whether you plan to enter the contest or not you'll want to see the many other lovely Bridal Wreath designs on display at Halperin's Store in Timmins. You'll agree that for sheer beauty and value Bridal Wreath diamond and Wedding Rings could hardly be equalled!

**HALPERIN'S JEWELLERY STORE**  
7 Pine Street North Phone 212

that are still in existence. Krupps of Germany were offering mining machinery, including crushers, ball mills and stamps. It is notable that most of the advertisers of machinery and supplies were British or American, with agents in Canada. Exceptions were Imperial Oil, the Fairbanks Company, the Ontario Powder Company, Canadian General Electric, the B. Greening Wire Company and the Wm. Hamilton Manufacturing Company.

The universities advertised in those days, the School of Practical Science, Toronto offering courses in civil and mining engineering and the Kingston School of Mining likewise. In the latter institution, now part of Queens University, there was a three-year course in mining engineering, analytical chemistry and assaying; a four-year course in mining, chemistry and mineralogy; a prospectors' course, anticipating the present facilities; "The School offers to mine foremen, assayers, prospectors and mining men generally special courses of instruction beginning January 9th, 1900, and continuing eight weeks." Dr. W. L. Goodwin was the director.

The Province of Quebec was offering inducements to foreign capital to investigate the mineral resources of the province. The price to be paid for mining lands was \$5 per acre for inferior metals and \$10 for superior, the latter embracing gold, silver, lead, copper, nickel, graphite, asbestos, mica and phosphates of lime. There was a clause in the agreement of sale which has evidently been allowed to lapse. It reads: "Mining lands are sold on the express condition that the purchaser shall commence bona fide to mine within two years from the day of purchase and shall spend not less than \$500 if mining for the superior metals; and not less than \$200 if for inferior metals. In default, cancellation of sale of mining land."

The advertisement for the Province of Ontario was quite pretentious. "The mineral bearing lands of Ontario extend from the River St. Lawrence northward of the Great Lakes to the Manitoba boundary beyond Lake of the Woods, 1200 miles long by 100 miles wide, 120,000 square miles, 77,000,000 acres." Quite so. Crown lands were sold at \$2 to \$3.50 per acre according to location, or they might be leased for ten years at \$1 per acre for first year and 15 to 30 cents per acre for subsequent years.

Mills were rated by their stamps in those days. In Ontario there were 344 stamps in operation, in the plants of 23 companies. Nova Scotia was the big gold mining province, having 850 stamps working in 68 plants. Included in the Ontario list were Sultana, Regina, Mikado, Olive, Golden Star, all of which have been revived in recent years.

Many of the mining companies of those days were offered by British and American non-residents and in some cases the capitalization was in pounds sterling; it may or may not be significant that with one or two exceptions the companies have disappeared.

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Pembroke Renfrew  
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and Return  
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**Thursday, Nov. 26**  
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**RETURNING UP TO**  
**Sunday, Nov. 29th**  
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Tickets good in Coaches only  
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Children 5 years and under 1/2—Half Fare

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From babyhood Talc is used by individuals and industry. Talc has a soft, greasy feel and is pearly in appearance. It is usually translucent with a white or greenish to grey colour. Talc is easily split, into thin sheets, which are flexible but not elastic like mica.

Talc is consumed domestically in the paint, pulp and paper, roofing material, soap and cleaning preparation industries. Also in the manufacture of toilet preparations.

Canada is one of the four countries of the world producing Talc, the United States of America, France and Italy being the others.

Shipments from Canadian Talc and Soapstone deposits go back to the period from 1886 to 1906 when some 50 to 1420 tons were shipped. Before 1900 the production consisted mainly of impure Talc and Soapstone shipped from the Province of Quebec. At the turn of the present century operations were commenced on the high grade talc deposits of the Madoc district in Ontario. A certain amount was mined at Anderson and Sooko Lakes in British Columbia. The production figure for the year 1935 for Canada was 13,803 tons. This was valued at \$139,556.00. Some 8,927 tons of talc were exported during this period.

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