

The Porcupine Advance

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Timmins, Ont., Monday, Jan. 21st, 1935

THE COST OF GOVERNORS

There was a man in Ontario who was going to abolish lieutenant-governors in Ontario at one fell swoop! Just like that! He was told that he couldn't do it. "Just watch me!" he answered. The people watched, but all they saw was this same man getting free bed and board and entertainment at the home of a governor of one of the British colonies in the South. The man came home so much better-humoured and reasonable that it may be the entertainment included the odd soothing snifter—to use technical terms. In any event that violent man from Ontario found that governors and other state officials are fine gentlemen and have their uses. The man knows now that he cannot abolish governors, but that under certain circumstances they could abolish him. However, he still murmurs, but more gently as the days pass by that what may not be destroyed may be pauperized. On the principle that men live and learn, all will sincerely wish this noisy man a very long life.

A gentleman in Quebec approaches the matter from a different angle. He asserts his agreement with the idea of a governor or lieutenant-governor for every state but he believes that the cost of this feature of government has been too high. This gentleman, Mr. Oscar Drouin, member of the Quebec Legislature, intends to urge upon the legislature that the government residence be disposed of. His whole argument is not in regard to the value or usefulness of the position of lieutenant-governor, but in reference to the cost of maintaining the office. That is a quite reasonable attitude to take. Whether right or wrong, it will prove popular. It is worth while to argue with such a man. The Ottawa Journal takes up the duty of reasoning with Mr. Drouin. The Journal admits that the cost of government in Canada seems unduly large and burdensome, and that any measure to reduce the expense should be welcomed. In short, the Journal appears to think that Mr. Drouin's idea may be practical and desirable. "If it is understood and guaranteed that the office of lieutenant-governor itself must not be divested of dignity, but merely made less ostentatious and costly," the Journal is sincerely in favour of economy such as Mr. Drouin suggests.

The matter, however, is not as simple as it appears. The sale of Government House in Ontario or Quebec would not be so easy a matter at the present moment. When the vagaries of the stock market placed one big Toronto residence in the market it was discovered to be only a white elephant. It should also be remembered that the money spent even in ostentation is not wasted. It provides employment and business for many. It has a tendency, indeed, to equalize wealth in some measure. Still more should it be remembered that the cost to the people of the province is less than half the expenditure of Ontario's Government House. The incumbent of the office of lieutenant-governor spends more of his own money for the maintenance of the office than the government does. Only a rich man can afford to take the position, and it is scarcely the part of wisdom to stop the wealthy spending their own money these days for public prestige, even though the words, "pomp" and "ceremony" may be thrown around carelessly. People love show, parades, display. It is a question whether they should be deprived of such a privilege even in the sacred name of economy.

No doubt there will be some who will dispute the popular demand for some measure of ostentation. It is the same sort of denial that is heard so often in regard to titles. The radical raves about the evils of titles and then invents the title of "Comrade" for his own chosen circle. Russia never had so many titles as at the present moment, if the various designations of the different comrades is counted. The communist mind pretends to revolt at the thought of display at the opening of parliament, yet these gentlemen have their own mania for parades with flags, ribbons, sashes and all the other paraphernalia that the mind of a parade-loving man can conceive. There does not seem to be much honest sincerity to the growling against ostentation. And as for the matter of economy, it would be well to be perfectly sure and clear that alleged economies in regard to the offices of lieutenant-governor would really save the people any appreciable amount.

"FALSE ALARMS"

When the fire bell sounded in the fire hall at Peoria, Illinois, Joe Turner, who was sleeping on the second floor of the building, reacted like any other fireman. In a second he was in his clothes and grabbing the pole to slide down to take his place on the truck. Friction ignited some matches in his shirt pocket and soon Joe was suffering from serious burns about his breast. The pain loosened his grip on the pole and he dropped twelve feet to the hard floor beneath, just as a Timmins fireman did on another occasion, when, however, it was the fire of enthusiasm and not the fire of matches that loosened his grip too soon. The Timmins fireman referred to injured his ankle, but the Peoria fireman suffered compound fractures of both legs. To add insult to injury, it was a false alarm that caused the injury to the Peoria fireman.

It is worth while to give more than passing notice to this Peoria incident. It is a fair sample of the risk that firemen take every time they answer an alarm. Speed is the essence of their business and with speed anything is liable to happen. Anyone who is well acquainted with the work of the firemen believes in the superstition that more men are injured in answering false alarms than in responding to regular calls. Facts gathered by various fire brigades in various places seem to uphold this belief. In any case it appears the fact that false alarms hold as much danger for the firemen responding as any other form of call.

The moral of it all is that firemen risk their limbs and lives every time they answer a call. This should make the sending in of a false alarm unthinkable to any decent citizen.

Government to Protect Competent Health Officers

A rather amusing despatch came through from Toronto last week. It stated that the Ontario Dept. of Health is concerned over the fact that a number of municipalities (names not given) have been discharging their medical health officers without proper cause. Dr. Faulkner, Minister of Health, told the newspaper reporters that his department is taking steps to combat the reported practice. Dr. Faulkner said he had received numerous complaints regarding the dismissal by municipalities of their medical health officers.

Dr. Faulkner said that he was invoking the powers conferred on him in the Public Health Act to overcome the tendency of municipalities not to "play fair" in regard to their health officers. As long as the medical health officer is efficient he is going to be protected by the department, said Dr. Faulkner. The joke of the matter comes in the fact that the Dept. of Health has made a number of dismissals itself with no more than the usual Hepburn excuse which is not so good as the poorest excuse any of the municipalities can muster. A further touch of unconscious humour is given the matter by the fact that recently members of the Ontario Government have

been talking about provincial rights, but they do not seem to recognize the municipalities as having any rights, except so far as it may suit the Hepburn purposes. When the province starts to talk to municipalities about dismissing officials without due cause, it is certainly a matter for laughter, especially the sarcastic kind.

Northern News:—On the radio the other night Luella Parsons told Kay Francis that she and Marlene Dietrich were tied for being Hollywood's best-dressed women. And Kay, in her throaty voice said it was nice, "but she'd far sooner be known as a good actress!" M-I-A-O-U-W!

zen. The public also should remember the risks that firemen take, as well as the good work they may do, and respect the men who risk their comfort, convenience, life and limb for the common protection.

LICENSE PLATES

The daily newspapers give the information that doctors in Ontario have been allotted motor license plates with the letter D, while the druggists practitioners have the right to display the letters DR.

This sort of thing opens up a wide vista to the imagination! Why not give Firemen the letter F? They should have as much leeway to hurry as anyone else, and just as much right to advertise their business.

And why not R reserved for reporters, R referring to Rush or Reporter as the case might be? But who ever knew a reporter to have a car? So that may go by the boards.

If BP were reserved for Blind-Pickers it might facilitate the work of the police! In case there were not enough accommodation under BF use might also be made of BL, signifying Boot-Legger.

Other occupations, professions and callings might all be assigned letters. There might be some confusion in guessing whether an M car belonged to a milliner or a minister, or a C car to a convict or a crooner. But this letter business has been carried to such an extent that anything may happen in letters and people are getting so that they don't seem to care what happens.

GRAVEL AND SAND—AND PLACER

A settler last week writing to the Kapuskasing newspaper, The Northern Tribune, refers to the Hepburn administration as the "firing squad." It seems a particularly apt designation in view of the wholesale "firing" done by the party since coming into power.

Donald Marcus, 35 years of age, was sentenced to a term of from one to five years in the penitentiary at Eau Claire, Wisconsin, for forging a cheque. The forgery was a particularly impudent one, the cheque being passed off on the police to pay a fine and costs imposed on Marcus for being drunk. The incident recalls to mind a case in Timmins some years ago where a woman was fined for illegally having liquor and had the case adjourned for a week so that she could hold a party to raise enough money to pay the fine. Of course, the authorities did not know the reason for the lady desiring the remand and no objection was made to the procedure. Later, however, it was found that the woman had sold enough liquor at the party to pay her fine and leave her enough money to move out of town. This moving from town was the shrewd touch as the woman could not be found when her game was discovered. It may be noted, however, that when law-breakers attempt to pay fines by illegal means they are simply taking double chances of more severe terms than the original offence would bring.

The Globe has a lengthy reply to a recent editorial in The Advance in which objection was raised to The Globe's incomplete presentation of a case where a young man of 17 years of age was sentenced to Kingston penitentiary. The Globe left the impression that the young man had simply "robbed a country store" and stole an auto. The fact was that though the young man did rob a Timmins store and did steal an auto, the term in penitentiary was not for either of these offences. He was sent to Portsmouth penitentiary for robbery while armed. He broke into the store to secure a gun and ammunition. The gun was later used to endanger the life of a taxi-driver, whose car was stolen through the use of that gun. The Globe admits that the magistrates, judges and people of the North are certainly kindly and lenient to young offenders. Perhaps, The Globe will also go as far as to agree with The Advance that the public must be protected from the perverted gun-toting young men. The chief point of disagreement between The Globe and The Advance in this matter seems to be in regard to the proper place for this type of misguided youth. The Advance knows of no other place than the penitentiary. There is a special "preferred section" at Portsmouth for such offenders. The Borstal system, reported as successful in Britain, is to be introduced in Canada, and this may be of additional service. The Globe has an apparent grudge against Kingston, and apparently prefers the Ontario Reformatory for such cases. The Advance has nothing to say against the Ontario Reformatory, but the parole system makes it useless as a protection against the public. The Globe asks for details in regard to this, but The Globe must know the many reasons why such details can not be made public. The authorities must know all about the way the paroles work. For instance, a young man after being allowed his freedom after forging a cheque, tried the same crime again and was given a suspended sentence. In a few weeks he was once more before the magistrate on another forgery charge. This time he was given a short term but was released in a month or so. He actually returned to the cheque-forging and the next time he came before the magistrate he was sentenced to the penitentiary. What possible other course was there open to the magistrate with the protection of the public in mind? Another case is still more recent. A woman sentenced to the Ontario Reformatory for selling liquor has applied for parole and may have that favour extended. This woman was convicted at the time of keeping a common bawdy house. The evidence suggested that a charge of engaging in the white slave traffic might have been proven. If that parole is granted the woman will be encouraged to return to her former methods of living. She has already other convictions against her. In case the parole is granted, as it may be to judge from previous cases, what does there remain for the magistrate to do but send this persistent and evil law-breaker to penitentiary where parole is not obtained so easily? This woman has only been in the reformatory one month. Under such circumstances how can the public be protected other than by terms that will hold for at least half their duration. Magistrates and judges weigh all the facts and circumstances very carefully. They are in the best position to know what is in the best interests of the public in each case. It is true that local authorities are asked for their opinion in regard to the granting of paroles, but the unfortunate fact is that the well-grounded opinions of local authorities in a position to know is usually utterly disregarded in the matter of paroles. It is a common practice to see offenders sentenced to six months or a year walking the streets again in a month or two after being in the Ontario institutions.

LOCALS

Mr. and Mrs. Jas. Aspin, of Kirkland Lake, spent the week-end the guests of friends in town.

Chas. Holly, of Noranda, formerly sergeant on Timmins police force, is a visitor to town during the week-end.

Miss Pearl Hart, of Cannington, Ont., is visiting her sister, Mrs. Geo. S. Drew, 32 Maple Street South.

Mr. and Mrs. C. R. Stevenson and little daughter, of Hamilton, were the guests of friends in Timmins during the week-end.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. Ritchie returned to Timmins last week after spending two weeks at Iroquois Falls the guests of Mr. and Mrs. J. P. Freeman.

Mr. and Mrs. W. B. Rigg, 47 Lake Shore Road, announce the engagement of their eldest daughter, Maud Evelyn, to Alfred C. Oliver, the wedding to take place early in March.

Maynard Raycroft, who is in St. Mary's Hospital following an operation for appendicitis last Monday, is reported as making favourable progress toward recovery.

It is understood that there will be no curling at Iroquois Falls this season, the recent meeting called to organize failing to secure enough attendance to warrant organization.

The heavy snowfall to-day is giving employment to a large number of men shovelling snow, as well as keeping the town's big snow plough busy in keeping the streets open for traffic to-day!

T. M. White, manager of the F. O'Hearn Co., Kirkland Lake, was among those coming up with the hockey team last week for the two games in this camp in the N.O.H.A. series.

G. Stringer, for many years with the Game and Fisheries Department, has been engaged as chief of police at Iroquois Falls for a three months' period, to succeed Neil J. Curley, chief for several years who recently resigned. A largely signed petition was presented to the town council at the Falls last week asking for the re-instatement of Mr. Curley as police chief.

Brodie is Appointed to Municipal Board

Former Mayor of Sudbury to Fill Place Left Vacant by Death of J. A. Ellis, of Ottawa.

William Marr Brodie, of Sudbury, has been appointed to the Ontario Municipal Board, filling the vacancy created by J. A. Ellis' death. Hon. David Croil announced at Toronto last Thursday.

A northerner, a soldier and a lawyer, Mr. Brodie was mayor of Sudbury until his retirement last year. During his term of office, he became widely known for his efforts in coping with one of the most difficult municipal situations in the province. "He has proved his ability," said Mr. Croil. "He has shown himself one of the most capable civic administrators in the province. In choosing him for his important new office we are recognizing outstanding achievement in the municipal field."

Mr. Brodie is a native of the north country. He was born at Massey in 1900, the son of Colonel and Mrs. D. M. Brodie, of Windsor. The family moved to Sudbury when the son was three years old, and Mr. Brodie received his early education at the public and high schools of that city. Before he had finished his high school course he enlisted in 1916, and reached England, but could not qualify because of the age limit, to be sent to France.

His career in municipal politics began in 1931, when he headed the poll for council. The next year he was elected mayor by the largest majority in the city's history, and he received an acclamation in 1934. He did not seek re-election in 1934.

Rouyn Continuing Its Cleaning-up of The Town

Rouyn is continuing its campaign to clean up vice conditions in that town. A visitor to Timmins last week told The Advance that conditions in Rouyn had become very bad indeed, but that the activity of the police, and especially the new chief of police, Chief Desrosiers, is having excellent effect, and that soon Rouyn will be a good town once more. A week ago the police staged another of their round-ups and as a consequence of the raids made no less than 31 alleged offenders were gathered in. The cases were remanded to this week. The clean-up at Rouyn is said to have driven blindpiggers, gamblers and ladies of uncertain virtue to seek refuge in some of the smaller towns and villages in North-western Quebec and some of these places are consequently so bad that the Quebec provincial police will soon have to clean up on these places. In previous years the people chased out of Rouyn would simply move to Timmins or Kirkland Lake. At present both Kirkland Lake and Timmins are determined that they will not have this sort of people. Timmins has recently been cleaning up here with a vengeance, the plan here being to finally rid the town of this class of undesirable by sending them to jail. It will be good for all the North if this attitude is maintained at Timmins, Kirkland Lake, Rouyn and other centres.

WANT Ads

FOR RENT

FOR RENT—Two-roomed shack. Apply at 172 Spruce Street, South, Timmins. -5p

FOR RENT—Seven-roomed house at 206 Cedar Street, South; toilet; good cellar. Apply at rear 205 Pine Street South, Timmins. -4p

FOR RENT—Five-roomed, newly-decorated house with bathroom; full-size basement; furnace; warm garage. Apply at 105 Fourth Avenue, Schumacher. -6

FOR RENT—Apartments with all conveniences; central location; hot water heated; immediate possession; adults only. Apply at 85 Pine Street, south Timmins. -6-7p

ROOMS

ROOMS FOR RENT—Newly decorated; central location. Apply at 5-1-2 Fifth Avenue, Timmins. -6

ARTICLES FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Piano with bench, walnut finish; in good condition; fine tone; \$200.00. Apply to Box C. D. c-o The Advance. -7-10p

WANTED

ROOM WANTED or room and board, by young man. Apply Box W. E. Advance Office. -9 p

WANTED—Agents to sell the double-eyed threading needles. Blind people thread them. Invaluable for failing sight. Sample and particulars, 10c. Daniel Blanke, 12 Cedar Street, Sudbury. -6p

Lumber and Pulp for Markets in Britain

Negotiations Said to be Under Way at Present by Hon. Peter Heenan. To be Hoped There's Something to This.

According to despatches from Toronto private negotiations with both British lumber buyers and British paper interests are reported to be in progress now. Hon. Peter Heenan, Minister of Lands and Forests, is said to be prominent in the negotiations. His purpose is to secure the marketing of a certain percentage of Canadian lumber and Canadian pulp in the Old Country. While Hon. Mr. Heenan is concerned chiefly with Ontario if he is successful in his present reported efforts the good effect will be felt by Quebec and other provinces as well as by Ontario.

Toronto newspapermen sought to interview Hon. Mr. Heenan last week in the matter, but he was out of town and an official statement could not be secured. Other officials refused to confirm or deny the reports. It is said at Toronto that at present prices Ontario timber, as well as pulp and paper, can be cut and shipped to the old country at a profit. Due to the existing contracts it is claimed that private interests have been unable to take advantage of the English market. It is not known yet whether any such contemplated sale would be through the Ontario government direct or whether new private companies might be formed by English paper interests to buy Canadian pulpwood.

Credence is lent to the report by the fact that Mr. Heenan has publicly announced that certain companies would be asked to surrender their leases to limits that were not being developed at the present time. The fact that a number of the largest pulp and paper companies operating both here in Ontario and in Quebec are in the hands of receivers is another reason advanced for the government stepping in at the present time and taking a more active interest in the sale of the natural resources.

It is contended that these companies are being operated by trust companies and that these latter trust companies are not anxious for certain reasons in the finding of new markets for pulpwood.

While Hon. Peter Heenan denied recently that he had conferred with ministers of the Quebec government in respect to the pulp industry during the course of a three-day visit to Montreal, it is still claimed at Toronto that some kind of an arrangement was worked out whereby the two governments would act jointly in respect to the industry.

New Appointments Made London Life Insurance Co.

Rapidly expanding business, as evidenced by the passing of the \$500,000,000 mark in life insurance in force, has necessitated a widening of the official personnel of the London Life Insurance Company, and six major appointments have been announced by President J. Edgar Jeffrey, K.C. and Managing Director Edward E. Reid, John D. Buchanan, B.A., F.A.C., becomes Assistant General Manager and Actuary; J. S. Lovell, F.C.I.S., Assistant General Manager and Executive Secretary, and J. G. Stephenson, C.L.U., Assistant General Manager and Superintendent of Agencies. J. F. Maine has been appointed Agency Executive Officer; J. A. Campbell, F.A.S., is Associate Actuary and O. D. Newton is Secretary of the Company.

Want Ads

With the issue of The Advance semi-weekly, the rates for want ads have been simplified. Want ads now are 1c per word with a minimum of 25c (35c if charged).

ROOM AND BOARD

BOARD AND ROOM—Mines preferred; roomers to share rooms together; all conveniences. Apply at 16 Wilson Avenue, Timmins or Box 195. -50ap

PROPERTIES FOR SALE

FOR SALE—Four-roomed house at 221 Maple Street, South, Timmins. Apply on premises. -6p

Inter-University Radio Debates Next Five Fridays

On Friday last the first of a series of inter-university debates was inaugurated by the Canadian Radio Broadcasting Commission. There will be similar radio debates for the next five Fridays. The debate last Friday was between teams representing the University of Toronto and Queen's University on the topic:—"Resolved that there is as much scope for individuality in industry under government control as under unrestricted competition." Next Friday, Jan. 25th, the topic will be:—"Resolved that our system of co-education in universities should be abolished." It will be debated by teams representing the University of Western Ontario and McMaster University. At the same time the same topics will be debated by university teams in Western Canada, in Quebec, and in the Maritime Provinces. The semi-finals will be held on February 8th and 15th. The final debate on February 22nd which will be heard over the Commission's national network, will be on the topic "Resolved that democracy is suitable only for periods of prosperity."

Youthful Offenders to Have Special Attention

Adoption in Canada of what is known in England as the "Borstal system" for the special care of boys sentenced to the penitentiaries is being considered by the Dominion government, the Speech from the Throne made the announcement. Boys under 21 years old when sentenced for three or more years instead of going to penitentiaries, would go to a separate institution. This would apply to all boys except those considered incorrigible. They would therefore have no contact with older prisoners. A complaint on the present system in Canada has been that boys were often thrown into the company of hardened criminals. At a Borstal institution in England while the discipline is strict, the boys for the most part do outdoor work. They are employed on building construction, stone-mason and bricklaying work and various other forms of employment. After the prisoners have served a portion of their sentence, they are released if they have satisfactory jobs to go to. The whole object is to turn out boys with a new outlook on life. An important part of the system is what are termed "Borstal associations." These are voluntary organizations of persons anxious to help the boys make good and these keep a supervision over them. In England there are similar institutions for girl prisoners.

Sir William Mulock, 91, at Opening of Parliament

One of the interesting touches about the opening of parliament at Ottawa on Thursday last was the presence of Rt. Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, leader of the opposition, accompanied by Sir William Mulock, Chief Justice of Ontario. The Chief Justice, who was 91 years of age on Saturday, was present specially to see his grandson, W. P. Mulock, introduced to the House as a new member. Sir William was the guest of Hon. Mr. Mackenzie King during his stay in Ottawa. Sir William was given special attention and courtesies during his visit to the parliament. He was himself a member of the Ottawa House for a number of years, being first elected in 1896. He was Postmaster-General in Sir Wilfred Laurier's cabinet. Sir William's grandson, W. P. Mulock, took his seat for the first time as the member for North York. Sir William's old seat, Sir William was given the honour rarely conferred on an outsider of a seat on the floor of the House.

WOOD FOR SALE

WOOD FOR SALE—16" Jackpine 4 ft. and 16" dry Birch; also mixed wood for furnace. Reasonable price. Apply to Chaput & Mainville, 118 First Avenue Timmins, phone 377 52b 1f

MISCELLANEOUS

SCHOOL OF DANCING—Ice, tap, acrobatic, ballet, adagio, apache. Special attention to children and beginners. Apply to Box 2567 or rear of 222 Birch St. N. W. Timmins -6

CHILDREN FOR ADOPTION—Good homes desired for children, boys and girls, Catholic and Protestant, ages 4 to 14 years. Any home desiring to adopt a youngster should have their clergyman write A. G. Carson, Supt. Children's Aid, Timmins, Ont. 441f

PUBLIC NOTICE

Porcupine District Pipe Band Whist Drive and dance will be held in the Hollinger Townsite hall on Wednesday, this week, January 23rd, at 8 p.m. prompt. Refreshments will be served at close of Whist Drive. Admission, Whist Drive and dance, 50c. For dance only, 25c. Splendid prizes, now on view in Fine street window of Marshall-Ecclestone's store. -6

Notice of Application to the Legislature of Ontario

Notice is hereby given that the Corporation of the Town of Timmins will apply to the Legislative Assembly of the Province of Ontario, at the present session thereof for an Act authorizing the said Council to pass a By-law fixing the Poll Tax at an amount not to exceed \$10.00. Dated at Timmins, Ontario, this 16th day of January A.D. 1935. T. A. MACDONALD, Timmins, Ontario, Solicitor herein for the Applicant. -6-3-10-12-14-16

Notice to Creditors and Others

In the Estate of Thomas Teasdale, deceased.

All persons having claims against the Estate of the above mentioned who died in the Town of Schumacher, in the District of Cochrane, on the 11th day of November, 1934, are required to file proof of same with the undersigned on or before the 16th day of February, 1935.

After that date the Public Trustee will proceed to distribute the estate, having regard only to the claims of which he shall then have had notice.

Dated at Toronto this 15th day of January, 1935. A. N. MIDDLETON, Public Trustee, Osgoode Hall, Toronto, Ontario.

OR AMOS H. BROWN, Timmins, Ontario, Solicitor for the Public Trustee. -6-8

Highlights in the Trial of Hauptman in New Jersey

The trial of Bruno Hauptman on charges of kidnaping and murdering the baby son of Col. and Mrs. Lindbergh continues to drag along. The most sensational features of the case in the last few days were interruptions, one by Hauptman and the other by his wife, the word "liar" in each case being hurled at a witness for the prosecution. The fact that the newspapers have given large headings and much space to these two interruptions suggest the lack of startling evidence or proceedings. It is expected that the evidence against Hauptman will continue for a couple more days and then the defence evidence will be submitted. This latter is expected to be sensational but may not prove so startling as some think. The defence plan has been to suggest sensational evidence in rescue but it remains to be seen how much this idea is founded on actual facts.

HEAD OFFICE OF BIDGOOD TO BE AT KIRKLAND LAKE

Annual and special meetings of Bidgood Kirkland Gold Mines Limited, will be held at Toronto, today, Monday, January 21. One matter to come up for consideration will be the release of pooled shares.

The changing of company head office from Hamilton to the properties at Kirkland Lake, and the doubling of the company's capital from 2,000,000 to 4,000,000 shares will also come up.

North Bay Nugget:—A Hollywood designer says high laced shoes are coming back. And, with longer skirts, women again will have to depend on their faces to attract the men.

Afternoon Tea -- Sale of Home Baking

Under the Auspices of St. Matthew's Ladies Guild AT THE HOME OF Mr. R. J. Ennis, Schumacher. On Wednesday, January 23rd, 1935 from 3.00 p.m. to 6.00 p.m. Mrs. Joyner and Miss Jones, hostesses. -6