

Announcing Semi-Weekly Issue of The Advance

With this issue The Advance commences a semi-weekly issue of the pioneer paper of the Porcupine. The Advance hereafter will be published

Every Monday and Thursday

With the room and accommodation in the new Advance building, better service than ever is possible. Many new features are being added to the Semi-Weekly Advance.

No Change in Subscription Price

There will be no change in subscription price. Readers will receive two papers weekly for the price of one. Subscription price by mail as heretofore, \$2.00 a year. Single copies, 3 cents, or by mail 5 cents.

New Rates for Want Advertisements

The rates for want advts. are being simplified with the issue of the semi-weekly. Hereafter the rate for classified advertising will be 1 cent per word, with a minimum of 25 cents (35c cents if charged).

The Porcupine Advance

Timmins, Ont., Phone 26.

Timmins has had Seven Mayors in its History

Many Acclamations for Mayors and Councils in Record of Town. Review of the Various Councils in the History of the Town of Timmins.

With the recent municipal election passed into history, there may be interest in the elections of the past in Timmins. The 1935 council makes the twenty-fourth, the year 1926 having two sets, the first one unseated and the second elected in March 1926. The following is a resume of the council boards since the incorporation of the town in 1912.

The first four years in the history of the town, mayor and council were elected by acclamation. Wm. G. Wilson was the first mayor and he was elected to the office five successive years by acclamation. J. P. McLaughlin was the town's second mayor. He was elected by acclamation in two successive years, 1917 and 1918. The town's third mayor was Dr. McInnis who held the post for seven successive years, being elected by acclamation five times. He was elected for his eighth term (1926) but the election was protested and in the contest on March, 1926, Dr. McInnis lost to E. G. Dickson by 35 votes.

The fifth mayor of Timmins was E. L. Longmore who was elected in 1927 in a spirited contest and re-elected by acclamation for 1928. The sixth mayor was George S. Drew who was elected by acclamation for 1929, 1930 and 1931 and won a keen contest for 1932 and another for 1933. For 1934 and 1935 R. Richardson was elected mayor by acclamation, but in each case there was a contest for council. He is Timmins' seventh mayor.

The First Mayor and Council

The first mayor and council for the town of Timmins (for 1912) was as follows:—Mayor W. H. Wilson; councillors, C. E. Duke, D. Jacobs, W. E. McCoy, A. R. Globe, J. D. Vallanceourt and J. P. McLaughlin, C. H. D. Brooke was the first clerk and treasurer.

The 1913 mayor and council were elected by acclamation as follows:—W. H. Wilson, mayor and J. P. McLaughlin, A. R. Globe, W. E. McCoy, Chas. Pierce and H. Peters. T. M. Wilson was clerk and treasurer.

For 1914 Mayor W. H. Wilson was re-elected by acclamation, the council also by acclamation being W. E. McCoy, Dr. H. H. Moore, H. Peters, A. R. Globe, J. W. Faithful and E. Lafamme. T. M. Wilson was clerk part of the year and H. E. Montgomery for the rest of the year. Thus the present clerk has been at his post for over twenty-one years, during which time he has given excellent service.

For 1915 the mayor and council were again elected by acclamation as follows:—W. H. Wilson, mayor; and A. R. Globe, W. E. McCoy, H. Peters, Dr. H. H. Moore, E. Lafamme and Chas. Dalton councillors.

For 1916 Mayor Wilson was re-elected for his term by acclamation but there was a contest for the council, the following votes being polled:—A. R. Globe 251; Dr. H. H. Moore, 171; C. G. Williams, 150; Dr. McInnis, 115; A. Brazeau, 107; J. F. McLaughlin, 94; M. Boivin, 91; Chas. Pierce, 84; H. Charlebois, 75; H. J. Marshall, 75. The first six named were the councillors elected. Less than 300 votes were polled.

For the 1917 council there were two nominated for mayor, J. P. McLaughlin and Dr. McInnis, and thirteen for council. This was felt to be unlucky and all but five retired leaving Globe, Williams, Dr. Moore, A. Brazeau and Chas. Pierce for the council. These were elected and Dr. McInnis withdrawing from the mayoralty contest, J. P. McLaughlin was elected mayor by acclamation, while Dr. McInnis was later elected by acclamation to the place on the council.

For 1918, J. P. McLaughlin mayor and Councillors Globe, Williams, Moore, Brazeau, Pierce and McInnis were the only ones nominated and were accordingly re-elected by acclamation.

The Election for 1919

Around the close of 1918 there was a decided interest in municipal affairs and a general request for a change. A ratepayers' association was formed and there was a lively contest both for mayor and seats on the council. The election took place on Jan. 6th, 1919 and a good vote turned out. Four had been nominated for mayor but two of them Messrs McLaughlin and Brazeau withdrew. In the election Dr. McInnis polled 139 votes and Dr. Moore 114. Dr. McInnis thus elected mayor by a majority of 25. Those elected to the council were:—L. S. Newton, 143; E. L. Longmore, 137; J. W. Fogg, 118; A. Brazeau, 115; J. M. Studor, 95; W. DeFeu, 94. Other candidates were D. Ostricker, J. K. Moore, Jos. A. Theriault, C. Pierce and R. Vollett.

Dr. McInnis' 1920 Acclamation for 1920, Dr. McInnis was re-elected mayor by acclamation and the following were elected councillors by acclamation:—E. L. Longmore, L. S. Newton, John W. Fogg, D. Laprarie, W. DeFeu and J. M. Studor.

For 1921 there was a contest for the mayoralty and another for the council. For mayor Dr. McInnis received 253 votes, being elected by a majority of 117 over A. Brazeau. There were nine qualified for seats at the 1921 Council, E. L. Longmore, L. S. Newton, T. F. King, J. E. Sullivan, J. E. Morin and E. S. Noble being elected, the three other candidates being W. DeFeu, R. D. Robertson and D. Laprarie. An odd feature of this election was the large number of spoiled ballots.

For 1922 Dr. McInnis was re-elected by acclamation. Ten qualified for council and Messrs Longmore, Noble, Newton, Morin, Bacon and King were elected. The other candidates were J. E. Sullivan, N. E. Wadsworth, H. Charlette and Champayne.

For 1923 Dr. McInnis was re-elected mayor by acclamation and the coun-

cillors who were also elected by acclamation were:—E. L. Longmore, L. S. Newton, J. E. Sullivan, J. H. Bacon, J. E. Morin and F. M. Wallingford.

For the year 1924 Dr. McInnis received another acclamation. There were 20 candidates qualified for seats at the council. The council elected comprised:—E. L. Longmore 552; H. Charlebois, 460; Geo. S. Drew, 450; J. H. Bacon, 386; F. M. Wallingford, 324; J. Morrison, 323. The other candidates for council included:—T. F. King, D. Laprarie, L. S. Newton, J. P. Bartleman, T. Blackman, M. Maltais, N. McEachern, S. B. Rawlinson, Val English, N. E. Wadsworth, Geo. Kenty, S. A. Boutin, A. J. Downie and J. E. Morin.

Two Elections for 1926

There were two elections for the 1926 council. In the first one in the contest for the mayoralty Dr. J. A. McInnis received 1001 votes, Gordon H. Gauthier had 608 and A. Brazeau had 113. Dr. McInnis had a good majority over the two others and was elected mayor for 1926. There were fourteen candidates for the council. E. L. Longmore headed the poll with 819, the next nearest being George S. Drew, 606; followed by Dr. Joyal, 572; J. H. Bacon, 547; H. Charlebois, 506; and J. Morrison, 506. These were the members elected to the first 1926 council. The other candidates running were M. McChesney, J. E. Morin, Dr. Brennan, S. G. Eplet, J. A. Theriault, Mark Bowie, L. Halperin and Ed Richards.

The election for 1926 as above was protested and a new election ordered by the judge. The second election was on March 5th, 1926. The candidates for mayoralty were Dr. McInnis and E. G. Dickson, Mr. Dickson winning by a majority of 35 and being the mayor for the balance of 1926. The councillors elected and votes polled were as follows:—Brennan, 1012; Joyal, 1009; Longmore, 909; Drew, 831; Eplet, 829; Bacon, 803. The other candidates were Morrison, 753; Frank Valois, 689; H. Charlebois, 661.

Keen Contest in 1927

There was a spirited contest for the mayoralty and the municipal council for 1927. The election was held on January 3rd. The vote was the largest ever cast in Timmins up to that time, over 2,500 voting. E. L. Longmore received 1359 votes, being elected mayor by 133 votes over E. G. Dickson, the mayor in 1926. For council George S. Drew headed the poll with 1353 votes, W. H. Pritchard was second with 1288 votes, A. G. Carson was third with 1052, Dr. Joyal with 1049, F. Francis with 1045 and Dr. Brennan 1014. Among the unsuccessful candidates A. Caron, T. Villeneuve and H. Morin polled large votes.

Nominations for the 1928 mayor were held on December 26th, 1927 and Mayor Longmore was elected mayor for the ensuing year by acclamation. There were twenty nominated for councillors but only five qualified and these were elected by acclamation. The five thus elected were:—Geo. S. Drew, W. H. Pritchard, A. G. Carson, P. Dougall and Dr. Brennan. However, in the meantime before the limit set by the law for qualifying, Dr. Brennan decided to withdraw. This left only four councillors and after the new year, new nominations were called for Jan. 19th to fill the two vacancies. J. P. Roy and A. Caron were nominated but did not qualify, a new nomination thus being necessary. On February 9th the nominations were held for the third time for the 1928 council. Messrs E. Richardson and C. P. Ramsay were nominated and qualified and were duly elected by acclamation.

The council for 1929 was elected by acclamation as follows: Geo. S. Drew, mayor; A. G. Carson, R. Richardson, P. Dougall, C. P. Ramsay, H. Charlebois and Alfred Caron.

For 1930 Mayor Geo. S. Drew was elected by acclamation and the following were the councillors, also elected by acclamation:—A. G. Carson, R. Richardson, Alfred Caron, C. P. Ramsay, Dr. Lee Honey and J. T. Chenier.

For the 1931 council board, Geo. S. Drew was re-elected mayor by acclamation, but there was a contest for the council. The vote was small, Alfred Caron heading the poll with 441 and the other councillors elected being:—Dr. S. L. Honey, J. T. Chenier, R. Richardson, J. E. H. Chateauvert and John Morrison, the latter having 344 votes. A. G. Carson who came next, had 328 votes, the other candidates not elected receiving votes in the following order: K. Eyre, D. Laprarie, S. C. Platous, A. G. Luxton.

Vote for Mayor Only, 1932

For 1932 although the council were elected by acclamation there was a battle for the mayoralty. The candidates for office were Geo. S. Drew and J. E. H. Chateauvert. Mayor Drew received 1651 votes against his opponent's 1352. The councillors were:—R. Richardson, Dr. S. L. Honey, J. Morrison, J. T. Chenier, Alfred Caron and A. P. Dooley.

For 1933's mayor and council there were hard-fought battles all round. George S. Drew polled 2217 votes over J. E. H. Chateauvert's 2104 votes. For council Dr. S. L. Honey headed the poll with 2179; J. Morrison, 1967; R. Richardson, 1962; J. K. Massie, 1726; Geo. W. Parsons, 1702; and Moise Maltais, 1668. Defeated candidates were A. Paquette, 1568; J. T. Chenier, 1532; W. Stewart, 1480 and N. Thachuk, 468.

For the year 1934 H. Richardson was given his first acclamation as mayor.

FRIDAY
December 14

Fashion Show and Dance

Staged by
**The Smart Set
Dress Shoppe**

Music by
**Al Pieria and his
Vagabond Kings**

at the
RIVERSIDE PAVILION

Elections held on December 4th resulted as follows:—J. E. H. Chateauvert, 2375 votes; Moise Maltais, 2035; David Laprarie, 1991; Alex Belec, 1730; J. F. Bartleman, 1597; Albert Paquette 1481. Those whose names were also before the electors as candidates for council were Len Cousins, 1277 votes, Dr. S. L. Honey, 1203; J. E. Morrison, 1151; J. K. Massie, 1004; Geo. W. Parsons, 953; and Wm. Stewart, 740.

1935's council will be headed by Mayor R. Richardson who received his second acclamation last week when Dr. S. L. Honey retired from the mayoralty contest.

New Record in Value of Mineral Output

Hon. Mr. Leduc Estimates the Year's Output at \$136,000,000, Which is 24 per cent above 1933 Output.

According to Toronto newspapers, Hon. Paul Leduc, Minister of Mines in the Heppburn Government, has announced new high records in the value of Ontario's mineral production for the past nine months.

Total value of the year's production was estimated at \$136,000,000 in Canadian funds, an increase of 24 per cent over total production of \$109,819,000 in 1933 and greater by \$18,000,000 than the value of minerals produced in the peak year of 1929.

Gold Leads the Way

Gold led the way to mining prosperity during the nine months from January up to and including September. Taking exchange equalization into consideration, the production value in 1934 in Canadian funds was \$12,578,919 in excess of that for the nine months of 1933, the total figures of value being \$54,559,266 as against \$41,980,347.

Other leading metals also showed increased value. There was a \$1,500,000 increase in the value of platinum; nearly \$5,000,000 increase in nickel, \$700,000 in silver, \$1,500,000 in platinum metals and nearly \$3,000,000 in copper.

While the number of ounces of gold recovered in Ontario may have declined, the quantity of ore treated has increased, moving up from 4,150,777 tons during the first three-quarters of 1933 to 4,699,470 tons in 1934.

The performance was regarded as indicating the increased milling facilities and also the ability of the mines to treat much lower grade ore, thereby increasing the life of the mines and the communities now dependent on this industry.

At Porcupine the average value per ton of ore treated at the standard price of gold, \$20.67 per ounce, was \$5.32. At Kirkland Lake it was \$10.53 per ton and in Northwestern Ontario \$2.75 per ton. During the period seven mines reported production from Porcupine, 11 in Kirkland Lake and 12 in Northwestern Ontario.

Great Change Created

Although the output from the latter section was small and mainly produced by one mine, the Howey, the report declared the increased price of gold, modern milling methods and improved transportation facilities have created considerable change in the outlook of the gold mining industry in this area.

Believing developments in gold-mining in the northwestern section of the province will create considerable interest in the next few years, the report thought favourable developments at Little Long Lac mine, Central Patricia, Pickle Crow and the Red Lake area indicate a revival of gold-mining in the section. It is too soon to estimate the importance of the Sturgeon river area, said the report.

A revival of activity in the old Cobalt camp, famous silver producer, was noted, and it was predicted advancing prices for silver and a keener demand for cobalt ores indicate some measure of prosperity. During the first 10 months of the year, 12 properties at Cobalt and one at Elk Lake made shipments totalling 1,139 tons. Value of production in the area increased from \$780,000 for the first nine months of 1933 to \$1,000,000 in the corresponding period this year.

Recovery was also noted in the nickel-copper industry where the value of nickel-copper smelting has shown a steady increase from \$753,000 in the first nine months of 1930 to \$1,200,000 in the first nine months of 1934.

KEEP THE BORDER FREE

The suggestion from a Florida Senator that twenty airports be placed at strategic points including Buffalo, is strongly opposed by the Buffalo Courier-Express. It wants the border free of any suggestions of military display, as in the past 100 years.—Waterloo Chronicle.