

BEE HIVE

GOLDEN CORN SYRUP

A GREAT ENERGY FOOD

COPPER CLIFF MAGISTRATE THROUGH AFTER 29 YEARS

Thomas Stoddart, of Copper Cliff, magistrate for 29 years, is among those receiving notice that he is through so far as his work as magistrate is concerned. He has been magistrate for 29 years and has earned the regard of all in that position. He has lived in Copper Cliff for 44 years and has been an outstanding and helpful citizen of the community. But why bring that up? He is also an Aberdeen Scotsman, but why bring that up? He was first appointed police magistrate for Copper Cliff in 1905, his jurisdiction in 1913 being extended to Creighton, Snider and McKim townships. In 1917 he resigned his position with the International Nickel Co. to take the place of Magistrate D. M. Brodie, when the latter went overseas. In 1920 his jurisdiction was again enlarged, with further extensions since that time. He was made an associate coroner in 1920. Other offices he has held include—township clerk for McKim township, town clerk for Copper Cliff, treasurer for Copper Cliff, member of Copper Cliff band, notary public. The only ones left for him to-day are the jobs of associate coroner and notary public. It is an interesting sidelight on his attitude towards life that when he was notified that the government had "fired" him, he simply went off on the fishing trip that he had planned for a holiday. In the early days of his work as magistrate he had to put up with difficulties and hardships of all sorts. But why bring that up? In the early days he travelled by passenger or freight train, speeder, troop train or any way to get there, and he never could say when he would be back. According to Magistrate Stoddart, Copper Cliff was not an ugly place in the early days, but just the contrary, there being beautiful green bush around it. It was the roasting yards and sulphur treatment of ores in the neighborhood that killed the vegetation and made the town lose its first good looks.

FIFTH GOLD BAR SHIPMENT FROM J. M. CONSOLIDATED

J. M. Consolidated Gold Mines Limited has shipped its fifth bar of gold to the mint at Ottawa, and the weight is 159.46 troy ounces, according to official announcement. Gold bars are being shipped regularly every two weeks and production is being stepped up. A wire from D. M. Thomson, mine manager, states that the new ore body recently uncovered 800 feet east of the present shaft is rapidly passing from the interesting stage to definite promise of a body of vast tonnage of profitable ore that will add greatly to the ore reserves already indicated.

Barrie Examiner:—It took the soldiers to put some real pep into a Toronto centennial celebration.

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PHONE 340

Summary of the Ontario Game and Fisheries Regulations

Open Seasons for Game in Province. Regulations in Regard to Duck Hunting, Fishing Laws, Limits of Catches. Thirty-two Things that are Forbidden by Ontario Laws and Regulations.

There are usually so many enquiries about the rules and regulations in regard to hunting and fishing that a summary of the Ontario Game and Fisheries laws for 1934 are given here. This summary is made by the Dept. of Game and Fisheries, and though subject to change, comprises the main part of the law as at present.

Limits of Catch
Wild Ducks:—15 per day, 150 per season.
Wild Geese:—15 per day.
Wilson Snipe:—25 per day.
Woodcock:—8 per day, 125 per season.
Black Bass:—6 per day, not less than 10 inches in length.
Maskinonge:—2 per day, regardless of length.
Yellow Pickerel and Pike:—8 per day, regardless of length.
Lake Trout:—5 per day.
Rainbow Trout, Brown Trout and Aurora Trout:—5 per day; not less than 7 inches in length.
Speckled Trout:—20 per day in number to be not more than 10 pounds in weight, not less than 7 inches in length.

Regulations
It is Unlawful:—
1. To employ a Guide unless he is licensed.
2. To carry a loaded gun in a motor car or other vehicle.
3. To use dogs for hunting of fox, without a permit.
4. To have poison in your possession for taking fur-bearing animals.
5. To ship out of province, or send to a tanner, any pelts without a permit.
6. To use the hands or any contrivance whatever other than a fire-arm when ferrets are used in the taking of rabbits.
7. To take more than one deer or moose per license, or a cow moose or moose calf.
8. To keep fur-bearing animals or game birds in captivity without first securing a license.
9. To molest or destroy a den or usual place of habitation of any fur-bearing animal, other than wolf.
10. To buy or sell pelts of fur-bearing animals, either commercially or for personal use, before securing a license.
11. To use snares for any purpose in the Counties of Victoria, Peterborough, Hastings, Lennox, Addington, Frontenac, Leeds and Grenville.
12. To shoot between sunset and sunrise (standard time) or between sunset on Saturday and sunrise on the following Monday (standard time).
13. To shoot or spear muskrat, or set a trap closer than five feet to muskrat's house, burrow, feed house or push-up, or within twenty feet of a beaver house.
14. To permit the flesh of any animal, bird or fish taken, suitable for food, to be destroyed or spoilt, or the pelts of fur-bearing animals to be destroyed or spoilt.
15. To use a farmer's deer license unless you are a farmer actually living upon and tilling your own land or lands to the possession of which you are entitled.
16. To trap fur-bearing animals unless you are a resident British subject, and without first securing a license. (This does not apply to a farmer trapping other than beaver or otter on his own premises, nor to the taking of wolves).
17. To take any bear except under the authority of a trapping license or a hunting license and during the open seasons in which such licenses are valid.
18. To carry or use fire-arms for hunting any bird or animal, except under the authority of a license.
19. To be in possession of any wild native (insectivorous) birds, except hawks, owls, crows, cowbirds, black-birds (grackles), starlings and house sparrows.
20. To buy or sell deer, moose, caribou, elk, wild geese, wild ducks or other waterfowl, snipe, quail, woodcock, pheasants, ruffed grouse (partridge), prairie chicken, pinnated grouse and Hungarian partridge.
21. To conceal or attempt to conceal during transportation, the carcass or any part of the carcass of deer, moose or caribou.
22. To use dogs for the hunting of deer, moose, caribou, mink, beaver and otter or to permit dogs to run deer, moose and caribou at any time of the year anywhere in Ontario.
23. To take any bull-frog during the months of May and June.
24. To angle or hunt without a license, if you are a non-resident.
25. To take any Small or Large-mouthed Black Bass, Maskinonge, Speckled Trout, Brown Trout, Rainbow Trout or Aurora Trout, except by angling.
26. To buy, sell or export Black Bass, Maskinonge, Speckled Trout, Brown Trout, Rainbow Trout or Aurora Trout

no matter how procured, or to sell Yellow Pickerel (Pike-perch or Dore) Pike or Lake Trout taken by angling or in any other manner except under license. Non-residents may, on leaving the Province, take the lawful catch of two days' fishing if shipping coupon supplied with angling license is attached to package containing such fish.
27. To fish from a boat or other floating device or through the ice in the Counties of Victoria, Peterborough, Durham and Northumberland and the waters of the River Trent, Lake Seaburg, Crow Lake, Crow River and Beaver Creek in any county during the close season for the taking of bass and maskinonge; except that this does not apply
(a) to the taking of Lake Trout, Speckled Trout, Brown Trout or Rainbow Trout during the respective open seasons in waters not inhabited by Black Bass and Maskinonge; and
(b) to the taking of any fish, other than Black Bass and Maskinonge from an anchored boat with any bait other than artificial varieties from May 16th to July 1st.
28. To buy, sell or be in possession of gill nets without the authority of a license or permit.
29. To use dynamite or other explosive material for the taking of fish.
30. To angle for the purpose of sale or traffic in waters licensed for the purpose of net fishing, or to angle for any purpose within twenty-five yards of a pound net.
31. To use unbaited hooks for the taking of fish by snagging or grappling, or by gaffing except in the landing of any fish actually taken in angling operations.
32. To use artificial lights for the taking of fish by any means.

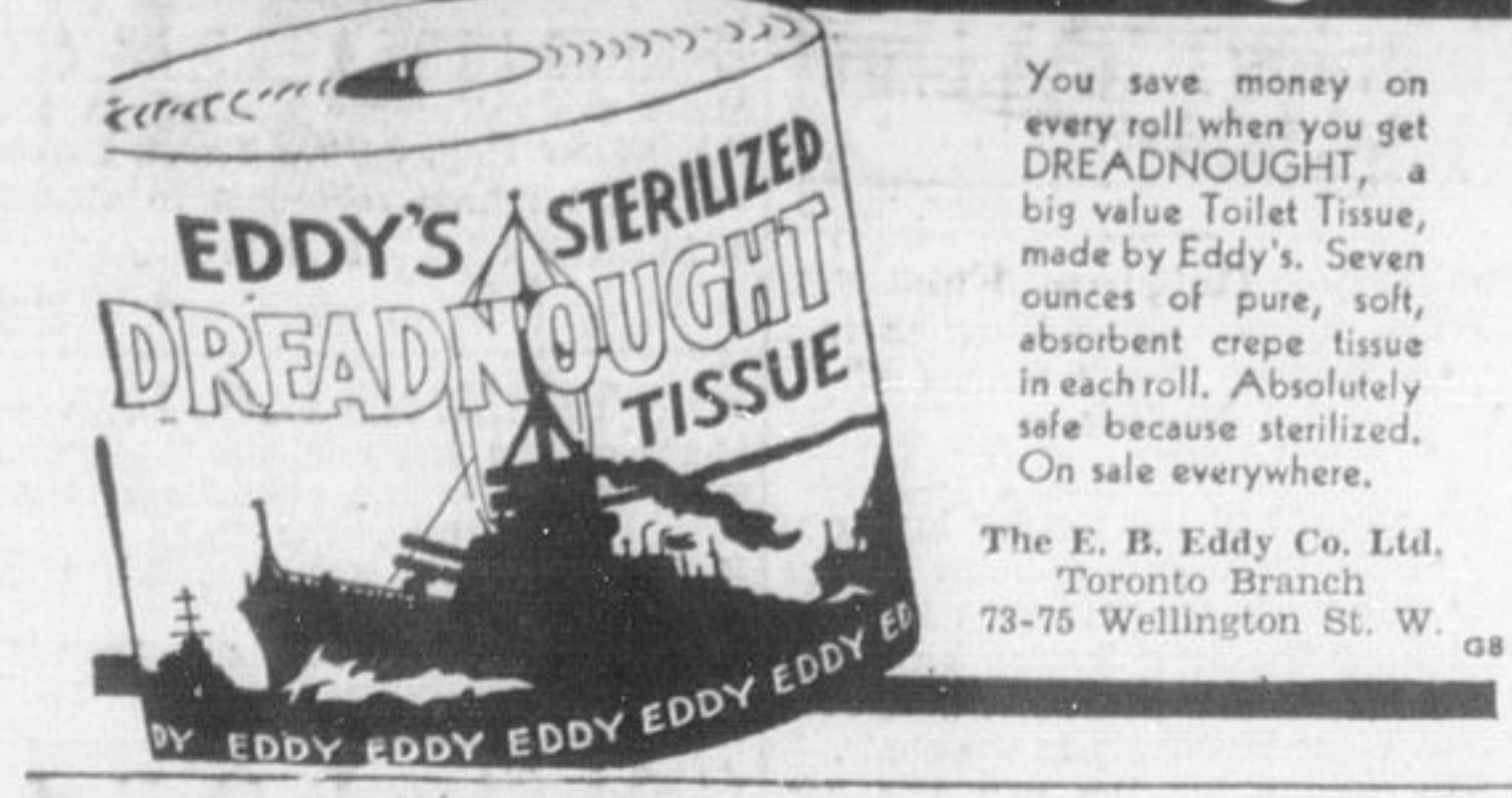
Open Seasons
Beaver and Otter:—(a) Close season in that portion of Ontario lying south of the main line of the Canadian National Railway, formerly Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, from the Quebec boundary to the Manitoba boundary.
(b) Open season for resident Indians only, in that portion of Ontario lying north of the area mentioned in the preceding paragraph, from December 15th to March 31st, next following.
Indians may trap beaver and otter only in the district they live. The trapping of beaver and otter in any part of Ontario is forbidden by law to all persons except Indians, and is permitted to them only in the territory above described.
Fisher, Marten, Mink and Fox:—From November 1st to February 28th, inclusive.
Raccoon:—From November 1st to December 31st, inclusive.
Muskrat:—(a) In that portion of Ontario lying north of the French and Mattawa River from April 1st to May 21st.
(b) In that portion of Ontario, lying south of the French and Mattawa Rivers, by Order-in-Council.
Rabbit, Weasel, Lynx, Skunk:—No close season.
Deer and Moose:—(a) In that portion of Ontario lying north of the main line of the Canadian National Railway formerly the Grand Trunk Pacific Railway, from the Quebec boundary to the Manitoba boundary, from September 15th to November 25th, inclusive.
(b) In that portion of Ontario lying north of the Mattawa River and the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway to Heron Bay on the north shore of Lake Superior, and south of the main line of the Canadian National Railway, from October 20th to November 25th, inclusive.
(c) In that portion of Ontario lying north of Lake Nipissing and the French River and south of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Railway to Heron Bay, from November 1st to November 25th, inclusive; except on St. Joseph's Island in the District of Algoma, from November 10th to November 25th, inclusive.
(cc) In that portion of Ontario (except southwestern and certain eastern counties) lying south of the French and Mattawa Rivers, from November 5th to November 20th, inclusive. (NOTE: In this section taking of moose is prohibited).
Wild Geese, Wild Ducks and Wilson Snipe:—(a) In that portion of Ontario lying north and west of the French and Mattawa River, (and including Georgian Bay waters), from September 1st to December 15th, inclusive.
(b) In that portion of Ontario lying south of the French and Mattawa Rivers, (but excluding Georgian Bay waters), from September 15th to December 15th, inclusive. NOTE: The taking of Wood duck is prohibited at all times. Eider duck may be taken in that portion of Ontario lying north of the main line of the Canadian National Railway from the Quebec boundary to the Manitoba boundary from September 1st to December 15th, inclusive.
Woodcock:—From September 15th to November 30th, inclusive.
Ruffed Grouse, Canada Grouse, Sharp-tailed Grouse, Prairie Hen, Hungarian Partridge, Ptarmigan, Pheasant, Quail, Wild Turkey, Mourning Doves, Black and Grey Squirrels:—No open season except by Order-in-Council as and where conditions may warrant.
Maskinonge and Black Bass:—From July 1st to October 15th, inclusive; except
(a) River St. Clair, Lake St. Clair, Detroit River and River St. Lawrence, from June 16th to October 15th, inclusive; and
(b) Lake Erie waters, fronting Essex County, from July 15th to May 24th next following, inclusive.
Speckled Trout, Brown Trout and Aurora Trout:—From May 1st to September 14th, inclusive.
Rainbow Trout:—From June 2nd to September 14th inclusive.
Lake Trout:—No close season in Lake Nipigon, Great Lakes, Georgian Bay, North Channel, Bay of Quinte and River St. Lawrence.
Inland Waters:—
(a) In that portion of Ontario lying south of, and excluding, the French and Mattawa Rivers and Lake Nipissing, from November 16th to October 14th next following, inclusive.
(b) In that portion of Ontario lying north and west of, and including, the French and Mattawa Rivers and Lake Nipissing, from November 16th to October 24th next following, inclusive.
Yellow Pickerel and Pike:—No close season in Great Lakes, Georgian Bay, North Channel and their intervening international connecting waters and River St. Lawrence.
Inland Waters:—(a) In that portion of Ontario lying south of and including the French and Mattawa Rivers and Lake Nipissing from May 16th to March 31st next following, inclusive.
(b) In that portion of Ontario lying north and west of and including the French and Mattawa Rivers and Lake Nipissing, from May 16th to April 14th

"He had seen the Crown Land Agent, he said, and found that there were not many homesteads of quality left in the neighbourhood, so decided to work for the winter and then try to buy a farm with a bit of clearing and perhaps a building. "I'm sure to have work for the winter," he wrote, "and in the spring I'll buy a lot and get on it with money in my pocket."
"Mr. Constantineau wishes everyone he met on the way from the city to know that he is well settled and well satisfied. He says there is no great difficulty, even for a city man, in getting a start in Northern Ontario, and goes on to relate that before leaving Montreal he had sought help from a priest in getting out of the city and "back to the land" but he was told he was not fit for farming, and got no assistance.
"First impressions of this new settler, as far as Northern Ontario is concerned, are all to the good. He says that he believes it to be ahead of many parts of Quebec in the way of markets, and the people are "very fine." There are more "English-Canadians" than "French-Canadians", he says, but he finds them all the same and has met with nothing but kindness since he left his home city. He concludes his letter with a message of thanks to all the people he met on his trip to the North Country.
"It is to be hoped that this new settler will continue, as he has begun, to have a reasonable amount of success. His is unmistakably a worker, willing to do what comes to hand, and it is his proud boast that he was able to "keep off relief" during the past years of depression. He is now a "booster" for Northern Ontario and all will wish him the best of luck."

SAY THEY GOT BOGUS \$10.00 BILL FROM KIRKLAND BANK
Three men giving their home town as Brooklyn, N.Y., were taken in charge at Sturgeon Falls one day last week and taken to North Bay for questioning. They were held on account of a \$10.00 bill they tendered at the C.N.R. ticket office where it was detected as a counterfeit. An alarm was raised and the men were stopped at Sturgeon Falls. However, the men were able to convince the authorities that they were all right, as they were later released and proceeded on their way. The three men are said to have entered Canada by way of the Maritime provinces and were returning to their home by way of Sault Ste. Marie. The explanation of the three men was that they had been given the \$10.00 bill at a Kirkland Lake bank and had accepted it at its face value. If the bill was given the men in a bank they had no reason whatever to doubt its value, especially if they were not familiar with Canadian paper money. On the other hand it is not so good to think that even one bogus \$10.00 bill is in circulation in any place as close as Kirkland Lake. It is bad enough to have to watch quarters and half-dollars, but to have to keep a sceptical eye on \$10.00 bills is worse still.

Eganville Leader:—In Ontario it's a "beverage room," in Quebec it's a "lavern," and in Manitoba it's a "parlor," but in all cases it's a place to drink beer.

For the slim budget



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Boosts North After Trek from Montreal

Man and Family Hitch-Hiking from Montreal Now Located Near Matheson. Hopes to Have Farm of His Own.
Several references have been made recently in The Advance to Eugene Constantineau, who, accompanied by his wife and children, hiked from Montreal to the North this summer. A small baby was trundled in a baby carriage as far as North Bay. The baby carriage was found to have outlived its usefulness by the time the party reached North Bay, and it had to be discarded. Nothing daunted, the family continued their journey, the man carrying the baby in his arms. Arriving at Halleybury where he expected to be met by relatives Mr. Constantineau had one more reason for discouragement as there was no one to welcome him. However, later he was

able to locate the relatives, and he spent a few days at Halleybury. Then he proceeded north again, his ambition being to secure a farm of his own. He is now located near Matheson having secured a job on a farm and expecting to be able to secure a homestead of his own in the spring. He has been in touch with the Halleyburian and the Halleybury paper believes that he will make good and that the North will be benefited by this type of settler—the kind that is not overcome by a little hard work. Speaking of his case, The Halleyburian says:—
"Northern Ontario will have another "booster" if the present plans of Eugene Constantineau, formerly of Montreal, are carried out, and there appears to be little doubt that they will be. Mr. Constantineau, it will be remembered, trekked from Montreal to North Bay in July, accompanied by his wife and trundling their small children in a perambulator, and was assisted from that city as far as Halleybury to join his uncle, Michael Deraiche.
"He spent some ten days in this section, picking blueberries and thus earning a few dollars, and was then assisted by the authorities in getting north to Matheson, where he hoped to find some work and to get a farm.
"Last week Mr. Constantineau wrote The Halleyburian to let us and other people know how the family was doing. He stated that they landed in Matheson, met up with Aldrige Roy, to whom he had been directed and who showed the family great kindness, and after about one day secured a steady job on a farm.

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