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Giving the Views on the Canyon Project

Toronto Globe Discusses at Length in Editorial Article Views on the Abitibi Canyon Project.

The following editorial giving both Northern and Southern views on the Abitibi Canyon power question is from The Toronto Globe last week. The following is The Globe article:—

It is announced that the Provincial Cabinet will meet at noon today for the purpose of considering the latest proposals for sale of the Abitibi Canyon power plant. Not for many months has the public been so keenly interested in any pending Government business. It is obvious, on the one hand, that mismanagement or carelessness might leave the public treasury unjustly burdened with another costly frozen asset. It is obvious, on the other hand, that all legitimate claims may be satisfied and all public interests safeguarded by a transaction on sane and statesmanlike lines.

A review of the opinions expressed in the newspapers of the North is sufficient again to remind Southern Ontario that a guaranteed supply of cheap power is an absolute essential for a prosperous Northern Ontario. This consideration causes the entire Northland to regard the proposal for indefinite interruption of the work at Abitibi Canyon as the height of folly. But while the Northern newspapers are unanimous as to the certainty of the ultimate sale of all the power there to be produced, there is an equally united voice as to the need for caution in the terms of the proposed purchase.

The Globe has recently quoted from the Sudbury Star and the North Bay Nugget in this connection. More recent issues of the Porcupine Advance of Timmins, the Cochrane Northland Post, and the Northern Tribune of Kapuskasing throw valuable new light on the point of view of Northern Ontario.

The Timmins paper declares that the vast majority of the people of the Northland agree that the Government is more than justified in acquiring control of the Canyon project, under

proper terms. It argues that the Hydro can now do belated justice to the North by coming into the field in full force. It echoes the resentment of the North at the Hydro's long-standing disposition to surrender the northerly area to private interests.

The Porcupine Advance then says:— When at long last, a couple of years ago, the Hydro-Electric Commission did, indirectly enter the Northern field, through its contract with the subsidiary of the Abitibi Power and Paper Company, there was general regret that the connection had not been more direct. It is felt now, however, that the Government will show poor vision if it allows the Abitibi Canyon power development to drop or be unduly retarded.

The difficulties of the Ontario Power Service Corporation, engaged for the past two years in developing the power at Abitibi Canyon, give an opportunity to the Hydro Commission to enter the Northern field to the general advantage. The general feeling is that the Government should take over the Abitibi power project and carry it to successful completion. It will prove a paying venture from the standpoint alike of the Province and the North.

In a lengthy and carefully reasoned editorial the Cochrane Northland Post marshals all the reasons for large-scale extension of Hydro service throughout the North. It shows the essential relationship between cheaper power and increased mining activity. It urges an eventual "clean sweep" of all the private power interests in the area.

The Cochrane paper reprints in full the four-point plan of purchase suggested by The Globe. It says: The stand adopted by The Globe in the matter is not only reasonable, but is one which, we believe, reflects the attitude of the public generally. While not insisting that the above conditions should be adhered to the last detail, something along these lines would appear to be the most feasible and fair.

It is significant that all three Northern newspapers stress the danger as to the precise terms of purchase, especially in view of the past relations between the owners of the property and the present Administration at Queen's Park.

The Timmins paper says. The idea of the Province, directly or indirectly, guaranteeing the defaulted bonds of the power concern, or otherwise assisting the private corporation to proceed, would surely be unreasonable while the Province refuses to guarantee even the school debentures of municipalities.

The Cochrane journal declares: The contract entered into with the Hydro was such that, had it been possible to complete the development without going to the Government for aid, the revenue from this contract would have been sufficient to cover the interest charges in the original bond issue, thus leaving the balance of power developed over and above requirements of the Hydro contract practically free from cost, the Hydro contract having taken care of all, or nearly all, charges against the whole development. In short, the buyers of Power and Service bonds and the Hydro, between them, were to construct and maintain a power development from which the Abitibi Company was to draw a huge block of power, at no one knows what charge to the Abitibi Company.

The Northern Tribune of Kapuskasing does not mince matters in this connection. It prints in full the letter written by Mr. John Aird Jr. to Mr. J. A. O'Brien of Ottawa describing the alleged part played by Mr. J. H. Black in the Madawaska purchase deal; and points out that the same Mr. Black is continually mentioned in the current negotiations. The Kapuskasing paper also says: We have the impression that most of the bonds issued to carry the Canyon job went into the hands of persons who "got the wink;" that this was another quasisubtle enterprise where easy profits were to be made from a valuable franchise of natural resources. Now that things have gone awry and the market price of the bonds gone away down, these insiders are loudly protesting that they must be taken care of. But there is every present indication that the Government now realizes its own unfortunate part in the undertaking, and is fearful of getting mired deeper in the negotiations for taking it over.

Left to itself, the Canyon development would apparently go bankrupt. We join with other newspapers in declaring that if the Ontario Cabinet takes steps to avert such a retrogression it must do so on the basis that all the risks involved must continue to rest on the shoulders of those who conceived the Abitibi Canyon development, or took the usual financial risk of investing in its bonds. A first requisite will be to abrogate the profligate contract made by the Hydro to take 85,000 horsepower at Sudbury on Oct. 1 this year.

The four-point plan of purchase suggested by The Globe included the complete cancellation of the contract mentioned above. The validity of the contract itself would certainly become a storm-centre if the Government proposed to lend assistance to the present owners on any other basis than outright purchase. It will be remembered that the Hydro contract to buy from the Abitibi Power and Paper Company's subsidiary, the Ontario Power Service Corporation, 85,000 horsepower per year, commencing Oct. 1, 1932. But the Abitibi Company simultaneously agreed to buy back from the Hydro blocks of power totalling 45,000 horsepower per year.

It is no secret that propaganda is now being circulated to the effect that,

Northern Canada to See Eclipse Aug. 31

Spectacle to be Unusually Accessible to Observers Along the Route. Will Originate in Northern Canada.

An eclipse of the sun will be visible in this part of the North on August 31st about 3.30 p.m. In connection with this eclipse a despatch from Washington last week says:—

The first total eclipse of the sun visible in the United States since April 28, 1930, and the last until July 9, 1945 will take place Wednesday afternoon, Aug. 31 under conditions affording better opportunities for observation by Americans than have occurred or will occur again for several years.

The extreme brevity in duration of these events and their inconvenient habit of occurring at points difficult, if not impossible, of access, add to the interest of the fact that the next eclipse beginning in Northern Canada, will pass southward through New England and out to sea at the height of the holiday season. The path of the total eclipse will be about 100 miles wide entering the United States between Alburg, Vt. at the northern end of Lake Champlain, and Ranglely, Me., and extending in a southeasterly direction to the coast with Provincetown and Chatham, Mass., on the south and Boothbay, Me., on the north marking the boundaries of the shadow.

Within these limits the eclipse will be complete with the duration of totality greatest along the central line extending from Cape Porpoise on the Maine coast northward through Guildhall, near the New Hampshire-Vermont boundary line, to the Canadian border. For miles outside these limits the sun can be seen in varying degrees of partial eclipse.

Time of Totality

The eclipse will begin at 3.15 and will end at 3.34 in the afternoon. It will travel in nine minutes from Montreal to Cape Cod. The limit of totality within its path will be one minute and 38 seconds, during which period the darkness will be more complete than at midnight, since there will be no light from the moon and stars only will be visible in the sky.

The last total eclipse, which occurred Oct. 21, 1930, lasted almost two minutes, but being visible only from Nouaoufu, otherwise known as "Tin Can Island," it was witnessed only by the handful of Americans sent there for purposes of official observation and record.

The last total eclipse visible in the United States occurred at 2.10 p.m. on April 28, 1930, and lasted only one and one-half seconds. The region swept by the shadow was only six-tenths of a mile wide, extending from a point about 200 miles north-east of San Francisco to Central Idaho.

The eclipse this Summer will be total at Montreal, where it will be observed from McGill University for only 36 seconds, beginning at 3.24 3.10 p.m. Montreal being near the western border line of the shadow.

At Conway, N.H., however where the eclipse will begin at 2.19 p.m. and end at 4.33 p.m., the duration of totality will be one minute and 36 seconds beginning at 3.28 3-10 and ending at 3.29 9-10.

At Portland, Me., the total phase will begin at 3.48 5-10 and end at 3.50 p.m. The eclipse will be total at Portsmouth and Kittery, but only partial at Bar Harbour, at 3.31 p.m.

There will be, on July 9, 1945 and June 30, 1954, total eclipses that will begin in the northeastern part of the United States but will pass in a few minutes into Canada. Another total eclipse will cross New England, July 20, 1963 very nearly where the eclipse of August 31 will cross this year, but at a different angle. On March 7, 1970, still another total eclipse will pass over Florida at a time when the sun is near the meridian.

The third total eclipse after the one in August of this year that can be observed near the centre of its path in the United States, will enter this country from the Pacific Ocean just south of the Canadian border on Feb. 22, 1979, and range eastward for more than a thousand miles before crossing into Canada.

As the Hydro is already obliged to pay the Ontario Power Service Corporation at least \$1,105,000 per year, any outright purchase price which did not increase the net annual interest charges above the \$1,105,000 figure would be good business.

This argument entirely ignores an essential point—that the Abitibi Company has already served notice of inability to buy back the 45,000 horsepower ordered from the Hydro.

Whether or not the Province finally agrees to buy the property, any arrangement which permitted the Abitibi Company to escape its obligations to Hydro, but held Hydro to its obligations to the Abitibi subsidiary, would be a negotiation of elementary justice.

Record of Deaths from External Violence, 1931

According to a report issued last week by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics, the number of death in Canada from external violence during the year 1931 (preliminary figures) was 7,146 as compared with 7,478 in 1931, 7,151 in 1929, 6,925 in 1928, 6,265 in 1927 and 5,869 in 1926. The rate per 100,000 population was 69 in 1931 as against 73 in 1930, 71 in 1929 and 1928, 65 in 1927 and 62 in 1926. Suicides showed a slight decline in 1931 as compared with the preceding year, the number being 1,064 as against 1,010 but both of these years showed a

All Flies Die

All Mosquitoes... At a Touch of This Perfumed Mist... Based on Flowers of Japan. Madam, let us this season conduct an efficient war on these deadly pests. They enter your home germ-laden. They contaminate your food, they bite. Over 30 diseases are traced to them, and tens of thousands of children, every year, die from their infections. There is a flower, grown in Japan, which these insects cannot tolerate. Modern research has discovered that its extract kills them at a touch. That extract is the basis of Fly-Tox, developed at Mellon Institute of Industrial Research by Rex Research Fellowship. We have spent ten years and over \$100,000 to perfect it. This Fly-Tox, used in a new-type Fly-Tox sprayer, creates in a room a cloud of perfumed mist. It is harmless to people, stainless to anything. But it kills at once every fly or mosquito that it touches. It is so all-pervading, when used rightly, that no insect can escape. Use Fly-Tox for your home's protection. Start when the first fly or mosquito appears. Keep up this war on these deadly pests. The way is easy, economical, pleasant, sure. To rid a room completely costs from 1 to 2 cents.

FLY-TOX ONLY

A Rex Research Product. This means too much to you and yours to use a lesser method. Fly-Tox is economical, for a little goes far. Its strength is guaranteed, for every lot is tested in our laboratory. It is based on flowers. The cloud it creates is agreeable, harmless and stainless. It is the latest, and best that science has produced. Don't trust your home protection to ways less efficient. Fly-Tox is sold everywhere. Go get it now. Fly-Tox is made in Canada.

marked advance over 1929 when suicides numbered 835. Homicides numbered 171 in 1931 giving a rate of 1.7 per 100,000. In 1930 the number of homicides was 214 and the rate 2.1. In 1929 the number was 182 and the rate 1.8. There were 5,971 accidental deaths in 1931 giving a rate of 58 per 100,000. Both the number of deaths and the rate were smaller than in any year since 1927. In 1928 accidental deaths numbered 6,024, in 1929, 6,134, and in 1930, 6,054. In each of the three years the rate was 61 per 100,000. Drownings in 1931 numbered 1,082 or 18 per cent. of the total of fatal accidents, while 1824 or 31 per cent of the total were traffic accidents. Amongst these automobile fatalities numbered 1,302 or 22 per cent of all accidental death. Excluding those cases where an automobile was involved there were 252 deaths from railroad accidents and 359 from street-car accidents. Thirty-five persons were killed during the year in aeroplane and balloon accidents.

Kirkland Lake L.O.L., headed by the Kirkland Lake pipe band, won first prize at Halesbury on the Twelfth for the best dressed unit in the Orange Walk for the district. Charlton was second.

Our Want Ad. Column Brings Sure Results

TREASURER'S SALE OF LANDS FOR TAXES

TOWNSHIP OF WHITNEY, DISTRICT OF COCHRANE

By virtue of a warrant issued by the Reeve of the Township of Whitney, bearing date the 18th day of April, 1931, and to me directed, commanding me to levy upon the several lands being in the Township of Whitney, mentioned and described in the following list of arrears of taxes respectively due thereon and costs, I hereby give notice pursuant to the Assessment Act and Amendments, that unless the said arrears of taxes and costs be sooner paid, I shall on Friday, the 9th day of September, 1932, at the Township Hall at Porcupine, at the hour of 11 o'clock in the forenoon, proceed to sell by public auction so much of the said lands as may be sufficient to discharge the taxes and lawful costs incurred in and about the sale and collection of same.

The following lands are all patented. J. M. NICOLSON, Treasurer, Township of Whitney

Table with columns: No., Owner's Name, Address, Con. or Street and Lot, Years in Arrears, Taxes, Costs, Comm., Total. Lists various land parcels and their owners.

WARRANT AUTHORIZING SALE OF LAND FOR TAXES

To the Treasurer of the Township of Whitney, in the District of Cochrane: You are hereby commanded to levy upon the lands mentioned in the attached list for arrears of taxes due thereon, with your costs pursuant to the provisions of the Assessment Act and Amendments and according to Law. For so doing this shall be your sufficient warrant and authority.

J. W. YOUNG, Reeve, Township of Whitney. Dated at Porcupine this 18th day of April, 1932.

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Mazola advertisement with 'NEW REDUCED PRICES' banner and 'Why NOT MAZOLA IT'S CHEAPER AND BETTER!' text.

Mazola advertisement showing a can of Mazola dressing and a bowl of salad, with text 'MAZOLA for SALAD DRESSINGS AND FOR COOKING'.