

# CONSTIPATION AND BILIOUSNESS TAKE BEDTIME PILLS

These Pills are Purely Vegetable

Every ingredient that enters into their composition is vegetable. If you are troubled with your Liver, Stomach or your Bowels you should take

## Bedtime Pills

There is no need of your appetite being poor—one Bedtime Pill taken as you retire will bring back your lost appetite.

If you have a sallow complexion, blood-shot eyes, a dry skin, feverish and you lack ambition. Bedtime Pills will work wonders.

If your tongue is coated, you have headaches, a bad taste in your mouth, one Bedtime Pill taken at night will fix you up in a short time.

Price 25c per box

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Drug Store**

AND

**The Main Street  
Drug Store**

THE REXALL STORES

## A rash—a skin sore Eczema?

DDD has no rival in the treatment of skin disorders. A doctor's formula that doctors recommend. An active fluid that destroys the disease germs in the skin. DDD cools, soothes, heals. The blemished skin is washed clean. GOLDFIELD DRUG CO. LTD.

## WOLVES KILL TEN DEER IN RADIUS OF ABOUT MILE

All this winter there have been complaints in regard to the damage done to game in this North Land through the evil work of wolves. Last year the complaints were heard, and hunters and others seem to be agreed that the wolves are exterminating the deer in this country. Sections where deer were plentiful at one time now have none of the beauties. As Jack Miner, the noted Canadian nature lover, has repeatedly said:—"The choice has to be made between the deer and the wolves. The country can not have both." Last winter there was so much agitation in the matter that the Government took up the question and arrangements were made to effect a reduction in the number of wolves. It was expected that through co-operation with Quebec province and other provinces a forward step might be taken in regard to eliminating the wolves instead of allowing them to eliminate the deer. Nothing concrete, however, has been accomplished so far as The Advance is aware. It would appear that the whole agitation will have to be resumed again this year to induce some effective action to reduce the wolf menace. All in this country appear to be unanimous in the desire to retain the deer. The common idea would seem to be that the best way of eliminating the wolves is by offering increased bounty for the killing of the pests. The extent of the depredations of the wolves is indicated by the following paragraph from The Pembroke Standard-Observer last week:—"Some indications of the havoc wrought among deer by wolves in this country is given by the report of a trapper from Brougham township that within a radius of a mile and a half he had seen the carcasses of ten deer which had been destroyed by wolves. The deer were killed in open country and only a few miles from a village. The country along the Madawaska river above Calabogie abounds in game, but wolves destroy yearly far more deer than are taken out by hunters, and unless something is done to check their depredations there will be little or no game left in the country before many years."

Vancouver, B.C., Province—It was a thoughtful and gracious act on the part of Premier Tolmie and his government to invite a group of pioneer women to be present in positions of honor at the opening of the Legislature on Tuesday. To these women and others who came before them and worked with them British Columbia owes a debt it will find it difficult to discharge.

## NOVA SCOTIA PRODUCER OF FIRST SPRUCE PAPER HERE

Canada's First Paper Produced from Spruce Pulp was the Invention of Nova Scotian in 1844. First Paper Mill in Halifax in 1819.

Ralph P. Bell, of Halifax, N.S., who is vice-president and managing director of the Canadian Pulpwood Association, in a recent article in the Halifax Herald, points out the importance of the pulp and paper industry is likely to play in the future of Nova Scotia. He ventures to say that to a certain extent it will replace the lumber business, which is slowly disappearing.

Continuing, Mr. Bell says: "The year 1929 has been for Nova Scotia a period of fulfilment and evident accomplishment with the outstanding result the completion of the Mersey Paper Co.'s mill at Liverpool.

"It is particularly fitting that Nova Scotia should, at last, have a paper mill for at an early date the province was significantly associated with the development of paper-making. Not only was there a mill in Halifax County as early as 1819 when A. H. Holland, proprietor of the Acadia Recorder, Halifax made newsprint for this paper on the stream near the opening of Hammond Plains road, at the head of Bedford Basin; but in 1844, the same year that Frederick Gottlob Keller patented his wood-pulp grinding machine in Germany, a Nova Scotian successfully produced a sheet of paper from spruce wood, the outcome of the experiments he had carried on from 1839. This is the first time we hear of paper being produced from spruce on the North American continent.

"Today there is a tablet erected at Upper Sackville, the scene of the experiment, to Charles Fenerty, the young Nova Scotian farmer-scientist who made it. The experiment itself is recorded in a letter sent by Fenerty, with a sample of the paper produced, to English and Blackadar, proprietors of the Acadia Recorder. The letter expresses the feasibility of commercially producing paper from wood.

"It is interesting to note that the species Fenerty suggests as the most suitable are spruce, fir and poplar—the three chief paper-making woods of today.

"This early experimenting in paper-making with no subsequent paper mill has been, unfortunately, indicative of many industries in Nova Scotia, and it is generally hoped that the activity of the last year marks the beginning of a new era of substantial and continuous development.

"The pulpwood industry, however, should not be regarded as something forced upon us because of our lost trade in lumber, for to all who look into the question, with an unbiased mind, it will be apparent that an operation for pulpwood is decidedly nearer the ideal than an operation for lumber. From the standpoint of a conservation designed to place the forests of the province on a sustained yield basis a pulpwood operation is preferable not only because a greater percentage of the tree can be turned into merchantable product than is the case with lumber—which incidentally means a less waste and slash left in the woods to become a fire hazard—but also because a stand designed for use as pulpwood has a quicker crop rotation, hence more immediate returns to the operator, an important incentive to the practice of forestry.

"The actual monetary yield to the individual is approximately the same from a quantity of lumber and pulpwood produced from the same stand of trees. To the country in the form of freight return, the yield from pulpwood is twice as great.

"The announcement of the Federal Government during the year to the effect that an inventory of the Dominion's Forest Resources would be taken is highly significant. Such an investigation is a sound foundation for the inauguration of scientific forestry and a necessity for the formulating of any valuable system.

"This is one of the most progressive steps Canada has taken in regard to her forests and is evidence of a new and enlightened outlook in the Dominion as a whole, an outlook calculated to safeguard the future.

"The greatest constant menace to our forest industries is fire, which has always presented a special problem to this continent, where forests are on such heroic scale. Nova Scotia, however, on account of the humidity continually present in the atmosphere, has been more fortunate than most of the other provinces. The high fire hazard of the summer, therefore, came as something of a surprise.

"Canadians as a people have shown themselves to be unusually reasonable and public spirited in matters concerning the national welfare. There are two things in particular which will always reflect great credit upon them, namely, the way in which the general public responded to the appeal to protect the forests from fire immediately the facts were put before them, and the amicable manner in which the newspaper manufacturers arrived at an agreement last year when the industry was facing a crisis.

"A country composed of business men and a general public of a calibre measured by these things seems destined to develop along enlightened lines in the least possible time, and our forests have a strong ally in such a human element. It would, therefore, seem that the people who are using up our paper to predict the ultimate ruin of our forests and to bemoan its inevitability, would spend their time far more profitably in suggesting constructive methods of forestry for this country where leaders

## SAYS SARGON PROVED A REAL BLESSING TO HER

"This new Sargon is as different from other medicines as day is from night, it has such wonderful strengthening effect on the system.



MRS. J. A. PIERCE

"I'd had a spell of flu that left me so weak and rundown I could hardly do my housework. Headaches, indigestion and bilious attacks simply made my life miserable and all the medicines I tried were just a waste of time and money—that is, until I found Sargon.

"This wonderful compound proved a blessing to me and I was soon feeling like a different person. Every trace of indigestion disappeared and I am so much stronger that my housework seems no bother at all.

"I used to be troubled continually with constipation, but Sargon Soft Mass Pills, that go with the tonic, regulated me perfectly and I haven't had a headache or bilious attack since. I think it's only right for me to tell others how Sargon brought me health and happiness and I hope my experience will help those who feel somewhat doubtful about trying out a new medicine."—Mrs. J. A. Pierce, 67 Melbourne Ave., Toronto.

Sargon may be obtained in Timmins at The Goldfield Drug Store.

## SETTLERS NEED ATTENTION AND ASSISTANCE AT ONCE

In the Cochrane district and along the Transcontinental Railway recently there has been very general discussion of the situation of the settlers, and this is of special interest to the Porcupine area because what applies to the settlers north of here applies also in more or less measure to those in this immediate vicinity. In a recent issue of The Northland Post, of Cochrane, the following editorial reference was made to this question that is agitating the minds of so many at the present time:—

"There are two conclusions that one can come to after listening in on the various talks and discussions which took place in the course of the annual Farmers' Day held in Cochrane. The first is that "All is not sweet"; all is not sound," or as the common phrase is, "There is something rotten in Denmark." Only in this case, it is in Northern Ontario. The second conclusion is that those most vitally concerned appear to be determined to do something about it, which is a good sign. Perhaps the most remarkable feature of all the discussion was the lack of personal animosity and hard feelings toward anyone. All were agreed that the cause of present unsatisfactory conditions was a lack of understanding and knowledge of the needs and conditions of the North, and after one has listened to the accounts of hardships and privations aggravated by onerous and in some cases, useless and even harmful, restrictions, one cannot but help wonder at the patience of the settler, who is, in his own way, the most valuable and heroic figure in our glorious history. Surely the time has come when a more humane and businesslike method of looking to the needs of the North can be inaugurated. The time has come when the press, particularly the press of the North, can no longer hesitate to tell the people of the province of the conditions existing in the North. Each rightfully dissatisfied settler is a much worse advertisement for our wonderful country than would be a complete and thorough review of conditions as they are. The absolute folly of attempting to administer the affairs of Northern Ontario from Queen's Park under the direction of underlings who know nothing whatever of conditions, causes or results, is quite evident. Let us hope that the confidence expressed by many at the meeting is justified, and that an improvement in condition will result when the Government realizes the needs and the problems confronting us here."

and citizens generally have proved themselves so ready to adopt policies calculated to build up a prosperous and progressive nation.

"Our ancestors have been a race of builders, let us be true to their tradition in building up a sound system which will insure our children their forest heritage for all time."

Mr. Kimball, formerly one of the trombone players in the Timmins Citizens' Band, and highly respected and popular here by all who know him, left last week for Weston, Ont., for treatment for lung trouble. All will wish him very sincerely an early and complete recovery to health.

## INTRODUCE NEW MINE BILL INTO THE LEGISLATURE

Will Provide Many New Regulations to Assure the Safety of Men Employed in the Mines in Ontario.

Despatches from Toronto this week say that power to order the construction of gas-tight stations below the surface, in Ontario mines, is given to the chief inspector of the Department of Mines in a bill, which has been introduced in the Ontario Legislature.

Rescue stations, above the surface, where experts will train the miners in modern rescue methods, in case of underground fire, and special precautions, to be taken in the handling of explosives, are other features of the bill.

The legislation is a direct result of the Hollinger Mine disaster in 1928. Following a report made by Judge Godson, amendments to the Mining Act were brought down last session, but the bill was withdrawn. Last summer, another bill was prepared and discussed with mining men. It now has been introduced in the House. The object of the bill is to lessen the danger to miners employed underground in Ontario's mines.

One of its sections gives to the mining inspector the power to order tunnels to be dug between adjoining shafts in mines. If fire developed in one mine, the men could come to the surface by means of the tunnel and the adjoining shaft.

Officials of the department of mines said today, one ground-level rescue station had been built at Timmins, and plans for one at Sudbury are well under way.

The Workmen's Compensation Board shall provide the funds for the establishment, equipment and maintenance of each rescue station, at the expense of the mining industry, the bill reads.

Another section orders that no internal combustion engine shall be operated underground in any mine. No explosives shall be used, unless the package has printed on it the name and place of the manufacturer, the strength and the date of its manufacture.

All explosives shall be stored in special buildings and only instruments of wood, brass copper shall be used in opening a case.

The storage building, for the explosives, shall not be nearer than 200 feet of any shaft.

The bill provides that a mine foreman must be able to give rescue orders "in the English language."

The mine owner must provide life lines for all workmen, and they shall be worn constantly when working in dangerous places.

## GOT SIX MONTHS FOR THEFT OF COAT FROM HIGH SCHOOL

Some time ago there were a number of thefts reported from the high school here, but recently there has been little of this evil practice coming to attention. On the last occasion on which attention was centred an aviator's cap was stolen from one of the pupils, but after the principal of the school had shown the assembled pupils the seriousness of the offence and had urged the guilty party to return the stolen article, the cap was found in a place where it had not been before when diligent search was made for it. Since that incident no more thefts have occurred so it may be taken for granted that those who were inclined to theft have realized the error of their ways. This is well. The end of such stealing is always most unpleasant for the culprits. Illustration of this fact is given by a case last week at North Bay. Found guilty of stealing an overcoat and gloves, the property of M. Vreborch, of North Bay, two young fellows, Stanley Mentenurio, aged 25, and Joseph Doucette, 19 years, were sentenced to six months at Burwash. Doucette's term was later reduced to three months. The theft took place at the collegiate institute where Mr. Vreborch was attending one of the classes at the night school. It was brought out in the evidence that Doucette stole the overcoat for Montenurio in return for a revolver. Another youth said to be implicated in the theft left the city and could not be located by the police when the theft was investigated.

## EXHIBITS ARRANGED FOR THE MINING CONVENTION

Twenty-four booths of exhibits will be arranged by mining and metallurgical men of Canada during the convention at the Royal York hotel, Toronto, under the auspices of the Institute of Mining and Metallurgy on March 5, 6 and 7. Prominent Canadian manufacturers whose products are used in mining will be represented in the group.

The companies who will open booths are: Mines Safety Appliance Company of Pittsburgh; Link-Belt Company of Toronto; James Morrison Brass Mfg. Company of Toronto; Oliver United Filter Company of New York; Deister Concentrator Company of Fort Wayne; D. B. McWilliams, Victaulic Company of Canada; Canadian Industries Ltd.; Deloro Smelting and Refining Company; Radiore Company of Canada; O. C. Reilly, chemical agent, Montreal; Crane Limited; Imperial Oil Limited; Hamilton Gear and Machine Company; Canadian Pneumatic Tool Company; Aluminum Limited; Canadian Westinghouse Company; Canadian General Electric. The governments of Alberta, Manitoba, Nova Scotia, Quebec and Ontario with the Dominion Government, will also have displays.

Hamilton Spectator—If you must drive a car while intoxicated, there is an important formality which should be observed—get your father appointed to the Senate.

# ANNOUNCEMENT

Col. S. B. Scobell and H. Clair Severt wish to announce the opening of

## The Main Street Drug Store

Pills 'n Things  
22 Third Avenue Phone 63

with the same high-class stock, low prices and courteous service as that offered by the Goldfield Drug Store. Your patronage solicited and appreciated.

We Sell for Less --- Why Pay More?

## Newspapers the Vital Factor in Retail Sales

(By T. R. Russel, President The Willys-Overland Limited)

The growth of the automobile industry to its present dominant position has been one of the remarkable industrial and business developments of the past decade. Part of this is due to the fact that the automobile has met an urgent need in modern day life. It is essential to business and highly desirable to the pursuit of pleasure. Volume production has made it possible to improve the quality and reduce the price at the same time, adding to the desirability of owning an automobile. All these factors have contributed to the progress of the industry.

However, I am inclined to believe that a large share of the credit for the success of the industry must go to the newspapers. They have sold the automobile to the public.

Millions of persons in all walks of life are automobile owners today. People don't just come in and buy automobiles. They must be sold to them. Of course, there are retail outlets where cars are displayed and sold, but, once again, people don't just walk into these retail stores to buy an automobile as they go to a grocery to buy a loaf of bread or a pound of butter. In many cases they arrive already sold and requiring only that pre-convictions be confirmed before they buy.

The newspapers have brought these buyers to the retail outlets. They have sold them before they entered the dealer's place of business. I am firmly convinced that the newspaper today is an extremely vital factor in retail selling and I know beyond any doubt that the tremendous retail distribution of the automobile would never have been accomplished without newspaper advertising.

Take the case of our organization. Willys-Overland has an enviable dealer organization. It backs up this organization in numerous ways; too numerous, in fact, to detail here. But the backing desired by the majority of these dealers is newspaper advertising. These dealers are scattered far and wide, from Atlantic to Pacific and from Canada to Mexico, and everywhere their experience is the same. They appreciate the manner in which advertising has supplemented their own sales efforts and they know that through the aid furnished them by this form of advertising, they have been able to build up a large volume of business in their localities.

The automobile industry as a whole owes a large part of its success to the fact that it has been a large and consistent user of newspaper advertising.

## THE ANSWER TO THIS MAY BE "AND SO'S YOUR OLD MAN!"

How much is a wife worth? One answer might be, "It depends on how long she is married."

Another sort of answer is given in an item now "going the rounds of the press."

Here is the item, and husbands and wives may argue the matter out themselves:—

How much is a wife worth? An American woman, who has been married for thirty years has just been reckoning it up. She claims that during this period she has served 235,425 meals, baked 33,190 loaves, 5,930 cakes, and 7,960 fruit pies; preserved 1,550 quarts of fruit, and spent 36,461 hours in sweeping, dusting, washing and similar tasks. Apparently she lives in the country, for she has also raised 7,660 chickens and churned 5,540 pounds of butter.

In all, this lady estimates that she has done work worth about \$115,000, and never collected a cent of it. But, writes a critical correspondent, surely she ate some of the food she prepared—and got new clothes sometimes, and had an occasional outing? There is also sleeping accommodation. Counting these in, she probably got at least the equivalent of the odd \$15,000. And perhaps her estimate of the value of her services is a bit high. Suppose she had been working for wages, would she have received very much more than \$15,000 during the thirty years?

North Bay Nugget—Kenora has discovered the meanest thief. He stole money from a hospital patient. Well, anyway, he used good judgement. The patient couldn't give chase.

## Timmins Post 88 Canadian Legion, B.E.S.L. CHICKEN STAG

Will be held in the  
ODDFELLOWS' HALL  
on  
Saturday, March 8  
DOORS OPEN AT 8.00 P.M.

Games of all descriptions and Lots of  
Best Milk-Fed Chickens  
Come and Secure a Good Chicken for Once.

Admission 25 cents,  
which includes a chance on a Chicken

A specialty will be a Football Game, "Chickens for Good Kickers"

This is one time you get something for "Kicking."

"MAYBE A CHICKEN"

## Keeps Your Skin YOUNGER LOVELIER

Many Cold Cream Soap Flowers

10c

Keep Young!

## THAT ALERT LOOK

A WELL-FITTED pair of glasses gives a man that sharp, keen, alert appearance which stamps him as a person of wide-awake mind. Our experienced optometrists will fit you with glasses which conform to vision and facial contour.

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