



Do you suffer from sour stomach, heartburn, chronic dyspepsia, pains around the waistline or in right shoulder blades, biliousness or colic? If you do, your liver is probably to blame. Keep the bile in a fluid state by Marlatt's. It tones up the liver, prevents bile stagnation, strengthens the stomach functions and keeps the intestines active and normal.

Five Dollars (\$5.00) per treatment

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Laboratories, Toronto
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TIMMINS ATHLETES DO WELL AT NEW LISKEARD EVENT

The New Liskeard Speaker last week says:—"Mr. Doug. Brown, a former New Liskeard resident and now of Timmins, made a splendid showing in the athletic events on Saturday at the New Liskeard Fair. Doug. ran away with five firsts and incidentally the championship medal. Bill Alton, also of Timmins and formerly of New Liskeard made a good showing. Percy White copped most of the prizes that came to New Liskeard."

THE TONGUE

Not the tongue in your shoe, nor the tongue in the lowly wagon, but the tongue in your mouth is the thing I want to talk about. The human tongue starts more trouble than friends or finance can stop. It is the tool that can do more harm in a day than you can correct in many years. Lincoln said little, and Grant less; Washington talked only when necessary, and Coolidge is as silent as a steam callopie with a broken boiler. The more men talk the less time they have to think, and the less time others have to think. If you are a great talker, you are not a great thinker. Listen to yourself, and get your own weights and measures.—The Silent Partner.

—Exchange

EUCHRE AND DANCE, OCT. 4th, BY GOLD NUGGET REBEKAHS

Gold Nugget Rebekah Lodge, Timmins, noted for the enjoyable social events they provide, announce a euchre and dance to be given under their auspices in the I.O.O.F. hall, on Thursday evening, October 4th. This is sure to be a pleasant event for all attending.

SUGGESTS WOOD SHOULD NOT BE USED FOR BUILDING

As Mother Eve plucked her first attire from the forest, modern woman may also take her garb from the woodland.

Synthetic silk produced from wool is common, women's shoes of artificial are available, and even hats and cloaks are pulp products. All because chemistry found that the uses of cellulose—an important element of plant life—are almost limitless.

The authorities for these announcements were Gustavus J. Esselen, a consulting engineer of Boston, and Dr. G. L. Wendt, dean of chemistry and physics at Pennsylvania State College, both speakers before the Institute of American Chemical Society at Northwestern University.

Dr. Wendt said that the girl today may cheaply attire herself in garments that only a queen could afford before the beaker and the bunsen burner showed science the short cut to artificial silk.

Because so many artificially made commodities can be found in wood pulp, Dr. Wendt believes use of wood for structural purposes should end. The day for wool fuel is past and for building purposes many other materials are available. Synthetic houses were forecast, with composition walls, lacquer finished; draperies of wood, and furniture and floors which appear to be wood but are not.

Esselen traced the advancement of civilization, linking each phase of its evolution with newly found usages for cellulose.

Man first cut the chains of distance when he made cloth for sails. Paper was discovered as another step upward. The aeroplane today rises on cellulose in the wings, Esselen said, while other derivatives of cellulose have further advanced civilization.

5,000 FLYING HOURS

Toronto, Ontario.—The Ontario Forest Patrol Air Force has completed 5,000 flying hours this year in forest fire protection and in mapping forest areas. This exceeds the total flying done in 1927, until now the record year.

The Forest Patrol Air Forces is organized, not to fight other nations, but to fight the common menaces of mankind, fire and insect pests threatening the valuable forests of Ontario which are so large a source of the world's building material and of the newspaper publishing industry.

—Exchange

The gods cannot help a man who loses opportunities. Chinese Proverb. —Exchange

ONTARIO'S FOREST FIRE LOSS GREATER THAN 1927

Forest Fires This Year Chiefly in the Patricia and Red Lake Areas. Danger Now From Forest Fires Seems Over for the Year.

Preliminary reports to the Department of Forestry indicate that Ontario's forest fire loss this year will be much more than that of last year. In fact, one fire around Cairn's Lake, in the District of Patricia, laid waste more timber acreage this year than all the bush fires in the Province in 1927.

This Cairn's-Lake fire was first spotted on May 23rd, and before it burned itself out it had destroyed 30,000 acres of spruce and jackpine. So far north was it located that the forest-fire fighters—both land and aerial forces—could just barely reach it, and that was all. Had they been able to employ the usual suppression equipment, the acreage burned undoubtedly would have been far less.

The three biggest bush fires suffered by the Province this year all occurred in and around, and north of the Red Lake field. Two great fires occurred north of Favorable Lake, but inasmuch as they were beyond the cruising radius of the flying service, the department has no definite idea of the timber loss, and no report will be available until later in the year. These fires, as with the Cairn's Lake affair, grew out of a unusual spring fire hazard.

At the present time, however, the fire hazard in all sections of the North has practically vanished. According to departmental officials, small fires may break out any time, but nothing of a serious nature is anticipated. The patrol staff has been taken off, and the only employees in the woods now are those engaged on the tower and telephone improvement work.

REPORT SHOWS GROWTH IN CANADA'S MINING INDUSTRY

Dominion Bureau of Statistics Report for First Half-Year of 1928 Contains Interesting Array of Figures.

Official statistics on Canada's mineral production for the half-year ending June 30, 1928, just released by the Dominion Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa, show a continuance of the prosperous conditions that prevailed throughout 1927. Records for 1927 set new high marks in the production of gold, copper, lead and zinc, coal, cement, lime and gypsum. During the half-year ending June 30, 1928, the value of metals and non-metals produced from Canadian ores at \$105,631,571 surpassed the recorded output value for the first half of 1927 by nearly 7 million dollars.

Employment in the mining industry during the period ranged about 7 per cent. higher this year than last and in metal mining and non-metal mining the improvement was in the neighbourhood of 15 per cent. over the records for the first half of last year. Gold, copper, nickel, lead, silver and zinc were the principal metals but in addition to these there were outputs of cadmium (reported for the first time), arsenic, bismuth, cobalt, iron ore, platinum, palladium and rhodium.

Coal was the chief product in the fuels and non-metallic mineral field. Other non-metals of importance besides petroleum and natural gas were asbestos, gypsum, salt, quartz, feldspar, magnesite, talc and soapstone. Many other minerals were produced in less amounts as, for example, actinolite, barytes, bituminous sands, diatomite, garnets, graphite, mica, mineral waters, natro alunite, phosphate, pyrites, sodium carbonate and sulphate, volcanic dust and silica brick.

The Bureau's report is a pamphlet in 20 pages and copies may be obtained, free of charge, on application to the Dominion Bureau of Statistics at Ottawa.

First in nickel, first in asbestos, first in cobalt, third in gold, third in silver, fourth in lead, fourth in copper, and sixth in zinc, is the place Canada has attained in the world's mineral production. Nickel, asbestos and cobalt are not challenged, while Canada in the next five years will assume greater world importance in the production of gold, copper, lead and zinc. During the last year, copper production increased so that Canada obtained fourth place, instead of fifth as previously.

South Africa, the United States and Canada are the order of the great gold producing countries, and with increased Canadian yields, and decreases in the United State, Canada will soon be in second place.

Ontario and British Columbia are the great mineral producing provinces of the Dominion as in 1927 the former produced 36.38 per cent. of the total, and the latter 24.58. Nova Scotia was responsible for 12.17, Alberta for 11.85, and Quebec for 11.67. With the mineral development in progress in the Northern territory of Quebec, Manitoba and Saskatchewan, these provinces will soon be more important in Dominion production.

The production of all metals except arsenic, silver and platinum was greater this year than last.

Gold valued at \$18,734,015 was produced during the half year, and during the same period last year the gold produced was valued at \$17,840,434. Ontario produced 85 per cent. of this. British Columbia to the value of \$1,975,979, and Quebec, from the Noranda smelter \$520,475.

North Land Man Has Rare Collection of Oddities

The New Liskeard Speaker makes the following appropriate reference to the rare collection of oddities owned by Mr. Thos. Woolings, of Englehart. These old coins, curios, antiques, etc., came from many countries, and when exhibited at New Liskeard Fair roused the greatest interest and enthusiasm. The New Liskeard Speaker says:—

"In our issue of the Speaker of the 14th of June we published a list of Mr. Woolings' collection of ancient coins, curios, antiques, etc., over seventy in number, and said he had been collecting these curiosities for several years. We might also have said he and Mrs. Woolings finally travelled nearly the world over to finish the collection. In the same issue we asked Mr. Woolings to put his collection on exhibition at our fair. This he was kind enough to do and it is needless to say that during the three days of the fair many persons saw the exhibit. Most of the time there was a jam in front of the exhibits and all the time Mr. and Mrs. Woolings patiently explained particulars concerning the more rare and valuable articles. In this way citizens of Temiskaming were able to see and have explained to them curios which people travel long distances and at great expense to see.

"A beautifully hand-carved Japanese Table, with four chairs to match, is very highly prized. One could not but wonder at the contrast between the dainty Japanese ladies' slippers, dresses, laces, etc., and the old-time torture knives and instruments used in capital punishment.

"There was quite a collection of old time instruments used in war-times, and in various countries. Of course, the old flink-lock gun was in evidence, as also old-time Colt's revolver.

"We again say it was very kind of Mr. Woolings to place his collection on exhibition here, and our people appreciate the kindness of himself and Mrs. Woolings very much. People who try to enable others to enjoy those sights which they enjoy, show that their hearts are in the right place."

THE POOR GIRL HAD TO STUDY BEFORE ANSWERING THE MAN

Here is another one now going the rounds of the press—again:—
He—You've been out with worse looking fellows than I am, haven't you?
She did not reply.
"I say, you've been out with worse looking chaps than I am, haven't you?"
"I heard you the first time. I was trying to think."

Georgetown Herald:—In the old days if anybody missed a stage coach he was contented to wait two or three days for the next. Now he let's out a squawk if he misses one section of a revolving door.

For Sure Results Try Our Want Ad. Column

Independence

The best way to assure independence later in life is to start making provision for it now.

Regular saving becomes a habit—which once formed affords pleasure and satisfaction.

THE DOMINION BANK
Established 1871

TIMMINS BRANCH
John L. Hunt, Manager

The Model "Four-Twenty" Rogers [BATTERYLESS] Radio

Now on Sale \$60 less than any similar Rogers Radio yet produced! Now on Sale

\$165

As NEW as 1929
As OLD as 1926!

THE new 1929 Model "Four-Twenty" Rogers-Batteryless Radio illustrated above and just placed on sale, is an improved descendant of the famous Rogers "Two-Twenty" Model first introduced to the public in 1926. More of these sets have been sold than all other electric radios combined.

A single tuning knob operates a drum dial which is brightly illuminated. It is equipped with Rogers A/C Tubes throughout (including A/C Power Tube), Automatic Voltage Control, Rogers Output Filter and Phonograph "Plug-in" Jack. The cabinet is genuine Walnut, with matched butt veneer instrument panel. Price complete (except Loud Speaker) \$165.00.

These new features combined with the new low price make this the greatest radio value we have ever offered. You've probably wanted a Rogers-Batteryless. Start the radio season with this new 1929 "Four-Twenty" Model.

Come in and see and hear it today!
Marshall - Ecclestone, Limited
Timmins, Ont.

A Budget for Success

Should include provision for the regular saving of a percentage of your income. . . . Whether the amount is large or small, however, regular depositing is most important.

This Bank Invites Your Savings Account.
Interest Compounded Half Yearly.

THE BANK OF NOVA SCOTIA
ESTABLISHED 1852

Capital \$10,000,000 Reserve \$20,000,000
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J. A. McLEOD, General Manager, Toronto

Look ahead!

INVEST IN CANADA'S FUTURE

Government	Maturity	Price	Approx. Yield
Dominion of Canada	5 1/2%	1934 Market	5.05%
Grand Trunk Pacific Railway	4%	1935	85.25 5.00%
Montreal R. C. Schools	5%	1945 101.50	4.87%
Three Rivers R. C. Schools	5%	1954 101.50	4.90%

Public Utility	Maturity	Price	Approx. Yield
Canadian Pacific Railway	5%	1934 100.00	5.00%
Canada Northern Power Corporation	5%	1933	88.50 5.10%
Manitoba Power Company, Limited	5 1/2%	1951 103.00	5.15%
Montreal Tramways Company	5%	1955 100.00	5.00%
Montreal Island Power Company (cum. warrants)	5 1/2%	1957 101.50	5.45%
Southern Canada Power Company	5%	1955 102.00	4.85%
Winnipeg Electric Company	6%	1954 105.00	5.70%

Industrial	Maturity	Price	Approx. Yield
Alexander Building Corporation	6%	1947 100.00	6.00%
Cdn. Power & Paper Investments (Carrying a bonus of 10 shares Common stock with each \$1000 debenture)	5%	1958 100.00	5.00%
Queen's Hotel, Limited	6%	1947 101.50	5.90%
Reliance Grain Company, Limited	6%	1948 102.00	5.85%

Preferred Stocks	Maturity	Price	Approx. Yield
Foreign Power Securities Corp.	6% Preferred	97.00	6.20%
McColl-Frontenac Oil Company	6%	90.00	6.67%
Power Corporation of Canada, Ltd.	6%	102.50	5.85%
Windsor Hotel, Limited	6 1/2%	95.00	6.85%

Common Stocks
British Columbia Power Corporation Common (No Par Value) 60.00 per share
(Carrying a bonus of one share Class "B" Stock with each four shares Class "A")

We invite your enquiries for investment service

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