

Crisp and fresh just as they leave the mill because wax-wrapped and triple-sealed

Quaker Corn Flakes

Refuse a Substitute

Canoeing Legion Doing Good Work for Neglected Soldiers

Men Who Would Otherwise Suffer Without Help are Being Assisted Through Efforts of the Legion. Smith Falls Case Receiving Attention. The Legion Should be Supported in Its Good Work.

Proof of how the Canadian Legion of the British Empire Service League is justifying its existence is given in a communication received this week by The Advance from H. McLeod, provincial organizer.

such as here mentioned, allowed to remain neglected, and with the pension legislation which it is hoped will obtain in the near future, a great many cases will benefit by the services of the Legion and qualify for pension or hospital treatment.

CONTRIBUTIONS HERE FOR NATIONAL SANITARIUM

Donations Made at Timmins, Schumacher and South Porcupine Acknowledged by Secretary

In a letter to The Advance last week Mr. Geo. A. Reid, the treasurer of the Muskoka Hospital for Consumptives says he desires to gratefully acknowledge the following contributions received in Timmins by the field secretary of the National Sanitarium Association.

\$10—Rev. C. E. Theriault, \$5.00 each—J. W. Fogg, V. H. Emery, M. E. Williams, W. T. Curtis, Union Coal Co., Gamble-Robinson, Timmins, Ltd., Sullivan & Newton, Curtis Optical Co., Marshall-Ecclestone, Hollinger Stores, John Watt, Jackson Bros., Smith & Elston, Shankman Bros., L. Mascioli, Chas. Pierce & Son, \$3.00 each—S. David, Daher & Son, \$2.00 each—S. L. Honey, D.D.S., Peerless Drug Store, M. Ansara, Sauve's Pharmacy, A. Shaheen, F. Bucovetsky, A. Friend, Dean Kester, J. A. McInnis, G. Mitchell, D.D.S., K. Eyre, J. B. Thiboutat, A. Friend, \$1.00 each—W. Blahey, I. F. Bucovetsky, Thos. Best, French Shoppe, G. Ribout, Ideal Hardware, G. Ellis, V. M. Bowie & Co., Nicholas Ellies, H. C. Garner, J. A. Davis, J. T. Brill, D.D.S., Sundry contributions, \$1.05. Total \$135.05.

For Schumacher Mr. Reid gratefully acknowledges the following donations:

\$2.00 each—W. R. Sullivan, L. G. Hall, Miss M. J. Lawrence, \$1.50—A. Friend, \$1.00 each—Miss Cole, Miss G. Sabine, J. R. Andrews, E. M. Honey, D.D.S., Feldman Bros., J. A. Hawkins, Sundry contributions—\$1.75. Total—\$15.25.

For South Porcupine, Mr. Reid gratefully acknowledges the following donations:—\$5.00 each—W. G. Bowles, P. C. Evans, South End Pharmacy, Porcupine Feed and Transfer, H. P. DePeneier, J. B. Hutchison, \$3.00—E. Lightbody, \$2.00 each—L. P. Marell, Max Smith, W. D. Pearce & Son, J. P. Michaud, W. R. Legate, K. A. Deacon, G. W. Raynor, H. Blood, Mrs. R. Dipaolo, Rev. Fr. Lagravel, Three Teachers, \$2.10, \$1.00 each—A. Bucovetsky, E. S. Somerville, D.D.S., John Ferth, R. Cattarello, H. M. Wilson, L. Taylor, United Provision Co., Reamsbottom & Edwards, Frank Horn, F. H. Hall, L. Truelove, W. Kellow, Sundry contributions, \$1.55. Total, \$68.65.

SIXTY YEARS OF SPORT IN DOMINION OF CANADA

Standing of Lacrosse, Football, Baseball, Hockey, Golf, and Other Sports in the Years Since Confederation

Among the many interesting articles sent out by the National Committee for the Celebration of the Diamond Jubilee of Confederation, there will be special interest in one reviewing the progress of sport in Canada during the past sixty years. This article says:—

It may be regarded as somewhat in the nature of a coincidence that lacrosse, once Canada's undisputed national game, was placed on an organized footing in Confederation year, when a gathering of expert players and lovers of the game met at Kingston to frame rules and legislate for the future conduct of the sport. For forty years after that period lacrosse grew and flourished, but some fifteen years ago the game showed symptoms of losing its popularity. The newer generations did not take to lacrosse as did their fathers and to-day the game can scarcely justify its once proud title of Canada's national pastime.

In winter sports, however, another form of athletic endeavour was born in the middle of the 80's and has now largely assumed the place once held in the affections of the public by lacrosse. This is hockey, which to-day is played by countless organizations from coast to coast. Another development by no means confined to Canada has been the rise of golf. Thousands of clubs have sprung up. There is scarcely a town of any size in the country, and certainly none with any pretensions to fashionable sport that has not its golf links and club house.

Football, introduced into Canada by British soldiers after the conquest of Quebec, did not make any particular headway until adopted by the colleges and universities about 1880. The game is still largely a college sport and has a strong hold on the student body and graduates.

Still another form of outdoor sport that has grown immensely in popularity is soft ball. This is a modification of baseball and is greatly favoured by school pupils of both sexes because of the elimination of the dangerous hard ball of the parent game.

Basketball is a game that has won a very high place in the regard of educational and other institutions which possess facilities for gymnasium exercise in Canada run into the thousands. Large industrial and other corporations have taken up the matter of providing playing floors for their employees and many of these organizations have formed leagues for the clubs in their own line of activity.

Skiing, which made its appearance in Canada about twenty-five years ago, has completely usurped the place once held by the native winter outcrop of snowshoeing. The latter has almost disappeared although at one time it was Canada's predominant winter pastime. Skiing has caught the fancy of many thousands and bids fair to hold its astonishing popularity.

It may safely be said that the period since Confederation has witnessed a complete reversal of the general attitude towards outdoor exercise in every form. In the days of the union of the provinces and for many years thereafter the practice of athletics was confined to those who made it more or less of a business or profession and to a very small percentage of the general public. The great mass of the people were content to look on. But nowadays the urge is for active participation in the game itself and as a result men and women in all walks of life and almost of all ages have taken up some form of athletic exercise. The great variety of games provides an opportunity for all to take part in some suitable sport. Where sixty years ago there were but one or two forms of recognized outdoor pastimes, there are now easily a score, lawn bowling, tennis, golf, and other games have replaced the dignified croquet of our grandparents. Freedom from the conventional forms of dress has also done much to popularize modern sport with the feminine portion of the community. The common sense costumes which characterize golf, skiing, swimming and allied pastimes have won countless devotees to these forms of athletic exercise. The evolution of sport clothes would, if studied, be found to have exercised a rather interesting influence on the spread of outdoor games.

Canada's climate is likewise a factor in the spread of athletics. The four seasons are so sharply defined that each has its own particular sports, suited to the climatic conditions, and nearly every game in the calendar of athletics finds here its best environment. In this respect the Dominion has a considerable advantage over many other countries, and while it has taken our people some time to appreciate this fact, it is evident that henceforth Canadian sports will be enjoyed to the full, not only by our own citizens but by vast numbers of visitors to the Dominion.

Canada's climate is likewise a factor in the spread of athletics. The four seasons are so sharply defined that each has its own particular sports, suited to the climatic conditions, and nearly every game in the calendar of athletics finds here its best environment. In this respect the Dominion has a considerable advantage over many other countries, and while it has taken our people some time to appreciate this fact, it is evident that henceforth Canadian sports will be enjoyed to the full, not only by our own citizens but by vast numbers of visitors to the Dominion.

GOOD WORK BEING DONE TO PREVENT DIPHTHERIA

Preventive work against diphtheria is actively under way in Winnipeg's schools with a squad of four doctors engaged in the work of immunization. The civic health department presented the facts regarding tests and toxids to parents, but the actual testing is voluntary, done only with the written consent of fathers or mothers.

Necessity of constant attention to the problem of making children immune to diphtheria is stressed by the Brantford department of health. A new generation is steadily growing up and these children should be protected as early as possible.

Treatments with toxoid are absolutely harmless to young children but it is a curious fact that babies can be made immune not only with perfect safety but with less temporary discomfort than at any other age.

The value of the procedure has been completely demonstrated in Brantford. There has not been a single case of diphtheria in that city in the past four months.

COBALT COAL DEALER MAY BE SUED FOR WEIGHING FEES

Division court action will be taken, if necessary by the town of Cobalt to collect \$189.00 said to be due from A. E. Campbell, Cobalt coal dealer, for fees at the town weigh scales. The dealer refuses to pay, saying that the town pays the salary of the weigh clerk out of the general funds, and that his customers refuse to pay the fees, while the service is maintained by the town for the advantage of the customers, not the dealers. At the last meeting of the Cobalt council the question was discussed and the argument was advanced that as the dealer had submitted to the by-law he was consequently liable for the fees. Other dealers had paid without objection. The Cobalt town solicitor was instructed to proceed with the collection of the account, taking the matter to the Division Court, if necessary.

The next regular meeting of the town council is scheduled for Monday afternoon, June 13th, commencing at 4 p.m.

Advertisement for Wrigley's Double Mint chewing gum, featuring an illustration of a man and woman and the text 'You'll just love Wrigley's New DOUBLE MINT—Real Peppermint Flavor—it's so wonderfully comforting, cooling and delicious.'

In the course of his itinerary Organizer H. McLeod has come across many men suffering from disabilities resulting from their war service, either with a very inadequate pension or in some cases none at all. The claims thus obtained are turned to the Adjustment Bureau of the Legion and the adjustment machinery brought to bear on them with good results for the applicants and their dependents. A case was unearthed at Smith's Falls during the visit of the Organizer there, on May 12th, and was immediately taken up with the pension authorities at Ottawa. The boy in this case enlisted at the age of 14 years and ten months. He was large of stature for his age and no doubt gave his wrong age on enlistment. In the course of events he graduated to France and was wounded in the left thigh at Paschendale. After a period of hospitalization was discharged in Jan. 1918, the reason given, "on account of being under age." After discharge he carried on at employment for about fifteen months at Smith's Falls, working as an engineer's fitter and helper. He then went to Detroit and found employment there. Towards the end of 1922 his old wound broke out and he went into hospital at the latter place. He spent all of his savings to provide private treatment and was then taken in hand by one of the charitable organizations. No attempt was made by the boy or his relatives to link the disability up with his war service. He lay in a Detroit hospital for one year as a bed patient and when in a condition to be moved was sent back to Smith's Falls. Upon arrival there he went into hospital and has been a patient there ever since. His keep has been provided by the hard earnings of a loving sister and father.

About a year ago his relatives got in touch with the S.C.R. to see what could be done in regard to treatment but beyond a visit from one of the Ottawa special workers from the S.C.R. nothing was done as a result of her report. It is the opinion of the local physician at the hospital that the disability from which this boy is now suffering is due to his war service. The poison from the old wound in the thigh travelled across the body and affected the right thigh and leg and this at the present time is practically useless. The boy is now 25 years of age with no hope for the future unless his disability is traced to his war service. The Adjustment Bureau of the Canadian Legion is now busy with every prospect of linking this man's disability with his war service. This case is typical of many others received in this way. The Legion through its organization work is making new contracts where veterans are living in small towns or of the way places. A good many cases reach our Adjustment Bureau through this channel which hitherto were not taken care of. When the Legion has linked up all the veterans from every local centre in the Province into units of the Canadian Legion, there will be few cases

Advertisement for Alaska travel by Canadian Pacific, featuring an illustration of a steamship and the text 'Far into the Northland Alaska' and 'From Vancouver, one thousand miles into the Land of the Midnight Sun.'

Advertisement for S. A. CALDBICK, BARRISTER, ETC., located at Bank of Commerce Bldg, Pine St. N., Timmins.

Large advertisement for Studebaker Custom Sedan, featuring an illustration of the car and text 'For a perfect drive—this Studebaker Custom Sedan now \$2010 delivered in Timmins, completely equipped as listed below, freight and taxes paid' and 'MARSHALL - ECCLESTONE LTD. Timmins Ont.'