

Many Important Questions Before Associated Boards

Gathering of District Boards of Trade at Cochrane on Friday. Quarter Section Lots Advocated for Settlers, Also Bonuses. Mail Service, Immigration, T. & N. O. Extensions, Indigents, Settlers' Claims Against Mattagami Pulp Co. and Other Matters Dealt With. Smoker Given by Cochrane Board of Trade in the Evening.

Boards of Trade held their annual they should have been. meeting at Cochrane on Friday last, with President Alec Dewar conducting the proceedings. Delegates were present from Kirkland Lake, Haileybury, Matheson, Iroquois Falls, Ansonville, Timmins, Cochrane, Kaspus- officers was taken up, there was a kasing and Hearst. Owing to the very pronounced desire to have Presiseason of the year, election matters, dent Alec Dewar continue in office, business and other circumstances and I together with the very capable secreconditions, some of the boards of | tary. Mr. Dewar, however, explaintrade in the district were not able ed that he would not take the position to send delegates at all, and none of again this coming year, giving as his

The Northern Ontario Associated the boards were fully represented as

Friday morning a short session was held at which routine matters were dealt with. In the afternoon the were taken up.

When the matter of the election of reasons the fact that he could not devote the time he felt was necessary for the work, and also suggesting that an organization that did not change its officers often was sure to retrograde. The gathering, however, disagreed with the President on all points of his argument. A motion was pressed for a secret ballot, every delegate to place on the ballot the name of the man he desired for president. When this ballot was taken it was found that President Dewar was insisted upon for the coming year, the success of the Associated Boards of Trade during the two years he had been at the head of the organization of Haileybury, Mr. Stevens, of Cochrane, and others. Well-merited praise was also given to the secretary, Mr. F. E. Wood, of Iroquois Falls, to whose talent and interest, the Associated Boards of Trade owe much indeed. Mr. Orser, of Kirkland Lake, an able and faithful worker in the Associated Boards for several years past, was elected by acclamation as vice-president. The other officers are selected by the president.

Kapuskasing Board of Trade submitted a resolution, moved by Messrs. Millar and Lacroix, to the effect that

from a farm lot comprising an eighth section, the Northern Ontario Associated Boards of Trade request the Government to revert to the sale of ots of a quarter section (150 and 160 acres), and if it is considered that some limit should be put on the amount of pulpwood to be cut from the unpatented lots that an eighth of a section (75 or 80 acres) of timber on all lots hereafter sold by the Government be reserved until at least acres shall have been cleared. resolution was heartily endorsed by the meeting. "Under the present regulations," said Mr. Geo. T. Smith, "the limit of 75 or 80 acres for a settler's farm means that right at the start the settler gets a bad set-back, as it is not practical in this country through use by July 1st. The reso- The Government was the only body more important questions of the day to confine a farm to 75 or 80 acres. The former plan of 160 acres (and 150 dent suggested that help might be ganized territory. It was only reaalong the Transcontinental) is the reasonable one." Mr. Smith Ballantyne, of Kapuskasing, pointed out that when the question of reducing the size of farms for settlers had first been considered, he was one of those commissioned to secure data in the matter. In no case had they found a small farm either in Canada or the United States among the most profitable. The big scale farms were the successful ones. The resolution was carried unanimously, with a rider added to the effect that in the case of settlers who had bought 75 or 80 acre farms under the present regulations, the Government provide for their securing adjacent lots or transferring The basis of the legislation was the The resolution moved by Messrs them elsewhere, where they could have the privilege of 150 or 160 acre

of cases unable to earn a livelihood

\$20 per acre was to apply until 40 be adequately covered. G. A. Macacres had been cleared. While seconding the resolution moved by Mr. Ballantyne, G. A. Macdonald, of Timmins, urged the necessity for every possible assistance to the settlers. Mr. W. O. Langdon, of Timmins, while voting for the resolution, pointed out that it might clash with the Government's existing loan regulations, and also with the scheme under which it was intended to bring settlers out from the British Isles with financial assistance from the British Government.

The resolution from Kapuskasing asking the influence and assistance of the Associated Boards of Trade in securing a direct mail service (through the use of locked bags) between Kapuskasing and Fauquier, Moonbeam and Hearst-and with intermediate points between Strickland and Hearst, brought up the whole question of poor mail service in this North Land. President Dewar thought a demand should be made for a general re-arrangement and improvement of the mail service. G. A. Macdonald pointed out that this would necessitate mail clerks on Nos. 1 and 2. Mr. Otto Thorning, secretary of the Cochrane board, pointed out that if mail clerks were to be put on all trains on all lines in Canada the cost would be enormous. Mr. Arthur Stevens, of Cochrane, said that when Sir Henry Thornton was in the North some weeks ago he had thrown out the hint that from the first of the year the time of the Continental Limited between Cochrane and Winnipeg was to be reduced by the cutting out of many stops. An oil electric service was to be put on to provide the local service. This would perhaps take care of the local situation as outlined in the resolution. After considerable discussion the original resolution was

From the New Liskeard board there came a resolution asking the Northern Ontario Associated Boards to urge upon the Ontario Government the necessity for immediate extension of the Nipissing Central Railway Line from Chiminis, Ont. to Rouyn, Que., in view of the recent decision of the Privy Council in the dispute between the two Governments. This resolution was adopted on motion of Mr. Orser, of Kirkland Lake, seconded by Mr. W. J. Grummet. There was practically no discussion, all apparenly being in favour of the motion as

it stood. Another resolution from New Liskeard was as follows:-"That the Northern Ontario Associated Boards of Trade undertake the management of an Old Boys' Re-Union for the whole Districts of Temiskaming and Cochrane along the following lines: 1. That the Re-Union continue for a fortnight, in conjuction with the opening of the Trunk Road. 2. That the Government be asked to co-operate in the expenses in connection with the advertising. 3. That a programme be worked out for each town along the T. & N. O. Ry. in such a way that the dates will not conflict. 4. That each town have charge of its own programme for the day. 5. That the Associated Boards of Trade get out a booklet, which will include the programme for each town and country district. 6. That the Northern Associated Boards seek the co-operation of the Ontario Associated Boards in urging upon the Government the necessity of opening the highway from North Bay to Cochrane by July 1st, 1927." A letter from Mr. McKnight, of Liskeard, accompanied the resolution, and explained in detail the plans for this North Land celebration thus suggested. The members, however, felt they could not do much in the matter, for lack of the necessary

Cramps - Sprains - Chills

funds. It was also pointed out that donald suggested an amendment to the proposed celebration would more the resolution submitted, the amendor less conflict with the big Dominion- ment asking the Government to pro-The wide celebration of the sixtieth anni- vide definitely and clearly that in the versary of Confederation in Canada case of indigents coming from unornext summer. There was very hearty ganized districts the Government approval, however, of the part of the should take the place of the municiresolution urging the Government to pality. He believed that this was the rush the completion of the high- one fair way and that it would make way so as to have it ready for the whole matter clear and equitable. tion was tabled but the Presi- receiving any revenue from the unorgiven in getting publicity for the pro- sonable that the Government should posal by sending a copy of the reso- accept the responsibility for indigents lution to all the boards of the North, from the unorganized territory. Presiso that any action desired may be dent Dewar, however, said that as it taken by the individual boards. -

ed out that he had been in communi- lation explicitly to Northern Ontario, matter, and that the wording of the question again with the Government Ontario would be definite and clear. at least, and this was agreed to. county organization and there being Smith Ballantyne and J. Lacroix, of no county organization in the North Kapuskasing, that the road prothe procedure was left indefinite. The gramme outlined for 1926 be complet-The third resolution from Kapus- Government's intention was to right ed in 1927, and also that if possible a kasing urged the Ontario Government | the difficulties in the dealing with in- | bridge be built across the Missinabie, to grant a bonus of \$20.00 per acre digents, and he did not think there was enthusiastically endorsed by the for all land cleared and put under would be any particular trouble in delegates. The suggeston of Mr. Labeing stressed by Mr. Geo. T. Smith, cultivation by bona-fide settlers, no getting the government to add the ne- croix that the Northern Development settler to receive more than \$100.00 | cessary clauses to the act so that the Department be approached on the subfrom the source in any one year. The situation in the North Land would ject of making all road grading work

THE TEMPLE OF DIANA

was hoped that in the coming session A resolution relative to the Govern- of the Provincial Legislature a clause ment's recent legislation in regard would be inserted in the Hospitals to indigents was the cause of consider- and Charitable Institutions Act exable discussion. The president point- tending the provisions of this legiscation with the Government in the he thought it better to take up the act showed that Southern Ontario rather than pass the amendment to only had been considered. It was the the resolution suggested. He thought desire to have the act so worded that it would be better to defer until the the procedure in the case of Northern | next meeting of the Associated Boards

Continued on Next Page



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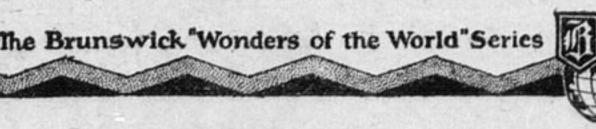


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