

TUXIS BOYS HOCKEY LEAGUE SCHEDULE

Half the schedule of games in the Tuxis Boys Hockey League is over. Three more matches are to be played as follows:—
Feb. 20—South Porcupine at Timmins.
Feb. 27—South Porcupine at Schumacher.
March 6—Schumacher at Timmins.

VICKERS PORCUPINE BUY PROPERTY IN ROUYN CAMP.

Announcement was made last week that the Vickers Porcupine Mines, Limited, had acquired (subject to completion of payments and title from the Quebec Government) a nine-tenths interest in one of the promising copper-gold properties of the north-western Quebec. This property of approximately two hundred and fifty-two acres is virtually surrounded by Noranda, Pontiac Syndicate (International Nickel) Area, Duprat, Grover-Daley, Consolidated Smelters, Amulet, Waite-Montgomery, Richardson-Bagshaw, and other notable properties of the famous camp. Tests conducted show a copper content ranging from 7½ to 25 per cent., with gold generously distributed over the entire area. It is the intention of the Vickers Co. to proceed at once with the development of this new territory.

A bill is to be put through the Quebec Legislature to change the name of the Rouyn Mines Railway Company, now building a line from O'Brien, on the Transcontinental, to the Rouyn camp. The present name is said to be a handicap to the floating of the bonds in New York. The new name will be "The Transcontinental Railway Branch Lines Company," as suggested by the New York people interested in floating the bonds.

GOITRE

DR. W. J. HUGHSON'S FAMOUS GOITRE REMOVER is Goitre's most deadly foe. It banishes the disease safely and permanently. A Safe and Sane Treatment applied externally, eliminating all danger and horror of the knife and internal treatments that so frequently play havoc with the heart, stomach, kidneys and nerves. A simple home application that heals while you sleep, leaving no bad after effects or repulsive appearing scars to indicate you ever had goitre. There has been no return of cases removed over 25 years ago. We especially request all those apparently hopeless cases, wherein other treatments have failed, to investigate this Famous Remedy with a record. For further information concerning this treatment, write S. W. Hughson, Dept. P. A., 88 Soudan avenue, Toronto, Ont. -7

"GREATEST PROSPECTUS IN HISTORY OF NORTH"

So Toronto Star Characterizes Plans to Spend Eighty Millions in North. Need of Roads Also Emphasized.

Very general and widespread interest has been roused by the announcement that the Ontario Government had arranged affairs so that pulp and paper companies in the North Land were obligated to spend eighty million dollars in the next two years.

There has also been more than passing interest in the editorial suggestions in The Advance that the Government back up its own undoubted faith in the North by expenditures on a large scale, especially for the roads so emphatically needed and required.

In an editorial article last week The Toronto Star says:—

"A tremendous new development of the resources of northern Ontario has been announced by the Hon. Charles McCrea, Minister of Mines. He states that in the neighbourhood of eighty million dollars will be expended by the end of next year by private capitalists who have made arrangements with the government and will construct paper mills, pulp mills, power dams, and carry on other and similar enterprises.

"This is the greatest prospectus of the kind ever put forward in the history of the north country and, naturally enough, it has aroused much interest. The feeling of every man in the north is that the hour has struck, that patience is about to be rewarded and hope to be crowned with fruition.

"The northern part of Ontario is a wonderful country. In one place or another it has everything—rich farm lands, timber, pulpwood, water-power, minerals of every sort, and mines rich as any in the world.

"Eighty million dollars is a lot of money. At one time when Mackenzie and Mann borrowed forty millions in connection with their transcontinental railway building this huge loan was popularly supposed to have had much to do with giving the Dominion one year of prosperity. Here is forty millions a year for two successive years to be expended in the north country.

"If private parties are to expend this immense sum in northern industries, it manifests a confidence in the resources of the north that is gratifying. Up north, however, it is felt that the government of the province should give prompt and complete proof that it shares this confidence, by undertaking in a large way some very necessary public expenditures. What private capital starts public capital should push along. The Porcupine Advance of Timmins believes the Ferguson government should make the development of the north its big card. This eighty millions of private capital gives the movement a running start. The Advance urges that the government should take hold with both hands and shove the good cause along—especially in building roads, roads, roads, the imperative need of the north country. That this is the first crying need all are agreed. The north country anxiously awaits the Ontario government's declaration of purposes—its present, this year, purpose—in this urgent matter."

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"CUSTOMERS' CLUBS" ARE NOT ACCORDING TO LAW

A circular letter has been issued by Crown Attorney J. M. Greer to the Chiefs of Police and Provincial Constables in the Cochrane District calling attention to a recent Court decision with regard to the forming of Customers' Clubs. The letter reads as follows:

Re: Customers' Clubs.
A man named Fay Roderick has been organizing Customers' Clubs in various parts of Ontario, the scheme being to have a number of merchants form a club, subscribe for membership, use the subscription money to purchase a motor car and other prizes, and have distributed amongst these merchants a number of tickets which the merchants in their turn give to all customers who purchase one dollar's worth of goods or pay one dollar on outstanding accounts.

The Appellate Division on the 15th inst. unanimously declared this scheme to be an infringement of Section 236 (lotteries, etc.) of the Criminal Code, holding that it did not come within the provisions of Sub-section 6 of the said Section, which reads as follows:

236. 6. This section does not apply to—
(a) The division by lot or chance of any property by joint tenants or tenants in common, or persons having joint interests (droits in divis.) in any such property.

I am calling this to your attention because of the prevalence of Customers' Clubs and in view of the Appellate Division's decision.

In all cases prevention is preferable to prosecution. J. M. Greer.

Joseph MacWalters, his wife and 15-year-old son, were burned to death last week in a fire which destroyed their store and dwelling, together with three other buildings, and threatened for a time to wipe out a considerable part of the village of Elmavale, near Barrie, Ont.

EMPIRE MINING CONGRESS MAY BE IN CANADA, 1927

Canada Will Reap Advantage if Mining Men from all over the World Assemble Here.

It is understood that an invitation has been sent on behalf of Canada for the Empire Mining and Metallurgical Congress to meet in Canada in 1927. The invitation has been addressed to the Empire Council of Mining and Metallurgical Institutions, by whom it will, no doubt be considered at an early date. The constituent of bodies of the Empire Council are as follows: The Institution of Mining and Metallurgy, the Institution of Mining Engineers, the Institution of Petroleum Technologists, the Canadian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, the Australasian Institute of Mining and Metallurgy, the Chemical Metallurgical and Mining Society of South Africa, the South African Institution of Engineers, the Mining and Geological Institute of India, the Iron and Steel Institute, and the Institute of Metals.

The first Empire Mining and Metallurgical Congress was held in London, England, in 1924. At that congress a very wide range of subjects was discussed and questions considered that affected the development of the mineral resources of the Empire and their relation to the prosperity and advancement of the nation. To the general public the proceedings of the congress, even from the condensed reports published in the press, were a revelation in regard to the important and intimate connection between mining and national welfare. It is no idle saying to assert that the mining industry is a most important factor in the national well-being.

In case the invitation from Canada is accepted, and the 1927 congress held in this country, the benefit to Canada will be very marked. It will centre the attention of mining men throughout the world upon Canada in particular fashion, and it will also work further advantage by giving Canadian mining men the opportunity to consult at short range with the best brains of the industry from all over the world. With the recent special interest and development in mining in Canada, this may mean the extra interest that assures noteworthy success.

PRESENT-DAY LUMBERJACKS NOT UP TO OLD-TIMERS

A letter recently written to The North Bay Nugget in regard to the passing of the old-time lumberjacks has stirred one man to spirited reply. This man, who signs himself, "Old Lumberjack" admits that the old-timer has passed, but he regrets it as a bad thing for the county. He says the new style worker in the woods is not half as good a man as the man of ten, twenty or thirty years ago. He even goes the length of asserting that in the lumber camps years ago there was far less profane and obscene language than there is to-day. As to work, "Old Lumberjack" writes: "The writer spoke of the present class as being industrious. I differ with him on that point too, for in former years a skidding gang of five men would skid 150 or more logs a day, averaging seven logs to the thousand of board measure. (That is what the run of logs was where I used to work). To-day an eight or nine man gang will skid one hundred logs a day, with an average of eighteen to the thousand feet, board measure. If the present day lumberjacks are industrious what were the men of forty years ago. The writer claims that most of the lumberjacks are men saving money to put them through college. Investigation would probably show that not more than one per cent. of them are doing that. He also tries to prove that years ago the men seldom washed, while to-day they wash three times a day. I wonder if he ever saw men washing for dinner when they dinner out. To-day if he were to sleep in a lumber camp he would see many of his "students" in bed until the last minute in the morning and then rushing to breakfast without bothering with either soap or water. I have always seen old-timers wash before every meal when eating in the camp. In the old days there was a friendly rivalry to see what gang would put up the most logs. It is not so with the present day "artists." There aim seems to be to get all the money they can and see how little work they can do. The writer of the article which appeared in The Nugget mentioned the difference in the board and bed of to-day with that of years ago. That is true, but the present workers are neither as contented or hard working, even under the improved conditions, as the old-timers were. Some companies have looked over their books of fifteen years ago and find that at that time one hundred men would put out 100,000 logs in a season, while to-day the same number of men will put out only half that amount. Doesn't that speak for itself?"

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THE FIRST RUBBER BOOTS

Juan de Torquemada, a Spaniard who visited Mexico about 1615, described how the natives collected the rubber gum and made it into boots. The visiting Spaniards used it to "wax" their canvas cloaks to make them waterproof. Countless experiments were necessary before rubber could be used as it is to-day. The actual processes must be carried on with scientific exactness or a very poor product will result. Columbus Rubber Boots are made with up-to-date machinery by a staff of experienced workmen who take pride in maintaining the reputation for comfort and durability these articles enjoy. At all dealers.

Arch. Gillies, B.A.Sc., O.L.S.

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FRIDAY'S CALEDONIAN MEETING MUCH ENJOYED

The meeting of the Caledonian Society of Timmins, held in the Hollinger Hall, on Friday evening last was specially well attended and all found the evening a very pleasant one. Mr. R. H. Gray, one of the executive of the Society, had charge of the programme, and deserved the compliments extended for the excellent entertainment. After the business of the Society had been transacted, President W. D. Watt turned over the direction of the meeting to Mr. Gray who handled the programme with his usual efficiency. Dancing was featured, with Old Land dances in the ascendancy, and there was the usual line of pleasant refreshments. Cornet solos by Mr. J. Bridges fairly brought down the house, and by their excellence of rendition fully deserved the appreciation shown. Miss Wilson's solos were another special musical feature that delighted all, Miss Wilson winning and meriting very hearty applause. Another extra special was the dancing of Irish Jigs by Mrs. Tardiff whose graceful and gifted work in this line won most enthusiastic encore. Miss Shirley Payne and the Payne brothers, piano and violins, played instrumental selections with noteworthy talent and effectiveness, the first selection winning decided encore and the responding number being equally well received. Mr. W. Shewan, Sr., made a big hit with a new Scottish song. He was heartily encored and again pleased all with his second selection. Miss Jessie Watt's humorous little recitation about the bad goat that flagged a train with a shirt that it had eaten, was another well-given and appreciated number.

During the evening a motion was passed unanimously expressing the appreciation of the Society for Mrs. Moffatt and her good work in providing general hospital accommodation for Timmins when there was no other such service. Regret was also expressed at the departure of Mrs. Moffatt, while all wished her the very best of good fortune at her new location in Rouyn, Quebec. Mrs. Moffatt was, on motion, enrolled as an Honorary Member of the Society.

Vice-President Jas. Cowan announced that the programme for the next meeting—February 26th—would be in charge of Mr. Geo. Ritchie and himself. It would be along the lines of the Friday evening event. It would be open only to members of the Society and their friends; members being free and a charge of fifty cents each being made for friends and adherents. Only paid-up members are classed as members. So many eligible for membership have been attending the meetings regularly without joining or paying up, and so many others have been taking advantage of the hospitality of the Society, that the executive has decided that something should be done in fairness to all. Last Friday there was a doorkeeper and this plan will be continued. All Scots and their friends are very welcome, but the event is not a public one, but a Society meeting for Scots-people and their friends.

Two brothers were entertained by a rich friend. As ill luck would have it, the talk drifted away from ordinary topics.

"Do you like Omar Khayyam?" thoughtlessly asked the host, trying to make conversation. The elder brother plucked heroically into the breach. "Pretty well," he said, "but I prefer 'Chianti'."

Nothing more was said on this subject until the brothers were on their way home.

"Bill," said the younger brother, breaking a painful silence, "Why can't you leave things that you don't understand to me? Omar Khayyam an't a wine, you chump; it is a cheese."



There's FISH to stuff and FISH to bake
There's FISH to broil just like a steak
There's FISH for chowder and to fry
Or any way you care to try

EAT MORE FISH

Here are a few specials which are just right for the Lenten season which is now on.

- Qualla Salmon, per lb. 18c.
- Silver Bright Salmon, lb. 20c.
- Coho Salmon, per lb. 25c.
- Halibut, per lb. 25c.
- Whitefish, per lb. 20c.
- Smelts, per lb. 25c.
- Chicken Digby, 2 lb. box. 35c.
- Finnan Haddie, 2 lbs. 25c.
- Fillets, per lb. 25c.
- No. 1 Baldwin Apples, per barrel \$5.25

F. Byck

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Cor. Third Ave. & Birch St. Timmins.

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Best Prices, Quality and Service

FOR ONE WEEK ONLY

- Loose Tea, per lb. 55c.
- Eggs, storage, 2nds 24c.
- Eggs, storage, 1sts 28c.
- Eggs, fresh, 1sts 45c.
- Eggs, extras 50c.
- Butter, per lb. 48c.
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- Mother's Jam, 4 lb. pail. 55c.
- Plums, 2 lb. tin 15c.
- Libby's Pork & Beans, 2s. 15c.
- Libby's Pork & Beans, 2½s. 20c.
- Potatoes, per bag \$3.50

MEATS

- Stew Beef from good steer, per lb. 10c.
- Shoulder Roast, per lb. 15c.
- Round Steak, lb. 15c., 18c., 23c.
- Breakfast Bacon, per lb. 25c.
- Sausages, our own make, they are delicious, 2 lbs. 25c.

We also have a large variety of fish of the best grades. For the Lenten dinner pick your choice from our stock.

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Tonal richness and beauty of design reach their highest development in this matchless instrument. Its presence lends distinction to the home and gives to it an atmosphere of culture and discrimination such as nothing else imparts.
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CLASSES FOR PROSPECTORS
Under authority, of the Ontario Department of Mines, Classes will be carried on by Dr. W. L. Goodwin, in the High School, Timmins, for eight days, as follows:—
1—Practical study in Minerals, beginning on Monday, March 8th, at 3 p.m.
2—Practice in Spotting Minerals and Rocks, beginning on the same day at 4 p.m.
3—Illustrated lectures on Geology and Mineral Deposits, at 8 p.m., at the Central Public School, as follows:
Tuesday, March 9th—Erosion and Sedimentary Rocks.
Wednesday, March 10th—Igneous Rocks.
Thursday, March 11th—Mountain Building, Metamorphic Rocks.
Friday, March 12th—Mineral Deposits.
Monday, March 15th—Geology and Mineral Deposits of the local district.
DAY CLASSES WILL BE HELD FROM 3 P.M. TO 4 P.M. AND FROM 4 P.M. TO 5 P.M.
EVENING CLASSES WILL COMMENCE AT 8 O'CLOCK.
Classes and Lectures are open free of charge to all interested.

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Snow, sleet, rain and mud cannot harm your car if we refinish it in Duco.
Duco's deep, quiet lustre, beautiful colour tones and unusual durability, make it the ideal finish for your car. Drive to our shop to-day and let us prove it to you.
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