

The Porcupine Advance

Published every Friday by  
GEO. LAKE, PROP.

Advertising Rates Furnished.  
Phone 25.

SUBSCRIPTION RATES:  
Canada \$2.00 a year.  
United States 3.00 a year.

FRIDAY, DEC. 13.

It is very simple in the States to get a Carnegie pension, all you have to do is to become an ex-President.

"Sing", says Mme. Calve, "and your ills will vanish." One's neighbor's would also have to sing to make this banish stuff unanimous.

To the man with insomnia the irony of fate is to feel sleepy when the six o'clock whistle blows in the morning, calling him to labor of the day.

Press dispatches say that London's Commissioner of Police was shot in the neck, but that the wound which is in the groin is not considered dangerous. We don't have policemen in this country with their make-up shifted about in this way.

A man from Michigan who had his fingers frozen in Dakota, was robbed in Illinois, arrested for vagrancy in Indiana and finally fell off a train is now wondering if the worst is yet to come. Probably so, almost anything is due to happen the man from Michigan.

Anyway people up in this North Country have other things to do besides dodging automobiles by hairs-breaths escapes. Residents of the big cities think they have accomplished something when this has been done.

Happiness is the only good. The place to be happy is here. The time to be happy is now. The way to be happy is to help make others so. This is what Robert G. Ingersoll once said and people called him an atheist and an unbeliever.

While Cobalt and other silver camps are receiving great benefit in the way of increased dividends it is well to remember that it now costs 10 cents more to have a baby born; with a silver spoon in its mouth than it did a few years ago.

For the first time in the history of New York City a chinaman has been convicted of a capital crime. Does the so-called "heathen Chinese" plan his crimes more cunningly than those of the Christian faith, or has he inherently more respect for law and life?

Stock Quotations

	Bid.	Asked.
American Goldfields	40	
Apex	.02	
Big Dome	20.00	21.00
Dobie	.25	
Crown Chartered	2 1/2	3
Dome Extension	9 1/2	10
Dome Lake	14 1/2	15
Eldorado		
Foley O'Brien	25	28
Hollinger	15.00	15.25
Jupiter	39 1/2	40
Moneta	.04	.05
McIntyre	3.00	3.50
Pearl Lake	23 1/2	24
Porcupine Imperial	3 1/2	3 3/4
Preston East Dome	5	6
Rea Mines	.30	.35
Standard	.01	.02
Swastika	8 1/2	9
Vipond	18	19
United Porcupine	0 1/2	.01
West Dome	15	20

Contractors Plant for Sale

Contractors plant for sale, consisting of Horses (2 Car load) Harness Sleighs, Waggon, Dump Carts, Concrete Mixers, Steam Drills, Small Tools, and complete camp outfit. For information apply to Wawatton Power Synd., Timmins, Ont.

SPEED OF SOUND.

An Easy Method of Judging the Distance It Travels.

There is an old saying that if you can count five between the flash and the thunder you are safe. Modern science tells us that if you can see the flash at all you are safe, because if it struck you you would have no time to see it. The speed of lightning is about 180 times that of sight.

The old idea was that if you could count five the storm was a mile away, which was considered a safe distance. Sound travels at the rate of 1,142 feet a second, or about a mile in five seconds. In order to count seconds accurately many photographers start by saying to themselves: "No one thousand, one one thousand, two one thousand, three one thousand," etc. This gives about the right space between each count of one, two, three, etc., if you stop at the number of seconds you want to time. With a little practice with a watch beside you this is accurate up to half a minute or more.

If you see a steam whistle blowing and note the instant it stops you can count the seconds until you lose the sound, and by allowing a fifth of a mile for each second you can judge the distance. The same is true of guns, or an explosion, or even of hammering or any loud sounds.—New York Press.

MARRIAGE BY PROXY.

This Curious Ceremony is a Purely Dutch Institution.

Some time ago a Boer in Pretoria was married to a girl in Amsterdam, in Holland, the ceremony constituting what the Dutch call handschoen, or glove marriage.

In spite of the fact that a distance of 6,000 miles lay between the bride in the Netherlands and the bridegroom in the Transvaal they were just as effectually married under the Dutch law as if both had been present in the same church.

The bridegroom sent to his friend, or best man, in Amsterdam a power of attorney to represent him as his proxy at the ceremony and at the same time forwarded his glove, which at the proper moment, when the two were made one, was held by both the bride and the proxy.

The wedding was duly registered at Amsterdam and at Pretoria, where the bridegroom filed an affidavit with the landdrost, or magistrate.

This curious form of marriage is a purely Dutch institution, the custom having originated, it is said, in the old times of Dutch-Batavian rule. It is, however, a dead letter in the Transvaal since the English took over that colony.—New York Press.

After the Deluge.

She had just returned from her first trip to Europe and everybody was given an opportunity to know about it. One by one they gently extricated themselves, but at last she found a silent youth in a corner who proved to be an attentive listener. To him she rhapsodized on the beauty of life "abroad," and especially in England. It is difficult, however, for the most enthusiastic tourist to exist long without eliciting from an auditor some expression of wonder or applause, so she sought to break her listener's respectful silence even at the expense of losing a little time herself. "Were you ever in England?" she asked.

"Yes," he said modestly. "I was born there, and I am thirty-six years old. I lived there until I came to America three months ago. If you can tell me anything about America I should be awfully glad, as I wish to learn all I can."—New York Press.

Diseases of Metals.

Metals suffer from contagious diseases analogous to those of living beings. Among these diseases one of the most striking is that called "tin pest." Sometimes a block, a plate or medal of tin attacked by this disease crumbles and falls into dust, and sometimes warty protuberances appear on the surface of the metal. Various other metals suffer from a disease that manifests itself by a spontaneous recrystallization. The most remarkable cases occur with lead and hard drawn brass. These diseases are not due, as has been thought, simply to moisture. Temperature plays a part in producing them. The most extraordinary fact perhaps is that the "tin pest" is capable of spreading by contagion.—Harper's Weekly.

Maybe a Little—After.

The play was not by any means brilliant, and obviously the man was bored. Suddenly he leaped to his feet. "I heard an alarm of fire," he said. "I must go and see where it is."

His wife, whose bearing was less acute, made way for him in silence, and he disappeared.

"It wasn't a fire after all," he said on his return.

"Nor water, either," said his wife coldly, with a sniff.—Exchange.

Caustic.

Scene—Train stopping at small roadside station. Irritable Old Gentleman—What on earth do they stop at a station like this for? Objectionable Passenger (alighting)—To allow me to get out. Irritable Old Gentleman—Ah! I see it has its advantages, then!

Showed Her Age

Grace—They say that Miss Forty-odd was named after her Aunt Georgiana. Gwendolyn—She looks as if she was named before her Aunt Georgiana.—Judge.

The art of being able to make good use of moderate abilities often confers more reputation than real merit.—Rochefoucauld.

WHISTLER AT WORK.

The Eccentric Artist Had a Method That Was All His Own.

In "Memories of James McNeill Whistler," by Thomas R. Way, the author allows us a glance at the artist's methods during his residence at the white house in Tite street, built from the designs of his friend, E. W. Godwin, the architect.

"The studio was surprisingly different from the room he previously used in Lindsay row, and entirely unlike the studios usually occupied by other artists. I remember a long, not very lofty room, very light, with windows along one side; his canvas beside his model at one end and at the other, near the table which he used as a palette, an old Georgian looking glass, so arranged that he could readily see his canvas and model reflected in it. Those who used such a mirror (as he did constantly) will know that it is the most merciless of critics.

"I marvelled then at his extraordinary activity, as he darted backward and forward to look at both painting and model from his point of view at the extreme end of the long studio. He always used brushes of large size with very long handles, three feet in length, and held them from the end with his arm stretched to its full extent. Each touch was laid on with great firmness, and his physical strength enabled him to do without the assistance of a maulstick, while the distance at which he stood from the canvas allowed him to have the whole of a large picture in sight and so judge the correct drawing of each touch."

BATTLEFIELD BRAVERY.

An Instance of Cool Courage in Face of Imminent Danger.

Perhaps few stories of battles so thoroughly illustrate cool bravery in the face of real danger as the little incident at a reconnaissance before the battle of Chancellorsville, of which Lord William Berosford was the hero.

The British were almost led into a terrible trap and discovered the danger only just in time. They turned to retreat, and the Zulus poured in a volley which brought down the gray horse of a mounted infantryman. His rider fell headforemost. The rest thought both man and horse were killed at first, but the former soon struggled to his feet, with his face covered with blood and dazed with his fall.

Lord William Berosford, seeing what had happened, pulled up and, in the face of advancing hosts of yelling savages within easy range, quietly trotted back and told the man to mount behind him.

With a cool courage scarcely second to Lord William's, the man refused, noble fellow that he was, preferring the certain sacrifice of his own life to the probability of destroying his preserver.

The reply was admirable, terse and telling. The savages swarmed closer and closer; bullets rattled around them. The two who lingered were almost within reach of the assagals, and Lord William said:

"Get up or I'll punch your head!"

The man obeyed, and rescuer and rescued escaped.—Pearson's Weekly.

Why Blackie Wore the Plaid.

Professor Blackie frequently stayed at Dr. Donald Macleod's house in Glasgow. One night, said the doctor, we were sitting up together. Blackie said in his brusque way, "Whatever other faults I have, I am free from vanity." An incredulous smile on my face roused him. "You don't believe that. Give me an instance." Being thus challenged, I said, "Why do you walk about flourishing a plaid continually?" "I'll give you the history of that, sir. When I was a poor man and when my wife and I had our difficulties she one day drew my attention to the threadbare character of my surtout and asked me to order a new one. I told her I could not afford it just then, when she went, like a noble woman, and put her own plaid shawl on my shoulders, and I have worn a plaid ever since in memory of her loving deed."

Man Who Beheaded Charles I.

The mysterious masked man who beheaded Charles I. remains the British analogue for the Man With the Iron Mask. Lilly, the lying astrologer, denounced Cornet Joyce at the restoration, but Joyce on the fatal 30th of January was not in favor with Cromwell. The parish register of Whitechapel records the burial in 1649 of Richard Brandon, the common hangman, and opposite the entry a contemporary hand wrote that "he cut off the head of Charles the First." Brandon himself asserted that "they made him do it for £30," with which he drank himself to death.—Dundee Advertiser.

Badly Lacking.

"Did young Charlie Goldie call on you last night?" "Yes. He calls almost every night." "That sounds serious. What sort of young man is he—pretty intelligent?" "Intelligent! Why, say, he doesn't know enough to embrace an opportunity."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

How Could She?

Student—I told you last night to wake me at 7 this morning. Why the dickens didn't you do so? Landlady—Well, sir, at 7 o'clock you hadn't come home.—Fleegende Blatter.

Rivals.

Lulu—You should get him to sign the pledge before you marry him. Babs—Why, he doesn't drink. Lulu—No, but he may be tempted to later.

Conduct is three-fourths of life.—Apooid.

Sheriffs Sale of Mining Property

By virtue of a writ of FIERI FACIAS issued out of the High Court of Justice and directed to the Sheriff of the Provisional Judicial District of Sudbury against the goods and chattels of Charles B. Flynn in the suit of May Baroness de Pallandt I have seized and taken in execution and in accordance with the provisions of the Act entitled "An Act to amend the Mining Act of Ontario" being 2 George V, Chapter 8, all the right title and interest of the said Charles B. Flynn in the unpatented Mining Claim situate in the Township of Odgen in the Porcupine Mining Division known as Number 15244 all of which property will be sold by public auction at my offices in the Court House in the Town of Sudbury at Two o'clock in the afternoon on Friday the Twenty-seventh day of December, 1912.

Sheriff's Office, Sudbury, November 26th, 1912.

A. IRVING.

The Sheriff of the Provisional Judicial District of Sudbury.

DIVIDEND NOTICE

Hollinger Gold Mine Limited, (No Personal Liability)

NOTICE is hereby given that a dividend of 3 per cent., on the capital stock of the Company, being the second regular four-weekly dividend, has been declared, payable 30th November, 1912, on which date cheques will be mailed to shareholders of record at the close of business on 21st November, 1912. Dated 15th November, 1912.

D. A. DUNLAP, Secretary-Treasurer.

PLANT BOWMAN'S

Guaranteed NURSERY STOCK

It will Grow

We want more agents in this country

Thos. W. Bowman & Son Co., Ltd. RIDGEVILLE, ONT.

In the High Court of Justice THE MINING ACT OF ONTARIO Under the Mechanics and Wage-earners Lien Act Between WM. H. PRITCHARD, Plaintiff and MARGARET A. BARTON and J. A. MENGE, Defendants

PURSUANT to the judgment and final order for sale made in this cause and bearing date respectively the 27th day of May, 1912 and the 21st day of October, 1912, there will be sold with the approbation of J. J. Kehoe, Esq., Master of this Court at Sudbury, by Alexander Irving, Esq., as auctioneer at the Sheriff's office in the Court House in the town of Sudbury at the hour of Two o'clock in the afternoon on the 30th day of November, 1912, the following lands and premises namely:

Two mining claims situate in the Porcupine Mining Division in the Township of Odgen South of the Township of Tisdale, the said Mining claims being recorded in the books of the Mining recorders office for the Porcupine Mining Division as Numbers T. R. S. 1155 and 1156 and surveyed as Numbers T. C. 604 and 603 respectively.

The properties will be offered for sale subject to a reserve bid, which has been fixed by the said Master. Ten per cent. of the purchase price shall be paid in cash at the time of sale, and the balance within thirty days from the date of sale.

In all other respects the terms and conditions of this sale will be the standing conditions of the High Court of Justice for Ontario.

Further particulars can be had from George Mitchell, Cobalt, Ont. Solicitor for the Plaintiffs.

Dated at Sudbury this 21st day of October 1912.

J. J. KEHOE.

Dustbane

A Powdered Compound which prevents dust rising while sweeping. It Brightens Floors and Restores Carpets to Original Colors by Removing all the Dirt and Dust. Dust-injured Merchandise means dollars and cents lost. Dustbane means a saving. School-room Dust is unhealthy. It spreads disease and its effect is far reaching.

Dustbane

Solves the Whole Problem IT'S A DUST KILLER

The Milton Carr Hardware Co. South Porcupine

Box 522

'Phone 16

Assessment Work

In Any Part of Northern Ontario's Mineral Districts, is Our Specialty

All our work is under control of thoroughly capable mining men and we guarantee good work in every contract undertaken. Reports and Maps on completion of every Contract. High-class References

Homer L. Gibson & Company Mining Contractors South Porcupine, Ont.

Clerk's Notice of First Posting of Voters' List

Voters' List of 1912; Municipality of the Township of Tisdale

Notice is hereby given, that I have transmitted or delivered to the persons mentioned in Section 9 of the Ontario Voters' List Act, the copies required by said section to be so transmitted or delivered of the list, made pursuant to said Act, of all persons appearing by the last revised Assessment Roll, of the said Municipality to be entitled to vote in the said Municipality at Elections for Members of the Legislative Assembly and at Municipal Elections; and that the

said list was posted up at my office at South Porcupine, on the 1st day of Nov. 1912, and remains there for inspection.

And I hereby call upon all voters to take immediate proceedings to have any errors or omissions corrected according to law.

Dated at South Porcupine, this 1st day of Nov. 1912.

W. M. WHYTE, Clerk of the Township of Tisdale.

TIMBER FOR SALE.

The timber on South half of lot 10, Con. 6, Tisdale Township (163 acres). Timber is mostly pine of good quality, balance spruce and sam. For further information address.

Box 40, Fergus, Ont.