

LIBERAL CLASSIFIEDS
GET RESULTS
PHONE TU. 4-1105

Sanitary Contractor
Septic Tanks Pumped
Drains Cleaned & Repaired

C. STUNDEN
RICHMOND HILL TU. 4-1248

B. W. Miller
GROWER — FLORIST
Since 1889
The finest in floral designs
and bedding plants.

PHONE
ALPine 7-1471
Keele Street Maple, Ont.

CANADIAN
CANCER SOCIETY
Richmond Hill Unit
FACT FOR THE WEEK:
GET RID OF FEAR, SUPERSTITION AND IGNORANCE.
In the last few years we have gone deeper into welfare, at no time reducing our participation in research.
We cannot do anything but achieve success with so many volunteers working for us helping to achieve our purpose.
Very Rev. R. C. Brown

\$ Turn Your Scrap \$ Into Money!
We are buying for our foundries any quantities of ALUMINUM, BRASS, COPPER, LEAD, & WHOLE SCRAP BATTERIES

METAL & WASTE PRODUCTS
360 ENFORD ROAD, RICHMOND HILL
CALL TU. 4-7401

I. J. Ramer & Sons FUEL KIDS
SOMETIMES THE WEATHERMAN IS WRONG ---
"BE PREPARED AT ALL TIMES WITH OUR COAL"
THE WEATHER'S SPRING BRAND

We will fill your bin with real coal-satisfaction.
We handle a grade of coal that gives the proper amount of heat. It's safe coal to buy for your home.

I. DRAMER
OUR FUEL MAKES WARM FRIENDS
FUEL OIL - BUILDERS SUPPLIES - FEEDS
Phone: TURNER 4-1313
RICHMOND HILL
Clean, Safe, Low-Cost Heat

MacDuff Ottawa Report

The Emperor's Clothes
OTTAWA — Finance Minister Donald Fleming, clothed himself in virtue when he brought down his budget for the current year in the House of Commons late last month.
Producing what he hopes is his first tiny surplus after three years of deficits totalling over \$1 billion, Mr. Fleming sought to convey the idea that the Federal Government was only bringing to fruition long and carefully developed policies.
The forecast surplus of \$12,000,000 was not something that had just happened, he said. "It is the result of considered aims and efforts."

Well in part that is true. For two years of the three it has been in office the present Government no doubt has pondered long and deeply how it could get

Anything Better Than Hell Camps

He was 10 years old, and for 10 years he had lived in a refugee camp because there he was born. In fact, he had known a number of camps — four, to be exact. For the past three and a half years little Janos had been living in the camp at Latina, south of Rome on the road to Naples. Janos and his mother shared a room at the camp. His father had died five years before. Three years after her husband's death, Janos' mother first thought of emigrating to a new country. She spoke with the officials from the camp, the voluntary agencies, and the office of the UN High Commissioner for Refugees. But time went by, and Janos grew from a baby into a fine, big boy. He was a quiet and sensitive child, who never complained. Like so many other children who lived in refugee camps, he had learned to adjust himself to many limitations.

One day Janos' mother was called to the camp office, where the UN representative told her that, through a voluntary agency, a sponsor had been found. She and her son would soon be able to leave the camp. As her eyes opened wide, almost in disbelief, the UN man told her that they were going to the United States, where there would be a home for her and Janos, and also a job. But, there wasn't much time. She and Janos would be leaving in five days with other refugees on a specially chartered plane. After more than 10 long years in refugee camps, this promise of a new life was almost too much to bear. Janos' mother hurried to tell her son the wonderful news but, when she did, she was bewildered by Janos' reaction. "It is a very long way from here," he said. "Will we like it there, mother? Everything is so different." Janos' mother couldn't quite realize that even a child, after an entire lifetime spent in refugee camps, might have defensively retreated from harsh reality into resignation.

On the morning Janos and his mother were to leave, a camp official asked the boy, "do you know what today is, Janos?" "Yes, it is my birthday," Janos said. "Today I am 10." "Your birthday! Why, you should have a party!" With a pathetic shrug Janos said, "I've never had a party."
That night Janos and his mother boarded the plane at Rome's Ciampino Airport. When the plane was several hours in the air the UN official accompanied by the group asked Janos, "do you know what day this is?" "Yes, it is my birthday." The UN man gave a signal and a smiling stewardess walked down the aisle, with her hands held high. She was carrying a small birthday cake with barely room for 10 lighted candles.

At 15,000 feet over the Atlantic, for the first time in his life, Janos had a birthday party. The voices that sang "Happy Birthday" came forth in a half-dozen languages. It made no difference, for Janos understood. He, who had been born in a refugee camp, was experiencing the birth of a new life and its unlimited happiness.

To clear the refugee camps of Europe through migration, integration or repatriation is one of the objectives of World Refugee Year. The Canadian Committee for World Refugee Year reports that, to date, 10 community World Refugee Year committees in Canada have pledged themselves to camp clearance projects. They need our help.

Donations during Austerity week, April 24-30, may be sent to the Mayor of Richmond Hill, Ken Tomlin.

out of the trouble it got itself into with its first budget.
It will be recalled that in November of 1957 Mr. Fleming brought down a "baby budget" which sharply reduced taxes and increased federal expenditures, particularly those for social welfare. Those changes, when they were passed along to the 1958-1959 budget, together with the revenue drop caused by the recession, resulted in a real deficit of over \$800,000,000. Last year they were responsible for a deficit of over \$400,000,000 even though Mr. Fleming was forced to not only restore the tax cuts but add to them.

Since that famous baby budget of 1957 members of the Federal Government have sought to rationalize their policy by contending it was part of a long-sighted plan aimed at meeting the impending recession of 1958.

The fact is that the winter of 1957-1958 the Government would not for one minute admit the country was already heading into recession, nor did it suggest taxes were being decreased or federal expenditures increased for that season.

In keeping with a time-honoured tradition, it was quite simply preparing the way for the next federal election it knew was around the corner.

Ill-considered policies that were never really designed to meet recession led to a severe loss of confidence in the Government among investors and virtually forced the Bank of Canada to print all the money needed by the treasury to cover the heavy drain in 1958-1959.

This in turn added to public

concern, which reached its peak in the middle of last year when interest rates climbed to peaks that had not been known since the depression days.

Now that crisis seems over and Mr. Fleming has safely made shore. But there are new storms gathering on the horizon which the Government seems no more ready to meet than the last, despite the warnings posted up and down the coast by others.

Ever since November, James Coyne Governor of the Bank of Canada has been sounding the alarm from the housetops over Canada's continued spending spree that has led to "chronic" deficits with the rest of the world.

Mr. Coyne has called on the Government to take the lead in inducing Canadians to save more of their own wealth for investment in their own land and to spend less both in Canada and abroad on luxuries that are beyond their means.

Mr. Fleming, trying to ride two horses at once, totally rejected the idea that heavy deficits abroad posed any danger for the nation and at the same time indulged in a little sermon about "efficiency, productivity and thrift." There was no leadership here.

The Minister dwelt at length on the unbounded prosperity that Canadians generally enjoyed last year in what he thought was reflected glory.

He paused hardly at all to consider the dark cloud lurking in the distance. That was unemployment which at a time when the economy was climbing to new heights stood just under the post-war high hit during the depths of the 1958 recession.

Mr. Fleming had no explanation why the number without work should be so high at a time of such prosperity - only hope that the problem would go

away.
Capital Hill Capsules
The Unemployment Insurance Fund, which the Government thought it had bailed out last year is still in trouble.

By the end of March it was down to \$384,000,000, a decline of \$125,000,000, from a year ago and threatening to go another \$60,000,000 lower before the bottom was reached this year. This is in contrast to the \$927,000,000 that was in the fund as of December, 1956.

When it brought in a 30 per cent increase in contribution rates last fall, the Government hoped that it had halted the drain on the fund, but there is no indication this has happened yet.

The basic assumption behind the change was that the five-year average level of employment up to March, 1958, of four per cent would prevail and thus make it possible for the Fund to be brought into balance.

But unemployment over the past two years has been running well over that rate. For the whole of 1958 it averaged 6.6 per cent. Last year it was down to 5.6 per cent, but in the first two months of this year unemployment was nearly up to the 1958 levels. At that rate the Fund is bound to need a new injection of funds before long.

The Federal Government has sent a trade mission to Moscow in an effort to wind up the year-old negotiations over renewal of the Canadian-Russian trade agreement.

The old three-year treaty expired in February of 1959 and the Soviet Union has steadfastly refused to renew it under the old conditions that worked heavily in Canada's favour. The previous agreement required Russia to buy some \$20,000,000 worth of wheat a year from Canada, imposed no obligation on this coun-

try to buy anything in return. Russia has been insisting that under any new agreement it should be required to buy no more than twice as much from Canada as Canada buys from her. It looks as if the Kremlin has won its point.

AURORA — Town Council bogged down in the town's muddy streets problem as a large delegation appeared complaining about Aurora Hts. subdivision streets, a muddy bank between Sunnybrook subdivision and Aurora Heights, and flowing water over property.

BA. 1-1442 3 BURKE ST., WILLOWDALE
Specializing in
AV. 5-1942
Oil Burner Service
FUEL Furnace Cleaning - Repairing
OIL Donald J. Williams
All Work Guaranteed 24 HOUR SERVICE

AERIFY YOUR LAWN WITH LIGHT RICH BLACK PEAT LOAM

APRIL and MAY
is when life-giving sun rays penetrate deep in the ground. You could help this process greatly if you loosen the surface of your lawn with a rake, and then cover the area with Peaty soil. If your lawn needs seeding, spread the seed over the raked area, and cover with 1/4 to 1/2 inch Peaty soil. If your ground becomes dry sprinkle often with water and keep the soil moistened until your lawn is green.

In letting nature do the work you will enjoy seeing your garden and lawns being built with your added ambition.

ELGIN MILLS LOAM & SOD CO. LTD.

AV. 5-1514

Rich. Black Peat Loam - Sandy Loam - Well Rotted Manure - Peat Moss in bags and bales. Lawn Seeds, straight or blended.

SUPPLIED AND DELIVERED IN SMALL AND LARGE QUANTITIES

SOD We have freshly cut home-grown sod daily. If you wish to lay sod yourself we deliver, or we will lay it for you at a slight nominal charge. Guarantee life to newly laid sod. Place from 1/2" to 3/4" peaty soil under the sod before laying. After laying the sod, water daily, and only when the air is cool. You will then have a beautiful lawn.

This certificate

ONTARIO HOSPITAL SERVICES COMMISSION
HOSPITAL INSURANCE BRANCH
TORONTO 7, ONT.
SURNAME: EVERYBODY
INITIALS: R U
THIS CERTIFICATE THAT THE PERSON NAMED ABOVE HAS BEEN ASSIGNED THE HOSPITAL INSURANCE CERTIFICATE.
PRESENT THIS CERTIFICATE ON ADMISSION TO HOSPITAL
TO THE IMMEDIATELY OPPOSITE THE ONTARIO HOSPITAL

— brought PEACE OF MIND to the people of ONTARIO

TODAY, MORE THAN 5 1/2 MILLION RESIDENTS OF THE PROVINCE OF ONTARIO ARE COVERED BY ONTARIO HOSPITAL INSURANCE

THIS MEANS THAT 93% OF THE POPULATION

NOW HAVE MAXIMUM PROTECTION AGAINST THE COST OF NECESSARY HOSPITAL CARE

4,200,000 ONTARIO RESIDENTS, IN GROUPS, are now insured... 26,000 business firms and other organizations are co-operating to make these benefits available to their employees and members.

1,200,000 RESIDENTS, NOT IN GROUPS, are insured through premiums paid directly to the Commission.

100,000 MUNICIPAL WELFARE RECIPIENTS are also covered for hospital care.

\$158,000,000 WAS PAID IN 1959, through the Commission, for standard ward hospital care received by insured residents.

EVERY MONTH LAST YEAR, MORE THAN 80,000 PATIENTS received hospital benefits under their Ontario Hospital Insurance Certificates. These benefits covered cases ranging from minor emergency treatments to long-term illnesses costing several thousands of dollars.

8,000 ONTARIO RESIDENTS RECEIVED BENEFITS for hospital care while outside the Province.

MORE HOSPITAL BEDS IN ONTARIO
Communities, hospitals and the Commission are working together, assisted by Provincial and Federal grants, to meet the need for more hospital accommodation in a growing Ontario. In 1959, 2,000 new beds were added; accommodation for 3,000 beds was under construction and facilities for 3,500 more beds were in advanced planning stages.

WHAT DOES ALL THIS MEAN TO YOU?
It means many things. But, to you as an insured person, probably the most important is the fact that hospital expense is no longer an obstacle when your doctor recommends hospital care for you or your dependants. This means greater peace of mind for all concerned.

KEEP INSURED!

HERE'S WHAT TO DO

IF YOU CHANGE YOUR JOB...
Be sure to get your Certificate of Payment (Form 104) from the firm you are leaving. Follow the simple instructions on the back.

IF YOU GET MARRIED...
Family Hospital Insurance premiums are required. Be sure you are both protected. Tell your employer or collector right away. If you pay direct... tell the Commission.

IF YOU ARE NOW NINETEEN...
This means you are no longer insured under your parent's Hospital Insurance Certificate. When you become 19, separate premiums are required. Application forms are available at hospitals, most banks and any office of the Commission.

IF YOU CHANGE ADDRESS...
If you pay through a group, no action is necessary. If you pay on a direct basis, tell the Commission immediately.

IF YOU ARE NOT INSURED
YOU ARE NOT ELIGIBLE FOR BENEFITS
Application forms are available at hospitals and most banks or any office of the Commission... Firms having 6 to 14 persons on the payroll may elect to form groups. Obtain details from the Commission.

IF YOU GO TO HOSPITAL...
Make sure you take your Hospital Insurance Certificate or, at least, the Certificate number. To avoid confusion jot the number down now, where it can easily be found when needed.

IF YOU NEED EMERGENCY CARE...
Remember — Emergency Out-patient hospital care is insured only if received within 24 hours following an accident.

AND REMEMBER...
Always pay premiums when due. Don't take chances. Prompt payment of Hospital Insurance premiums safeguards your future protection. It may be a blessing to you some day.

READ YOUR HOSPITAL INSURANCE "GUIDE"
— an interesting little folder which gives you the answers. Copies are available from insured groups, all hospitals, most banks, or any office of the Commission.

PROCLAMATION

TOWNSHIP OF MARKHAM

by authority of a Resolution of Council, I hereby proclaim Daylight Saving Time to extend from 2 a.m. Sunday, April 2, 1960, in the Township of Markham.

All residents are hereby notified and requested to govern themselves accordingly.

H. C. T. CRISP W. L. CLARK
Clerk Reeve
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN

ONTARIO HOSPITAL SERVICES COMMISSION

TORONTO 7, ONTARIO