

Canada from Coast to Coast

St. John's, Nfld.—To date 42,000 seals have been killed by the Newfoundland sealing fleet, according to wireless reports received here. The seven vessels sealing on the banks reported their individual catches as: Thetis 8,500; Eagle 7,000; Ranger 6,000; Seal 6,500; Sagona 5,500; Teranova 4,500; Neptune 4,000.

Halifax, N.S.—Thirty boys between the ages of 14 and 18, have arrived in Halifax from Liverpool. These thirty boys, who will shortly be followed by 170 others, are going to work on farms in Nova Scotia under arrangements made by the Salvation Army; the other 170 will go to farms in the Maritime Provinces and other parts of Canada.

Fredericton, N.B.—A meeting of live stock men of the province was held here recently, when the matter of importing purebred sheep and horses for breeding purposes was discussed. It was also decided to form a sheep club in connection with the co-operative marketing of wool.

Montreal, Que.—Removal of the embargo against Canadian cattle has created a big demand for shipping space on the part of British buyers, according to reliable information from the Shipping Federation offices here. Last year there were only two or three cattle boats a week sailing from Montreal. With the latest stimulation of the trade, shipping officials look for an increase of at least 100 per cent. in the number of steamers sailing from this port weekly.

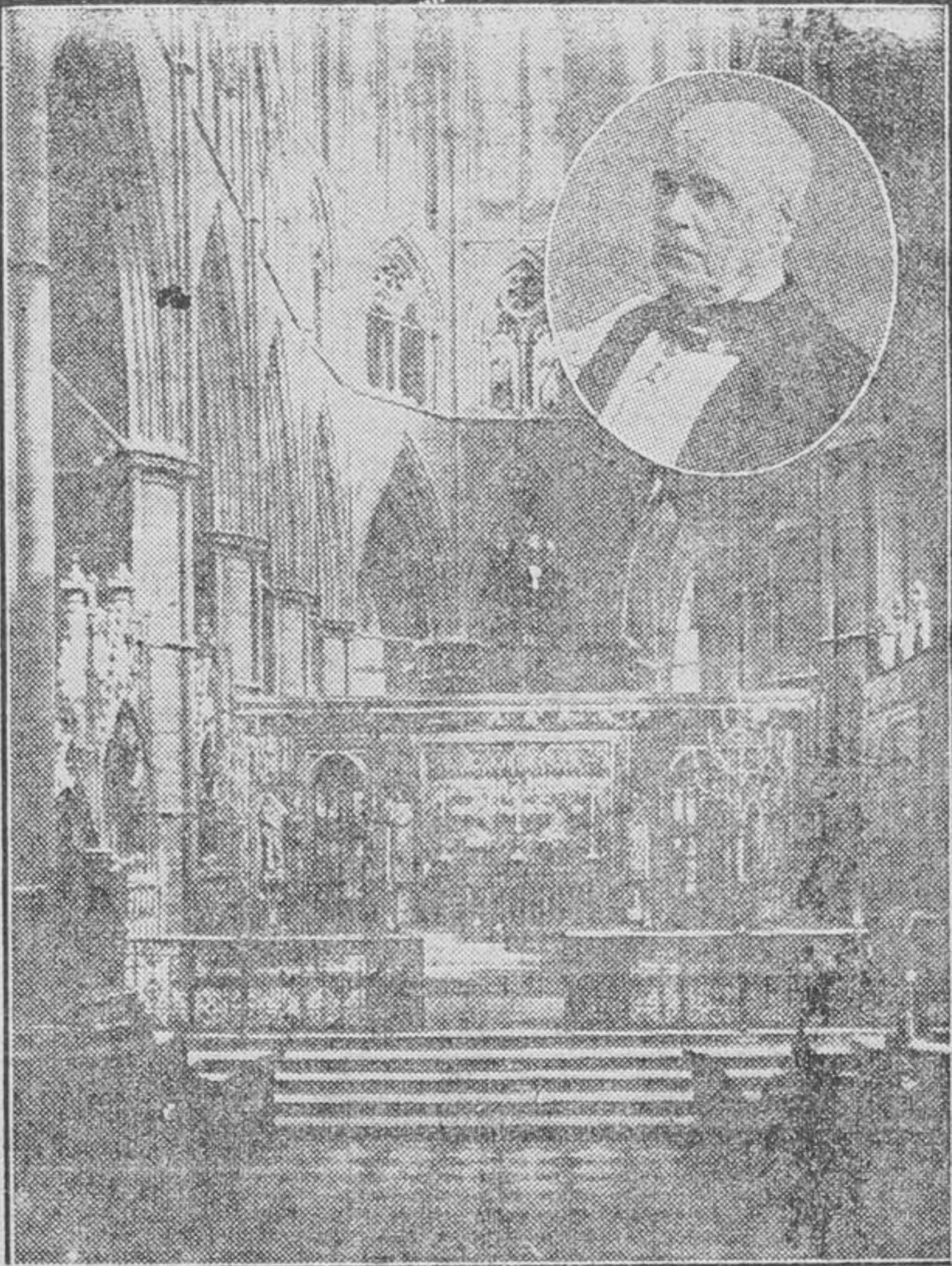
Toronto, Ont.—According to the latest legal directory, this city harbors 597 law firms, as against 515 a year ago. The local army of individual barristers and solicitors is said to be

1,200 strong. It is estimated that there are 2,428 lawyers in Ontario, so that Toronto has about one-half of that distinguished contingent.

Winnipeg, Man.—There was an increase of 51 per cent. in the immigration into Canada for February just passed, over the corresponding month of last year. The total immigration for the month was 3,290, as compared with 2,183 for February, 1922. From Britain there came 1,356 compared with 509 a year ago; from the United States 722, compared with 1,078 a year ago; and from "other countries" 1,212, as compared with 566 a year ago. For the eleven months ended with February there has been a decline from 84,451 for the period closing with February, 1922, to 66,139 for the corresponding period closing at the end of February.

Regina, Sask.—Several hundred new silos were constructed in Saskatchewan last year, and indications are that the number erected in 1923 will equal if not exceed that number. In all parts of the province there is real enthusiasm as to the possibilities of sunflowers as an ensilage crop and of sweet clover as a hay and pasture crop and the coming season will undoubtedly see an increase of several thousand acres over last year's acreage planted to these forage crops.

Vancouver, B.C.—There was a production of over ten million dollars in gold and silver in the northwest districts of British Columbia in the year 1922, representing an increase of more than fifty per cent. over the previous year. So many properties have been brought practically to the production point that the coming season should see exceptional progress.



WHERE THE ROYAL WEDDING WILL BE CELEBRATED

The High Altar and Apse of Westminster Abbey where the marriage of Prince Albert, Duke of York, to Lady Elizabeth Bowes-Lyon, will be celebrated. It will be the third royal wedding of recent years to take place in the ancient abbey, the first being that of Princess Pat and the second that of Princess Mary to Viscount Lascelles. Inset is the Archbishop of Canterbury, who will officiate.

The Week's Markets

TORONTO.

Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.32.
Manitoba oats—Nominal.
Manitoba barley—Nominal.
Am. corn—No. 3 yellow, \$1; No. 2, 98½c.

All the above track, Bay ports.
Barley—Malting, 59 to 61c, according to freights outside.
Buckwheat—No. 2, 76 to 78c.
Rye—No. 2, 79 to 81c.
Peas—No. 2, \$1.46 to \$1.50.
Millfeed—Del., Montreal freights, bags included: Bran, per ton, \$32; shorts, per ton, \$34; middlings, \$35; good feed flour, \$2.15 to \$2.25.

Ontario wheat—No. 2 white, \$1.18 to \$1.20, according to freights outside.
Ontario No. 2 white oats—49 to 51c.
Ontario corn—Nominal.
Ontario flour—Ninety per cent. pat., in jute bags, Montreal, prompt shipment, \$5.10 to \$5.20; Toronto basis, \$5.05 to \$5.15; bulk seaboard, \$4.95 to \$5.

Manitoba flour—1st pats., in cotton sacks, \$7.10 per barrel; 2nd pats., \$6.60.

Hay—Extra No. 2, per ton, track, Toronto, \$14; mixed, \$11; clover, \$3.
Straw—Car lots, per ton, track, Toronto, \$9.

Cheese—New, large, 26c; twins, 26½c; triplets, 28c; Stiltons, 29c. Old, large, 31 to 32c; twins, 33 to 34c; Stiltons, 35c.

Butter—Finest creamery prints, 50 to 51c; ordinary creamery prints, 47 to 49c; dairy, 30 to 33c; cooking, 24c.
Eggs—New laid, loose, 33 to 34c; new laid, in cartons, 37 to 38c.

Live poultry—Chickens, milk-fed, over 5 lbs., 25c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c; do, over 5 lbs., 24c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 21 to 24c; do, 2 to 4 lbs., 18 to 21c; hens, over 5 lbs., 28c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 26c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 22c; roosters, 17c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 30c.

Dressed Poultry—Chickens, milk-fed, over 5 lbs., 35c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 33c; do, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 25c; do, 2 to 4 lbs., 25c; hens, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 28c; do, 3 to 4 lbs., 24c; roosters, 24c; ducklings, over 5 lbs., 30c; do, 4 to 5 lbs., 29c; turkeys, young, 10 lbs. and up, 40c.
Beans—Can., hand-picked, lb., 7c; primes, 6½c.

Maple products—Syrup, per imp. gal., \$2.50; per 5-gal. tin, \$2.40 per gal. Maple sugar, lb., 23 to 25c.

Honey—60-lb. tins, 11½ to 12c per lb.; 5-2½-lb. tins, 12½ to 13½c per lb. Ontario comb honey, per dozen, \$3.75 to \$4.50.

Potatoes, Ontario—No. 1, \$1.10 to \$1.15; No. 2, \$1 to \$1.10.

Smoked meats—Hams, med., 25 to 27c; cooked hams, 35 to 40c; smoked rolls, 26 to 28c; cottage rolls, 32 to 35c; breakfast bacon, 30 to 33c; special brand breakfast bacon, 35 to 38c; backs, boneless, 34 to 40c.

Cured meats—Long clear bacon, 50 to 70 lbs., \$18.50; 70 to 90 lbs., \$18; 90 lbs. and up, \$17; lightweight rolls, in barrels, \$38; heavyweight rolls, \$35.

Lard—Pure tierces, 16 to 16½c; tubs, 16½ to 17c; pails, 17 to 17½c; prints, 18½c. Shortening tierces, 14½ to 15½c; tubs, 15½ to 16½c; pails, 15½ to 16½c; prints, 17½ to 18½c.

Heavy steers, choice, \$7.50 to \$7.90; butcher steers, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.25; do, good, \$6 to \$6.50; do, med., \$5.25 to \$6; do, com., \$4.50 to \$5; butcher heifers, choice, \$6.75 to \$7.25; do, med., \$6 to \$6.50; do, com., \$4.50 to \$5; butcher cows, choice, \$4 to \$5; do, med., \$3 to \$4; canners and cutters, \$1.50 to \$2; butcher bulls, good, \$4 to \$5; do, com., \$3 to \$4; feeding steers, good, \$5.75 to \$6.25; do, fair, \$5.50 to \$6; stockers, good, \$5 to \$5.50; do, fair, \$4 to \$5; calves, choice, \$9 to \$11; do, med., \$7 to \$8; do, com., \$4 to \$5; milch cows, choice, \$70 to \$90; springers, choice, \$80 to \$100; lambs, choice, \$14 to \$16; do, springs, \$15 to \$18; sheep, choice, \$8 to \$9; do, culls, \$4 to \$5; hogs, fed and watered, \$11 to \$11.25; do, f.o.b., \$10.25 to \$10.50; do, country points, \$10 to \$10.25.

A man should never be ashamed to own that he has been in the wrong; it is but saying in other words that he is wiser to-day than he was yesterday.—William Penn.



The Queen of Holland.

Queen Wilhelmina of Holland, who was crowned twenty-five years ago. She has been invited to visit New York next year to join in the celebration of the three hundredth anniversary of the founding of Dutch colonies in the New World.

REPUBLICAN PAPERS SEIZED IN LONDON

Scotland Yard Raids Many Homes and Finds Plots Favoring Irish Rebels.

A despatch from London says:—Another secret raid upon persons suspected of plotting in behalf of the Irish Republican cause was made in London Saturday morning, according to the Daily Express. The paper mentions Greenwich, Woolwich and Bermondsey as the districts where the police operated.

Scotland Yard detectives went in automobiles to the various districts and swooped suddenly on numerous houses. The occupants were taken completely by surprise; many of them were abed. Important documents referring to the activities of the workers for the Irish rebels are said to have been discovered in the search, which occupied some hours, but the Express does not state whether there were any arrests.

Since the round-up of March 10-11, the paper adds, it has become known that a considerable number of men, women and girls, belonging to the Irish revolutionary party, were continuing active propaganda work in London. This led to exhaustive inquiries and Saturday's raids.

Lloyd George May Open National Exhibition

London, April 14.—Former Premier Lloyd George will visit the United States and Canada in September. During a short tour he will speak in New York, Washington, Chicago, Toronto and Montreal. He also intends to visit the Canadian National Exhibition, Toronto.

The authority for these statements is the News of the World, owned by Lord Riddell, a close friend of the former Premier. The prominence given the reports indicates it was inserted by Lord Riddell and authorized by Mr. Lloyd George.

'Tis good to be vigilant, but wrong to be suspicious.



Heads R.C.M.P.

Commissioner Courtlandt Starnes, the newly appointed Commissioner of the Royal Canadian Mounted Police.



Guide Chief in Canada

Lady Olave Baden-Powell, wife of the founder of the Boy Scout and Girl Guide movements, who is in Canada with her husband, and is being greeted by the Guides in all parts of the country.

ALBERTA COAL FOR ONTARIO CONSUMERS

Paying Tonnage for Canadian National Railways When Delivered for \$16 Per Ton.

A despatch from Ottawa says:—"You would need several adding machines to estimate the amount of anthracite in the hard coal areas of Alberta," Joseph Errington, discoverer of the Alberta fields, told the Commons Committee on Canada's Fuel Supply Thursday afternoon. The Hoppe field, he estimated, extended about 35 miles north and south and 30 miles east and west. Replying to E. J. Garland (Bow River), he agreed that the coal might run 100,000,000 tons, but it would be foolish, in his opinion, to attempt to estimate the amount.

Coal in the Alberta hard coal area was equal to any mined anywhere in the world. There was also a great deal of coal which was suitable for coking. Transportation, however, was the great problem.

He estimated that coal from the anthracite areas could be placed in Toronto at about \$16 or \$17 a ton. There would be additional charges for retailing. The coal was superior to Pennsylvania anthracite now being delivered to Canadian points.

Mining conditions in the Alberta field were superior to those in the Pennsylvania field, and the coal itself was clean and did not deteriorate. The public would not need further education in using Alberta coal. If the field was developed it would also provide a profitable tonnage for the Canadian National Railways.

French Seize Wine Valued at 100,000,000 Marks

Cologne, April 15.—More than 100,000,000 marks (\$235) worth of wine has been seized by the French at Dusseldorf because the Germans had not paid the wine tax, according to an announcement in German quarters.

PREMIER DRURY ANNOUNCES MAY DISSOLUTION AND JUNE ELECTIONS

A despatch from Toronto says:—The fifteenth Legislature of Ontario is to be dissolved on or about May 4, and the Provincial general election will follow in the last week of June.

This announcement was made by Premier Drury to the Legislature when the House met on Thursday afternoon. It followed a busy morning of conferences with the Ministers and a meeting of the Cabinet in Council. The sensational episodes of the overnight sitting had left the atmosphere at Queen's Park tense with expectancy, and many rumors of "developments" were afloat.

It was evident from the moment when Ministers and members started to arrive at the Buildings that all parties and groups took for granted the imminence of an appeal to the

FREE STATE TROOPS SEARCH FOR VALERA

Scouring Tipperary Mountains for Republican Leader and Adherents.

A despatch from Dublin says:—Six columns of Free State troops under General Prout are scouring the mountains in Tipperary for Eamonn de Valera, Dan Breen and other Republican adherents who escaped the National troops when Liam Lynch was fatally wounded and captured. This operation is the best organized effort yet made to capture de Valera.

The area in which the troops are



Would Demilitarize Rhine.

M. Louchet, the French financier and ex-minister, who has been discussing with Bonar Law and Lloyd George a plan for demilitarizing the Rhine district and placing it under the control of the League of Nations.

operating is very mountainous, and little information regarding their movements is trickling through.

Thomas Keating, one of the Southern irregular leaders, died on Thursday from his wounds in the Dungarvan Hospital. Keating, with a party of irregulars, was surprised by troops operating at Coolnasmeear, near Dungarvan, County Waterford. The irregulars refused to surrender and were fired upon, Keating receiving a mortal wound. He was one of the most active of the Southern irregulars.

Considerable discussion took place in Dail Eireann Thursday over the position of the Free State army, the contention having been raised in some quarters that the military branch is not sufficiently under civil control.

President Cosgrave arose and declared that General Mulcahy, Minister of Defence, had his entire confidence and that there was no intention of disturbing him in his direction of military affairs.

INSULIN LAUDED AS CURE FOR DIABETES

Serum Discovered by Dr. Banting of Toronto Receives High Praise in New York.

New York, April 15.—The use of insulin in the treatment of diabetes has met with complete success at Montefiore Hospital, where 80 patients, five of whom were already in the last stages of the disease, have been injected with the recently discovered serum. This was made known to-day by Dr. A. I. Ringer, attending physician at the hospital, following the annual meeting in the auditorium.

Dr. Simon Flexner, Director of the Rockefeller Institute for Medical Research, who was the chief speaker at the meeting, devoted a portion of his address to the new discovery, asserting that "the world is enormously richer to-day that it has ever been before," because of the discovery of the serum by Dr. F. G. Banting of Toronto.

An angry man opens his mouth and shuts his eyes.