RUSSIANS BLOW BRE ACH IN THE AUSTRIAN FRONT

All Five of the Teuton Armies on the Eve of a General Retreat, It is Reported.

the official announcements.

front, involving the armies of General ing cut off. Count von Bothmer and General von Archduke Joseph Ferdinand.

According to other despatches, the Russian success is largely due to the unprecedented use of artillery, surpassing in intensity any previous efforts on either side on the east front. The retreat of many Austrian trench detachments was completely cut off by a curtain of shrapnel through which it was impossible for any living thing to pass, and the Austrians were thus compelled to surrender en

The Times estimates the Austrian losses at 200,000.

The Volhynian fortress of Lutsk, 30 miles from the Galician frontier, fell into Russian hands last Tuesday, the first important capture by the Czar's forces since the great Spring drive on the 250-mile front from the Pripet to the Roumanian border be-

The fall of Lutsk was announced by the Russian War Office on Thursday night.

New Invasion From North.

become automatically necessary, and cians. the fall of that stronghold would com- The capture of Dubno means the within the Galician border.

in the last 24 hours. Pushing forward hands.

A despatch from London says: in massed formation, with an unpre-Special despatches from Petrograd cedented outpour of artillery, they express the belief that the Russian pressed the Austro-Hungarian troops successes against the Austrians are defending the "doors of the Bukofar more important than appears from wina" to the River Strypa, taking strong positions on the Tribuchowice-The Daily Telegraph's correspon- Jaslowice front. Both places lie a few dent ventures the assertion on the au- miles from one another west of the thority of a prominent Russian expert Stripa and south of the important that "all five Austrian armies are on city of Buczaz. This success, if folthe eve of a general retreat, and that lowed up by further progress, men-Lemberg is in great strategic danger." aces the Bukowina crown land with On the same authority it is asserted invasion and the whole Austro-Hunthat "a strategic breach 100 miles garian army defending it-estimated wide has been blown in the Austrian at from 250,000 to 300,000-with be-

The Russian official report asserts Boehm-Ermolli, and part of that of that the total number of prisoners taken in the new offensive has been brought up to 54,000.

> A despatch from London says: The Russian invasion of Austria grows apace. Town after town has fallen, according to the Petrograd official reports, and the advantage of the Czar's troops has developed into a continuous pursuit of those of Francis

> The Volhynia fortress of Dubno has been captured by the Russians, and the Governor of the great fortress of Lemberg has been ordered by the Austro-Hungarian authorities to prepare to leave the city.

The Austrians, on Vienna's admission, have been driven across the Strypa; the Russians have crossed the Styr above Lutsk, and in a strong development along the Dneister have taken Buczacz and another army of prisoners has been captured. Buczacz is a most important railway town on the lower Strypa, and is regarded as the strategical gateway to Bukowina.

In an effort to dam the Russian The capture of Lutsk threatens the flood, 45,000 Austrians have been Two Socialists Oppose New Austrians with a new invasion of Ga- withdrawn from the Italian front. licia from the north. Vienna de- It is said that the evacuation of Czerspatches express the fear that the nowitz has been ordered, and that abandonment of Dubno, the apex of there is a panicky feeling in Vienna, the Volhynian fortress triangle, will which is crowded with fleeing Gali-

pel the Austro-Hungarians to retire repassing into Russian hands of the famous Volhynian triangle of forts. 000,000,000, only two Socialists cast-The Russians, according to Petro- Lutsk fell on Thursday, and Roveno ing their ballots against it. Dr. Helfgrad, scored another notable success never really passed into Russian



entering St. Paul's Cathedral at the recent celebration of "Anzac" Day, in

Credit of \$3,000,000,000

A despatch from Berlin says :-The Budget was passed by the Reichstag on Wednesday, the only opposition being the Socialist votes. There was almost complete unanimity in providing the new war credit of \$3,ferich, Minister of Finance, told the Reichstag that the war expenditures from January to May, 1916, were approximately \$500,000,000 a month. This, he declared, was extraordinarly small in view of the enormous quantity of munitions that has been provided to carry out the Verdun offen-

The opposition of the Socialists when the vote was taken on the Budget had no bearing upon the war. The Socialists have been agitatintg for 271c; boneless backs, 291 to 301c. years for a new system of taxation to relieve the workingman. They have, without exception, voted against the Budget on these grounds.

The new war credit will not be drawn upon, it is estimated, until September. Ample funds to carry on the operations until then are on hand from | 75 to 76c. Flour-Manitoba Spring wheat than \$2,500,000,000 was obtained.

PARCELS FOR CANADIANS

Postoffice Department has received information that gifts sent from Can-ada to soldiers from Canada serving onds, 29 to 291c Eggs—Fresh, 25 to 26c; selected, 29 to 30c; No. 1 stock, 26 to 27c; No. 2, do., 24c. Potatoes—Per FRENCH AIR SQUADRON in British regiments stationed in bag, car lots, \$1.95 Great Britain, and to naval reservists and others from Canada serving in the navy, are exempt from customs duty, provided they are addressed in care of the Canadian War Contingent feed, 83%c. Oats-No. 2 C.W., 47%c; No. Association, Army Postoffice, London England. Arrangements have been made for this association to act as a central authority for the distribution of such parcels from Canada, and free customs entry is restricted to such parcels as are sent through the association.

COCKSURE OF VERDUN.

"Col. Shumsky, the military critic of Germany Claims She Will Occupy Town on Date Arranged.

A despatch from Berlin says: The sians now occupy the whole triangu- mans has been cut clean through, thus German General Staff figured that lar fortified positions of Kolki, Lutsk exposing the right flank of the Ger- Verdun would fall in five months. mans and the left flank of the Aus- German military experts now ex-"Military writers dwell on the trians and making them almost de- press the view that all expectations assertions, count, it is confidently pre-Poliessie, Volhynia and Poland and whole position on the Russian south- hands of the Germans in the first

laden with merchandi., off the Ana- to defend it. tolian coast.

KITCHENER LEFT HAMPSHIRE BUT THE LIFEBOAT UPSET

Survivors Too Exhausted To Tell Anything Concerning the Disaster.

on the cruiser Hampshire conti. 3 to ed ashore on the Orkneys empty. emanate from northern ports. One The twelve survivors were flung states that Lord Kitchener and his ashore clinging to a small inflated staff embarked in a small boat and raft, battered and exhausted. Two or cleared the ship, but that the boat three told those who helped them that was swamped in the heavy seas. The Lord Kitchener was aboard, then dropdisaster has now been located at two ped asleep. Between 70 and 80 bodies miles from shore, between Marwick some of them still warm, were found, Head and the Brough of Birsay, on Several had lost nearly all their finthe north-west coast of the Island of ger nails and toe nails trying to clam-Pomona, the largest of the Orkney ber up the cliffs. It is reported that group. The disaster occurred only some reached shore alive, but died of an hour after Earl Kitchener and exhaustion. members of his staff had embarked on A big lifeboat has been washed on the cruiser. A patrol ship in the the rocks near Thurso, on the mainneighborhood aerographed that it had land. Seven feet of the stern of the sighted the warship afire, and then craft was torn away, and no name that it seemed to blow up, but the gale showed, but apparently the boat had prevented hearing the sound of the been one of those belonging to the explosion. Other ships instantly went Hampshire.

A despatch from London says: in search, but found no trace of the Various short reports regarding the Hampshire, nor for some time any loss of Lord Kitchener and his staff bodies. The captain's gig was dash-

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, June 13 .- Manitoba wheat- \$1.13; No. 1 Northern, \$1.12; No. 2 Nor-No. 1 Northern 1.16%; No. 2, do., \$1.15%; thern, \$1.06% to \$1.09%. Linseed, \$1.82%; No. 3, do., \$1.11%; on track, Bay ports. July, \$1.83% asked; September, \$1.82% Manitoba oats-No. 2 C.W., 53c; No. 3, asked. do., 511c; extra No. 1 feed, 511c; No. 1 feed, 50%c, on track, Bay ports. American corn—No. 3 yelow, 75c, on track, Bay ports; 78c. track, Toronto.

Ontario oats-No. 3 white, 47 to 49c, Ontario wheat-No. 1 commercial, \$1 to \$1.01; No. 2, do., 98 to 99c; No. 3, do., honor of the Australian Colonial 94 to 95c; feed wheat, 88 to 90c, nomina, according to freightsl outside. Peas-No. 2, \$1.70; according to sam-

ple. \$1.25 to \$1.50, according to freights Barley-Malting, 65 to 66c; feed 62 to 63c. according to freights outside. Buckwheat-70 to 71c, according

Rye-No. 1 commercial, nominal, to 95c, according to freights outside. Manitoba flour-First patents, in jute bags, \$6.70; second patents, in jute bags, \$6.20; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$6 Ontario flour-Winter, according to

sample, \$4.25 to \$4.35 in bulk seaboard, prompt shipment. Millfeed-Car lots, delivered Montreal freights-Bran, per ton, \$23; shorts, per ton, \$25; middlings, per ton. \$25 to \$26. good feed flour, per bag, \$1.70 to \$1.75.

Country Produce.

Butter-Fresh dairy, choice, 24 to 27c inferior, 23 to 24c; creamery prints, 29 to 31c; inferior, 28 to 29c. Eggs-New-laid, 25 to 26c; do., in car-

tons, 26 to 27c. Beans-\$4 to \$4.50, the latter for Cheese-New, large, 18c; twins, 18tc. Maple syrup-Prices are steady at

\$1.40 to \$1.50 per Imperial gallon. Honey-Combs-No. 1, \$2.75 to \$3; No. \$2 to \$2.40. Dressed poultry-Chichens, 25 to 27c; fowl, 22 to 24c.

Potatoes-Ontarios quoted at \$1.85

Provisions.

and New Brunswicks at \$2.10 per bag.

Bacon, long clear, 18tc per lb. Hams -Medium, 231 to 241c; do., heavy, 201 bacon, 241 to 261c; backs, plain, 261 to Lard-Pure lard, tierces, 17c. and pails, 17tc; compound, 14 to 14tc.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, June 13.—Corn—American tra No. 1 feed, 521c; No. 2 local white, choice, \$6 to \$6.25; straight rollers, Rolled oats-Barrels, \$5.05 to \$5.55; bag of 90 lbs., \$2.40 to \$2.65. Millmiddlings, \$28 to \$30; mouillie, \$30 to Hay-No. 2. per ton, car lots, -Choicest creamery, 30 to 311c; sec- enemy ignorant of their location." erns, 171c; do., easterns, 161c. Butter

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, June 13.—Cash quotations: Wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.104; No. 2, 3 C.W., 46kc; extr. No. 1 feed, 46kc; No. 1 feed, 44%c; No 2 feed, 43%c. Barley-No. 3, 66c; No. 4, 61c; rejected 56c; feed, 56c. Flax-No. 1 N.W.C. \$1.591;

United States Markets. Minneapolis, June 13.-Wheat-July to its base safely.

Markets of the World \$1.10\frac{1}{2}; September, \$1.10\frac{1}{2}; No. 1 hard \$1.17\frac{1}{2}; No. 1, Northern, \$1.10\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$1.13\frac{1}{2}\$; No. 2 do., \$1.07\frac{1}{2}\$ to \$1.11\frac{1}{2}\$. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 72 to 73c. Oats—No. 3 white 38 to 38 c. Flour unchanged; shipments, 29,451 bbls. Bran. \$18.00 to \$19.00. Duluth, June 16.—Wheat—No. 1 hard,

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, June 13 .- Choice heavy steers \$9.50 to \$9.90; butchers' cattle, choice, \$9.15 to \$9.35; do., good, \$8.85 to \$9.00; do., medium, \$8.40 to \$8.60; do,, common. \$7.75 to \$8.00; butchers' bulls, choice, \$8.00 to \$8.50; do., good bulls, \$7.50 to \$7.75; do., rough bulls, \$4.75 to \$5.25; butchers' cows, choice \$8.00 to \$8.25; do., good \$7.50 to \$7.75; do., common. \$5.25 to \$5.75; stockers, 700 to 850 lbs., \$6.75 to \$7.75; choice feeders, dehorned, 950 to 1,000 lbs, \$8.25 to 8.85; canners and cutters, \$4.00 to \$5.00; milkers, choice, each \$75.00 to \$100.00; do., com, and med., each. \$40,00 to \$60.00; springers, \$50,00 to \$100.00; light ewcs, \$8.50 to \$10.00; sheep, heavy, \$6.00 to \$8.00; lambs, per lb., 15c. to 17kc; spring lambs \$6.00 to \$10.50; calves, good to choice, \$9.50 to \$12.50; do., medium, \$7.25 to 8.50; hogs, fed and watered, \$10.60; do., weighed off cars \$10.85 to \$10.90; do., f.o.b.,

Montreal, June 13.—Butchers' steers. choice, \$9 to \$9.10; medium, \$8.30 to \$8.50; common, \$7.30 to \$7.90; bulls, choice, \$7 to \$8.10; fair to good, \$6.65 to \$7; medium, \$5.65 to \$6.40; cows, choice. \$7 to \$7.75; fair to good, \$5.65 to \$6.40; caners and cutters \$3.75 to \$4.75. Sheep, light, \$7 to \$8; spring lambs, \$5 to \$8 each. Calves, choice, \$9 to \$10; medium, \$7 to \$8. Hogs, selects \$11.25 to \$11.50; heavy and sows, \$9.25 to \$9.50.

ENEMY LOSSES EQUAL.

Canadian Batteries Stood to Continuously for Two Days.

A despatch from London says: A former Canadian Pacific employe at Toronto now with the artillery, who has just arrived in London on leave, told a correspondent of the strenuous experiences of the last week-end, when to 211c; rolls, 19 to 191c; breakfast his battery stood to, continuously, for two days. "Although the Canadians suffered severely," he asserted, "the enemy suffered at least equal losses owing to the combined efforts of our artillery and our infantry. As usual, No. 2 yellow, 79 to 81c. Oats-Canadian it was with lachrymose gas shells that Western, No. 2, 54c; do., No. 3, 521c; ex- the Germans fought, but our heavy 52c; No. 3, do., 51c; No. 4, do., 50c. Bar- artillery, including a certain brigade ley-Manitoba feed, 68 to 70c; malting, of which one battery is made up of the last loan in February, when more patents, firsts, \$6.80; do., seconds, \$6.30; Montrealers, did most effective work strong bakers', \$6.10: Winter patents, in backing up the bombing attacks of \$5.10 to \$5.60; do., in bags, \$2.40 to our infantry. The ammunition columns kept up a good supply. The IN THE BRITISH SERVICE. feed-Bran, \$23 to \$24; shorts, \$26; German artillery aim is fairly accurate, but we have several battery com-A despatch from Ottawa says: The \$20.50 to \$21.50. Cheese-Finest west- manders who excel in keeping the

BOMBARDS HOBOKEN.

A despatch from London says: An allied air squadron has successfully Northern, \$1.093; No. 3 Northern, \$1.051; bombarded the wharves at Hoboken, near Antwerp, according to a despatch to the Exchange Telegraph Company from Maestricht. The Germans are said to have been building destroyers at Hoboken. The squadron was fired on by German batteries, but returned

DESPITE LOSSES INVOLVED

Canadian Authorities Communicated With the British General Staff Concerning Its Abandonment.

A despatch from Ottawa says: In attacks, according to the information view of the heavy losses sustained communicated, have been greater than during the past two weeks by the Canknown as the Ypres salient enquiry both sides have been no less serious. has been made by the Canadian au- No additional details of the fight-

The German losses in the various of all ranks.

those of the Canadians, and at other points on the British line where the adian forces in defending the position Germans have attacked the losses on

BIG TURK SHIPS. thorities of the British general staff. ing have been received by the Militia The information obtained in reply is Department, but an eye-witness ac-A despatch from Odessa says: Rus- that the position is an important one, count is expected to reach Ottawa sian torpedo-boat destroyers have and that notwithstanding the serious from Sir Max Aitken in a few days. sunk thirteen large Turkish ships loss incurred, it is thought necessary The losses, according to the latest official statement, have been over 6,000

among others, which the Berlin state- Fairbanks, Vice-President from 1904 ments had steadfastly omitted. The to 1908, was nominated for the Vicethese vessels was withheld "for mili- ary developments came rapidly on tary reasons" impugns the veracity Saturday, and seem to solve the camof the German claim as to the results paign difficulties of the Republican of the battle generally, in the opinion hosts.

Rostock Destroyed-New Reports on Fight. A despatch from London says: There was much satisfaction express-

Battle Cruiser Lutzow and the

the publication of the admission by the German Naval Department of the loss of the battle cruiser Lutzow of 26,000 tons and the armored cruiser Rostock of 4,900 tons. British reports had accounted for these German ships official admission that the loss of

ther admissions confirming the British reports are looked for.

of attaches of the Admiralty. Fur-

CHAS. E. HUGHES CHOSEN.

The Justice Accepts Unanimous Nomination of Republicans.

Chicago, June 11.-Charles E. Hughes has the unanimous nomination ed at the Admiralty on Thursday over of the Republicans, has resigned from the Supreme Court and entered the campaign with a bang, and Theodore Roosevelt has declined, for the present at least, the whirlwind nomination tendered by the Progressives at virof the naval battle off Skagerrack tually the same instant Hughes was named at the Coliseum. Charles W. Presidency again. These extraordin-

Matters Begin to Look Serious for the Whole Enemy Line in Russia.

victory won by the Russians is with- ous for the whole enemy line in Rusout a parallel in military history," sia. says a Petrograd despatch to Reu- The Bourse Gazette, declares the juncter's Telegram Company. "The Rus- tion between the Austrians and Gerand Olyka.

great strategic importance of this tri- fenceless to further Russian attacks." will be even surpassed. In quarters, angle, which includes some of the Another despatch from Petrograd where facts, not feelings, acts, not best Austrian communication lines, says: and connects the centre between The Lutsk victory changes the dicted that Verdun will be in the

sian Mrust, and military writers de- vitz is in Russian hands.

A despatch from London says: "The clare that matters begin to look seri-

the roads to Galicia and Bukowina. western front. Hardly less important week of July. "The Russians fought their way to is the Russian success in Galicia, Lutsk, a distance of twenty-five miles, where the Austrian positons between RUSS SINK THIRTEEN in three days, through forests and Trybuchovce and Jaslovitz, south of marsh lands and over battered de- Buczacz, have been forced and the fences, the invincibility of which the Austrians driven beyond the Strypa. Austro-Germans had been boasting In Bukowina again the Austrians were throughout the winter and spring, driven back south of Okna, and the There is still no response to the Rus- head of the railway leading to Czerno-