## CANADIANS SAVED THE LINE

Swept Back by Terrific Onslaught They Reform and Retake Lost Guns

The sudden German assault north with any degree of accuracy. The of Ypres, which won for the Ger- first line trenches were made mans an advance of a mile and a | wholly untenable, the atmosphere half and threw their first troops on being so laden with the gas that to the west bank of the Yser Canal, the troops had to fall back or drop has been blocked-at several places in their tracks. hurled back. But it was not until Saturday morning, after the enemy had stormed and taken the village of Lizerne only to be driven out of this was west and south of Langeit by a series of desperate counter- marck-served as a breach through attacks, that an effective check which the Germans drove a forward seemed to have been administered. wedge that gained such impetus Advices from the front tell of most over the unprotected ground that sanguinary fighting still in pro- the advance troops were able to gress, with the Germans launching cross to the west bank of the Yser every ounce of force into the vio- Canal before they were stopped. lence of their forward rush, and Meantime, to the north and to the the allies, contesting the issue with south of Langemarck the entire equal hardiness, standing fast in German front over a distance of the face of their furious offensive. seven miles pressed forward with

The War Office report says: "The fight for the ground into which the Germans penetrated between Steenstraate and Langemarck still continues. The loss of this part of the line laid bare the left of the Canadian division, which was forced to fall back in order to keep in touch with the right of the neighboring troops.

"In the rear of the latter had been four Canadian 4.7-inch guns, which thus passed into the hands of the enemy. But some hours later the Canadians made a most brilliant and successful advance, recapturing these guns and taking a considerable number of German prisoners, including a colonel.

"The Canadians had many casualties, but their gallantry and determination undoubtedly saved the situation. Their conduct has been magnificent throughout.

But while the Canadian troops were quick in assuming the offensive, they apparently were not much before the Belgians and the French, both of whom were equally affected by the suddenness of the German assault, for, according to the news from Paris, important at hand to-night from which esti- and Sunday, when the Germans the Canadian troops my admiration new territory acquired by the Germans, while all of the allied forces 2,470 prisoners were made, and The Canadians had not been out a most brilliant and valuable serare consolidated.

from this effect upon the allied them. the eyes, which made it practically from Montreal.

Noxious Fumes, Had to

Fall Back.

The reports seem to indicate that

the Germans, employing every

available man and gun, not only

from the other points of the front,

but from the interior of Germany

itself, are making a desperate effort

to pierce the allied line, isolate the

left to the north and thus win to

the Channel and Calais. They have

thrown themselves against the

forces of France, Britain and Bel-

gium, apparently unmindful of the

cost, and already military observers

are preparing to receive reports of

the bloodiest battle of the war in

GERMANS USED

new French line.

this zone.

A despatch from London says: | impossible for the gunners to work

#### Enemy Drove Wedge.

The space that was thus openeda violence that has scarcely been equalled since the notable drives made last October. Their forces had been heavily augmented by the massing of troops for this very occasion, so that the allied forces from one end to the other.

were at the north, the British, inand the French at the centre. Toed forward again, and of an equal capsize. advance by the French and Bel-

While much of the brilliant fighting seems to have been done by the Canadian troops, it remained for the French zouaves and the Belgian from the village of Lizerne, a few minutes after they had occupied it Saturday morning. These fighters did not, however, stop at having regained the lost village, but pressed on, and also recaptured some of the ground beyond it.

#### Germans Lost 9,000.

inroads have been made into the mates of killed and wounded can twice attacked the Canadian line, of the gallant stand and fight they be made. News from Berlin says but both times were repulsed. that 35 cannon and a large number of the trenches since their charge vice. I reported their splendid be-The German success seems to of machine guns were captured. to recapture the guns, but have havior to the Secretary of State, have been wholly dependent upon One report says that the Germans had the warmest trench fighting and I have a reply from him saying their use of bombs filled with as- lost 9,000 in killed and wounded at since reaching France, and were how highly their gallantry and dephyxiating gases, and the first ad- the encounter which gained the steady under the strain. The ex- termination in a difficult position vantage they were able to gain west bank of the Yser Canal for tent of the casualties is not known are appreciated in England.

south-west, following the railroad from Thourout to Boesinghe, and came into contact with the allied SUFFOCATING GAS lines at Poelcapelle. Simultaneously another German force aug-

mented by guns and men appeared INDIAN H before the British to the south, French Forces, Overwhelmed by while heavy field guns, more readily transportable owing to the improved roads, once again shelled

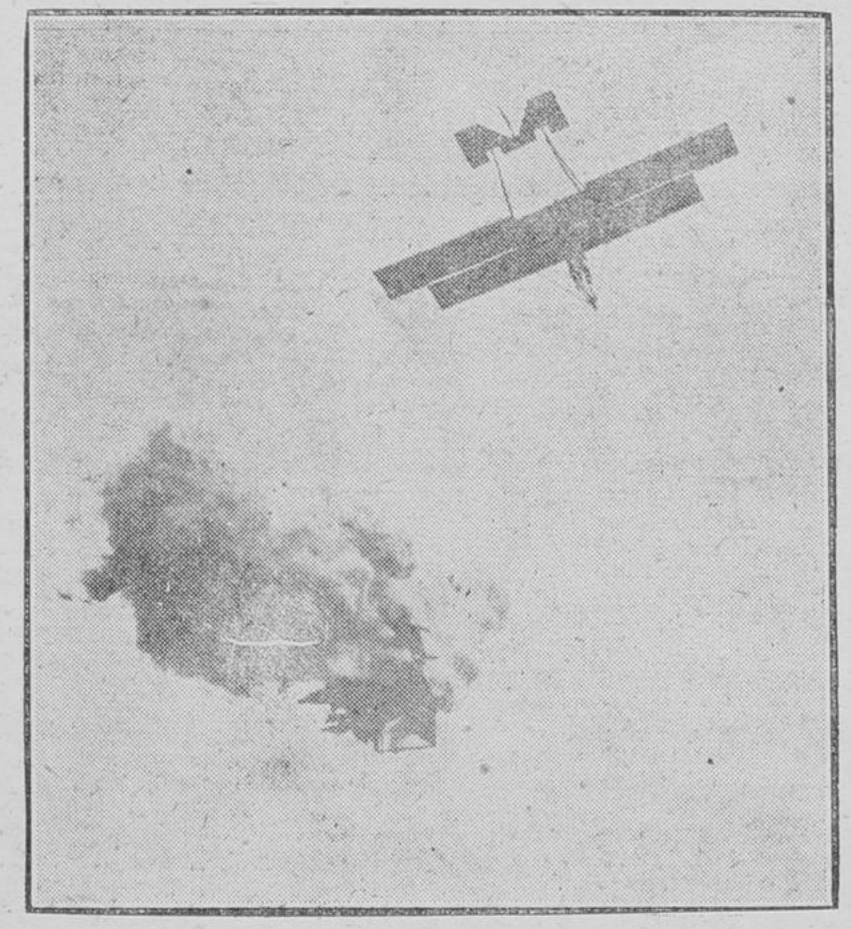
A despatch from London says:

The situation then was that the 300 Held Post Against 2,000 Ger-The enemy scored a small success French and Belgians were engaged over the French forces in Belgium to the north of the city, while the Friday by the use of asphyxiating British were in action to the south. gas. The shells used in the bom- Among the French it was noted bardment of the trenches of the there were 4,000 French bluejackets An official report issued Sunday allies were filled with gases which who had given such good account night tells of the heroic defence by compelled the soldiers to retire of themselves under command of 300 British Indian soldiers of a pofrom the gas zone and drop back Admiral de Ron Arch. They were sition in East Africa against 2,000 toward the Yser Canal to escape thus disposed when the Germans Germans. The Indians held a hill the fumes. The British front re- made their first general advance, until their ammunition ran out and mains intact, except where the employing the gas-filled bombs, all but twenty of their number had troops have had to readjust their which made it impossible for men to been killed. The failure of the line in order to conform with the remain in the trenches near where British expedition against Tanga, they exploded. At the same time they advanced to the south more announced in Berlin, also is mento recover lost ground than to go through, and in this they were unsuccessful.

### Bubonic Plague in Turkey.

A despatch from Rome says: Reports have reached here-from Canstantinople that the bubonic plague is raging in Turkey and that the victims of the disease are very numerous. The contagion is spreading in an alarming manner owing to the neglect of sanitary precautions. Several cases have occurred The German movement came at Salonika.

respondent gives a different version | their promise.



Aviator Killed While Performing for "Movies."

found themselves outnumbered This photograph was made on March 16 at Universal City, Cal., as Aviator Stites was doing a series of aerial thrillers for the moving Along this front the Belgians picture photographers. The "stunt" was suddenly terminated when something went wrong with the machine and Stites was dashed 500 feet cluding Canadians, at the south, to his death. The picture shows the machine just as it started tilting on its fatal plunge to earth. An instant before the dummy aeroplane day's news tells of the British line below Stites had been blown up as part of the "stunt." One theory bent back last night, having press- is that the explosion shown in the picture caused Stites' machine to

## STEADY UNDER TERRIFIC ATTACKS

carabineers to drive the Germans Canadian Division Has Repulsed Two Fresh Onslaughts by the German Forces

All England is talking of the Cana- eye-witness for the Canadian dians' splendid advance. Latest forces: "Sir John French telereports from the front indicate that graphed Gen. Alderson as follows: There is very little information heavy fighting continued Saturday 'I wish to express to you and to

at the record office, but all the sur- Gen. Hughes replied: "Sincere battle.

Sir John French's Message.

mans Till the Last Round

Was Fired.

German East Africa, as previously

tioned, and against this is offset

the success of the British in several

engagements on the Frontier and

on the shores of Lake Victoria Ny-

The report, which was issued by

the War Office, deals with opera-

tions in the British East African

Protectorate between November

troops to take Tanga, in German

East Africa, was unsuccessful, and

the force re-embarked and proceed-

ed to Mombasa. Simultaneously

an attack on a German outpost at

Longido resulted in the Germans

evacuating their position after suf-

fering heavy losses. The British

also drove the Germans out of Bri-

tish territory across the Umba

and 280 men had been killed.

"An expedition sent from Mom-

of Mafie, the German garrison sur-

rendering unconditionally. Shirati,

on Lake Victoria Nyanza, was at-

River.

"An attempt by British Indian

and March, and is as follows:

A despatch from London says:

A despatch from London says: | cable from Col. Carrick, assistant have made. They have performed

soldiers. The gases which spread The 4.7-inch guns of the Canadian plus officers on leave have been thanks for message. Please convey from these bombs were felt as far division, lost and then recaptured, hurriedly recalled in anticipation. to Sir John and the Canadians the back as the second line defences. belonged to the heavy Artillery Strong drafts of men are ready to pride and joy of their comrades in They caused a severe smarting of Brigade, and were 45 pounders leave. It is reported that the Canada for the part they have so Princess Patricias also were in the nobly played. The Canadians have justly prodd that there was no surrender and that, by whatever fault the guns were lost, they were A despatch from Ottawa says: not allowed to remain in possession

Gen. Hughes received the following of the enemy."

### Austrian Air Scouts.

Word has been received from An- be closed to shipping without nocona that an Austrian aeroplane tice. "Closing will be indicated," was seen scouting the Italian the message said, "by three verticoast, along the Adriatic Sea. The cal red lights at night and three aeroplane was equipped with red balls by day. When these sigstrong searchclights. The authori- nals are displayed vessels must ties are attempting to identify the proceed to examination anchorage aeroplane.

### MANY CASUALTIES AMONG OFFICERS

84 of Canada's Sons Named in the Casualty List of Flanders Conflict. .

#### The King's Message.

A despatch from Ottawa says: The Duke of Connaught, Governor-General of Canada, has received a message from King George expressing his admiration of the gallant stand made by the Canadians at Langemarck, and sympathizing with Canadians in the heavy casualties sustained.

A causualty list containing the names of 84 officers in the Canadian Division, of whom 22 were killed, one died of wounds, 59 are wounded, and two are wounded and missing, was received Sunday night from Militia Headquarters, at Ot-

Rank and file casualties in connection with this engagement have not yet been received at Ottawa, nor has there been any announcement as to their extent."

Among the Canadian officers reported killed are Lt.-Col. W. Hart McHarg, of Vancouver; Lt.-Col. A. P. Birchall, of the Canadian Permanent Staff, in England; Maj. A. E. Kimmis, of the Queen's Own Rifles, Winona, Ont.; Maj. E. C. Nusworthy, of Montreal, and Maj. J. McLaren, of Brandon; L. Col. R. D. Boyle, of Crossfield, Alta., has died of wounds.

Lt.-Col. Hart McHarg, who was connected with the Sixth D.C.R.O., Vancouver, was the champion rifle shot of the world, winning the title at the last International Rifle matches at Camp Perry, Ohio, in 1913. He won the Governor-General's prize on two occasions, being one of the only two men who ever won the honor twice at the D.C. R.A. meet here. His record at Bisley and the Canadian Annual Rifle matches has very few equals.

Among the wounded are Lieut .-Col. W. S. Buell, of Brockville; Major A. T. Hunter, of Toronto Major Gilbert Godson-Godson, of Vancouver; Major D. Sutherland, of Norwich, Ont., and Major B. H. Belson, of Port Dalhousie. Major D. R. Sandeman, of Red Deer, is seriously wounded.

Major A. T. Hunter is a widely known local lawyer, and is prominent in Canadian politics as a public speaker and candidate for Parliament. Among the other wounded are Capt. George McCuaig, son of Clarence J. McCuaig, the Montreal financier, and Lieut. Reginald Tupper, a son of Sir Charles Hibbert Tupper, and a grandson of Sir Charles Tupper.

#### Admiralty May Close Ports Without Notice

A despatch from Washington says: Consul-General Skinner, at London, cables that the British Admiralty had given notice that cer-A despatch from Rome says: tain ports of Great Britain may or keep to sea."

# NAVAL ACTIVITY INCREASES

Traffic Temporarily Suspended While the British Submarines Approach German Coast

Indications of increased naval activity comes from various sources All steamboat communication with Holland has been suspended by order of the British Government, news from Berlin that British sub-Heligoland, where the German Admiralty lays claim to having sunk one and perhaps more, this is believed to foreshadow some movement in the North Sea.

The stoppage of traffic to Holland was announced in an official the east coast. The men on the statement given out in Amsterdam Envoy left their ship in a small in behalf of the British Goyern- boat, which, they say, also was ment, which said:

tacked and occupied by the British. Holland influenced the rates at on the German coastline.

A despatch from London says: | Lloyd's and checked the tendency to reduce insurance rates. Nobody. in the market seemed to be aware of the cause of the stoppage.

Merchant and fishing vessels arriving at Copenhagen report the presence of an Anglo-French squaand taken in connection with the dron off Savanger, Norway, and stories also are current in the marines have been in the Bight of Danish capital of a German fleet cruising in the North Sea.

The trawler Fuschia reached Aberdeen to-day with the crew of the trawler Envoy and reported that the Envoy had been shelled by a German submarine last night off shelled by the submarine. No one, "All shipping between Holland was injured. The Envoy's crew and the United Kingdom is stop- drifted about in the small boat "The British post at Jassin, held ped for the time being. No ships for two hours before being picked

rendered after its ammunition had ships from Holland will not be ad- newspapers," says Reuter's Ambeen exhausted and the commander mitted to the United Kingdom. sterdam correspondent, "a German It is hoped shortly to resume limit- submarine stopped the British ed cargo and passenger traffic. steam trawler Glancarse off Aber-Special arrangements have been deen and took it into a German made for the transfer of mails." port on the North Sea." Aber-The reports of the intention of deen is some 450 miles across the Great Britain to stop traffic with North Sea from the nearest point

## Refuses to Vote Military Credits

A Paris despatch to the Central of the opening of the Chamber by 300 Indians, was attacked by will leave the United Kingdom for up. News says that the opening session from that of the Central News. He 2,000 Germans. Jassin was sur- Holland until further notice, and "According to Berlin evening of the Hungarian Chamber was a says that Count Tisza in a long pregloomy sitting. The Chamber re- liminary conference with the leadfused to vote the new military cre- ers of the Opposition, Counts Apdits demanded by the general staff. ponyi, Andrassy, Miichy and Kar-The attempt of Count Tisza, the olyi, tried to obtain their promise basa occupied the German Island Premier, to break down the oppo- not to oppose the new bills to be sition was futile.

The Morning Post's Berne cor- it is believed he failed to secure

submitted to the Chamber, but that