

Grain, Cattle and Cheese

Prices of These Products in the Leading Markets are Here Recorded

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, May 12.—Ontario wheat flour, 90 per cent, \$3.80 to \$3.85, sack-board, and at \$3.85 to \$3.90; Toronto, Manitoba—First patents, in fute bags, \$5.80; do., seconds, \$5.10; strong bakers', in fute bags, \$4.10.
Manitoba wheat—Bay ports—No. 1 Northern, 97c, and No. 2 at 95c.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 at \$1.02, outside, and \$1.04, on track, Toronto.
Oats—No. 2 Ontario oats, 32c to 40c, outside, and at 42c, on track, Toronto.
Western Canada oats, 41c for No. 2, and at 39c for No. 3, Bay ports.
Peas—Prices nominal.
Barley—Good malting barley, 56 to 66c, according to quality.
Rye—No. 2 at 63 to 64c, outside.
Buckwheat—80c, outside.
Corn—No. 3 American, 74c to 75c, all rail, Toronto.
Bran—Manitoba bran, \$25 to \$26 a ton, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts, \$26 to \$28.

Country Produce.

Butter—Choice dairy, 18 to 20c; inferior, 15 to 16c; farmers' separator prints, 21 to 23c; creamery prints, fresh, 25 to 26c; do., storage prints, 23 to 24c; solids, storage, 21 to 23c.
Eggs—21 to 22c per dozen, in case lots.
Honey—Extracted, in tins, 10c to 11c per lb. Combs, \$2.25 to \$2.50 per dozen for No. 1, and \$2 for No. 2.
Cheese—New cheese, 14c to 15c for large, and 15 to 15c for twins.
Beans—Hand-picked, \$2.15 to \$2.20 per bushel; primes, \$2.10 to \$2.15.
Poultry—Fowl, 16 to 18c per lb.; chickens, 19 to 20c; ducks, 17 to 18c; geese, 15 to 16c; turkeys, 20 to 23c.
Potatoes—Delaware at \$1 to \$1.05, on track, here.

Provisions.

Bacon—Long clear, 15 to 16c per lb. in case lots. Hams—Medium, 18 to 18c; do., heavy, 17 to 18c; rolls, 15 to 15c; breakfast bacon, 18 to 19c; backs, 22 to 24c.
Lard—Tierces, 12c; tubs, 13c; pails, 13c.

Seeds.

Wholesale seed merchants are selling cleaned seeds to the trade, on the 100-lb. basis:—Red clover, No. 1, \$19 to \$21; do., No. 2, \$17 to \$17.50; alsike, No. 1, \$20.50 to \$21; do., No. 2, \$17 to \$18; Timothy, No. 1, \$8.50 to \$9.50; do., No. 2, \$7 to \$7.25; alfalfa, No. 1, \$14 to \$15; do., No. 2, \$13 to \$13.50.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, May 12.—Corn, American No. 2 yellow, 76c to 77c. Oats, Canadian Western, No. 2, 42c to 43c; No. 3,

41c to 42c. Barley, Man. feed, 50 to 51c. Flour, Man. Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.60; seconds, \$5.10; strong bakers', \$4.90; Winter patents, choice, \$5.25 to \$5.90; straight rollers, \$4.70 to \$4.90; do., bags, \$2.20 to \$2.35. Rolled oats, barrels, \$4.50 to \$4.55. Rolled oats, bags, 90 lbs., \$2.12c to \$2.15. Bran \$2.3. Shorts \$2.5. Middlings \$2.8. Moulle \$2.8 to \$3.2. Hay, No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$14 to \$15. Cheese, finest westerns, 12c; finest easterns, 13c. Butter, choicest creamery, 23 to 23c; seconds, 22 to 22c. Eggs, fresh, 22 to 23c; selected, 26c; No. 1 stock, 23c. Potatoes per bag, car lots, \$1 to \$1.15.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, May 12.—Cash—Wheat—Spring wheat, No. 1 Northern, 92c; No. 2 Northern, 90c; No. 3 Northern, 88c; No. 4, 86c; No. 5, 79c; No. 6, 74c; feed, 69c; No. 1 rejected seeds, 82c; No. 2 rejected seeds, 86c; No. 3 rejected seeds, 83c; No. 1 smutty, 88c; No. 2 smutty, 86c; No. 3 smutty, 83c. Winter wheat—No. 1, 92c; No. 2, 90c; No. 3, 88c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 37c; extra No. 1 feed, 35c; No. 2 feed, 34c. Barley—No. 3, 47c; No. 4, 46c; rejected, 45c; feed, 43c. Flax—No. 1 N.W.C., \$1.36c; No. 2 C.W., \$1.23c.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, May 12.—Wheat—May, 89c; July, 90c; No. 1 hard, 94c; No. 1 Northern, 91c to 92c; No. 2 Northern, 89c to 91c. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 64c to 65c. Oats—No. 3 white, 36c to 36c. Flour and bran unchanged.
Duluth, Minn., May 12.—Linseed, cash, \$1.57c; July, \$1.58c. Wheat—Close, No. 1 hard, 92c; No. 1 Northern, 92c; No. 2 Northern, 91c; July, 92c.

Live Stock Markets.

Toronto, May 12.—Cattle—Choice butchers, \$8.30 to \$8.40; good, \$7.90 to \$8.25; common cows, \$5 to \$5.25; canners and cutters, \$3.60 to \$4; choice fat cows, \$6.50 to \$7.25; choice bulls, \$7 to \$7.50.
Calves—Good veal, \$8.75 to \$10; common, \$4.75 to \$7.
Stockers and feeders—Steers, 800 to 900 pounds, \$7.25 to \$7.50; good quality, 700 to 800 pounds, \$7 to \$7.50; light, \$6.25 to \$7.25.
Sheep and lambs—Light ewes, \$6.50 to \$7; heavy, \$5.75 to \$6.25; bucks, \$5.75 to \$8.25; Spring lambs, each, \$6 to \$10; yearling lambs, \$9 to \$9.50, but with 75c per head deducted for all the buck lambs.
Hogs—\$8.65, fed and watered; \$8.90, off cars; \$8.30, f.o.b.
Montreal, May 12.—Prime beeves, 7c to 8c; medium, 5c to 7c; milkmen's strippers, 5c to 7c; common, 4c to 5c; milk cows, \$30 to \$80 each; calves, 3 to 7c; sheep, 5 to 6c; yearling lambs, 8 to 9c; spring lambs, \$4 to \$6 each; hogs, about 9c.

A MILLIONAIRE SOLDIER.



Cornelius Vanderbilt,

Inspector-General in the New York State National Guard. Mr. Vanderbilt has announced his readiness to go on active service in Mexico.

BILL TO ABOLISH TIPPING.

Senator Davis Seeks to Put an End to "Demoralizing" System.

A despatch from Ottawa says: Tips will be abolished within a month if Senator Davis, Prince Albert, and a number of other Senators and members of Parliament have their way, and it looks as if they might. Senator Davis' bill, which provides for a fine or imprisonment for tipping, and making the employer, the employee and the person offering the gratuity liable, was given second reading in the Senate on Wednesday.

In moving the reading Senator Davis said that within recent years an intolerable system of petty bribery had grown up all over the world, known as the tipping system. It had become such a nuisance that it was time it was grappled with by legislation, and he believed his bill would have the support of ninety per cent. of the people of the country, who were now subject to a growing scale of graft and tips in order to obtain accommodation and service. A person on a journey had to constantly have his hand in his pocket, and had to bribe his way throughout his trip. The Senator said that tipping had a demoralizing effect on persons who received tips. It had a tendency to pauperize waiters, porters and other persons, who should stand on a plane of manhood above the servile position which they were placed in through the acceptance of gratuities. Employers should pay their servants, and not expect the public to pay their help. Tipping also developed a spirit of arrogance on the part of those serving the public.

Senator Ross of Middleton sympathized with the object of the bill, and said, "Every man should pay once, but no law of God or man should make him pay twice."
Senators Poirier, Gordon and Cloran all spoke in favor of the bill and it was given a second reading.

150 KILLED BY EARTHQUAKE.

East Coast of Sicily Victim of Seismic Disturbance.

Rome, May 10.—An earthquake, which might have been equally as disastrous as the one at Messina in 1908 but for the fact that a series of slight shocks forewarned the people, visited the east coast of Sicily, south of Mount Etna, Friday night. Mount Etna was in eruption at the time, and the belching of the volcano increased in violence yesterday.

There are between one and two hundred persons dead as a result of the seismic disturbances and over a thousand have been injured.

Premier Salandra announced in the Chamber of Deputies last evening that 150 persons were killed, and that two-thirds of this number are still buried beneath the ruins.

The preliminary shocks began at 6 o'clock Friday night in a zone from Zafferana, which is about 3,000 feet high, passing through Linera, which was the centre of the

Items of News by Wire

Notes of Interest as to What Is Going on All Over the World

Canada.

Prospects are for a busy year in the building trade in Toronto.

Grazing land in the West has been leased to a company for a nominal sum, according to a statement by the Minister of Militia.

The yellow fish peaches, such as Crawfords, have been killed for this season by the cold winter, in the Niagara district.

Linus Woolverton of Grimsby, one of the most prominent fruit-growers in Canada, died after only four hours' illness, at the age of sixty-eight.

Frank Haynes, under sentence of death at Sydney, N.S., for murder, has confessed and John Donald and Mrs. Atkinson, widow of the murdered man, have been arrested.

On complaint of the manager of the street railway company, that Albert Reaume, hotelman of Sandwich, had sold liquor to a car crew on duty, Reaume was fined \$10 and costs.

The Princess Louise cables the Duke of Connaught that she is deeply touched by the many cablegrams of condolences from Canada on the death of her husband the Duke of Argyll.

The International Joint Commission, meeting at the Michigan Soo, approved the application of the Michigan Northern Power Co., and the Algoma Steel Corporation of Sault Ste. Marie, Ont., to erect compensating works at a point in St. Mary's River between the two cities.

Great Britain.

King George and Queen Mary opened the new wing of the British Museum.

Gun-running has supplanted cattle-driving as the national pastime of Ireland.

The British House of Lords rejected the woman's franchise bill by a vote of 104 to 60.

John Redmond opposes any compromise until the Home Rule bill has passed the Lords.

A petition signed by 300,000 has been sent, asking the King not to sign the Home Rule bill until after an election.

United States.

Bishop Brent, formerly of the Philippines and a native of Ontario, was elected Bishop of New Jersey.

General.

Two British subjects were killed by a bomb during fighting on the Pacific coast of Mexico.

Sweeping victories for the rebel forces in different parts of Mexico were reported to Carranza.

The international book trade and graphic arts exposition was opened at Leipzig. It covers 100 acres and includes twenty buildings, one of them with five acres of floor space.

King Albert has accepted the honorary membership of a dozen different Belgian pipe-smoking clubs, and will give a pipe for a prize in an inter-city pipe smoking tournament.

CANADA'S NEXT GOVERNOR.

Queen Mary's Brother to Succeed the Duke of Connaught.

A despatch from London says: Prince Alexander of Teck, third son of the late Duke of Teck, is to succeed the Duke of Connaught as Governor-General of Canada.

His Serene Highness Prince Alexander Augustus Frederick George of Teck, G.C.B., G.C.V.O., was born April 14, 1874, married 1904 Her Royal Highness Princess Alice of Albany, daughter of the late Prince Leopold, Duke of Albany, youngest son of Queen Victoria. Their children are:

Princess May Helen Emma, born Jan. 23, 1906.

Prince Rupert Alexander George Augustus, born Aug. 24, 1907.

Prince Alexander of Teck is a brother of Queen Mary. He will take up his duties in October, at the expiration of the term of the Duke of Connaught. The Prince is a keen soldier, but he has had little administrative experience. He is, however, a hard worker and a good organizer. He has done much in the cause of charity, especially in behalf of hospitals and in the furtherance of cancer research.

The Princess of Teck is a great favorite, and she is unanimously voted the prettiest and the best dressed of the British Royal Princesses.

Prince Alexander, who is a major in the Second Life Guards, served in the Matabeleland campaign and in South Africa for two years, and to his other titles added that of the Distinguished Service Order, which, next to the Victoria Cross, is the chief ambition of the military men in Great Britain.

How Princess of Teck Ranks.

The exact rank of the Princesses of Teck is rather an interesting question. In England they rank in practice immediately after the daughters of the Duke of Fife, to whom the late King Edward gave a definite precedence immediately after those of the Royal Family, who bear the title of Royal Highness. But the Tecks are merely a ducal family, although they bear the title of Prince. The late Duke of Teck was given the title of "Highness" by Queen Victoria in the jubilee year of 1897, but apparently this title was a purely personal one and did not descend to his children. The Almanach de Gotha—the recognized authority on such matters—places the Princesses both of Teck and Battenberg in its third part, along with the other British and foreign dukes.

ATONES FOR MURDER.

Frank Haynes Was Hanged at Sydney—Killed Hotel Proprietor.

A despatch from Sydney, N.S., says: Frank Haynes expiated for the murder of B. S. Atkinson on the scaffold Friday afternoon at 5.41.

Haynes made a full written confession of his crime in the presence of Jailor Karn and Captain Fullerton.

On the night of the 15th of August last the body of Benjamin S. Atkinson, proprietor of the Minto Hotel, Sydney, and a well-known horseman, was found on the road, eight miles from the city. Atkinson had a bungalow at Mira, and the original supposition was that he had been killed as a result of his horse having bolted. There were a number of suspicious circumstances connected with the case, however, and the arrest of Haynes followed the investigation of these. Haynes who was supposed to have been a native of Nevada, only arrived in Sydney in the early summer of last year. He had been on intimate terms with Mrs. Atkinson, the wife of the murdered man.

ALMOST A WRECK.

"Ocean Limited" Train Stopped Just In Time.

A despatch from Truro, N.S., says: An attempt to wreck the Ocean Limited train from Montreal to Halifax was made at Bible Hill, about one mile west of Truro, on Tuesday night. The Limited, 40 minutes late, was speeding about 50 miles an hour when the driver saw a tie lying across the track. Quickly applying the air brakes he stopped the train, but not until the tie was shoved ahead of the engine for a hundred feet. The matter is being investigated.

HAD NARROW ESCAPE.

Young Man Hurlled to Brink of 150-Foot Falls.

Owen Sound, May 10.—Yesterday afternoon Victor Inglis, eldest son of W. A. Inglis, proprietor of Inglis' mills, had a narrow escape from death when he was hurled from his motor-cycle over a bridge a distance of 20 feet to the very brink of the 150 feet of cataract and falls which form picturesque Inglis Falls. Owing to the water being low he was able to get ashore before being swept over the falls to certain death. He sustained three broken ribs and a severe shaking-up.

AT MCGILL LAW SCHOOL.

Woman Ranks Fourth Among Eighteen Getting Degree.

A despatch from Montreal says: Final results posted on Wednesday in the faculty of law at McGill for the first time in the history of the university contained the name of a representative of the fair sex. Mrs. A. M. Langstaff, the first woman to present herself as a candidate for the legal profession in this province, proved successful in all examinations, and ranks fourth among the 18 members of the class who will be granted the degree of B.C.L. at the university convocation Tuesday. It will be up to the Quebec Bar Association to say whether or not Mrs. Langstaff shall practice, supposing she desires to do so.

CROOK FLEECE PASSENGERS

Worked the Short Change Trick Until Caught Near North Bay.

A despatch from North Bay says: Charles Crooks, alias Hargraves, a young American from Iowa, was sentenced by Judge Valin at North Bay to seven months in Central Prison on fraud charges. Hargraves worked passengers on express

trains, and was convicted on charges of defrauding passengers out of \$20 on southbound Grand Trunk Railway North Bay-Toronto train by the short-change trick. He got large bills for small ones by folding them so ingeniously as to appear to be double their real amount. After landing a victim he would leave the train at the first station and take the next train in the opposite direction. The police authorities believe he has been working trains for some time. Witnesses against him were the victim and train crew.

EXPRESS STRUCK BY ROCK.

Train Derailed and Several of Dining Car Crew Injured.

A despatch from Vancouver, B.C., says: A small rock slide struck the dining car of the Soo express on Wednesday morning at 7 o'clock, just after the train left North Bend, due in Vancouver at noon. The train was derailed, and several members of the dining car crew were injured by scalds. The rear half of the train was cut off, while the passengers were transferred to the front end, coming into Vancouver a few minutes late.

William Caven of Montreal was appointed Inspector of Tobacco Factories for the Dominion.

Fire Guttled the main plant of the Canada Glue Company near Brantford, causing a loss of \$125,000 and throwing fifty men out of work.

BRUTAL MURDER AT QUEBEC

Young Girl Beaten to Death on Sunday Morning With Friends Near-by

Quebec, May 10.—One of the foulest and most brutal murders ever perpetrated in Quebec was committed here this morning in St. Sauveur Ward, when Marie Blanche Dubois, aged 19 years, was beaten to death with a hammer in the rear of the shoe store which was conducted by her brother and herself.

This morning about half-past 10 o'clock somebody rang the bell at the private entrance. Miss Dubois answered the door and, coming upstairs, she told her mother that there was a man who wished to change a pair of boots which did not fit. She took the key to open a door communicating from the passage of the private entrance to the store and evidently let the man in. As she had not returned in half an hour her mother became anxious and called down to her. There was no reply, and the mother, on descending the stairway, found the door leading to the store open. She entered the shop, but could not see her daughter anywhere, and again called her without receiving any answer. Then she opened a door leading to a repair shop in the rear of the main store, and to her horror she saw her daughter lying in a pool of blood.

Crazed with grief and horror at the awful spectacle which her murdered child presented, she ran to the street wringing her hands and crying hysterically for help. Some passers-by, attracted by her cries, came to her aid, and on learning of the crime immediately summoned Dr. Arthur Leclerc, whose office is opposite. Dr. Leclerc found the girl still breathing, but in a state of unconsciousness. She was bathed in blood, and the left side of her head behind the ear had been crushed in with a shoemaker's hammer, which was found clotted with blood and hair.