

Grain, Cattle and Cheese

Prices of These Products in the Leading Markets are Here Recorded

Breadstuffs.

Toronto, Aug. 5.—Flour—Ontario wheat flour, 90 per cent., \$4.20 for domestic trade, flour made of new wheat, \$3.50, seaboard, for September delivery. Manitobas, first patents, in jute bags, \$5.50; second patents, in jute bags, \$5; strong bakers', in jute bags, \$4.80.
Manitoba wheat—No. 1 Northern, \$1.05, on track, Bay ports; No. 2 at \$1.02; No. 3, 98 1/2c, Bay ports.
Ontario wheat—No. 2 white and red wheat, \$1.00, outside, and new wheat at 85c, outside.
Oats—No. 2 Ontario oats, 35 to 36c, outside, and at 37 1/2 to 38c, on track, Toronto. Western Canada oats, 38c for No. 2, and at 37c for No. 3, Bay ports.
Feed—The market is purely nominal.
Barley—Prices nominal.
Corn—No. 2 American corn, 72 1/2c, Toronto, and at 68 to 68 1/2c, c.i.f., Midland.
Rye—Prices nominal.
Buckwheat—Purely nominal.
Bran—Manitoba bran \$19 a ton, in bags, Toronto freights. Shorts, \$20, Toronto.

Country Produce.

Butter—Choice dairy, 21 to 23c; inferior, 17 to 19c; creamery, 25 to 26 1/2c for rolls, and 24 to 25c for solids.
Eggs—Cases lots of new-laid, 24 to 25c per dozen; fresh, 20 to 21c, and seconds, 16 to 18c.
Cheese—New cheese, 13 1/4 to 14c for large, and 14 1/2c for twins.
Beans—Hand-picked, \$2.25 to \$2.30 per bushel; primes, \$1.75 to \$3, in a jobbing way.
Honey—Extracted, in tins, 12 1/2 to 13c per lb. for No. 1, wholesale; combs, \$2.25 to \$3.00 per dozen for No. 1, and \$2 to \$2.25 for No. 2.
Poultry—Hens, 16 to 17c per lb.; turkeys, 18 to 20c. Live poultry, about 2c lower than the above.
Potatoes—New potatoes, \$3.25 per barrel.

Provisions.

Bacon, long clear, 15 1/4 to 16c per lb., in case lots. Pork—Short cut, \$28.50 to \$29; do., mess, \$24. Hams—Medium to light, 20 to 21c; heavy, 18 to 19c; rolls, 16 1/2 to 17c; breakfast bacon, 21c; backs, 24 to 25c. Lard—The market unchanged. Tierces, 14c; tubs, 14 1/2c; pails, 14 3/4c.

Baled Hay and Straw.

Baled hay—New hay sold at \$12.50 to \$13.00. No. 1 at \$14, on track, Toronto, and No. 2 at \$12.50.
Baled straw—\$8 to \$8.50, on track Toronto.

Montreal Markets.

Montreal, Aug. 5.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 40 1/2c; do., No. 3, 39 to 39 1/2c; extra No. 1 feed, 40c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 51 to 52c; malting, 62 to 64c. Buck-

wheat—No. 2, 58 to 60c. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.60; do., seconds, \$5.10; strong bakers', \$4.90; Winter patents, choice, \$5.50; straight rollers, \$5.10; do., in bags, \$2.40. Rolled oats—Barleys, \$4.55; bag of 50 lbs., \$2.15. Millfeed—Bran, \$19, shorts, \$21, middlings, \$24; moullie, \$26 to \$32. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$12.50 to \$13.50. Cheese—Finest westerns, 13 1/4 to 13 3/8c; do., easterns, 12 3/4 to 13c. Butter—Choicest creamery, 23 3/4 to 24c; seconds, 23 1/4 to 23 1/2c. Eggs—Fresh, 29c; selected, 27c; No. 1 stock, 25c; No. 2, do., 18 to 19c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, 50 to 60c.

Winnipeg Grain.

Winnipeg, Aug. 5.—Cash—Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 96c; No. 2, do., 95c; No. 3, do., 89c; No. 4, 80 1/4c; No. 5, 72c; No. 6, 67 1/2c; feed, 60c; No. 1 rejected seeds, 59c; No. 2, do., 56c; No. 3, do., 51c; No. 4, do., 47c; No. 5, do., 43 1/4c; No. 6, do., 40 5/8c; feed tough, 53c. Oats—No. 2 C.W., 34 1/2c; No. 3, do., 33 1/4c; extra No. 1 feed, 33 3/4c; No. 2 feed, 30 3/4c. Barley—Rejected, 43c; feed, 43c. Flax—No. 1 N.W., \$1.27; No. 2 C.W., \$1.28 1/2; No. 3, do., \$1.12.

United States Markets.

Minneapolis, Aug. 5.—Wheat—July, 84 7/8c; September, 86 3/4 to 86 7/8c; December, 89 5/8 to 89 3/4c. Closing cash—No. 1 hard, 89 3/8c; No. 1 Northern, 87 3/8 to 88 7/8c; No. 2 Northern, 85 3/8 to 86 7/8c. No. 3 yellow corn, 64c. No. 3 white oats, 38 3/4 to 39 1/4c. No. 2 rye, 55 to 57c. Flour and bran unchanged.
Duluth, Aug. 5.—Linseed—July, \$1.40 nominal; September, \$1.42; October, \$1.42 1/2; November, \$1.42 1/2 asked; December, \$1.40 1/4 asked. Wheat—No. 1 hard, 89 3/8c; No. 1 Northern, 88 3/8c; No. 2 Northern, 86 5/8 to 86 7/8c; July, 87 3/4c nominal; September, 88 3/8c asked; December, 90 1/8 to 90 1/4c; May, 94 7/8c.

Live Stock Market.

Toronto, Aug. 5.—Cattle—Choice butchers, \$6 to \$6.50; good medium, \$5.25 to \$5.75; common, \$4.25 to \$4.75; canners, \$2 to \$2.50; cutters, \$2.75 to \$3; fat cows, \$5 to \$5.50; common cows, \$3.50 to \$4. Calves—Good veal, \$5 to \$7; choice, \$7.75 to \$8.00; common, \$3 to \$3.50. Stockers and feeders—Steers, 700 to 800 pounds, \$3.25 to \$4.25; extra choice, heavy feeders, 900 pounds, \$5.00 to \$5.50; rough, light, \$2.50 to \$3.50. Sheep and lambs—Light ewes, \$4.25 to \$5; heavy, \$5 to \$5.50; by \$3.50. Spring lambs, \$7.50 to \$8.25. Hogs—\$9.50 to \$10.25 fed and watered.
Montreal, Aug. 5.—Good steers, \$6.25 to \$6.50, and the lower grades from that down to \$4.50 per cwt., while butchers' cows brought from \$3 to \$4.50 and bulls from \$3 to \$4 per cwt. Ewe sheep, \$4.75 to \$5.00, and culls at \$4.00 to \$4.50, while lambs brought \$7.25 to \$7.75 per cwt. Hogs, \$10.00 to \$10.50 per cwt., weighed off cars.

REMOVED THE JUGULAR VEIN

Remarkable Feat Performed by Dr. Neil McPhatter.

Dr. McPhatter was, at one time, a prominent physician of New York city. He was a Canadian born, but, like so many, went to practice his profession in the great American metropolis. There was much more opportunity there for research work. Dr. McPhatter's specialty was research work.

But the New York soddenness of climate in the winter was not beneficial to the health of the doctor's other great interest. That interest was five or six years old, and wore little dresses and pink hair ribbons. She became ill, and her doctor-father knew that a change of climate was absolutely necessary, and he removed to Calgary, Alberta.

The faithful old housekeeper chanced to look out one day, and saw a poor, withered woman staggering towards the steps. Just as she reached the first one she fell. The housekeeper ran out and drag-



Dr. Neil McPhatter.

ged the poor creature into the office. The doctor was out. With the aid of warmth and a nip of brandy, the pale-faced patient was soon restored to consciousness. It was then that the housekeeper noticed how much she was suffering. She could scarcely speak, owing to a large growth on her neck. She told the servant that every doctor had said she could no live, but some kind of Providence had told her to go to the doctor who had done so much good among the inhabitants of the lower district. Every bit of hope had dwindled. She came more out of morbid curiosity than anything else. For the growth was on the jugular vein. She kept wringing her hands and moaning, "Oh, if I could only live for two or three years, till the children are a little better able to look after themselves!"

And the housekeeper shook her head hopefully, and said, "Well, you jes' wait till you see the doctor. I'm sure he can fix you up all right."

And the woman waited. Waited three weary hours. Then the doctor came in. He glanced at her sharply and passed into his inner office. The housekeeper followed him and told him how she had found the poor creature. He busied himself with his instruments and looked over his mail. But all the time he was listening. When he heard the words "growth on the side of her neck," he turned quickly and told the housekeeper to show the patient in.

He examined her. He asked her if she would be willing to take one chance in a thousand. She would do it gladly. For, one chance in a thousand to live is better than no chance in a million.

When the doctor was a Senior in the Medical College, he astounded one of the professors one day by announcing to him that he thought the jugular vein might be removed without any serious danger to the patient. The professor wondered at such ambitions for a student, and answered that he might have the opportunity of testing his theory some day.

This seemed to be the opportunity. The doctor sent his new patient home, and spent most of that night thinking over her case. He decided to take the risk.

The next day the patient was removed to the hospital of the Post-Graduate Medical School.

For two days she was preparing for the operation. On the third day it took place before the class of the Post-Graduate School. The internal jugular vein was removed altogether by Doctor McPhatter.

That was in November of nineteen hundred and two. The woman is still living, with nothing more

Items of News by Wire

Notes of Interest as to What Is Going on All Over the World

Canada.

The term of Sir John Gibson as Lieutenant-Governor may be extended another year.

Twelve hundred Timiskaming farmers visited the Provincial Government farm at Monteith, Ont.

The Department of Agriculture is planning new development for the clay belt of Northern Ontario.

Lockjaw from a slight scratch on the leg caused the death of a little Hamilton girl, Dorothy Hatcher.

Joseph, the five-year-old son of John Reinhart, was fatally kicked by a horse at Colborne Hill, Goderich.

Lovell's directory for 1913 estimates the population of Montreal and suburbs at about 664,000, or an increase of 61,563 over 1912.

John H. White, a bookkeeper in the Bank of Montreal, was drowned at Chesterville Lake, Calgary, when his canoe upset. He was unable to swim.

Premier Borden's health is unsatisfactory, and it is expected that he will go to Muskoka for further rest. The last strenuous Parliament session is responsible.

A cannon ball has just been found on the site of the old battle ground, Chrysler's Farm, Morrisburg, Ont., and a musket ball has been picked up on another section.

Manitoba requires 25,000 men for the harvest, and each of the other western provinces needs about the same number. The Manitoba crop is estimated this year at 65,003,212 bushels.

Engineer Percy Maxwell, Depot Harbor; Fireman M. M. Wilson, Ottawa; Brakeman John O'Neil, Renfrew, and Student Fireman Bateman and Wilson, or Neven, were killed in a wreck on the G. T. R. at Beatty's Siding, near Parry Sound, on Thursday.

than an ugly scar to show where the jugular vein once had been.

Truly, the great do well in humble places and are always silent.

BENEFITS OF SPRAYING.

Apple Crop in Dundas County Will Be Fair Yield.

A despatch from Morrisburg, Ont., says: Mr. E. P. Bradt, B. S.A., district representative of the Ontario Department of Agriculture, makes the statement that Dundas county, the home of the McIntosh Red apple, would this year have had a fair yield of apples had all of the orchards been properly sprayed. Those properly sprayed have escaped the ravages of the caterpillars and are not affected by them, but the light frosts which came at blossoming time here cut the total yield down below the average. In unsprayed orchards many of the trees contain no fruit at all.

RICH STRIKE OF GOLD.

Reports of Important Finds in White River District.

A despatch from Vancouver says: Confirmation has been obtained from an official source of the stories published of a rich gold strike on the Shushanna, in the White River district of the Yukon. Secretary Wesley Blair of the Vancouver Board of Trade wired on Friday for particulars, and received a telegram from the Dawson Board of Trade Secretary stating that \$3,200 was washed by two men in four days, and that the gold came to Dawson. Numbers of Dawson's most conservative people were leaving for the diggings, fully convinced of its genuineness.

BUBONIC PLAGUE VICTIM.

Stoker of British Steamer Dies—Shipmate is Stricken.

A despatch from Garrucha, Spain, says: A stoker of a British steamer, which arrived here on Friday from Alexandria, Egypt, died on the voyage from a disease which it is feared was the bubonic plague. Another stoker on the vessel is suffering with the same ailment from which his shipmate died.

During a parade of the 105th Fusiliers of Saskatoon a girl in a motor car waved an American flag in front of one of the buglers.

Great Britain.

Lloyd George hotly denounced the House of Lords in a speech at Carnarvon on Thursday.

A London magistrate declared that women should not sit beside the drivers of automobiles.

The record price of \$250,000 was paid recently for the horse Prince Palatine, winner of the Ascot Gold Cup, by J. B. Joel, the South African millionaire sportsman.

Lord Strathcona has sent the Lord Mayor his promised contribution of \$50,000 for acquiring Crystal Palace for the nation. A banknote for a thousand pounds, sent anonymously, has also been received.

United States.

Democratic Senators at Washington charge that the Republicans are working for a panic.

The United States Government will advance \$50,000,000 to help move this year's crop.

Northern Pacific Railway telegraph operators are taking a strike vote. They want increased pay and improved conditions.

Persons interested in Panama-Pacific exposition in San Francisco in 1915 are perturbed over the failure of Great Britain, Germany, Japan and other countries to accept the invitation sent them to participate.

General.

A French society is advocating the taxation of all childless persons in the Republic.

The Provincial Governors of Spain have been ordered strictly to forbid gambling in casinos and clubs at watering places. No exceptions are to be made under the order.

CURRANT UP HIS NOSE.

Brantford Boy Dies From Thoughtless Trick.

A despatch from Brantford says: William Lamplin, a five-year-old boy, is dead here under peculiar circumstances. Three weeks ago the little fellow got a green black currant up his nose, and his parents were unable to extract it until next day. Complications set in, resulting in the lad's death and leading to the belief that death was caused by one currant seed in the nasal organ which the parents failed to extract.

WOODED ISLAND ABLAZE.

Little Hope of Saving Valuable British Columbia Timber.

A despatch from Vancouver says: Lower Valdez Island, about 120 miles up the coast north from Vancouver, is in the grip of the fire king. There is little hope of saving much of the timber with which the district abounds.

THREE GIRLS DROWNED.

Rowboat Upset Near St. John, New Brunswick.

A despatch from St. John, N.B., says: Three young women were drowned on Wednesday night by the capsizing of a rowboat in Lake Loch-Lomond, a few miles from this city. Three others, a young woman and two men, were saved after clinging to the overturned boat for two hours. The drowned, all of this city, are: Miss Tilly Davis, Miss—Brown, Miss Eliza Darling. The rescued are Miss Georgie Patterson, Jos. I. Noble and John Stanton, of this city. It seems the party were fishing in the upper part of the lake when a squall struck and swamped the craft, which was overloaded.

700 CONVICTS WANT FREEDOM.

Dominion Parole Officer Ends Inspection of Penitentiaries.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: W. P. Archibald, Dominion parole officer, is now in Winnipeg, having completed at Stoney Mountain on Tuesday an inspection of penitentiaries, during which he has had 700 interviews with convicts that hope for release under the parole system. Four hundred of the appeals came from the Western Provinces.

STARTLING REVELATIONS.

Carberry Man, It Is Said, Has Confessed to Burning Store.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: According to Provincial Fire Commissioner Lindback, J. A. Marshall of Carberry has confessed to having set fire to Garland's store in that town three years ago. Marshall, Commissioner Lindback states, implicates A. E. Webb, and says that Webb offered him \$100 to set fire to the store. Several other well-known Carberry people may be involved, and startling revelations are expected when the parties are brought to trial. A. E. Webb was arrested on Tuesday at Carberry on a charge of having instigated fires that occurred at the same time. He is being held at Portage la Prairie for trial. Marshall is also under arrest, and is confined in the Brandon Jail, where he is stated to have confessed everything.

LOST IN THE BUSH.

John Black Lived on Berries for Sixteen Days.

A despatch from Blind River says: Lost for sixteen days in the bush, during which time he lived entirely on berries, a man who gave his name as John Black, was found in a deserted hut by a young Frenchman, who happened upon the deserted camp while out on a paddling excursion. Black, when found, was in a terrible condition. His only clothing consisted of a pair of old overalls, held together by pieces of wire. His body was a mass of sores, the result of scratches sustained while groping through the underbrush, and mosquito stings. His feet were badly lacerated, and he was in a terrible emaciated condition. He was hurried to the hospital here, and it is thought he will recover.

QUEBEC TOWN FIRE SWEEPED.

\$200,000 Damage by Blaze Starting in Stable at Louisville.

A despatch from Three Rivers, Que., says: A fire which broke out at Louisville, near here, at midnight Wednesday and raged until 5 o'clock next morning did \$200,000 damage. The heavy loss was due to the start the fire got in the first hour on account of the lack of water. The fire started in a stable. The district destroyed had been devastated once before, and many houses and places of business had been burned.

MOST BLOODY BATTLE.

Recent Engagement of Greeks and Bulgarians.

A despatch from London says: The Daily Telegraph's correspondents with the Greeks at Salonica describe the recent battle between the Greeks and Bulgarians in the Djuma district as the most hotly contested and sanguinary of the entire war. The Bulgarians, the correspondents say, reinforced by 50,000 men who have been withdrawn from the Servian frontier, made an unexpected attack on the Greek left wing. The fight raged for two days with varying successes, but victory finally rested with the Greeks, who captured again their lost positions. The Greek losses were 2,000 men killed, including many officers bearing historic names, and between six thousand and seven thousand wounded.

NOVELTIES IN FIREWORKS.

Motion Pictures of Flame at Canadian National Exhibition.

Moving pictures in fireworks are surely the newest thing in pyrotechnics. And the newest thing in all lines are served at the Canadian National Exhibition. Among the motion pictures framed in fire that are on the bill are a threshing machine, with wheels running and grain pouring from the spout, an auto fire engine that runs so fast it crashes into an automobile, and flying machines. Add to these the changing illumination, the colored balloons, the exploding bombs, the soaring rockets, the massive golden fountains and dispersing radiating batteries, and you have a fireworks bill more varied and more wonderful than anything ever before presented at the Canadian National.

DAIRY FARM IN SIGHT.

Winnipeg Will No Longer Import All Its Butter and Eggs.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The largest dairy farm on the entire western hemisphere is now being whipped into shape at Headingly, a suburb of this city. When completely stocked the farm will count 2,500 head of cattle within its fences, and with 1,500 of these giving milk, the total yearly output of milk and cream should be 2,000,000 gallons. It is estimated that Minneapolis and St. Paul furnish this city with about \$500,000 worth of milk, etc., a year, which, with the estimated output of this farm, would be eliminated.