IT SATISFIES MILLIONS OF PEOPLE

Worth your while to test it

LIPTON'S

Sustains and Cheers.

Japan's Paper Umbrellas.

The paper umbrellas of Japan are rendered impervious to water by an application of oil secured from the seed of the rubber plant. The oil is extracted by means of presses, and before it is used is boiled and then cooled until it can be applied by hand to umbrellas with a piece of cloth or waste. No machinery or tools are used in applying the oil. When the oiling is completed the umbrellas are exposed in the sun for about five hours.

New Baby Brother.

Doris was radiant over a recent addition to the family, and rushed out of the house to tell the news to a passing neighbor. "Oh, you don't know what we've got up-stairs!" "What is it?" "It's a new baby brother!" And she settled back upon her heels and folded her hands to watch the effect. "You don't say so! Is he going to stay?" "I expect so," very thoughtfully—"he's got his things

Death is the nurse who will one day put us to sleep.





IS THE BEST FOR YOU. BECAUSE

It keeps your "White Clothes" looking Just like New. Just like New.

It does not Spot or Streak the clothes as there is no settling.

It is the "Handiest Kind" to use.

It is Guaranteed to give Perfect Satisfaction or money Cheerfully Refunded.

LISTEN!

"J-R Blue is much better than any other." Miss Thomson, Belmont, Man. "J-R Blue is an Excellent Blue, Superior to other Blues." Mrs. Frank J. Moore, Conn, Ont.

"J-R Blue is the best Blue I ever used." Mrs. W. Switzer, Brandon, Man.

TRY IT. and Prove It A ro cent pack-age lasts about 6 months, as it blues 25 Good Size Washings Menufactured by The Johnsonhe Johnson-chardson Co. mited, ontreal, Can.

Seed Do you want to be sure of your CORN CROP this season? COPN WE can help you. Write for our Catalogue and see.

GEO. KEITH & SONS, TORONTO





That Are Guaranteed

Why take chances in buying a pair of gloves when you can get a positive guarantee backed by Canada's largest gleve factory in the

H.B.K. Pinto Shell Gloves

made from specially tanned horsehide. Guaranteed wet proof, wind proof, steam and heat proof. Send for illustrations.

HUDSON BAY KNITTING CO. Canada's Expert Glove and Mitt Makers, MONTREAL.



OMICAGO FLEXIBLE SHAFT CO.

CHICAGO, ILL.

593 La Salle Ave.

OUR LETTER FROM TORONTO

WHAT IS UPPERMOST IN THE MINDS OF THE CITIZENS.

Away From Home at Easter—A Diplomat of the First Degree-Mystery to be Cleared Up-An Active Career.

Easter, the greatest Church date in the entire year, seems to be losing in the city something of the spirit of olden times. This is merely to say that with the increase of wealth and population, worldliness is on the increase. Literally thousands of citizens make it a point of being away from home at Easter. The number of those who spend the entire winter in southern climes is on the increase. The Mediterranean or the West Indies are favorite trips, while this season for the first time Panama has been coming in for its share of business. The winter tourists do not return until Spring is well advanced and the Easter season sees an exodus to the near south, which is mounting to very large proportions. Atlantic City is a favorite resort and Easter Sunday saw hundreds of Torontonians on the promenade there, far away from church or other home duties.

Sir William's Diplomacy.

Sir William's Diplomacy.

Sir William's Diplomacy.

Sir William Meredith, who for the past two years has been investigating the Workmen's Compensation with a view to recommending legislation, has proved himself a diplomat of the first degree by the report which he has just presented to the Legislature. One of the chief causes of contention in connection with the Act will be as to what classes of citizens should be exempt. Sir William received much evidence on this point. For example, there is no doubt that there will be great opposition in farming communities to any enactment which will make employere liable for injuries austained by their help. In the same way store-keepers employing perhaps only one clerk, in many cases where the chances of injury are of the slightest degree, will object vigorously at any taxation which might be imposed for the purpose of Workmen's Compensation.

Sir William has neatly side-stepped this

for the purpose of Workmen's Compensation.

Sir William has neatly side-stopped this
entire controversy. He has done so by
leaving the whole question of what classes
are to be exempt to the discretion of the
Legislature. His Act as framed applies
universally, and if it went into force as
it is, would apply to every employer of
labor in the Province. As it is generally
recognized that there must be some exemption, the whole question of what these
exemptions shall be must be thrashed out
by the members in the House. No doubt
a great number of exemptiors will be
asked for and the Act will be lucky if it
escapes emasculation.

As far as the controversy between the
Labor Unions and the Manufacturers is
concerned, Sir William seems to have been
able to bring about a certain amount of
agreement. On the face of it it looks as
though his findings lean toward the side
of the working men.

Cardening Days.

Cardening Days.

Sir William will now have more freedom than for some time to devote to his flowers and his gardening, which is the chief hobby of his life. There is probably no man in the Province who has a greater love for flowers, and his home, which stands above the Rosedale ravine, is every summer a real living home of flower life. He has made gardening a health-giving relaxation from a strenuous life. The arrangement of his grounds and flower beds is particularly pleasing. Nor is Sir William one of those gardeners who likes to let other people do the work. Like Gladetone, who sought mental relief by cutting down trees on his farm at Hawarden, Sir William always delights in the actual labor of his own hands.

The Mystery Block.

The Mystery Block.

The Mystery Block.

Toronto's "mystery block" still remains a mystery. Rumors have recently been revived that the Canadian Northern Railway is the owner, but these have been denied. Of the names mentioned in connection with the property only from the T. Eaton Company has there been no denial, and the impression still stands that this firm proposes, sooner or later, to move from its present location to the site bounded by Carlton, Yonge, Church and Alexander. As this would mean a tremendous dislocation of business on Yonge St., there is the keenest interest in what will happen.

The statement has been made by a man supposed to know that the mystery will be fresh activity in Toronto real estate. Nothing more spectacular than the mystery block has been heard of in real estate records in this country. The entire block, consisting of hundreds of small parcels of property, was bought up by agents of a real estate firm within a few weeks. That was two years ago, and who the real estate firm acted for is as much a mystery as it was then. The deal, of

weeks. That was two years ago, and who the real estate firm acted for is as much a mystery as it was then. The deal, of course, involved millions. Meanwhile, Eaton's continue to make improvements in their present premises.

Friedmann Was Pleased.

Friedmann Was Pleased.

Toronto physicians are gratified that Dr. Friedmann should have given so much attention to Toronto patients, and that he was so complimentary in his remarks concerning his operations here. He said that his local clinio was the most satisfactory that he had had, this being due largely to the system of registration which prevails, and which reveals the history of each case. The patients treated are, of course, being watched with the greatest anxiety, particularly by sufferers from the disease. Local physicians continue to be unenthusiastic, but hopeful. Dr. Friedmann was greatly impressed with the cordiality shown in Toronto and other Canadian cities, particularly when contrasted with the disposition of alcofness which greeted him in New York. One story is to the effect that the reason of his cool reception in New York was the opposition of the drug trust, which, of course, finds one of its chief sources of profit in the medicines which it sells to tubercular patients. But such a story seems too diabolical for belief.

Civic Troubles.

Toronto has been having its troubles in civic financing. In round figures it takes about \$10,000,000 a year to run the city, and as a great proportion of this amount is required for capital expenditures, it means that much cash has to be raised by selling bonds and debentures. The market for the last year not having been good, there is on hand an accumulation of unsold bonds, with the result that the city has been perilously close to the point of not having ready cash with which to pay current expenditures. In recent weeks small bond issues have been disposed of on more or less satisfactory terms and the situation has been temporarily relieved.

ed.
As result of this situation the Treasury Department has come in for a great deal of criticism. Unfortunately, Mr. Richard T. Coady, who has been City Treasurer for twenty-five years, and to whom the city looked to sell its bonds and keep the strong box well supplied with ready cash, has been seriously ill. It is doubtful if he will ever resume his duties, at least as actively as formerly.

Mr. Coady's Career.

Mr. Coady has felt Toronto move if any man has. He has been in the city service for 35 years, Chief Accountant in 1877, City Treasurer in 1888 and ever since. Previous to that he was a lumber merchant. He has seen eighteen mayors come and go. He has seen the city's population almost quadruple. He became

Treasurer just when the fabulous boom struck Toronto, when in the late '80's, without reason, thousands packed their trunks and moved to the city from the country districts. This boom burst, and the next ten years was the least encouraging in the history of the city. But in the last decade figures have been goin—ahead in jumps, expenditures have more than doubled, assessments and all other figures bounding ahead in similar proportions. Mr. Coady is still the paymaster. But there are critics who think that a successor must soon be appointed. Before his illness it was charged that his department had not kept pace with the times, and was really in a chaotic condition.

Who will succeed Mr. Coady is an open question. Controller McCarthy has been showing a special interest in the Treasury Department, and it has been rumored that he will follow the example set by Mayor Geary last year and step from the Board of Control into a soft life job at a salary of some \$10,000 a year. But Controller McCarthy denies absolutely that he is a candidate or that he would accept the position if offered to him.



MR. W. C. C. GLADSTONE.

Grandson of the great statesman, who is prominent in the movement for a peace memorial.

Anaemic Mothers Here is Relief!

You Can Enrich Your Worn-out Blood and Quickly Renew Your Health With Dr. Hamilton's Pills.



Sufferer of Twenty Years States Dr Hamilton's Pills are a Real Cure.

"I can't remember any time during the past twenty years when my heart wasn't aching. If I bent over, dark specks would come before my eyes, and it seemed as if all the blood in my body wanted to rush to my head." Thus opens the letter of Mrs. Enoch S. Spry, of Putnam P.O. and continuing her interesting statement she says: "Work or exertion made my heart beat terrible, and going upstairs caused such shortness of breath that it fairly frightened me. I tell you how I feel to-day and you can understand what a great cure Dr. Hamilton's Pills have made. I feel strong enough now to work like a man, as for going up stairs on the run, it doesn't bother me at all. I eat and sleep as any woll person ought, and as for dizziness which used to frighten me so much, it has entirely disappeared. Hamilton's Pills are a wonderful medicine. They helped me, and I know every woman that uses them will have comfort and good health. Refuse anything offered you instead of Dr. Hamilton's Pills of Mandrake and Butternut, 25c, per box at druggists and storekeepers, or the Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and Kingston, Canada.

Passer-by (to farmer leaning on roadside fence)-Do you approve of limbs patients are placed in an antwouldn't I? Didn't I make over snowdrifts last winter?



SACRED FLAG OF PROPHETS.

How Guarded in Peace and How Powerful in War.

The sacred standard of the prophet is enveloped in forty coverings of green taffeta, and is enclosed in a case of green cloth, which also contains a koran (the book of the law), written by the Caliph Omar himself, and the silver keys of the kaapa, which Selim I. received from the sheriff of Mecca.

The standard is twelve feet and the golden ornaments (a closed hand) which surmounts it contains another copy of the koran, written by the Caliph Osman III., the successor of Mohammed.

In time of peace this precious the "Noble Vestment"; thus is styled the dress worn by the prophet. In the same hall in which the tunic hangs are also preserved the and armor of the first caliphs.

In war a magnificent tent is erected for receiving the sacred standard, which is attached by silver rings to a lance of ebony. This custom brings to recollection the little temple in which was deposited the eagle of the Roman legions, as related by Dionysius Cassius. the end of every campaign the sacred piece of green silk which forms the standard is replaced with great solemnity in a richly ornamented

Down to the present epoch this standard has always been a real talisman to the Turks, and has served to rally the defenders of Islamism and to inflame their courage in battle against the Christians. This sacred banner is, however, never displayed except in time of war as a last extremity. It is the signal for instantly exerting every effort to save the empire. Every Christian is prohibited from stopping before or even casting a profane look on this sacred pledge of

ANTS AS REMEDIES.

Europe Preparations Made From Insects Are Used.

Among the last of the remedies provocative of nausea of the imagination to disappear from the lists of official remedies have been preparations made from ants. Such preparations, however, have not obtained much recognition in this country, even among the wise old women in domestic practice— though in parts of Europe they are yet in use. Ant baths, made by boiling ants in water, are yet in use by Bavarian peasants for rheumatism and gout, and also in Hessen and Hungary. In Bohemia, it is said, for paralysis of the lower automobiles? Farmer-Sure! Why hill and allowed to remain until the whole body is covered with the in-\$50 clean cash haulin' 'em out of sects, which are then shaken off, when the cure is effected. In Bran-the threat and lungs. :: 25 cents.

denburg an aching tooth is rubbed with blood by means of a crust of bread, and the crust is then placed in an anthill.

Impoverishment of blood is cured by means of an egg buried in the hill of the large red ants. The egg must have been laid by a pure white or black hen, and must have been found when still warm. In Oberwalz the crushed eggs and larvae of ants stirred up with cream are used as a remedy for colic. A salve made from wood ants, dog fat and coal dust is said to be used by Hungarian gypsies against goitre. There is in use in Montenegro the 'ant suture" in domestic surgery. Those who had been bitten by ants had noticed that the heads remained clinging to the skin when the standard is guarded in the hall of body was torn away, being held in place by the powerful mandibles. The idea was thus suggested that the ants' jaws could be used to close the edges of wounds. The edges of other teeth, the holy beard, the the cut are pressed together, an cacred stirrup, the sabre and the ant is held so that its jaws will bow of Mohammed, and the arms grasp both sides and its body is cut grasp both sides and its body is cut off. Several are applied along the wound and serve instead of the usual catgut stitches.

Thinks Swearing All Right

Providing the provocation equals the offence of Jones stepping on Smith's corns. Far better to use Putnam's Corn Extractor;-it does cure corns and warts in one day without pain. Try "Putnam's," free from acids, and painless, price 25c. at all

REAL MEANING OF POTLUCK.

One Plunge of the Ladle and Take What You Get.

The real origin of the word "potluck" is unknown to most of the people who use it. In Limoges, France, however, one runs into potluck itself. In a certain corner of that quaint city of jostling roofs there is still segregated, much as if in a ghetto, a Saracen population, probably a remnant of the wave of Saracens that swept over Europe hundreds of years ago. Here they live in their crooked, narrow streets, following old customs hand-COUGHS ed down from generation to butcher tion. There are many butcher La COLDS shops in the quarter, and outside of soup over a glowing brazier. In each pot stands a ladle as ancient as the

> When a customer comes with a penny, in goes the ladle and comes up full of savory broth and chunks of meat, odds and ends, that the butcher has had left over. And what comes up the customer has to take. One can imagine how anxiously the hungry urchin or the mother of seven must eye the inexorable ladle and how a pretty girl might get another draw from the butcher's boy.

> At any rate "to take potluck" means to take what you get and say nothing whether the pot is in Limoges or in the flat of the man who eagerly invites a friend of his youth to dinner.

PERRINS MAKE



Do not be misled-ASK FOR

PERRIN'S GLOVES

and LOOK for the trade-mark. You will thus be sure of gloves famous for Style, Fit and Finish.

Gloves that are not stamped with either the trade-mark or the name "Perrin's Make" are not the genuine.