

ENTERESTING BITS OF COSSIP FROM THE QUEEN CITY.

Municipal Elections—Are "Good Times" Drawing to a Close?-High Cost of Living-Toronto's Street Rallway.

At the time of writing no candidate in opposition to Mayor Hocken has appeared on the horison. No one in the present Council is prepared to take the plunge, and any opponent must, therefore, come from outside. One man whose name content of the country of the co

sed on the morison. No one in the present Council is prepared to take the plunge, and any opponent must, therefore, come from outside. One man whose name continues to be mentioned as a possible candidate is Dr. Charles Sheard, formerly Medical Health Odicer of the city. Dr. Sheard is a man of independent means and an independent turn of mind, who at one time was exceedingly popular as bead of the Medical Department on account of the way he used to "talk up" to the Aldermon. Since retiring from official life he has several times threatened to run for semething, but has always lacked the nerve to go through with it. His friends think he would give Mayor Hocken a good run, particularly if he holds off his condidature until the last week and then makes a whirlwind campaign of it. They figure that he would give the anti-tomperance vote, the "Sunday slides" test, the Roman Catholic vote, a specion of the Liberal vote, he being a tese preminent Conservative than Mayor Hocken, and even a goodly section of the Orange wote.

Even if there is no Mayoralty contest, that does not mean that New Year's Day will not be as interesting voting event. Never before has there been such a big field for Board of Control. All the old members are seeding re-election and new aspirants are springing up on all sides. Controller Feaster, who has been spoken of as a possible Mayoralty candidate, will stand on his platform of economy. He may possibly head the poll, even in a large field. Controller Church, in his role of being all things to all men, will try to glad-hand his way back. Controller Maguirs, another Liberal, who has served out Mr. Hocken's unexpired term, has had his taste of blood and wants more. These there is James Simpson, running as a Socialist, who may not get elected, but will poll a strong vote, drawing, as he will, from labor unions, church workers, temperance societies, Orange lodges, Sons of England and Liberals. Ex-Controller F. S. Spence, always a keen student of water works questions, and ex-Ald. Sweeney, a brother

A "High Brow" for Alderman.

Of the new Aldermanic material offering the most interesting candidate is Dr. S. Morley Wickett, formerly of the staff of the University of Toronto, but now engaged in the leather manufacturing industry. Dr. Wickett is what is sometimes called a "high brow" candidate. He is B. B. of Toronto University, Ph. D. of a B. A. of Torento University, Ph. D. of Leipeiz University, and studied also at Vienna, Berlin, Paris and Cambridge. He is prominent in the Canadian Manufacturers' Association and is greatly interested in technique education. He has written a good deal about the theory of municipal government, but this is his first venture into the burly-burly of practical venture into the hurly-burly of practical

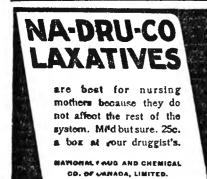
The last "high brow" candidate Toronto had was Sir Edmund Walker, who a few years ago was elected to the Board of Education. He served one term, and then promptly retired. Why he did so has not been very definitely explained. Croakers Cetting Noisy.

One is hearing rather persistent forebodings these days that our "good times" are in danger of being checked temporarily. Of course, there are always a certain number of creekers who continuously draw a poor mouth. Present forebodings may emenate from them only, but they seem just a little more numerous than usual.

The theory of the creakings is that there has been a two rapid expansion and exploitation in Ganada, particularly in real estate. Too much money has been borrowed. Too little of it has been made productive. These the Balkan war, like every other wer, has eaten up great chunks of capital—wiped it off the earth. This, of course, has a tendency to cut off the supply of capital available for in westment.

Every autume obere is a certain amount of money tightness caused by millions of dollars being cent west to pay the farmers for their crops as they bring them to market. But this year it is just a little tighter than usual, and the fear is that the stringeoup may last longer. The Town Lot Speculation.

That there bas been a vast overdoing



of the real estate business is undoubted. One calculator says that there are a million and a quarter town lots in Canada on the market. To put a family on each of these lots would mean an added population equal to the total present population of Canada. And to support this additional population in towns and cities would require at least another 7,000.000 people on the land. So that to occupy all the town lots now sub-divided would require a Canadian population of some 21,000,000 souls.

Then the high cost of living is assum-

some 21,000,000 souls.

Then the high cost of living is assuming serious proportions. If any person had foretold ten years ago what rents and prices in 1912 would be in Toronto he would have been regarded as crazy. Oue living in the country has little idea of the struggle to make ends meet that goes on in many Toronto homes, where the incomes received would ordinarily be considered quite adequate.

However, no one predicts that there will be any serious break in Toronto's growth.

A Municipal Railway.

A Municipal Railway.

Toronto's first experiment in the municipal ownership and operation of street car lines is taking a modest form. A mile or two of railway has been constructed on Gerrard street east, a street which the Street Railway Company refused to serve, and which was therefore open to the city to do as it liked with. As there was no other way to develop the district than by a car line, the city went ahead. The line is now complete, four cars have been placed in operation and the city is more or less eecurely launched in the street railway business. The fire has been fixed at two cents, or six inches for ten cents, but, of course, to get anywhere passengers have a see to to get anywhere passengers have also to pay a fare on the Street Car Company's

pay a fare on the Street Car Company's system.

Two other similar stub lines in other districts are also shortly to be opened by the city. There is no expectation that they can be made to pay. The only question is as to the size of the deficit. The hope of advocates of municipal ownership is that the deficit will not be so large as to discourage the city from taking over the Toronto Street Railway when its franchise expires in 1921.

Expected Death From Day to Day

Another Case Where Life Was Saved and Health Restored by Nerviline.

We have all read and heard of the agonies of sciatica, but only those who have been tortured by this dread malady can fully appreciate what it must mean to be cured after years of suffering.

It is because he feels it his solemn duty to tell to the world his faith in Nerviline that Victor P. Hires makes the following declara-"For three years I was in tion. the Royal Mail service, and in all kinds of weather had to meet the night trains. Dampness, cold, and exposure brought on sciatica that affected my left side. Sometimes an attack would come on that made me powerless to work. I was so nearly a complete cripple that I had to give up my job. was in despair, completely cast down, because the money I had spent on trying to get well was wasted. 1 was speaking to my chemist one day, and he recommended 'Nervi-line.' I had this good liniment I had this good liniment rubbed on several times a day and got relief. I continued this treatment four months and was cured. I have used all kinds of liniments, and can truthfully say that Nerviline is far stronger, more penetrating and infinitely better than anything else for relieving pain. I urge everyone with lumbago, neuralgia, rheumatism, or sciatica, to use Nerviline. I know it will cure

them." Get Nerviline to-day, large family size, 50c.; trial size, 25c.; all dealers or The Catarrhozone Co., Buffalo, N. Y. and Kingston, Canada.

TURKS BANNED TOBACCO.

Smokers Were Severely Treated as Unbelievers.

Tobacco was first carried into Turkey by English sailors, and its use was quickly prohibited. As in Russia, a tradition was discovered prohibiting its use by the faithful; Mahomet, it was said, had prophesied that in future ages some of his followers would smoke a herb called tobacco, but these would ing a waffle. be unbelievers.

Sultan Amurath IV. strictly prohibited its use. Search was made for smokers; tobacco pipes were driven through their cheeks and rolls of tobacco hung as collars around their necks. Thus arrayed they were mounted on asses, facing the tail, and driven through the streets, as a warning to lusters after tobacco, to be hanged.

Sclected Recipes.

Chocolate Doughnuts.—Beat two eggs, add one and one-half cupfuls of sugar, a small piece of butter, two squares of (melted) chocolate, one cupful of milk, and one heaping teaspoonful of baking-powder in flour enough to make a soft dough.

ry as usual. Quick-made Soup. — Throw into boiling water a handful of tapioca, with salt and pepper, and stir while cooking. Put in a pan a large piece of butter, and the yolks of two or three eggs beaten up in a little water. Pour in the boiling tapioca, and mix well by stirring.

teaspoonful of salt, and three and the dough and let it rise. Then shape into biscuit and let it rise water, and bake in a moderate oven.

chopped raisins in the bottom of a ing them one inch apart. one cupful of grated carrot, one mouth of the bag together. cupful of grated potato, one teasteam three hours. Hard or liquid sauce as you please. This tastes much like English plum pudding, but it is far more easily digested.

Arrowroot Pudding.—Two cups

of boiling milk, three heaping teaspoonfuls of Bermuda arrowroot wet to a smooth paste with a little cold milk, four tablespoonfuls of white sugar beaten light, with two eggs. Mix the arrowroot paste with the boiling milk, stir three minutes over the fire; take from the range and beat in the eggs and sugar. If too stiff, stir in a little more milk. Turn into a buttered bake dish and bake, covered, for twenty minutes. Then uncover and brown lightly. You may, if you like, make a mer ingue of the whites of two eggs and a little powdered sugar and spread over the surface before drawing the pudding from the oven. In that case leave it upon the upper grating of the oven to color lightly. Eat

ice cold with cream.

Baked Peas.—Wash a pint of split peas and put them in a bean-pot with a tablespoonful of molasses, a small strip of salt pork, and salt blotting paper. While they dry out to taste. Cover with hot water, a little cut thin strips of the kid to taste. Cover with hot water, and bake like beans, filling the pot

spread thickly with wet cranberries rolled in sugar; roll up, and pinch the edges tightly, and steam onehalf hour. Serve with fairy-butter pudding sauce, made as follows: Cream one cupful of pulverized sugar with one large tablespoonful of butter; then heat lightly together with the yolk of an egg until the mixture is smooth and creamy. Beat the white of the egg to a stiff froth, mix all lightly but thoroughly; heap the sauce on a glass dish, sprinkle with nutmeg, and let it stand in a cold place to harden.

Mother's Waffles .- Two cups of milk, two eggs, three cups of sifted flour, two even teaspoonfuls of baking powder, a saltspoonful of salt, one tablespoonful of melted butter. Sift baking powder and salt three times with the flour. Beat yolks and whites together and very light. Add the milk to these, then the melted butter, lastly the flour. Beat hard for one minute. Rub the waffle irons with salt, then wash and wipe and set at the side of the range for an hour to heat them gradually. Thus "seasoned" they will not adhere to the batter after they are greased well. At the end of the hour move to the front over a hole and grease with lard tied up in a bit of cloth. Try a little of the batter to test the heat before bak-

Home Made Crackers-On baking day take out a pound or so of dough from the quantity prepared for the day's baking. Do this before you set the dough for the last rising. Work into the reserved portion an even tablespoonful of butter for a cupful of the dough. Knead upon the board for three minutes to incorporate the butter well. Then with the rolling pin beat the dough

out into a sheet an inch thick. Roll it up as you would pastry, and pound flat again. This done, roll the sheet out smooth and less than a quarter of an inch in thickness. Cut out with a small tumbler or cake cutter. Prick around each all the way through with a fork in several places and bake quickly to a pale brown. Work the scraps left by the cutter into a sheet and cut out to the last bit. Let them get cold before putting into a box lined with white paper.

Uses for Old Gloves.

There are many uses for the tops of your old kid gloves. Do not consign them to the scrap basket be-fore you have tried at least some of the useful and dainty ways to utilize them.

A very lovely little handbag is made from the tops of long kid gloves. Cut the glove tops off as Potato Biscuit.—To one cupful of close to the wrist opening as poshot mashed potato add one-half sible, then cut the seam off very cupful of sugar and one yeast-cake close. This will give two pieces dissolved in one-half cupful of warm about six inches wide at the botwater. Let the mixture rise. Add tom and eight inches wide at the one-half cupful each of butter and top. Lay them together, and cut sugar, two eggs well beaten, one them eight inches long, or, if that is not possible, as near to that one-quarter cupfuls of flour. Knead length as you can. Keeping the widest part for the top lay the pieces with the right sides together and again. Brush over with sugar and stitch them on the sewing machine, rounding off the corners at the bottom. One inch and a half from A More Economical Plum Pud- the top cut slits one-half inch long, ding .- Put one cupful of finely as you would for a buttonhole, plac-These mixing-dish, and mix one cupful of you may outline with the buttonflour with it. Add one cupful of hole stitch if you wish, although brown sugar, one cupful of suet they do just as well if left with a chopped fine, one-half teaspoonful raw edge, and through them run each of clove, cinnamon and all-half-inch wide ribbon, matching the spice, the juice and grated rind of color of the kid, or a silken cord one lemon, citron to suit, and salt, of the same color, to draw the

are ready for work.

paper pattern having five flower- in the matter. shaped petals and a simple leaf design having five sections, also s five-pointed star a little smaller than the flower pattern, were cut The flowers were two and a half inches in diameter, and the other portions cut accordingly, but you may suit yourself in size.

Lay the pattern on the kid, and mark the outline with a knitting needle; do not use a pencil or the marks will show. Then cut out very carefully and toss them into a basin of cold water.

When they have become thoroughly wet through take out and absorb the superfluous water with a towel, or by laving them between and bake like beans, filling the pot with water as it cooks up. About three hours of baking is necessary.

Cranberry Dumplings.—Roll out a stamens of a strip of kid one-half layer of dumpling crust, thin layer of dumpling crust, thin; inch wide and one and a half inches long, cut in quarter-inch slits on one side. Roll this around the end of the stem wire and punching a hole through the centre of the flower portion and calyx, then through the latter, and put a drop of glue in the hole to secure them to the

Make the flowers and leaves up into a cluster or wreath for your hat. Beads can be introduced to represent berries.

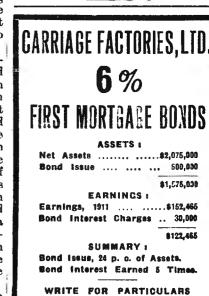
The work is not difficult, but forms delightful amusement for the woman who loves to make dainty things with her fingers.



Driving Out Horse Cars.

The Government of Wurtemberg. Unusual and very attractive are Germany, is taking steps to substispoonful of soda, mixed with the flowers for the hat that are made tute auto-bus lines for all the horse potato. Mix all thoroughly, and from the tops of suede gloves. The traction lines existing in the countops of a pair of white or colored try, and it is now engaged in drawgloves (not black), a spool of fine ing up the plans for the project. The milliner's wire, a steel knitting department has already entered needle, and an awl, or very large into connection with the leading needle, for punching holes, and you German automobile constructors in order to secure their co-operation In a wreath encircling a natural- in the enterprise, and bids will no colored straw hat white kid was doubt be called for in the near fuused for the flowers and golden-ture. At present the department brown for the leaves and calyx. A has not made any definite decision





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