

# TURKISH ARMY CRUSHED

Ready to Sue for Peace—Constantinople Is at the Mercy of the Allies.

A despatch from Sofia says: A few more details have reached here of the four days' battle between Adrianople and Constantinople, which resulted in the utter rout by General Savoff, Bulgarian Commander-in-Chief, of the Turkish army of 250,000 men, under Nazim Pasha, the War Minister. The battle extended along the line from Lule Burgas eastward to Serai. The Turkish front was over 31 miles long. The Turkish forces greatly outnumbered the Bulgarians, the latter not exceeding 150,000, many having been left investing Adrianople.

The eastern wing of the Turkish army, at Viza, was able to maintain its ground at first against the Bulgarian troops, but could gain no success, and, after three days' fighting, fled. The Bulgarian army vigorously pursued the Turks, who retreated in disorder and panic on Serai and Tchörli. On Thursday they were driven from this stand. Many guns and large quantities of ammunition have been captured. Aivali, near Lule Burgas, and Maras have been burned. All the Christian inhabitants, according to the Bulgarians, were massacred.

## Turkey to Sue for Peace.

A despatch from Constantinople says: The Cabinet is in session. It is believed to be discussing the question of suing the Balkan States for peace. It is known that grave news has been received from the front, but its exact nature has not been divulged.

## On to the Capital.

A despatch from London says: The Vienna correspondent of the Daily Chronicle sends the following—

"The Servian Foreign Minister and the Greek Premier, who brought about the Balkan alliance, started for Paris on Friday, it is supposed to negotiate with Premier Poincare. It is understood that the Bulgarian army in following up its successes will advance on Constantinople. The Balkan allies will not accept an armistice, but are willing to negotiate peace direct with Turkey."

## Servians Push Forward.

A despatch from London says: The Servian troops are extending the area of territory conquered by them in Macedonia. It was reported on Thursday that they have crossed the mountains and taken the Town of Prisdren, where they captured a considerable quantity of Turkish war material. They are said also to have taken Diakovo, still farther to the west.

## 500 Prisoners and 7 Guns.

A despatch from London says: Describing the defeat of the Turks at Kailar, Macedonia, a despatch to the Chronicle says they left 2,000 dead, while 500 were taken prisoners. Seven guns fell into the hands of the Greeks. The main body of the Greek army is now marching in force to attack Salonica.

## Roasted on Gridiron.

A despatch from London says: The Servian Legation has received a despatch from Belgrade giving accounts by returned Servian officers of atrocities committed by the Turkish troops before abandoning the country conquered by the Servians.

"Wherever the Turks passed," says the despatch, "the Servian army found only land strewn with bodies of men, women and children, mutilated in the most barbarous fashion. Bodies of men were also found bound to trees. They had been burned alive by means of fires kindled under their feet. One body bore indications of having been roasted on a gridiron."

## Turks Again Defeated.

A despatch from London says: The Times Sofia correspondent, telegraphing Friday, says: "The Turks on Thursday made a desperate effort to retrieve the situation. The retreating troops rallied between Tchörli and Istrandia, and were reinforced by a division sent from Constantinople. They were completely defeated, however, by the Bulgarians, who captured Tchörli, Istrandia and Rodosto. Altogether some 60,000 Turks had assembled at Tchörli, and a fresh series of battles occurred over the district extending from Tchörli to Istrandia and along the heights dominating Rodosto. A diversion

was attempted on the Turkish right wing. General Torgut, of Albanian fame, landed at Midia with 20,000 men and advanced toward Viza, where he encountered the Bulgarian troops, under General Kutincheff. The Turks were completely defeated, but whether they succeeded in regaining their ships or retreated eastward is not stated.

## Enormous Sacrifices.

A despatch from Sofia says: Whether the European concert holds together or breaks up there is reason to believe that the allied States will hold firmly to their programme. They already have undergone enormous sacrifices, and are prepared to face every eventuality. Only those who have been brought into close contact with the terrible realities of this war can estimate the extent of those sacrifices. In Sofia the wounded are arriving literally in thousands. All the larger public and many private buildings have been transformed into hospitals. Even at that some have to be laid on the bare floors. The wounded from the last great battle have yet to arrive. How arrangements can be made to accommodate them it is hard to say.

## Salonica In a Panic.

A despatch from Salonica to the London Morning Post says the town is in a panic. Twenty thousand refugees from neighboring villages have arrived, in addition to the fugitives from Uskub, and 7,000 Anatolian soldiers. Consequently there is a great scarcity of food. English and French warships have arrived at Salonica.

## Turks Still Retreating.

A despatch sent by Lieut. Wagner to the Reichspost of Vienna from the Bulgarian headquarters on Nov. 2 shows that the Turkish troops had been reinforced and were fighting bravely between Serai and Istrandia. He says the Ottoman soldiers are still retreating in two detachments. The southern one is trying to reach Tchataldja, and the northern one is aiming at the line from Serai to Istrandia. They have rallied partly since their defeat, and have been joined by two new divisions, but it is doubtful if any considerable part of them will be able to reach Tchataldja.

The Bulgarians are trying to divert the Turkish line of retreat by throwing out advance posts through Serai, Istrandia, and Karajakouli. During the fighting along the Lule Burgas line the railroad connection with Tchataldja stopped and interfered with the service to several places.

Lieutenant Wagner reiterates the stories of the atrocities perpetrated by the retreating Turks. He describes the Anatolian Redifs as being particularly cruel, and says they acted more like wild beasts than human beings. Dozens of dead women were found with their bodies slashed.

## Turkey Admits Defeat.

A despatch from Constantinople on Sunday says: The Porte has applied to the powers for mediation with a view to the cessation of hostilities and for the negotiation of peace. Application has been made to the Embassies here and by circular to the Ottoman representatives in the European capitals.

The Turkish army is retreating to the last line of fortifications outside the capital. This was announced in the first bulletin admitting defeat in the great battle, which the Government issued on Sunday night.

## MANIA FOR SETTING FIRES.

John Bradshaw Found Guilty of Starting One in Bush.

A despatch from Nelson, B. C., says: John Bradshaw, accused of setting fire to the bush at Hock Ranch, on Granite road, was found guilty by the jury. This is the fourth time Bradshaw has been tried in connection with incendiary fires in Nelson, which resulted in the destruction of the Hall Mines smelter, the Yale Columbia Saw Mills, great damage to the Nelson Brewery, two city blocks and various other buildings.

Chief John Gibson of the Six Nations died on the Indian Reserve at Brantford.

Wm. Weir died suddenly in church at Hamilton at the age of 76.



LIEUTENANT BECKER.  
Convicted of the murder of a New York gambler.

## PRICES OF FARM PRODUCTS

REPORTS FROM THE LEADING TRADE CENTRES OF AMERICA

Prices of Cattle, Grain, Cheese and Other Produce at Home and Abroad.

**Breadstuffs.**  
Toronto, Nov. 5.—Manitoba Wheat—No. 1 Northern, 96 1/2c; Bay ports; No. 2 at 94c, and No. 3 at 92 1/2c; Bay ports. Feed wheat, 65c; Bay ports.  
Ontario Wheat—No. 2 new white and red wheat, 95 to 97c, outside, and sprouted, 80 to 85c, outside.  
Oats—No. 2 Ontario, 39 to 40c, outside, and 43 to 44c, on track; Toronto; No. 3 Ontario, 37 to 38c, outside. Western Canada oats, 45c for No. 2.  
Pearl—Nominal.  
Barley—Forty-eight-lb. barley of good quality, 65 to 66c, outside.  
Corn—No. 2 old American, 70c, all rail; Toronto, and No. 3 at 69 1/2c, all rail. No. 3 Bay ports, 65c. New corn, December delivery, 68 1/2c; Toronto.  
Eye—77 to 78c for No. 2 outside.  
Buckwheat—55c, outside.  
Bran—Manitoba, \$23, in bags, Toronto freight. Shorts, \$25.

**Country Produce.**  
Butter—Dairy, rolls, choice, 25 to 27c; bakers' inferior, 22c; 24c; choice, 25c; tubs, 20c; creamery, 29 to 30c for rolls, and 27 to 28c for solids.  
Eggs—Case lots of new laid, 30c per doz.; fresh, 27 to 28c.  
Cheese—14-1 1/2c for large, and 14-3/4c for twins.  
Beans—Hand-picked, \$3 per bushel; primes, \$2.90, in a jobbing way.  
Honey—Extracted, in tins, 12 to 12 1/2c per lb. for No. 1, wholesale; combs, \$2.50 to \$3, wholesale.  
Poultry—Well-fatted, clean, dry-picked stock was quoted as follows: Chickens, 14 to 15c per lb.; fowl, 11 to 12c; ducks, 14 to 16c; geese, 13 to 14c; turkeys, 22 to 24c. Live poultry, about 2c lower than the above.  
Potatoes—75 to 85c per bag, on track.

**Provisions.**  
Bacon—Long clear, 15 to 15 1/2c per lb. in case lots; Port, Short cut, 25c to 27c; do, mess, \$21.50 to \$22. Hams—Medium to light, 17 to 17 1/2c; heavy, 15 1/2 to 16c; rolls, 14 1/2 to 15c; breakfast bacon, 19c; backs, 21 to 21 1/2c.  
Lard—The market is unchanged, with demand moderate. Tierces, 14 1/2c; tubs, 14 3/4c; pails, 15c.

**Baled Hay and Straw.**  
Baled Hay—No. 1 hay is firm at \$13 to \$14, on track; Toronto; No. 2, \$11 to \$12. Mixed hay is quoted at \$9 to \$9.25 a ton, on track.  
Baled Straw—\$10, on track, Toronto.

**Montreal Markets.**  
Montreal, Nov. 5.—Oats—Canadian Western, No. 2, 55 to 55 1/2c; extra No. 1 feed, 52 1/2 to 53c. Barley—Manitoba feed, 61 to 62c; malting, 75 to 80c. Buckwheat—No. 1, \$2.00; No. 2, \$1.75. Flour—Manitoba Spring wheat patents, firsts, \$5.80; seconds, \$5.30; strong bakers', \$5.10; Winter patents, choice, \$5.35; straight rollers, \$4.95 to \$5c; do., bags, \$2.35 to \$2.40. Rolled oats—Bakers', \$5.05; bags, 90 lbs., \$2.40. Bran—\$2.35; shorts, \$2.00 to \$2.10; middlings, \$2.20 to \$2.30; hulls, \$1.50 to \$1.65. Hay—No. 2, per ton, car lots, \$13 to \$13.50. Cheese—Finest Westerns, 13 to 13 3/4c; finest Easterns, 12 1/2 to 12 3/4c. Butter—Choice creamery, 29 3/4 to 30 1/4c; seconds, 28 1/2 to 28 3/4c. Eggs—Selected, 30 to 31c; No. 2, 28c. Potatoes—Per bag, car lots, 72 1/2 to 75c.

**Live Stock Markets.**  
Montreal, Nov. 5.—Choice steers, \$6; lower grades \$4 per 100 pounds. Choice butchers' cows from \$3 to \$4.25 per 100 pounds. The trade in bulls was slow from \$2.50 to \$3.25 per 100 pounds. Canners from \$1.50 to \$2.75 per 100 pounds. Sheep and lambs—Sales of the former at \$4, and the latter at \$6 to \$6.25 per 100 pounds. Calves from \$3 to \$10 each, as to size and quality. Hogs, \$9 to \$9.25 per 100 pounds, weighed off the cars.  
Toronto, Nov. 5.—Cattle—Choice butcher \$5.75 to \$6.10; export, \$6 to \$6.25; good medium, \$5 to \$5.60; common, \$3.75 to \$4c; cows, \$3 to \$5; bulls, \$3 to \$4.50; canners, \$1.50 to \$2. Calves—Good veal, \$8 to \$9; common, \$3.50 to \$5. Stockers and feeders \$3.75 to \$4.50; 1,050 lbs., at \$5.25 to \$5.70; feeding bulks, 900 to 1,200 lbs., at \$2.75 to \$4.25. Milksters and springers—\$50 to \$80. Sheep and lambs—Light ewes, \$4 to \$4.25; heavy ewes, \$3 to \$3.50; lambs, \$6.15 to \$6.30. Hogs—\$8.40 to \$8.50, fed and watered, \$8 f.o.b.

**United States Markets.**  
Minneapolis, Nov. 5.—Wheat—December, \$5.50; May, \$2.10; No. 1 hard, \$3.50; No. 1 Northern, \$6 to \$7.75; No. 2 do., \$4 to \$5.50. Corn—No. 3 yellow, 64 1/2 to 65c. Oats—No. 3 white, 30 1/2c. Rye—No. 2, 60 to 62 1/2c. Bran—\$18.50 to \$19. Flour—First patents, \$4.35 to \$4.65; second patents, \$4.20 to \$4.45; first clears, \$5.20 to \$5.50; second clears, \$2.40 to \$2.70.  
Duluth, Minn., Nov. 5.—Wheat—On track, No. 1 hard, 88 1/2c; No. 1 Northern, 87 1/2c; No. 2 do., 84 1/2c; No. 1 do., to arrive, 87 1/2c; Montana No. 2 hard, to arrive, 87 1/2c; October, 86 1/2c, nominal; December, 86 1/2c; May, 91 3/4 to 91 7/8c bid.  
Fritz Eberts, sentenced to be hanged at Macleod for killing a mounted policeman, has had his sentence commuted to life imprisonment.

# SERIOUS FIRE AT MONTREAL

Two Factories Wiped Out of Existence By a Big Blaze Near the River.

A despatch from Montreal says: Fire on Sunday night destroyed the premises of the Consumers Cordage Company and the Canadian Bag Company in St. Patrick Street, Point St. Charles, causing damage roughly estimated at \$300,000. For three hours the full fighting strength of the city's fire department battled with a weak water supply to save neighboring structures. The fire broke out a few minutes after 8 o'clock in the factory of the Canadian Consumers Cordage Company, and by the time the firemen of the Point St. Charles division had arrived it was rushing through the long, low building, and had spread to the lumber piles along the banks of the Lachine Canal. Owing to the low pressure due to recent accidents to the pumps at the water works it was impossible to throw a stream of water any distance, and the fire spread with startling rapidity. Only when pumping engines were hauled to the

bank of the canal and the water pumped directly from there instead of from the hydrants were the firemen able to make any headway. Before long the entire building of the Cordage Company was in flames, except a small section which included the offices and before the fire could be subdued the entire building with that exception was destroyed. The fire also spread to the premises of the Canadian Bag Company, a three-storey building. The firemen were early driven from the building owing to lack of water, the pressure being insufficient to throw a stream higher than the first storey. The firemen then secured better pressure by pumping direct from the canal, and were able to prevent the flames from spreading across St. Patrick Street to the numerous factories there. Prefontaine's lumber yard, adjoining the Canadian Bag Company's building, was saved, although several times the flames reached its limits.

## HEALTH OFFICERS.

Must Pass Examination Test Before Appointment is Confirmed.

A despatch from Toronto says: The medical officers of health for the Province has been divided have nearly completed their course of instruction under Dr. J. W. S. McCullough, Secretary of the Provincial Board of Health, and Professor Amyot, Provincial Bacteriologist. It is expected that they will go out to their posts about the fifteenth of November. Before their appointments are confirmed, however, each will have to pass an examination on the health act, sanitation, bacteriology, hygiene and other subjects coming within the sphere of the work assigned. The doctors have been studying for some months and have been given special training at the Provincial Laboratory. The department looks for greatly improved results from the new organization.

## TWO HUNTERS DROWNED.

Winnipeg Young Men Victims of Storm in North Country.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Two families of this city were plunged in grief on Tuesday night when one member of a hunting party returned with the news that his two companions, Edgar Guy Lees and Henry Keane, had been drowned at Netley's Portage in the storm that swept over this section Monday night. Edgar Lees was the son of the superintendent of the Industrial Bureau and the Exhibition Grounds. Henry Keane was the eldest son of a widowed mother.

## HEAD-ON WRECK.

Two Trains Crashed Together West of North Bay.

A despatch from North Bay says: An operator's mistake caused two C.P.R. trains to meet in a head-on collision near Pardee, west of North Bay, at noon on Saturday, causing great damage to the rolling stock, both engines being badly damaged. A mistaken order allowed a work train to run out of Chapleau in face of an oncoming freight train, the two being hidden from each other by the curving nature of the tracks. No one was killed, as the train crews jumped, but Engineer Warner, of Chapleau, was caught in the wreck as he jumped, one leg being crushed. He will recover. Traffic was delayed twenty hours.

## KRONPRINZ WILHELM HURT.

German Heir to Throne Thrown From Horse While Hunting.

A despatch from Danzig says: The German Crown Prince Frederick William was injured in a hunting accident on Tuesday near here, and is confined to his residence suffering from the effects. He was participating in a drag-hunt in company with Crown Princess Cecilie when his horse fell and threw him. When he was picked up he was found to be suffering from injuries to the head and face and an extravasation of blood on his right arm. The Prince was carried at once to his residence, where he has been ordered by his doctors to remain for the present, although his wounds are not considered as serious.

## TUBERCULOSIS SUNDAY.

December 1st Is the Day Set Apart for the Purpose in Ontario.

Following the worthy example set in the United States, where Sunday, October 27th, was observed as Tuberculosis Day in over 50,000 churches, it is proposed that Sunday, December 1st, shall be devoted to a similar purpose throughout Ontario. The Inter-Denominational Ministerial Association of Toronto, representing all the Protestant churches of the city, have already agreed to the proposal, and appeals are now being made to the prelates of the Roman Catholic and Anglican bodies, and to the leading clergymen of the other churches, to have that day generally observed throughout the province. It is suggested that in the sermons of the day, the clergy should review the work already done in fighting the white plague, outline the possibilities of future effort, give practical instruction as to home treatment, and issue warnings against the use of numberless fraudulent, worthless and positively dangerous so-called "cures" for tuberculosis. Replies already received indicate that the churches throughout Ontario will fall into line with the Toronto denominations. Tuberculosis Sunday in the United States was endorsed by President Taft, ex-President Roosevelt, and scores of leading statesmen and churchmen, and it is expected that the public men of Canada will not be behindhand in approving of the movement here.

## 30 VOLCANOES ACTIVE.

Great Change in Physical Features of Island of Tongas.

A despatch from Sydney, N.S.W., says: Thirty volcanoes are in eruption on the Island of Ninafon, in the Tongan group, and many remarkable changes in the physical features of the island have resulted. A large lake in the centre of the island has dropped two feet from its original level, according to reports received here.

## FLOATING DOCK AT HAVEN.

The Duke of Connaught Has Arrived at Maisonneuve.

A despatch from Montreal says: The great drydock Duke of Connaught arrived at its final resting place in Maisonneuve on Friday morning after a rough journey across the Atlantic. During the trip the hawsers by which it was being towed broke several times, and a great storm nearly threw the dock on the rocky shores of Cape Breton. The dock is capable of lifting the largest ship in the British navy, and is of the double-sided self-docking type known as the bolted sectional.

## ONE AND QUARTER PER CENT.

Patrons of Charles D. Sheldon's Blind Pool to Get this Much.

A despatch from Montreal says: Failing on Thursday in the Appeal Court to get back the \$13,778 that Mrs. S. C. Matthews won on the last day that the blind pool investment system, invented and run by Charles D. Sheldon, the curators of his estate on Friday morning announced that creditors would only get one and a quarter per cent. on the dollar. The ex-financial wizard, who is in St. Vincent de Paul Penitentiary, is engaged in mending the shirts of his fellow convicts.