A GOOD MEDICINE - FOR THE SPRING

Oo Not Use Harsh Purgatives-A Tonic is All You Need

Not exactly sick—but not feeling quite well. That's the way most people feel in the spring. Easily tired, appetite fickle, sometimes headaches and a feeling of depression. Pimples or eruptions may appear on the skin, or there may be twinges of rheumatism or neuralgia. Any of these indicate that the blood is out of order; that the indoor life of winter has left its mark upon you and may easily develop into more serious trouble.

Don't dose yourself with purgatives as so many people do in the hope that you can put your blood right. Purgatives gallop through the system and weaken instead of giving strength. Any doctor will tell you this is true. What you need in the spring is a tonic that will make new blood and build up the corner of Spain. Taking ship to nerves. Dr. Williams' Pink Pills Tarshish was a kind of proverb for constipation, colic, indigestion, or is the only medicine that can do this speedily, safely and surely. Every dose of this medicine helps to make new blood, which clears the skin, strengthens the appetite, and makes tired, depressed men, women and children bright, active and strong. Mr. B. Martin, Deux Rivieres, Que., says: "About a year ago I was all run down. I was pale, weak, and had but little appetite. I also suffered from a severe pain in the back, and though I tried several medicines nothing helped me until I began the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, and these soon fully restored my health. tan strongly recommend these pills to every weak person.'

Sold by all medicine dealers or by mail at 50 cents a box or six boxes for \$2.50 from The Dr. Wil-Medicine Co., Brockville,

THE SUNDAY SCHOOL LESSON

INTERNATIONAL LESSON, APRIL 30.

Lesson V .- God's pity for the heathen, Jonah 3. 1 to 4. 1. Golden Text, Matt. 28. 19.

Verse 2. Nineveh-A city with a great population and one of wonders of the ancient world. It was situated on the upper Tigris, capital of Assyria, noted for its temples, palaces of marble and gold, hanging gardens, libraries, broad walls, and elaborate water system. The city proper was about nine miles in circumference, but beyond its walls lay miles of common dwellings, making a great city some sixty miles around. It was to this greater Nineveh (an exceeding great city meaning, literally, 'great from God's point of view''), city whose diameter was a three days' journey (3), that Jonah was called a second time (1) to go.

4. Into the city a day's journey-The distance a man could go in a day, of course, varied. Probably through the crowded sections of a populous city, preaching as he went, Jonah would go no more than six or seven miles.

Nineveh shall be overthrown-This was the message which Jehovah had bidden him to proclaim the first time, and Jonah had refused, not so much because of fear as because of his presentiment that God wished him to be something more than the agent of Nineveh's destruction, to be, in fact, nothing less than the channel of the divine grace (Jonah 4. 2) to these heathen, whose wickedness (see Nahum) he believed called for a speedy doom. The actual overthrow of Nineveh took place in B. C. 606.

5. Believed God.—That is, they accepted the preaching of the prophet of God as direct from heaven, and believed their city was doomed. So they organized a public fast, reaching from the king to the lowest subject. Their putting on sackcloth was the outward sign of mourning and penitence. The custom probably grew out of the ancient habit of wearing merely a loin cloth, woven from goats' and camels' hair, for a daily covering of the body. From this it became the garb of religious ceremony. The reality of the repentance is further evidenced by the people's sitting in ashes

7. The decree of the king-A national rather than an individual repentance is the only kind a writer of this period could conceive in such a case. The inclusion of the beasts

is intended to give a heightened ef- erate any divine forbearance with ashes, and their cries and the cries the objects of the infinite grace. of the neglected cattle. Perchance,

in themselves. Just as he had suited to Elijah, in compassion. sorrow for their evil.

Chapter 4, verse 1. It displeased trellises of houses. should postpone the doom of the part of the story is clear enough that they should repent was parti- even anger when it withers away,

cularly offensive to them. 2. Tarshish—So far as Israel was BABIES WHO SUFFER concerned, this represented the ends of the earth, for, it was a country in the extreme southwest corner of Spain. Taking ship to of his sin is measured by the fact and free from all injurious drugsmerciful, slow to anger, and, in sold under the guarantee of a govduty of making this known to the ate, narcotic or other "soothing" from their evil, he thought it hardly worth while to live (3).
4. Doest thou well to be angry?—

Here he gives no answer, for he no change in his condition till I bedoubtless is silenced by the sting of the rebuke. But later, he concludes (9) that it is well for him to be exceeding angry, even unto death. He felt that it was right that his prophery should be absorbed. that his prophecy should be absolutely fulfilled, and he could not tol-

fect to the picture of a people pros- the foes of his people. In this he trate in sorrowful supplication. This was a true type of Israel, for even is in keeping with the temper of after the exile they continued to Orientals, to make every possible chafe at the prosperity of the Genoutward expression of their sorrow. tiles. In their pride as the chosen They believed God would not over of God they nourished a fear that look the sight of their sackcloth and others than themselves might be

6. A gourd-Like Elijah, Jonah, when he saw these works (10), he thwarted in his purpose, withdrew would repent of his harsh purpose to a solitary place where he could And so he did. But the change be alone with his distress. And was not so much in God as it was there God came to him, as he did his warnings to the moral state in gourd was a fruit of a vine that which they were (compare Jer. 18. grew very rapidly and spread its 8), so now he suits his actions to broad leaves as a protection from the moral state indicated by their the sun, when planted by such booths as that of Jonah, or near the

Jonah-He was jealous. It did not 10-11. Thou hast had regard for set well with the Israelites that God the gourd-The meaning of this heathen, while the world seemed to If Jonah's care for the poor gourd wait with groanings for justice. And is so great as to excite his pity and

FROM CONSTIPATION

a long journey. By fleeing to this any of the many ills that afflict distant port, Jonah hoped to put children, will find prompt relief in forever behind his back the odious Baby's Own Tablets-a medicine commission of God. The magnitude that is guaranteed absolutely safe that he knew God to be gracious, in fact the only medicine for babies spite of this knowledge, evaded the ernment analyst to contain no opihated heathen. And now that he stuff. Concerning them Mrs. Ersaw at length the unfolding of this nest Plamondon, Ste. Julie Station, Concerning them Mrs. Erabundant loving kindness of God, Que., writes: "It is a pleasure for and his willingness to repent upon me to let you know what your condition of the heathen's turning Baby's Own Tablets have done for my children. My baby suffered terribly from constipation and although we had a doctor there was gan to give him Baby's Own Tabliams' Medicine Co., Brockville,



shall not God show pity to the thousands of people of Nineveh, especi-(these that cannot discern between their right hand and their left), and the innocent cattle? So the closing The little ones who suffer from impression of the book is one of a compassionate heavenly Father who has regard for all the works of his hands.

FUNERAL WREATHS.

The fashion of sending great quantities of wreaths to funerals ally the helpless little children is on the decline in Paris, and at the result 5,000 to 6,000 workmen and workwomen, on whom 18,000 persons depend, are unemployed. The decline in the vogue of the wreath is traced to a well known Paris preacher, who urged bereav ed relatives to spend their mone on masses for the dead instead of

"For Tea You Can't Beat Lipton's"

Give it a Thorough Test. Try it Alongside the Fest; You Will Agree That the Best

PTON'S TEA

Sold Only in Airtight Packages



How You Did

You may win a prize by doing so

UPPOSE your friend Bob Wilson, on the next concession, "pulled up" at your froit sate on the way back from market and asked about that silo or barn foundation you built, you would be glad to tell him, wouldn't you? And it wouldn't take you long, either, would it? And, as a matter of fact, you'd find as much pleasure telling him as he would in listening-isn't that right?

First you would take him over to view the silo or barn foundation. Then you would start to describe it-its dimensions-the kind of aggregate used—the proportions of cement used—number of men employed-number of hours' working time requiredmethod of mixing—kind of forms used—method of reinforcing, if any—and finally, what the job cost. So that by the time you finished, neighbor Wilson would have a pretty accurate idea of how to go about building the particular piece of work which you described.

Now couldn't you do the same for us, with this differencethat you stand a good chance of getting well paid for your time? In Prize "D" of our contest, open to the farmers of Canada, we offer \$100.00 to the farmer in each Province who will furnish us

with the best and most complete description of how any particular piece of concrete work shown by photograph sent in was done. The size of the work described makes no difference. The only important thing to remember is that the work must be done in 1911 and "CANADA" Cement used.

In writing your description, don't be too particular about grammar or spelling or punctuation. Leave that to literary folk. Tell it to us as you would tell it to your neighbor. What we want are the facts, plainly and clearly told.

Sounds simple, doesn't it? And it is simple. And surely it is well worth your while when you think of the reward in view. Now sit right down, take your pen or pencil-fill out the attached coupon-or a post-card if it's handier-and write for the circular which fully describes the conditions of this, the first contest of the kind ever held in Canada.

Every dealer who handles "CANADA" Cement will also be given a supply of these circulars—and you can get one from the dealer in your town, if that seems more convenient than writing for it.

Contest will close on November 15th, 1911-all photos and descriptions must be sent in by that date, to be eligible for one of these prizes. Awards will be made as soon as possible thereafter. The decisions will be made by a disinterested committee, the following gentlemen having consented to act for us, as the jury of award: Prof. Peter Gillespie, Lecturer in Theory of Construction, University of Toronto; Prof. W. H. Day, Professor of Physics, Ontario Agricultural College, Guelph; and Ivan S. Macdonald, Editor of "Construction."

Having decided to compete for one of the prizes, your first step should be to get all the information you can on the subject of Concrete Construction on the Farm. Fortunately, most of the pointers that anyone can possibly need, are contained in our wonderfully complete book, entitled "What the Farmer Can Do With Concrete." A large number of Canadian farmers have already sent for and obtained copies of this free book. Have you got your copy yet? If not, would better send for one today. Whather you are you'd better send for one to-day. Whether you are Please a contestant for one of our prizes or not, you really ought to have this book in your library. send full particulars For it contains a vast amount of information and hints that are invaluable to the

Canada Cement Company, Limited, Montreal

farmer.