

FLEET ROTTEN WITH SEDITION

Disclosures at Court Martial at Russian Ports.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The court-martial at Cronstadt on Wednesday began the trial of the three ringleaders of the mutiny on board the torpedo gunboat Kazanatz, Aug. 2. Next week the court will begin trying 295 members of the crew of the battleship Alexander II., who refused to obey Capt. Petroff's orders to enter the ship's boats and assist in suppressing the mutiny at Cronstadt.

A court-martial at Libau, in Courland, has found 23 sailors of the transport Riga guilty of mutiny in August last and has sentenced them to various terms of imprisonment at hard labor.

The seriousness of the August mutiny was revealed at the court-martials held at Cronstadt, Helsingfors, Reval, Riga, Jäbau, and practically every Baltic port, showing that the whole fleet was honey-combed with sedition.

An unreported mutiny of the 21st East Siberian Regiment, which distinguished itself in several battles in Manchuria, has been disclosed by the verdict of a court-martial held at Blagovischensk, Asiatic Russia, which has sentenced six of the ringleaders to death, three others to hard labor, and 19 to serve various terms in the disciplinary battalions.

Tuesday's record of executions, as the result of the sentences of drum-head court-martials, includes four Anarchists put to death at Kiev and seven bandits executed at Bakhmut. The latter were shot owing to the inability of the authorities to procure a hangman.

TERRORISTS AS BANDITS.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: Twenty-five robbers recently boarded a Russian steamship as passengers, seized the vessel after they had overpowered the crew, and took 12,000 roubles and the valuables of the passengers.

The police on Wednesday afternoon captured several of a party of revolutionists who had planned an attack on the cashier of the Customs House. Many shots were fired and one man is said to have been killed.

CAPT DZIANHOWSKY KILLED.

A despatch from Moscow says: Capt. Dzhianowsky, who was shot and killed in a street here on Wednesday, was assassinated in pursuance of a sentence of the revolutionists. He was the com-

mander of a company of the Pernova Regiment, which on Aug. 16 killed two political prisoners during an outbreak among the political offenders confined in the Central Prison of Moscow. Several members of drum-head court-martials have also been sentenced to death by the revolutionists.

WITTE IS HOPEFUL.

A despatch from Paris says: Count and Countess Witte arrived here on Wednesday from Germany. The Count, who has considerably improved in health, attended the theatre at night, his presence attracting much attention. He says he has absolutely no connection with the direction of affairs in Russia, but is following the developments with the keenest interest. Continuing, the former Premier said:

"The Empire is passing through a great crisis, but although I am a pessimist at present I have not abandoned hope of seeing eventually evolved a Parliamentary and monarchical regime suited to the needs of the country."

THREW BOMB AT GOVERNOR.

A despatch from Simbirsk, Province of Simbirsk, Russia, says: Gen. Starynkewitch, Governor of Simbirsk, had a narrow escape from assassination on Thursday. A bomb was thrown at him, wounding him in the hand and leg. His injuries are not fatal.

DEADLY POISON IN BOMBS.

The London Telegraph's correspondent at St. Petersburg says that bombs seized by the police in their recent raid on the Engineers' Institute contained a barbarous device for destroying life by prussic acid. When such a bomb burst even the smallest fragment that was in contact with the acid would cause speedy death if it scratched the flesh. Many injured by bombs in the past have been cured, but nobody hurt by these bombs could be cured.

FINANCIAL OUTLOOK BETTER.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: The official telegraph agency has circulated a calming explanation of Minister Kokovtzeff's report, winding up with the declaration that the financial outlook in Russia is decidedly favorable.

Forty Terrorists stopped a railroad train near Ufa on Friday and seized \$1,300.

SEVENTY-FIVE MEN ENTOMBED.

Deadly Explosion in a Virginia Coal Mine.

A despatch from Bluefield, Va., says: As the result of an explosion on Wednesday afternoon at the Westfork mines of the Pocahontas Coal Collieries Company, where the explosion of 1902 occurred in which Superintendent O'Malley and sixteen others lost their lives, seventy-five men are supposed to be entombed.

The mine is reported to be on fire and the work of rescue is retarded. The cause of the explosion is not determined. Great excitement prevails in the neighborhood of the mines. Crowds of men, women and children remained around the drift mouth anxiously awaiting news of relatives and friends among the missing.

DRANK SOOTHING SYRUP.

Four-year-old Montreal Boy Drank Contents of Bottle.

A despatch from Montreal says: Herminilde Vermette, four years old, whose parents live at 1,059 St. Dominique street is dead, the result of an overdose of soothing syrup. While his mother was washing in the back of the house the little fellow spied a bottle of soothing syrup on the kitchen table. Liking the taste of the mixture, he drank the whole contents. Thereafter he wandered out into the back yard, where not long after his mother found him, apparently asleep. All efforts on her part to awake him proved futile, and although medical assistance was procured, he passed away without regaining consciousness.

KICKED TO DEATH.

Winnipeg Man's Fate at Hands of Two Bartenders.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: Fatally kicked in the bar-room of the Stock Exchange Hotel, Logan Avenue, on Saturday night, Thomas Humphreys, an employe at Gordon, Ironsides and Fare's abattoir, died within 15 minutes of his removal to his home. Humphreys was drunk and quarrelsome and in the course of a fight in the bar two of the bartenders, Montgomery and Savage, attempted to put him out of the building. While being ejected he was kicked over the heart. Both bartenders were arrested.

TO PRESERVE MILK.

French Physician Discovers New Method of Sterilizing.

A despatch from Paris says: The *Matin* announces that Prof. Behring has discovered a new method of sterilizing milk without boiling it or destroying any of its essential principles. The method is based on the qualities of perhydro, simply oxygenated. One gramme per litre destroys all noxious germs. Milk thus sterilized can be kept for a long time, while it is not injured by travelling. Prof. Behring says he has proved that light has a very harmful effect on milk, whether it is sterilized or not. He recommends that it be kept in the dark, or in red or green bottles.

2,000 BABIES SUFFOCATED.

Yearly Fatalities in England Through Sleeping With Parents.

A despatch from London says: At an inquest in the case of an infant who had been suffocated in its parents' bed the coroner said that 2,000 infants were so suffocated annually in England. There were 600 cases in London alone. He pointed out that in Germany the law made it illegal to have a baby under a year old in the same bed with its parents.

ROME EXPRESS DERAILED.

Five Persons Killed and Twenty Injured.

A despatch from Rome says: The Milan-Rome express train, while running at full speed on Saturday night, was derailed at Piacenza. Five persons were killed and twenty injured. There was great confusion at the time of the disaster, which was due to dilapidated rolling stock.

ADRIPT IN THE LAKE.

Fishermen Clinging to an Uptured Boat.

A despatch from West Selkirk, Man., says: Magnus Craigie and his two sons, all fishermen at Balsam Bay, on Lake Winnipeg, were caught in a squall while lifting nets on Monday and their boat upset. They all clung to it in the icy water until they drifted ashore some hours later. William, the younger boy, succumbed to exhaustion shortly after reaching land, and Craigie and the other son are in a precarious condition.

CANADIAN BUTTER UP.

Price Greatly Increased on British Market.

A despatch from London says: The tendency of the Canadian farmers to concentrate their energies upon cheese rather than butter has conduced to a shortage of supply here. A rise of twopence a pound is probable. From May to September Canadian shipments of cheese to England were 150,000 boxes more than for the corresponding period last year. Shipments of butter were 135,000 tubs less. Canadian cheese is already 7s. to 8s. a hundredweight dearer than last year.

CROP OF APPLES WILL BE FAIR.

Nova Scotia Expects to Export About Same as Last Year.

A despatch from Halifax, N. S., says: The Nova Scotia apple crop this season will, in quantity, be about the same as last year, when 325,000 barrels were exported to foreign markets. In quality the crop is fair, gravensteins are a failure. In regard to price it is not expected that they will be quite as high as last year, when an average of \$2.75 per barrel was noted, but the returns will be good.

Advices from England are that the crop, which at one time promised to be very abundant, has been materially diminished through drought and gales, while the recent hot weather has caused it to mature quickly so that it will not keep well, and the fruit will be off the market earlier than usual. Prices in New York will be higher than at the corresponding time last year. In Nova Scotia they are advancing. Buyers began paying \$1.50 per barrel and are now offering \$2 in some cases for run of orchard.

WINNIPEG SUFFERS BY FIRE.

Over \$40,000 Damage Done in Immense Lumber Yard.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: A disastrous fire occurred in the immense lumber yard in Fort Rouge of ex-Mayor Arbutnot on Saturday night, when damage to the extent of \$40,000 was done. The fire started in the boiler-room with a strong north-west breeze and was quickly beyond the control of the brigade. The heaviest loss was occasioned in the destruction of the mill and ten cars of expensive mouldings standing on a siding nearby. The loss is fully covered by insurance.

HIGHEST ON RECORD.

Fire Losses From January to September Total \$400,587,750.

A despatch from New York says: The loss by fire in the United States and Canada during the month of September as compiled by the Journal of Commerce and Commercial Bulletin aggregates \$10,852,550, or about \$3,000,000 below the record of the same month in 1905. The nine months' losses by fire now reach the sum of \$400,587,750, a figure never before equalled in the history of the country.

TOUCHED A LIVE WIRE.

Young Man Instantly Killed on the Street at Belleville.

A despatch from Belleville says: Wm. Walsh, 18 years of age, was instantly killed here on Friday evening by coming in contact with a live electric wire. One of the wires which is used by the Trenton Electric Company in lighting the street, fell on St. Charles Street, and Walsh, who happened to come along at the time, struck the wire, with the result that he was thrown for some distance. When picked up he was dead, having received the full shock of the voltage which was being carried about the city.

PRAIRIE PROVINCES.

Census Will Show Population to be About 865,000.

A despatch from Ottawa says: While the returns of the census of the three prairie provinces are incomplete, enough is known to make a close approximation possible. The whole population of Manitoba, Saskatchewan and Alberta, as is known, will come close to 805,000. By provinces it will be—Manitoba, 362,000, with three or four sub-divisions to be heard from, which will make the total about 364,000; Saskatchewan about 260,000, the returns from this province are the least complete; Alberta, 184,000, with one sub-division to come in.

FIFTY-NINE NEW ENGINES.

Ordered by the Grand Trunk Railway—Will be Richmond Type.

A despatch from Montreal says: The Grand Trunk Railway, after a very satisfactory test of some new engines, have placed an order for fifty-five new Richmond-compound consolidation engines with the Locomotive and Machine Company of Montreal. The contract calls for the delivery of the engines before January 1st, 1908. They are a powerful machine and are nearly as big as those used in mountain service, and are 40,000 pounds heavier than the compound freight engines.

AGED WOMAN CUT HER THROAT.

Domestic Troubles Cause Suicide of Resident of Clunheim.

A despatch from Blenheim, Ont., says: Mrs. James Jefferys, of this place, ended her life on Saturday evening by cutting her throat. She was about 75 years of age and leaves a husband and one son. Domestic troubles are supposed to be the cause of the deed, as she had been in good health.

Literally cooked alive in a boiler into which steam was turned on by mistake, a boiler-maker, Gustave E. Friend, 30 years old, of Vincombes, Ind., lived four hours. He remained conscious and arranged all his worldly affairs, bade his people good-bye and then prayed with his pastor till death came.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, Oct. 9. — Flour—Ontario—Unchanged, 90 per cent. patents for export sell at \$2.75, in buyers' bags, outside. Manitoba—\$4.40 for first patents, \$3.90 for second patents and \$3.80 for bakers'.

Millfeed—Ontario—Firm; bran, \$15 to \$15.50; shorts, \$18.50, in bulk, outside. Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 white, 72c asked, 71c bid, 70 per cent. points; mixed, 71c asked, 70c bid east, 71c bid west.

Wheat—Manitoba—At lake ports, No. 1 hard, 80c bid; No. 1 northern, 80c asked, Point Edward.

Barley—No. 3, 40c asked, 45c bid, 78 per cent. points.

Oats—No. 2 white, 35c asked, 35c bid, on 6c rate to Toronto.

Buckwheat—52c asked, outside, no bids.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Prices are firm and unchanged.

Creamery 24c to 25c do. souds 23c to 24c dairy prints 22c to 23c do. pails 18c to 20c do. tubs 18c to 20c inferior 17c to 18c

Cheese—Receipts light, with prices sold slightly firmer at 38c; one hundred bushels of old sold unchanged at 40c.

Dressed Hogs—Unchanged at \$9.50 for choice lightweights and \$9 for heavies. Hay—About 35 loads sold unchanged at \$13.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, Oct. 9.—A fair trade is passing in flour at steady prices.

Oats—No. 2 white, 39c to 40c; No. 3 white, 38c to 39c; No. 4, 37c to 38c per bushel, ex-store.

Peas—Boiling, \$1 in carload lots, \$1.10 in jobbing lots.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat, \$4.25 to \$4.50; strong bakers', \$3.90 to \$4; winter wheat patents, \$4.10 to \$4.75; straight rollers, \$3.75 to \$3.90; ditto in bags, \$1.65 to \$1.75; extras, \$1.60 to \$1.70.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran in bags, \$20; shorts, \$23; Ontario bran in bags, \$18.50 to \$19; shorts, \$21.50 to \$22; milled mouille, \$21 to \$25; straight grain, \$28 to \$29 per ton.

Roller Oats—Per bag, \$1.95 to \$2, in car lots, \$2.10 to jobbing lots.

Cornmeal—Fad meal, \$1.35; granular, \$1.55.

Hay—No. 1, \$11.50 to \$12; No. 2, \$11 to \$11.50; clover, mixed, \$10 to \$10.50; pure clover, \$9 per ton in car lots.

Eggs—Straight receipts were bringing as much as 19c in the wholesale way, inferior quality bringing down to 18c. No. 1 candled stock sold at 19c, and select candled at 22c to 23c, No. 2 bringing 16c to 17c.

BUFFALO MARKET.

Buffalo, Oct. 9. — Flour—Steady. Wheat—Spring fairly steady; No. 1 Northern, 81c; winter strong; No. 2 white, 77c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 yellow, 52c; No. 2 corn, 51c to 52c. Oats—Unsettled; No. 3 white, 37 to 37c; No. 2 mixed, 36c. Barley—Firm; demand good; Western, c.l.f., quoted at 48 to 58c. Rye—Stronger; No. 1, 66c. Canal freights—Wheat, 4c; corn, 4c; oats, 3c.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, Oct. 9.—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 79c elevator; No. 2 red, 80c f.o.b. float; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 87c f.o.b. float; No. 2 hard winter, 83c f.o.b. float.

CATTLE MARKET.

Toronto, Oct. 9.—Trade at the City Cattle Market this morning was a little brisker.

Export Cattle—Quotations are: Choice, \$14.40 to \$4.65; medium, \$4.25 to \$4.35; bulls, \$3.75 to \$4; light bulls, \$3 to \$3.25; cows, \$3.50 to \$4.

Butcher Cattle—Choice are quoted from \$4.25 to \$4.50; medium, \$3.75 to \$4; common, \$2.50 to \$3; bulls, \$2.50 to \$2.25; cows, \$2.50 to \$3.

Stockers and Feeders—Choice stockers, \$3.25 to \$3.40; common, \$2.50 to \$2.75; bulls, \$2 to \$2.25.

Milk Cows—Quotations are \$40 to \$50 for choice and \$25 to \$35 for common. Calves—Quotations holding generally firm for best quality at 4c to 7c.

Sheep and Lambs—Quotations are: Export ewes, \$4.25 to \$4.65; bucks and culls, \$3 to \$3.50; lambs, \$5.50 to \$6.25.

Hogs—At \$6.65 per cwt. for choice selects and \$6.40 for lights and fats, fed and watered.

DROWNED OFF SCHOONER.

Captain of the Julia Larson Met Death Near Southampton.

A Despatch from Goderich says: William Mitchell, captain of the schooner Julia Larson, was drowned on Saturday off the schooner near Southampton. It is not known here how the captain met his death.

NEW COAL FIELDS.

Cover an Area of 100 Square Miles Near Dover, England.

A despatch from London says: What is claimed to be the largest virgin coal field in the United Kingdom has just been discovered, seven miles from Dover. It covers an area, it is said, of 100 square miles, and is estimated to be worth over a billion dollars.

Thanksgiving Dinner

A very pleasing menu containing the favorite dishes of Thanksgivings, both "ancient and modern," is the following:—

- Raw Oysters.
- Brownbread Sandwiches.
- Roast Turkey Stuffed with Chestnuts.
- Cranberry Sauce. Pickled Peaches.
- Celery. Baked Ham. Cider Sauce.
- Chicken Pastry.
- Mashed Potatoes. Creamed Onions.
- Browned Sweet Potatoes.
- Scalloped Squash. Ginger Sherbet.
- Lettuce and Walnut Salad.
- Wafers. Cheese.
- Pumpkin Pie. Mince Pie.
- Cranberry Tart.
- Baked Indian Pudding with Cream.
- Ice Cream. Sponge Cake.
- Coffee.

This may seem rather a formidable menu to the woman without superior help, yet so many of the dishes may be prepared beforehand, that it need necessitate very little more cooking when the day arrives than that required for the usual Sunday dinner. The day before, the turkey may be made ready for roasting, the chestnuts cooked and mashed for the stuffing, and all the dry ingredients for the making it mixed together, the chickens cooked for the pastry, the crust made and set away in a cool place, the cranberry sauce made, and jellies, pickles and other foods may even be placed in readiness on dishes for serving; if kept in a cold place and carefully covered. If more convenient the pies may be made two days before, and cakes at the same time. If kept where they will not dry out. Nuts may be cracked, mixed with raisins and bonbons, and placed in the dishes ready for serving. Even the vegetables may be almost ready for the table the day before, and if carefully cooked no one need ever discover that they have been warmed over. The onions may be boiled in readiness for the cream sauce, the squash boiled and mashed ready to scallop, and the sweet potatoes par-boiled for browning. Mashed potatoes must of course be prepared just before time to serve. Sauces may also be made on the previous day, and all baking done except the pudding.

Every bit of china, glass and linen should be put in readiness beforehand and the house all swept, dusted and decorated, so that when thanks giving

morning arrives the least possible work and time will be required to put it in perfect order.

Autumn leaves, golden grain and rich-hued chrysanthemums are seasonable and beautiful for Thanksgiving decorations, and a charming centerpiece for the table may be arranged with different varieties of fruit or vegetables, carefully cleaned and artistically placed.

If children are to be in the gathering small cakes and wholesome sweetmeats will be in great demand. Cookies are always popular, and a very nice way to "dress" them is the following: After they have been baked spread some of them with a wash made by heating the yolk of an egg very light with two tablespoonfuls of powdered sugar and two tablespoonfuls of blanched and coarsely chopped almonds. Return these to a slow oven until slightly browned. The white of the egg may be used if preferred, but should only be beaten enough to free it from stringiness.

A very nice and wholesome sweet is made by mixing equal quantities of fresh popcorn and shelled, blanched, and coarsely chopped peanuts; heat as much molasses as will be required with one-half of its bulk in sugar, and when very hot pour just enough over the popcorn and peanuts to stick all nicely together, and form into small bars, cakes and balls. If the mixture is sticky too much molasses has been added, but this mistake is easily rectified by working in more of the popcorn.

Stuffed dates are another delicious bonbon. Stone the dates and fill the hollows with an almond or walnut meat which has been dipped in a syrup that will candy. If the hollow will hold a raisin as well, so much more delightful for the palate. When stuffed give each date a thick coating of the same syrup, roll in blanched, chopped almonds, or walnuts, and lay on buttered plates to harden. These are rather tedious to prepare, but are worth the trouble. It is a form of cooking, too, which delights the children of the household, and they may be quite safely be trusted to perform such work most satisfactorily after one or two experiments.

A very pleasing way to serve the salad is as follows: Cut good-sized boiled beets into symmetrical cups and let stand in seasoned vinegar overnight. With a pair of sharp scissors (reserved for such purposes) cut the lettuce into shreds, just before the dinner is to be served. Allow a tablespoonful of chopped walnut meals for each cup and mix with lettuce, toss lightly in a French dressing, and fill into the beet cups. Garnish with a star of golden mayonnaise. The red, green and yellow combination looks very pretty and is as palatable as it is handsome.