

SAILOR SHOTS ADMIRAL

The Much-Hated Commander of the Black Sea Fleet.

DOOMED BY REVOLUTIONISTS.

A despatch from Sebastopol says: An attempt was made on Wednesday afternoon to assassinate Admiral Choukin, the commander of the Black Sea fleet. No hope is held out for his recovery. The bullet pierced his lung. The would-be assassin is a sailor, who hid in the bushes and shot at the Admiral as he was walking in the garden of his villa. The culprit has not been apprehended. He is thought to be one of the sailors of the battleship Otchakoff, and his act is supposed to be in revenge for the execution of Lieut. Schmidt, the revolutionary leader.

Admiral Choukin was universally hated by his sailors, and at the time of the execution of Schmidt the revolutionists condemned him to death, 100 of their number pledging themselves to carry out the sentence. This is the second attempt since Schmidt's execution, March 19, of this year. The first attempt was made by a woman, and after her effort had failed Admiral Choukin ordered her to be killed on the spot, and his orderlies brutally carried out the sentence in the courtyard.

For this the Admiral was again condemned to death by the revolutionists. His name was never mentioned among his sailors unless it was accompanied by curses, on account of his overbearing and severe manner.

BOMBS IN CZAR'S GARDEN.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: There was wild consternation at the Imperial Palace at Peterhof on Tuesday following the discovery in the garden of that palace of several bombs filled with dynamite. The excitement and dread were indescribable. It was obvious that the bombs must have been placed there by some one connected with the palace, either as officer, guard, or servant, and everyone equally was under suspicion. Gen. Trepoff, the commandant immediately put in motion all the machinery of his office to discover the culprit, but thus far without result. In the meantime the person of the Czar is being more rigidly guarded than ever, if increase of precaution is possible.

22,000 ROUBLES STOLEN.

The Times' correspondent at St. Petersburg cables as follows:—During the outrage perpetrated on Wednesday at the Admiralty two porters, carrying 22,000 roubles to pay the dockyard hands, were shot inside the main entrance, and the money was taken by the assailants who coolly decamped, passing a strong force of police at the gates. One of them told the policemen

A DESPERATE FIGHT.

One Hundred Iron Workers Attacked Three Special Policemen.

A despatch from New York says: Eight storeys above the street, on a flimsy flooring of planks laid across girders, nearly a hundred iron workers employed on a hotel building going up at 59th street and 50th avenue on Wednesday attacked three special policemen kept there to prevent trouble between the union workmen and non-union workmen employed on the same building. One of the special policemen, Michael Butler, was fatally injured, having sustained a fracture of the skull, a broken leg and internal injuries. The other two men were severely but not fatally hurt. Later one of them identified four of the union iron workers who had attacked him, and they were arrested. The three policemen, Butler, John Cullen and Wm. O'Toole, were set upon just before the noon hour. Butler, the most seriously wounded, was thrown through an open space. He would have fallen through the eight storeys but for a few planks laid across the sixth floor framework, which caught his body and saved him. Later the four prisoners were taken to the bedside of Special Policeman Butler, whom the surgeons by powerful restoratives were able to revive for a few minutes. He identified four men as having been among those who assaulted him. Butler died a few minutes later. Fifty policemen are now guarding the non-union men at work on the building.

PETROLEUM AND THE PLAGUE.

Use of Crude Oil in Bombay Has Aided in Extirpation.

A despatch from Bombay says: Dr. Turner, health officer of Bombay, on Wednesday successfully demonstrated the extraordinary efficiency of crude petroleum as a plague disinfectant. It is believed that his experiments have materially advanced the prospects of the extirpation of the plague.

OUTRAGES IN TRANSVAAL.

Natives and Chinese Attack Whites at Johannesburg.

A Johannesburg despatch says: Outrages by natives continue in the town and suburbs, the perpetrators frequently using revolvers. On one occasion natives were accompanied by Chinese coolies. The authorities have warned the whites to lock up all their arms.

to hurry inside the building, saying, "There's murder afoot there." The police ran inside, and the assailants escaped. The porters were seriously injured. The police have warned all the banks to arm employees and keep watch on all strangers, as it is known that another robbery has been planned.

TROUBLE IN THE FLEET.

A despatch from St. Petersburg says: There are rumors of renewed troubles in the Black Sea fleet. It is said that mutinous sailors at Sebastopol were discovered sending wireless messages to the crews of five warships on the Caucasian coast. It is feared that the latter will seize the ships.

Grand Duke Nicholas Nicolaievitch, commander of the guards corps and the troops in the military district of St. Petersburg, has tendered his resignation to the Emperor on account of the Preobrazhensky affair, but his Majesty declined to accept it.

The police have not found any trace of the men who robbed Assistant Cashier Gasperevich, of the Admiralty, on Wednesday, but there is reason to believe that they were former workmen from Port Arthur, who turned revolutionists on account of the treatment to which they were subject there.

DIED OF HIS WOUNDS.

A despatch from Sebastopol says: Vice-Admiral Choukin, commander of the Black Sea fleet, who was shot on Wednesday, supposedly by a sailor of the battleship Otchakoff, died on Thursday morning, without having regained consciousness.

GENERAL SHOT IN CZAR'S PARK.

A news agency despatch to London from St. Petersburg says that Gen. Kozloff, of the headquarters staff, was shot and killed with a revolver in the Czar's park at Peterhof, on Saturday. The assassin was arrested. He was well dressed. So far he has not been identified. Gen. Kozloff was in no way connected with the political agitation. The motive for the murder is as mysterious as the assassin's entry into the closely guarded park. The St. Petersburg correspondent of the Times, in reporting the shooting of Gen. Kozloff, says he had the misfortune to resemble Gen. Trepoff in personal appearance. Gen. Kozloff was a well-known military writer. The murderer carried a photograph, at which he gazed attentively before firing, as if comparing it with Gen. Kozloff. It was a picture of Gen. Trepoff.

20,000 MEN CUT OFF.

Haldane's Proposed Sweeping Reduction of British Army.

A London despatch says: The Government's long-looked-for statement on army reform was made in the House of Commons on Thursday. Mr. Richard Burdon Haldane, Secretary for War, announced that it was proposed to reduce the army by 20,000 regulars. Prefacing his statement, Mr. Haldane said that there was no member of the House who did not regard the state of the national forces as highly unsatisfactory. He regretted the cost and the crushing burden of armaments, and thought that this great, rich, and powerful country might take the lead in reduction. He said that the proposal was to make a large reduction of men and cost, and yet leave the army, as a fighting organization, improved and strengthened. There would be no reduction in the cavalry.

It was proposed, Mr. Haldane continued, to have an expedition force of 150,000 men mobilized in the event of war and capable of expansion or reduction, so that if other nations should reduce their forces Great Britain could do the same, without impairing the efficiency of the army. It was proposed to withdraw two battalions from Malta, one from Gibraltar, and one from Ceylon.

There would be no reductions in India under the proposed new arrangements. Fifty-two battalions will be maintained there, as at present, but the colonies hereafter will have 25, instead of 32 battalions, and Great Britain 69, instead of the present 72.

Mr. Haldane said he wished he could see the day when the curse of war would be no longer existing; but until that time came, the only thing to be done was to see that every penny spent on the army was spent in obtaining fighting efficiency.

PURE NATIVE SILVER.

Encouraging Find East of Portage Bay on Montreal River.

A Cobalt despatch says: One of the most encouraging finds of the season was made on Tuesday about three-quarters of a mile east of Portage Bay, on the Montreal River. This is in the famous Coleman township. The samples brought in were pure native silver, and gave great promise of this becoming a very rich mine. A small find of ruby silver has also been made on the Montreal River, between Gillies depot and Latchford.

TEN THOUSAND MEN AT WORK.

Work on Sections of Grand Trunk Pacific is Being Rushed.

A despatch from Montreal says: A meeting of the directors of the Grand Trunk Pacific was called for Friday, but was postponed. One of the directors, however, is authority for the statement that already upwards of ten thousand men are at work on various sections of the road, under contract. It is said that fully twenty thousand men could be employed if they could be obtained, and it is hoped that the employment agencies will be able to send that many by early in September.

There is one link between Winnipeg and Portage la Prairie, a distance of 50 miles, which has not been put under contract. This is the one break in the new Transcontinental's operations from Port Arthur to Edmonton. Some believe, therefore, that this means that for that section an arrangement will be made with the Canadian Northern for running rights.

BOLD HORSE THIEVES.

Attempt to Shoot a Manitou, Manitoba, Farmer.

A Manitou, Manitoba, despatch says: Horse thieves are again operating in this section and along the border of Dakota, and the desperate character of the gang was evidenced on Wednesday night, when for the second time within a month they visited the stable of H. Brown, who farms south of here, and in addition to attempting to steal his fancy team of drivers they nearly murdered the owner. Mr. Brown heard them and went out. On his appearance they fled, but he found his horses bridled and ready for the road. He remained on guard several hours, and then went to the house again. Half an hour later he opened his door and looked out, and someone fired from ambush nearby, putting a bullet through his coat. Brown caught sight of the horse-thief and returned the fire, and pursued him, without avail. Next morning he found a plank saturated with blood near where the man disappeared, indicating that he had been wounded.

AN ARMY OF IMMIGRANTS.

The Plans of the Salvation Army for Next Year.

A despatch from Toronto says: Commissioner Coombes of the Salvation Army, who called on Premier Whitney at the Parliament buildings on Wednesday, says that the Army expects to bring 25,000 British immigrants to Canada next year. Its work in this regard for this season is practically over, the total of immigrants brought here being about 12,000. The commissioner says that the great majority of the Army's immigrants are doing well in Canada. Letters are constantly received at headquarters from the new settlers, expressing satisfaction and reporting steady progress.

HARVEST PROSPECTS GOOD.

Never Better Since Beginning of Grain Cultivation in West.

A despatch from Montreal says: The Molsons Bank received from the managers of its branches throughout the country a very full report upon the condition of the crops in their sections. The Molson's Bank reports number about a dozen from the Province of Quebec and three dozen from Ontario, besides a large number from Manitoba and the Northwest.

The manager of the Winnipeg branch summarizes the 135 reports he received from different parts of the West as follows: "Never since the beginning of grain cultivation in Western Canada have the prospects for an abundant harvest been more encouraging than they are this year."

ALARM ON THE RAND.

Natives Contemplate Rising and Servants Warn Their Employers.

A despatch from Johannesburg says: The disquieting rumors that the natives of the Rand contemplate an uprising soon are borne out by the fact that native servants have warned their mistresses to retire to places of safety. Similar rumors have been circulated in the Reef, but the police ridicule them. However, much anxiety is expressed. A paper read at a conference of the Ethiopian Church, embodying reports from the various districts, says an uprising has been openly advised.

CANADIANS WON KOLAPORE CUP.

Were Nine Points Ahead of the Nearest Competitor.

A Bisley, England, despatch says: Canada won the Kolapore Cup on Friday. The scores were:—Canada, 729; the Mother Country, 720; India, 705; the Malay States, 704; and Guernsey, 692.

LAST OF THE FAMILY.

Edward W. Sentell Dies at Salisbury, England.

A Salisbury, Eng., despatch says: Edward W. Sentell of Brooklyn, N.Y., one of the passengers injured in the terrible railroad disaster of July 1, died at 11 o'clock on Saturday evening. The entire family is now dead as a result of the accident, including Mr. and Mrs. Sentell, their son and two daughters. All bodies are in a private mortuary here.

WINDSOR MAN MURDERS WIFE.

Attempt to End His Own Life With the Same Pistol.

A Windsor, Ont., despatch says: His courage bolstered up to the murder point by whiskey, Christopher Spindleman on Saturday night shot and killed his wife as she sat on a camp stool in front of their residence at 152 Wellington Avenue, Windsor. Seven minutes after the bullet crashed through the woman's head she was dead, slain in the sight of four of her children. One of them, Robert, who boarded near by, and witnessed the crime, ran to the scene and snatched the revolver away from his frenzied father just as he was about to end his own existence. Struggling desperately, the two men rolled about the lawn. Youth triumphed, and the murderer was overcome and held until the arrival of Policeman Maitre.

"Let me look at her once more," begged Spindleman.

Maitre led him back to the lawn where the woman lay, dead.

"That is just where I intended to shoot her," said Spindleman, heartlessly. Then he was led away to the police station.

The tragedy was the result of a man's life devoted to whiskey and to abuse of his wife. Her recriminations led to bitter quarrels, which grew so in frequency that Robert, the son, left home and boarded with neighbors.

OUTLOOK IS GOOD.

Western Wheat is One Week Ahead of Last Year.

A despatch from Winnipeg says: The wheat has passed another critical week and the crop report of the Canadian Northern shows that the outlook is rosier than ever for a bumper yield throughout the West. With three more weeks of favorable weather, the farmers will be busy reaping the biggest crop in the history of the country. The reports were practically all of an optimistic character. "Prospects never better," "a bumper yield," "outlook magnificent," were some of the enthusiastic comments. From Emerson comes the prophecy of a yield of forty bushels to the acre.

The most favorable report for Manitoba came from Dauphin and the surrounding district. The agent exhausted his superlatives in describing the outlook. At Gilbert Plains, the district which Prof. Mavor describes as not arable, the prospects are for a magnificent yield. All the bulletins agree that the wheat is a week ahead of last year. The only district that reported rust was Belmont. It is expected the damage will not be heavy and the rust is not widespread.

NEWFOUNDLAND PROSPEROUS.

Prospects for a Successful Fishing Season Very Bright.

A despatch from Ottawa says: A report from the commercial agent for Canada in Newfoundland received at the Department of Trade and Commerce on Saturday, says that conditions in the colony are very bright. Trade is prospering and there is every indication of a successful fishing season.

BOY DEAD OF WHISKEY.

Ten-year-old Orillia Lad Found Flask in Lumber Pile.

A despatch from Orillia says: Daniel Fountain, a lad ten years old lies dead as a result of drinking whiskey. He was brought home on Thursday in a paralyzed condition, and after suffering from convulsions, died on Saturday night. It is said he found a flask of liquor secreted in a lumber pile. An eleven-year-old boy died in Orillia from the same cause only fourteen months ago.

AN ORDNANCE FACTORY.

May Be Established Near the Canadian Capital.

A London despatch says: A Coventry correspondent of The Manchester Guardian says arrangements are about completed by which the Coventry ordnance works will start a factory near Ottawa for the manufacture of position artillery, field guns and general machinery. It will be started by skilled workmen from England, aided by Canadian labor. The scheme is important to Canada and the United States. This matter was referred to by Sir Frederick Borden recently.

PLUNGE OF A STEEPLE-JACK.

Dashed to Pieces After Twenty Years' Experience as a Climber.

A Chicago despatch says: After twenty years' experience as a steeple-jumper, James H. Glenn's time came on Tuesday. The rigging to which he was holding on the top of a smokestack at 36th and Butler streets, gave way, and he fell 165 feet to his death. Glenn was 40 years old.

MOTOR OMNIBUS UPSET.

Ten Killed and Twenty Injured Near Brighton, England.

A Crawley, England, despatch says: Ten persons were killed and 20 injured by the overturning of a motor omnibus at Handcross on Thursday. The vehicle was en route to Brighton, the seashore resort, and was descending a steep hill, when the brakes failed to work. It ran away down the hill, and was upset at the bottom.

LEADING MARKETS

BREADSTUFFS.

Toronto, July 17.—Flour—Ontario—90 per cent. patents are quoted at \$3.10, buyers' bags, for export. Manitoba—\$4.40 to \$4.60 for first patents, \$4 to \$4.10 for seconds and \$3.90 to \$4 for bakers'.

Bran—Ontario—Dull, \$15 to \$15.50 in bulk, outside; shorts, \$17.50 to \$18.

Wheat—Ontario—No. 2 white and red is held at 80c, with 79c to 79½c bid; spring, 75c, and goose, 73 to 74c.

Oats—Easier, No. 2 white quoted at 38 to 39c outside.

Rye—Nominal, 62 to 64c outside.

Barley—Nominal, 49 to 51c outside for No. 2.

Peas—Dull, 80 to 82c outside.

Wheat—Manitoba—Unchanged, 85c for No. 1 Northern and 83c for No. 2, lake ports.

Corn—American No. 2 yellow, 59½ to 60c, Toronto.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Butter—Receipts of butter continue fairly heavy and prices are unchanged. Creamery, prints 20c to 21c do, solids 19c to 20c Dairy, prints 16c to 17c Rolls 15c to 16c Tubs 14c to 16c Cheese—12½ to 12¾c per lb. Eggs—18 to 19c per dozen.

Potatoes—Quotations are unchanged at \$1 for Ontario and \$1 to \$1.10 for Quebec.

Baled Hay—No. 1 timothy is quoted at \$10 per ton in car lots here and mixed at \$7.50.

Baled Straw—\$5.50 to \$6 per ton for car lots here.

MONTREAL MARKETS.

Montreal, July 17.—Oats—No. 2, 43 to 43½c; No. 3, 42½c; No. 4 41½ to 41¾c. Peas—73c f.o.b. per bushel, 78 per cent. at 51c.

Corn—No. 3 mixed, 56½c; No. 3 yellow, 57½c ex track.

Flour—Manitoba spring wheat patents, \$4.60 to \$4.70; strong bakers', \$4.10 to \$4.20; winter wheat patents, \$4.10 to \$4.30; straight rollers, \$2.90 to \$4.20; do, in bags, \$1.85 to \$2; extras, \$1.50 to \$1.70.

Millfeed—Manitoba bran, in bags, \$16.50 to \$17; shorts, \$20 to \$21 per ton; Ontario bran, in bulk, \$17; shorts, \$20 to \$20.50; milled moullie, \$21 to \$25; straight grain moullie, \$25 to \$27 per ton.

Rolled Oats—Per bag, \$2.10 to \$2.20 in car lots.

Cornmeal—\$1.30 to \$1.40 per bag.

Hay—No. 1, \$9.50; No. 2, \$8.50; clover, mixed, \$7.50; and pure clover, \$7 to \$8.

Provisions—Barrels, short cut, mess, \$23.50; half barrels do, \$12; clear fat back, \$22.50; long cut heavy mess, \$21.50; half barrels do, \$11.25; dry salt long clear bacon, 11½ to 12½c; barrels, plate beef, at \$13.50; half barrels do, \$7.25; barrels heavy mess beef, \$11.50; half barrels do, \$6.25; compound lard, 7½ to 9½c; pure lard, 11½ to 12½c; kettle rendered, 12½ to 14c; hams, 14 to 15½c, according to size; breakfast bacon, 16 to 17c; Windsor bacon, 16 to 16½c; fresh killed abattoir dressed hogs, \$10.75 to \$11; alive, \$7.75 to \$8 per 100 pounds.

Eggs—19 to 20c for selected stock, 13 to 14c for No. 2's, and 16½c for straight receipts.

BUFFALO MARKETS.

Buffalo, July 17.—Flour—Quiet. Wheat—Spring, strong; No. 1 Northern, 83c. Corn—Firm; No. 2 yellow, 58c; No. 2 corn, 56½ to 57c. Oats—Dull; No. 2 white, 42½c; No. 2 mixed, 40c. Canal freights—Steady.

NEW YORK WHEAT MARKET.

New York, July 17.—Spot steady; No. 2 red, 83½c elevator; No. 2 red, 84½c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Duluth, 87½c f.o.b. afloat; No. 1 Northern Manitoba, 89c f.o.b. afloat.

LIVE STOCK MARKETS.

Toronto, July 17.—Another light run of stock at the City Cattle Market this morning resulted in a rather firmer tone for the better classes of stock.

Export Cattle—Choice are quoted at from \$4.80 to \$5; medium to good \$4.60 to \$4.75, bulls \$3.75 to \$4, bulls, light, \$3.5 to \$3.75; cows, \$3.50 to \$4.

Butcher Cattle—Choice, \$4.60 to \$4.80, medium to good, \$4.25 to \$4.50; bulls, \$3 to \$3.25; cows, \$3 to \$4; canners, \$1.50 to \$1.75.

Stockers and Feeders—\$3.50 to \$3.85; common, \$2.75 to \$3.25; short-keep feeders, \$4.60 to \$4.80; heavy feeders, \$4.60 to \$4.70; stock bulls, \$2 to \$2.25.

Milk Cows—Choice, \$40 to \$50; common, \$30 to \$35; springers, \$25 to \$40. Calves—3c to 6c per lb.

Sheep and Lambs—Export ewes are quoted at \$4 to \$4.25 per cwt., bucks at \$3 to \$3.50, and culls at \$3 to \$3.50. Spring lambs are quoted firm at 7c to 7½c per lb.

Hogs—Despite the fact that about a thousand hogs were on the market, prices were firm, advancing another 10c per cwt. Selects are quoted at \$7.70 and lights and fats at \$7.45, fed and watered.

KING AND KAISER TO MEET.

Will go to the Castle of Friedrichskron, Near Hamburg, in August.

A despatch from Berlin says: It is semi-officially announced that King Edward and Emperor William will meet in the latter part of August at the Castle of Friedrichskron, near Hamburg.

The meeting, it is said, will be at the wish of King Edward, who is going to be at Marienbad about that time, the Emperor being at Wilhelmshohe.