

# PARALYSIS YIELDS TO DR. WILLIAMS' PINK PILLS

AFTER SEVERAL DOCTORS HAD PRONOUNCED  
THE CASE HOPELESS.

Convincing Proof That Cure Was Permanent—in Five Years  
the Patient Has Had no Relapse—Facts in a Remarkable  
Case Substantiated by Sworn Statements

Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are not a patent medicine, but the prescription of a physician, placed on sale with full directions for use under a trade mark that is a guarantee of their genuineness to every purchaser. They contain no stimulant, opiate or narcotic, and while they have cured thousands have never injured anybody. To show that cures effected by this remedy are really permanent and lasting we recently investigated the case of Mr. Frank A. Means, of Reedsville, Mifflin County, Pa. Mr. Means has been an elder in the Reedsville Presbyterian church for many years as county commissioner and as school director for nine years. He was afflicted with creeping paralysis, losing the entire use of the lower half of his body, and for a year was a helpless invalid, confined to his bed with no power or feeling in either leg, and physicians had given him up as hopeless. Mr. Means was cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and his testimonial was printed five years ago as follows:

"I had the grip for four winters and as a result my nerves broke down. I lost the entire use of the lower half of my body. My stomach, liver, kidneys, heart and head were never affected, but the paralyzed condition of the lower part of the body affected my bladder and bowels. For a whole year I lay in bed perfectly helpless with no power in either limb and the feeling gone so that I couldn't feel a pin run into my legs at all. I couldn't turn over in bed without help. To move me a pulley was rigged up on the ceiling and a windlass on the floor.

"During two years of my affliction I had six different doctors, but none of them gave me relief. A specialist from Philadelphia treated me for three months, but he was no benefit to me. These doctors gave me up and said it was only a question of a few weeks with me as nothing more could be done. After the physicians had given me up, a friend sent me a pamphlet containing statements of two men who had been afflicted something like me, and who had been cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I began taking them at once and although my improvement was slow it was certain. Now I can walk most of the time without a cane and everybody around here thinks it is a miracle that I can get about as I do. Your pills have certainly been a God-send to me. Within the last three years I have answered dozens of letters from invalids who had heard of my case and who asked me if it was true that I had been cured by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills. I have told them all that this remedy cured me and I am glad of this opportunity of telling about my case so that others may find relief as I have done."

Signed, F. A. MEANS.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 17th day of April, 1901.  
ALBERT S. GIBBONEY,  
Notary Public.

One day recently Mr. Means was visited at his handsome home overlooking the valley of Honey Creek, near Reeds-

ville, where he made the following statement:

"Before I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills I had been treated for a long time by my home doctor who pronounced my trouble creeping paralysis. I always believed that to be my trouble and I do yet believe so. I had also spent five weeks in the University Hospital in Philadelphia without the treatment benefiting me and had returned home to die. I began taking Dr. Williams' Pink Pills in 1897, but did not give a statement of my case for publication until I was sure that I was cured. After returning from the hospital I did not take any other medicine for my trouble and I owe it to Dr. Williams' Pink Pills and to them alone that I am able to be about to-day. Since my cure, as related in my statement on April 17, 1901, I have never suffered any relapse nor had occasion to employ a physician except for minor troubles such as coughs, colds, etc. I endorse Dr. Williams' Pink Pills as fully and heartily to-day as I did five years ago."

Signed, FRANK A. MEANS.  
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 22nd day of January, 1906.  
JACOB KOHLER,  
Justice of the Peace.

Justice Kohler, of Reedsville, before whom the affidavit was made, voluntarily gave and signed the following statement:

"I have personally known Mr. Frank A. Means for the past forty-five years and know that any statement he makes is entirely reliable. I personally visited him when he was confined to bed and utterly helpless. I now see him daily and know him to be in as good health as most men of his age."

Signed, JACOB KOHLER.  
Mr. Daniel W. Reynolds, postmaster at Reedsville, Pa., stated that he had received many inquiries from all parts of the country concerning Mr. Means' marvellous cure, and he cheerfully added his confirmation of the truth as follows:

"I certify that the facts stated in the testimonial of Mr. Frank Means are absolutely true. I knew him when he was unable to move and I see him every day now on the streets and in my office."

Signed, DANIEL W. REYNOLDS.  
Here is evidence that must convince the most skeptical. But because many of the cures accomplished by Dr. Williams' Pink Pills are so marvellous as to challenge belief, the following offer is made:

**\$5000 REWARD**—The Dr. Williams' Medicine Company will pay the sum of Five Thousand Dollars for proof of fraud on its part in the publication of the foregoing testimonial.

No sufferer from paralysis, locomotor ataxia, St. Vitus' dance or any of the lesser nervous disorders can afford to longer neglect to try Dr. Williams' Pink Pills, the great blood builder and nerve tonic. Sold by all druggists (or sent by mail on receipt of price, 50 cents per box; six boxes for \$2.50, by the Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

## About the House

### THE CELLAR IN THE WINTER.

The cellar of the modern country home should be a dry, hygienic place, where a multitude of things can be safely stored, and at the same time it should be utilized for purposes which will add to the pleasure and profit of the occupants. The cellar has undergone rapid evolutions in the past dozen years, and instead of a wet, unfloored space, where disease germs were bred, it is usually provided with a cement or concrete bottom, brick walls and plastered ceilings. With the heating apparatus located in it the cellar is kept from freezing in the coldest weather, and it can be made as clean and sweet as desired.

However, the cellar is primarily intended for the storage of certain perishable articles which need a low temperature, and it is unwise to use it exclusively for other purposes. The heating apparatus is very apt to make the average cellar too warm for the safekeeping of fruits and vegetables, and also for many dairy products. The ideal place for keeping perishable goods of this nature should have a cold, dry temperature, just above the freezing point. To obtain this all seasons requires a little foresight and preparation.

The cellar of the modern house should be divided into at least three compartments. One for coal and wood, which need not be large, but the partitions of which should be so tight that coal dust and ashes from the furnace cannot escape to other parts of the cellar. The second compartment should be for the storage of perishable goods, such as winter fruits, vegetables and butter, cheese and eggs. This, in turn, could be subdivided into separate compartments for the dairy products and fruits and root crops, so that the former cannot get tainted by the odors from the latter. The third compartment should be for a general workshop, flower boxes, and for miscellaneous storage of articles that are not needed in the living room.

Assuming that the cellar floor is of good concrete, which will insure protection from dampness and excessive moisture, it is wise to make the division into compartments according to the special needs of the different stock. The perishable goods require no sun, and it is better to locate the compartments for them on the north or northward side of the cellar, where it will be easier to secure an even temperature throughout the winter. To insure this, however, double sash windows should be supplied, and as the winter advances the windows should be closed by piling straw litter or hay against them on the outside. At least one or two should be left unprotected in order to secure proper ventilation and sunlight. Fresh air should be admitted every pleasant day, and when the temperature is not excessive outside a continuous circulation of air should be obtained by an outside shaft and an open window.

The ventilated shaft is nothing but a simple, elongated box or trough, which enters the cellar opposite the window which is to be left open. This ventilating tube should have an inside and outside door, or sliding board to close it in very cold weather. The window that is not closed tight for the winter should have an outside wire netting to prevent the sifting of articles in the cellar. By having double window sashes the cold can be kept out of this single window very well.

### SECRET OF SALADS

Is that each piece of the ingredients should be distinct. Of all things avoid a hash. The oil must predominate; nearly all failures in salads are due to the mixture being a mush and lacking oil. This is more true of potato than of any other salad. They must be cool; never cold or icy. And the dressing may not be made of bacon or other fat. It may be anything else so made, but it is not a salad of potatoes. The skilled way is to make it of potatoes specially boiled and dressed while still warm from cooking (at least to blood warmth), of course so boiled as not to crumb. Allow for the dressing oil in proportion of three table-spoons of oil to one of vinegar or the juice of a small fresh lemon.

Salad for Four People.—One pint of potatoes, salt, white pepper, two dashes of cayenne, a teaspoon of made mustard. Cut the potatoes in half slices or dice, mix with them a whole small onion, grated, or more, sliced thinly, if preferred; and nearly equal quantity of chopped and trimmed celery, endive, cabbage, shredded lettuce, etc.; dressing the top at discretion with young lettuce leaves or any fresh young growth of the vegetable most convenient. Add a few olives or chopped pickled beets and eggs hard boiled. To make bulk, if other things are scant, hard-boiled eggs may be mixed with the potatoes, but as a relish, if there is plenty of green stuff, this is not necessary. If for a main supper dish, very well.

Cream Potato Salad.—This is a Chicago favorite. Make a dressing of one fresh egg, chilled, with one tablespoon of oil, and when the mayonnaise rises decidedly move a little apart on the plate, or into another, and into this small portion blend the juice of half a fresh lemon smoothly; return this to the rest, mix well, and reserve a teaspoon of the mayonnaise. Into the main dressing add double cream, stirring to a good consistency—it must be thick; and if not acid enough to be "a mild sharp" add the reserved mayonnaise. The secret of this salad is the pains taken with the cream dressing, which must stiffen a little. Cut the potatoes to small dice, also one medium sized fresh cucumber into little dice; grate a small onion fine,

# SUNLIGHT SOAP



Clothes washed by Sunlight Soap are cleaner and whiter than if washed in any other way.

Chemicals in soap may remove the dirt but always injure the fabric.

Sunlight Soap will not injure the most dainty lace or the hands that use it, because it is absolutely pure and contains no injurious chemicals.

Sunlight Soap should always be used as directed. No boiling or hard rubbing is necessary.

Sunlight Soap is better than other soap, but is best when used in the Sunlight way.

Equally good with hard or soft water

**\$5,000 REWARD** will be paid to any person who proves that Sunlight Soap contains any injurious chemicals or any form of adulteration.

Lever Brothers Limited, Toronto

add salt, pepper, and mix these all lightly well. The salt and dressing to be blended not less than fifteen minutes before serving, the top masked with the dressing, with a touch of green, and the whole laid in a bowl on lettuce leaves.

### ON REMOVING STAINS.

Every housekeeper should remember that soap is an alkali, and sets vegetable and other stains. Therefore, all stains should be removed before the articles are put in a washtub. The sooner the stain is treated the more readily it will yield to the treatment. Pour boiling water through fruit stains. Where obstinate, soak in a solution of oxalic acid. Wash vaseline stains in alcohol; paint in turpentine, kerosene or alcohol; varnish in alcohol; grass or other green vegetable stains in alcohol, kerosene or molasses. For stains from blood, meat juice, and white of an egg, use cold water.

In the case of milk, cream, sugar, or syrup stains, soak in cold water, and wash with soap and water. Tar, wheel grease or machine oil stains should be rubbed with lard and allowed to stand a few minutes. Then they should be washed with soap and cold water. Tea, coffee or cocoa stains should be removed with boiling water; if obstinate, with a weak solution of oxalic acid. Use oxalic acid for iron rust spots and for ink stains use lemon juice and salt; then hang in the sun. If the ink does not disappear at first, repeat the operation un-

### Want the Earth?

If so, send 25 cents and receive "The Earth" every month for one year. An illustrated monthly journal, that tells the truth about the Great Southwest, tells it in an interesting way—tells what the farmer wishes to know about the Land of Opportunity—tells young men how they can better themselves—tells the story of those who have ventured and won new homes in Kansas, Oklahoma, Texas, New Mexico, and beyond. Write to day to THE EARTH, 1140 Railway Exchange, Chicago.

### Are You Deaf?

I was deaf myself for 25 years. I perfected and patented a small, invisible ear drum in order to help my own hearing. It is called "The Way Ear Drum," and by the use of these drums I can NOW HEAR WHISPERS. I want all deaf people to write me. I do not claim to "cure" all cases of deafness, neither can I benefit those who were born deaf. But I CAN

HELP 90 per cent. of those whose hearing is defective.

Won't you take the trouble to write and find out all about me and my invention? Tell me the cause of your deafness. Geo. P. Way, 1511 Majestic Bldg., Detroit, Mich.

til it does. When oxalic acid is used care must be taken that the article is thoroughly rinsed to remove every particle of acid. When boiling water is used stretch the stained parts over the bowl and pour absolutely boiling water from a height until the stain disappears. Be careful that the boiling water does not touch any silk embroidery or other delicate colors.

### HOUSEHOLD HINTS.

Very fine old lace can be beautifully cleaned by being sewn in a clean piece of linen and laid all night in salad oil. Next day boil it in a large pan of soapy water for a quarter of an hour, and rinse in several waters. Dip into sugared water, and pin on a strained cloth to dry.

Washing red flannels is quite easy if you have a good lather of soap, to which is added a teaspoonful of powdered borax. Rub only with the hands, and rinse in warm water. Press very dry between a cloth, and shake well before hanging in a shady place to dry.

To dry clean evening gloves at home, rub thoroughly with fine Fuller's earth, and beat with a dry flannel. Shake all the powder off and complete the cleaning process by rubbing with a little French chalk mixed with sifted bran.

Fringed towels are not as much used; the white ones are the only kind in demand. As if to make up for the lack of fringe some of them are elaborately decorated with embroidery, and hand-drawn work and monogram or initials.

### HOW TO LIGHTEN WORK.

Do it cheerfully, even if it is not congenial.

Make it a stepping-stone to something higher.

Endeavor to do it better than it has ever been done before.

Make perfection your aim, and be satisfied with nothing less.

Do not try to do it with a part of yourself—the weaker part.

Regard yourself as a co-worker with the Creator of the universe.

Believe in its worth and dignity, no matter how humble it may be.

Lord Newtown-Butler has been amusing his friends by telling the following story. It was a musical "At home" in Belgravia, London, to which he was invited, and, it being a rainy night, he wore a felt hat and a long waterproof coat over his evening dress. The party puzzled for a moment, and then asked "Name, please?"

### PERSONAL POINTERS.

#### Interesting Gossip About Some Prominent People.

The Mikado is very fond of outdoor sport, and warmly encouraged the introduction of football into Japan. He is a good hunter and fisherman, and an excellent shot with the rifle. His devotion to lawn tennis is marked, and he is clever as a wielder of the racket.

The German Empress in addition to jewels worth \$500,000 that are her own private property, has the right to use the splendid collection of gems that belong to the Prussian Treasury. The Empress is thus able to sometimes appear at Court wearing jewellery roughly valued at \$1,250,000.

Dr. William Ridley, Bishop of New Caledonia, told a missionary meeting at Torquay, England, that he had no fixed home and did not want one. "I travel about my diocese with a tent, a bundle of blankets, and a Gladstone bag. I do my own cooking, washing, and mending, though I take care not to have too many things to mend. I even know how to make yeast."

King Edward carefully preserves programmes of the proceedings in which he has taken part. These souvenirs, several thousand in number, are preserved in the library of Buckingham Palace. In the same way the King has kept all his theatre programmes since his earliest playgoing days. The bill of the play placed in the Royal box used to be printed on silk or satin, with a heavy fringe. It is now, as a rule, of a less elaborate nature, but not for that reason any the less artistic.

At Kingston-on-Thames, England, recently the mayor gave a banquet to Dr. Hook on his appointment as Bishop Suffragan of Kingston. To the toast of his health, Dr. Hook made a humorous reply. He said he had been presented by friends in Leeds with an episcopal ring. On one side were the Kingston arms—three fishes, which the "Hook" had come

to catch; on the other side was a pastoral staff; so the fishes of Kingston were to be caught by "Hook" or by "crook."

Sir Walter Gilbey, whose father was a stage-coach proprietor, has, at Elsenham Hall—his beautiful Essex residence—one of the finest sporting picture galleries and libraries in the kingdom. Some of the volumes date as far back as the sixteenth century, while every branch of recreation, from fox-hunting down to cock-fighting, is represented. As Sir Walter has digested the contents of an extraordinary number of these tomes, it is not surprising that he bears the reputation of being one of the greatest living authorities on all kinds of sport.

### HOW TO MAKE BABY SLEEP.

The baby that cries half the night does not cry for nothing. It cries because it is not well, and the chances are the trouble is due to some derangement of the stomach or bowels, which would be speedily removed if a dose of Baby's Own Tablets were given the little one. These tablets make children sleep soundly and naturally, because they remove the cause of crossness and wakefulness. They are a blessing to the little one, and bring relief to the tired worried mother. Mrs. A. C. Abbott, Hudson's Heights, Que., says:—"I have found Baby's Own Tablets a splendid medicine for stomach and bowel troubles, from which my little one was troubled. Thanks to the relief the Tablets have given my baby now sleeps quietly and naturally, and is in the best of health." And the Tablets are absolutely safe—they always do good—they cannot possibly do harm. They will cure the ailments of a new-born baby or a well-grown child. Sold by druggists, or sent by mail at 25 cents a box by writing The Dr. Williams' Medicine Co., Brockville, Ont.

When a man kisses his wife it is a sort of souvenir spoon.